2015 ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Glenwood Ranger District
Gila National Forest

Rain Creek/74 Mountain Allotment #725

Prepared By: /s/ DK Brown
District Range Staff

Date: 01/27/15

Approved By: /s/ Debbie C. Cress
District Ranger

Date: 2/2/15

Annual Operating Instructions

I. INTRODUCTION

These Annual Operating Instructions document the discussion between Kendall Brown (Forest Service), Richard & Charlotte Griffin (permittees), and Jerrell & Terrell Shelley (managers) on January 27, 2015 at the Glenwood Ranger District Office.

Term Permitted Livestock Numbers:

Number & Class of livestock	Dates
302 Cow/Calf	03/01 – 03/31
151 Cow/Calf	04/01 – 04/30
151 Cow/Calf	08/15 – 09/14
302 Cow/Calf	09/15 – 02/28

Authorized Use:

Number & Class of livestock	Dates
302 Cow/Calf	03/01 – 03/31
151 Cow/Calf	04/01 – 04/30
151 Cow/Calf	08/15 – 09/14
302 Cow/Calf	09/15 – 02/28

Pasture Rotations:

Class of Livestock	Rotation Date	Pasture
Cow/Calf	03/01 – 03/31	Shelley Peak, West Fork Mogollon (151 head)
Cow/Calf	03/01 – 04/30	Juniper & Haystack (151 head)
Cow/Calf	08/15 – 02/28	Shelley Peak, West Fork Mogollon (151 head)
Cow/Calf	09/15 – 02/28	Juniper & Haystack (151 head)

The above schedule for stocking the allotment depends upon the availability of forage and water. Some flexibility in the above pasture rotation dates will be allowed for justifiable causes such as weather conditions, livestock management needs, and range conditions. If there is a need to deviate from the above pasture rotation schedule by more than 15 days, you must notify the District Ranger of the proposed change in the pasture rotation date and the reason for the change. A deviation from the above schedule of more than 15 days must be approved by the District Ranger verbally or in writing.

The District Ranger must be notified 5 days prior to the time livestock enter or leave the Forest if the placing on or removal of livestock is not planned in the above schedule, and more than 10 head are being moved.

II. MANAGEMENT OF LIVESTOCK

Water availability will determine stocking for upcoming year. You are responsible for monitoring water availability and forage utilization. It is your responsibility to move your

livestock when sufficient water is no longer available or when proper forage utilization is achieved in a pasture. You are responsible for keeping track of and maintaining control of your livestock. In the event your livestock are found to be out of the scheduled pasture, you will be required to find, gather, and return your animals to the proper pasture as soon as possible.

III. IMPROVEMENT MAINTENANCE

All range improvements assigned in the 10-year Term Grazing Permit are to be maintained in a functioning condition. In the event these improvements cannot be brought up to a functioning condition, you should notify the Range Staff at the Glenwood Ranger District to schedule them for reconstruction as funds become available.

You proposed cleaning of Trail Tank with a rubber tired backhoe. Since this will not cause soil disturbance, the backhoe may be walked into the tank. Cleaning activity must be limited to within the already disturbed area of the tank.

74 Mountain trailhead road was maintained last year. Terrell recommends leaving this road alone for the time to prevent washing out. He also recommends the same for the Rain Creek Trailhead road.

Rebuild fence 8014. 1 ½ mile estimated length. FS will provide material and permittee will construct. Kendall will prepare a permit modification prior to work beginning and materials issued.

Reconstruct ½ mile fence 8033 pasture division fence between Juniper and Haystack pastures, from road and gate going west to junction with fence 8028. This portion of fence was burned during the Whitewater/Baldy fire. The FS will pursue a contract to replace this fence if funding allows. If no funding is available, the FS will provide the materials to the permittee who will reconstruct this portion.

IV. GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

1. Fire: Branding and warming fires should be used with good judgment - not on windy days or during times when fires are specifically restricted. The Glenwood District may allow naturally ignited fires to burns on the district this coming year. We will notify you if we plan to let a fire burn on your allotment.

2. Records: In order to close out permit modifications you must provide documentation of materials and labor constituting you contribution to the permit modification.

You must provide documentation of cattle numbers; dates of entering and leaving pastures, shipping dates and cattle losses (grown stock and calves). This information is used to substantiate the carrying capacity of the allotment. The information demonstrates use and the need for forage to meet the economic needs of the county. This information may also be used to establish cause and effect if there is a significant change in calf crop (Example, a wolf pack becomes established near your allotment).

3. Heavy Equipment Use: Please notify district well in advance of any plans to use heavy equipment so that necessary clearances and/or permits can be obtained. You will be notified by the district when you can proceed.

4. Credit/Refund: Any credit or refund applications for grazing fees must be made as far in advance as possible. Credit/Refund applications are not retroactive and will be approved only if the District Ranger is notified of livestock removal, prior to, or at the time, the livestock are taken off the allotment. **You will be required to provide your Social Security or Tax ID number in order for a refund to be processed.**

A $25 administrative fee will be charged for any additional bills for collection that are sent to you due to either late payment or for split billing on seasonal allotments. This fee will be collected to pay for the cost associated with issuing an additional bill for collection. There is no administrative fee for the normal "split billing" on yearlong allotments.

It is necessary for you to write the bill number on your check prior to submitting it to the lockbox. This is necessary to insure that your payment is credited to your account.

5. Short Age Calf Policy: Any short-aged calves (calves less than 6 months old on December 31) must be removed from the National Forest by April 1, or you will need to apply for and pay grazing fees for these animals from April 1 to the time they are removed from the National Forest. Calves that are 6 months old or older on December 31 need to be paid for starting January 1.

