

# ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

2015

## Black Range Ranger District Gila National Forest

Black Mountain Allotment #223



Prepared By: \_\_\_\_\_ /s/ \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 1/21/2015  
Range Technician

Reviewed By: \_\_\_\_\_ /s/ \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 1/21/2015  
Permittee

Approved By: \_\_\_\_\_ /s/ \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 1/26/2015  
District Ranger

**BLACK RANGE RANGER DISTRICT**  
**2015 ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

**Black Mountain Allotment**

**I. INTRODUCTION**

These Annual Operating Instructions document your discussion with Shane Shannon on January 21, 2015 at the Black Range Ranger District Office.

**Permitted Use:**

Permittee	Number & Class of livestock	Season
Double Spring Ranch LLC	474 cow/calf 10 Horses	03/01 – 02/28

**As per Decision Notice Signed September 30, 2004, up to 7,676 AUMs may be authorized per year. Stocking could be achieved with cow/calf pairs or yearlings. Any combination of these types are permitted as long as the total number of permitted AUMs is not exceeded in the grazing year (March 1 to February 28).**

**Authorized Use**

Permittee	Number and Class of Livestock	Dates
Double Spring Ranch LLC	1814 yrng 10 Horses	5/1-10/31 3/1-2/28

**Pasture Rotation:**

Pasture	# of cattle	Use Period	Monitoring Dates
University	190 yrng	04/01-09/30	11/18/2015
Indian	190 yrng	04/01-09/30	11/18/2015
Cooney	450 yrng	05/01-10/31	11/18/2015
Black Mesa	240 yrng	05/01-10/31	11/18/2015
Houghton	218 yrng	05/01-10/31	11/18/2015
Elmo	176 yrng	05/01-10/31	11/18/2015
Bear	174 yrng	05/01-10/31	11/18/2015
Kennedy	176 yrng	05/01-10/31	11/18/2015

Monitoring dates are tentative and may not be required. By listing them here it will help both of us set our calendars to participate in the effort. We encourage your participation in these inspections, as it provides an opportune time to discuss resource conditions and management items.

This schedule will depend on range readiness, available water, weather conditions and permittee needs. Changes to the grazing rotation must be approved by the Forest Officer in advance. An “**amended**” AOI must be developed to reflect the approved changes.

The off-date for a pasture is the date when the livestock are to be fully out of the unit, or in the case of the last pasture, fully off of National Forest System lands. We recognize that moves cannot usually be accomplished in one day. It is your responsibility to begin early movement of livestock to ensure that pastures are clean by the dates specified.

## **II. MANAGEMENT OF LIVESTOCK**

You are responsible for monitoring water availability and forage utilization. It is your responsibility to move your livestock when sufficient water is no longer available or when proper forage utilization is achieved in a pasture. You are responsible for keeping track of and maintaining control of your livestock. In the event your livestock are found to be out of the scheduled pasture, you will be required to find, gather, and return your animals to the proper pasture as soon as possible.

## **III. IMPROVEMENT MAINTENANCE**

All range improvements assigned in the 10-year Term Grazing Permit are to be maintained in functioning condition. In the event these improvements cannot be brought up to a functioning condition, you should notify this office so we can schedule them for reconstruction as funds become available. Maintenance to standard is required even if you have taken “**nonuse**”.

Range improvements are planned for the Black Mountain Allotment during the upcoming grazing season.

- Continued maintenance of water developments, windmills, fences, and corrals as needed to successfully facilitate the grazing operation.
- Archaeological surveys are completed for the remaining dirt tanks to be cleaned, Bonus, Bull Pass, Double Header, Tin Can, Upper Cooney, Lucero, White, and Prospector and you can proceed with the cleaning.
- Maintain Indian and University Pasture Boundary Fence.

## **IV. ALLOTMENT STATUS**

These Instructions implement the NEPA (National Environmental Policy Act) decision for the Black Mountain Allotment dated September 30, 2004 and the Black Mountain Allotment Management Plan.

## **V. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. Fire:** Branding and warming fires should be used with good judgment - not on windy days or during times when fires are specifically restricted. The Black Range District may allow naturally ignited fires to burn on the district this coming year. We will notify you if we plan to let a fire burn on your allotment.
- 2. Records:** In order to close out permit modifications you must provide documentation of materials and labor constituting your contribution to the permit modification.

You must provide documentation of cattle numbers; dates of entering and leaving pastures, shipping dates and cattle losses (grown stock and calves). This information is used to substantiate the carrying capacity of the allotment. The information demonstrates use and the need for forage to meet the economic needs of the county. This information may also be used to establish cause and effect if there is a significant change in calf crop (Example, a wolf pack becomes established near your allotment).

- 3. Heavy Equipment Use:** Please notify district well in advance of any plans to use heavy equipment so that necessary clearances and/or permits can be obtained. You will be notified by the district when you can proceed.

**4. Credit/Refund:** Any credit or refund applications for grazing fees must be made as far in advance as possible. Credit/Refund applications are not retroactive and will be approved by the District Ranger providing the following conditions are met:

- Refunds will only be approved where the term grazing permit has been waived, the waiver of term grazing permit has been confirmed by the authorized officer, and a new permit issued to a qualified applicant indicated on the waiver of term grazing permit (FS-2200-12), or if a current permittee has applied for, and the authorized officer has approved, nonuse for which grazing fees have previously been paid.
- Grazing fee credits will be approved when late entry or early removal of livestock is requested in advance by the permittee for legitimate reasons and/or when delayed entry or early removal of livestock is requested by the authorized officer for reasons of resource protection. Credit for grazing fees will not be approved merely for the convenience of the permittee after the bill for collection is issued.