6. Salting and Supplemental Feeding:

a. Feeding of energy supplements on National Forest land will not be permitted unless a proven need to use the supplements is shown, and a detailed plan is developed and approved.

b. Feeding of hay on National Forest land will not be permitted unless a proven need to use the supplement is shown, and a detailed plan is developed and approved. All supplemental hay must be **certified weed free** hay and you must provide the proper documentation.

c. Feeding of vitamin or mineral supplements, protein blocks or molasses licks on National Forest land is permitted when used in the same manner as salt.

d. Salting practices will be in agreement with the 10-Year Term Grazing Permit. Salt will be placed in areas of available feed to help draw cattle to them. Salt will not be placed within ¼ mile from water and/or in natural concentrations areas which receive heavy grazing use.

V. ALLOTMENT STATUS

The National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process was completed for the allotment in 2008 with the signing of the decision notice. The Allotment Management Plan for this allotment is being developed. You will be contacted to work with District personnel to develop this plan. These Annual Operating Instructions implement the 2008 Decision.

VI. OTHER ITEMS DISCUSSED

You indicated that you are in favor of Fire Use on your allotment as long as there is another allotment to move your cattle to. Your concerns will be considered when deciding to place a fire into the Fire Use category. The District Ranger will authorize necessary changes to this AOI to accommodate fire management.

VII. SPECIAL MANAGEMENT CONCERNS

Keep track of conditions on your allotment and make plans to reduce or remove livestock if vegetative/watershed conditions could be substantially harmed due to continued grazing.

VIII. UTILIZATION MONITORING OF KEY AREAS

Monitoring schedule

Pasture	Monitoring Date	Allowable Use	Key Area
Shelley Peak & West ForkMogollon	May	Conservative (31 – 40%)	Pasture
Juniper & Haystack	May	Conservative (31 – 40%)	C3, Pace 2

Monitoring of herbaceous forage will be conducted by ocular estimate of use within a pasture (utilization mapping). Verification of ocular estimates will be conducted using common methodology such as weigh/clip, grazed plant numbers, or stubble height. Grazing use will be described and mapped in the following utilization categories.

Qualitative Grazing Intensity Category	Use of Forage by Weight	Qualitative Indicators of Grazing Intensity
Light to no-use	< 30%	Only choice plants and areas show use: there is no use of poor forage plants.
Conservative	31-40%	Choice forage plants have abundant seed stalks: Areas more than a mile from water show little use: About on third to one half of primary forage plants show grazing on key areas.
Moderate	41-50%	Most of accessible range shows use: Key areas show patch appearance with one half to two thirds of primary forage plants showing use: Grazing is noticeable in zone 1-1.5 miles from water.
Heavy	51-60%	Nearly all primary forage plants show grazing on key areas: Palatable shrubs show hedging: Key areas show a lack of seed stalks: Grazing is noticeable in areas over 1.5 miles from water.
Severe	61 +%	Key areas show a clipped or mowed appearance (no stubble height): Shrubs are severely hedged: There is evidence of livestock trailing to forage: Areas over 1.5 miles from water lack stubble height.
Holechek, J.L. and D. Galt. 2000. Grazing Intensity Guidelines. Rangelands 22(3), pg 11-14.		

If the utilization guideline for the pasture is exceeded on 30% or more of the pasture in any year, livestock will be immediately removed from the pasture. Within a pasture, areas found to exceed allowable use will become key areas for monitoring the following year. The AOI for the next year will be adjusted to correct livestock management

practices (distribution, number, timing, salt and water availability, etc.) that may have led to the overuse.

In the event that 30 percent or more of the pasture exceeds the set allowable use in a grazing year, that area will be required to be less than or equal to allowable use the next year. If that same area, or a substantial portion of the same area, exceeds allowable use in two consecutive grazing years, the entire pasture will be rested for one calendar year and stocking will be adjusted to balance with forage supplies. If the same area of a pasture exceeds allowable use in two years out of five, the stocking rate and management plan will be adjusted to balance with forage supply.

Monitoring of utilization for woody riparian species will be conducted on a reach basis in identified riparian areas (see table below).

Pasture	Reach description	Management	Allowable Use
West Fork	West Fork of Mogollon Creek within West Fork Pasture.	Accessible to livestock when pasture is grazed.	Not to exceed 25% of woody riparian heavily hedged.
Haystack	Mogollon Creek & Rain Creek within Haystack Pasture.	Accessible to livestock when pasture is grazed.	Not to exceed 25% of woody riparian heavily hedged.
Mogollon	Mogollon Creek within Mogollon Pasture.	Accessible to livestock when pasture is grazed.	Not to exceed 25% of woody riparian heavily hedged.
Mesquite	Mogollon Creek within Mesquite Pasture.	Accessible to livestock when pasture is grazed.	Not to exceed 25% of woody riparian heavily hedged.

If allowable use is exceeded on 30% or more of the riparian reach within the pasture, livestock will be removed from the pasture. If that same reach (or a substantial portion of the same reach(exceeds allowable use in two consecutive grazing years, the entire pasture will be rested for one calendar year and stocking will be adjusted to prevent overuse of the riparian reach. If the same reach of a pasture exceeds allowable use in two years out of five, the stocking rate and management plan will be adjusted to prevent overuse of the riparian reach.

If unforeseen operational conditions require a change in the management specified in this AOI please contact rangeland management personnel at the Glenwood Ranger District to obtain approval of change(s). Advanced notice of change is requested so that field inspections can be conducted. Verbal approval of changes will be followed with a letter documenting the change. Failure to follow the instructions provided in this AOI, or other instructions (verbal or written) of a Forest Officer may lead to adverse action against your Term Grazing Permit (Part 1, Section 3 of your Term Grazing Permit).