**You will be required to provide your Social Security or Tax ID number in order for a refund to be processed.**

A \$25 administrative fee will be charged for any additional bills for collection that are sent to you due to either late payment or for split billing on seasonal allotments. This fee will be collected to pay for the cost associated with issuing an additional bill for collection. There is no administrative fee for the normal "split billing" on yearlong allotments.

It is necessary for you to write the bill number on your check prior to submitting it to the lockbox. This is necessary to insure that your payment is credited to your account.

**5. Short Age Calf Policy:** Any short-aged calves (calves less than 6 months old on December 31) must be removed from the National Forest by April 1, or you will need to apply for and pay grazing fees for these animals from April 1 to the time they are removed from the National Forest. Calves that are 6 months old or older on December 31 need to be paid for starting January 1.

#### **6. Salting and Supplemental Feeding:**

Salt should be placed in such a way as to distribute livestock use throughout the area. Place salt well away (>¼ mile) from any water sources, or key areas that traditionally receive heavy use such as roads, parks, and riparian areas. Place salt in areas of light use to draw cattle to those areas such as oak thickets or under the aspen, spruce or pine. Salt locations must be moved every year and do not place more than one block in a location. The best distribution can be obtained by scattering one-half block chunks in areas of light use. Salt or supplement will not be placed near areas where such placement is liable to result in conflicts with other Forest users. Pick-up your salt after livestock are rotated to the next pasture.

Any hay, straw, or supplemental feed used in association with your grazing permit must be certified and tagged as free of noxious weeds and/or noxious weed seeds.

#### **IV. OTHER ITEMS DISCUSSED**

The District Ranger will authorize necessary changes to this AOI to accommodate fire management.

#### **V. SPECIAL MANAGEMENT CONCERNS**

##### **Wildlife and Fish**

There is documentation that identifies protected and restricted Mexican Spotted Owl habitat on the Black Mountain Allotment. MSO consultation with US Fish and Wildlife requires allowable use levels not to exceed 35% utilization on uplands.

Stock tanks must be surveyed for possible aquatic habitat before earth-disturbing maintenance is authorized.

The Chiricahua leopard frog was listed as a threatened species in 2002 by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service. We have completed grazing consultation on your allotment regarding the effects of livestock grazing on the Chiricahua leopard frog. We determined that livestock grazing will either have no effect or will not adversely affect the Chiricahua leopard frog. As a result of this determination, there were no changes required of your grazing permit. The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service concurred with this determination. Therefore, consultation has been completed. A copy of this consultation is on file with your local Ranger District.

The Forest Service will be directly engaged in communication and assistance in the Blue Range Wolf Reintroduction effort. Any management actions that may require movement of cattle, changes in rotation, season of use or removal from a pasture or allotment must be approved by the District Ranger. We encourage you to cooperate with the Interagency Field Team, New Mexico Game and Fish and U.S. Fish and Wildlife in management of the wolves. Please stay in communication with range personnel or the District Ranger if concerns or questions arise.

### **Heritage and Cultural**

You must obtain permission from this office, before conducting earth-disturbing activities on the National Forest. The Forest Service will arrange inspections of project areas and will prepare appropriate environmental and cultural documents before earth-disturbing activities proceed. These activities include road/earthen tank maintenance, as well as construction/reconstruction of trails, roads, earthen tanks, etc. Do not conduct any earth-disturbing activities on the Forest without written clearance from this office.

## **VI. MONITORING OF KEY AREAS**

**Monitoring:** The range personnel will conduct allotment inspections each year to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions addressed in the Term Grazing Permit, including the Allotment Management Plan and Annual Operating Instructions. The permittee may also schedule inspections at any time.

Key areas for monitoring are identified as riparian areas and transect cluster locations. Additional key areas may be identified during the season based on routine monitoring.

The idea of a key area is to find a site that is representative of a larger area in which cattle obtain the majority of their required forage resources. Key area monitoring will avoid areas directly adjacent to permanent water sources, cattle trails, roads, and fence lines.

Upland areas will be monitored for use on perennial grass species.

District personnel will contact the permittee to coordinate site visits to monitor key areas. Permittee participation is encouraged. Forage utilization estimates will be consistent with the Forest Service Range Analysis Handbook methodology, and may also include FS Regional stubble-height standards, as well as other techniques generally accepted in the field of range management.

## **VII. NEPA AND APPEAL RIGHTS**

These Instructions implement the NEPA (National Environmental Policy Act) decision for the Black Mountain Allotment dated September 30, 2004, and are not eligible for appeal under 36 CFR 214.

## **VII. Post and Stay**

As the grazing permittee you are authorized to cut posts and stays for the maintenance of existing improvements within your allotment. This authorization will expire when the AOI expires on February 28, the end of the grazing season. All materials will be gathered from within the allotment. All materials will be used solely for the allotment and cannot be used for barter or personal gain. The trees shall be cut within the following guidelines:

- Juniper species **only** may be cut. No cutting of Oak or Pine species
- No cutting within 100 feet of a road
- No trees larger than 8 inches diameter at ground level shall be cut
- Stump heights shall be cut within 6 inches of ground level
- Lop and scatter slash so that it is within 12 inches of ground level.