

Administrative Correction – 08/10/2016

The defined acreage range for mid-scale in the Desired Conditions for Riparian Gallery Forests (DC-Veg-23) was corrected to be consistent with the mid-scale range for other vegetation Desired Conditions. As published, the mid-scale range was defined as 1,000 acres or greater. This is a typographical error; it should be 100 to 1,000 acres. The corrected figure is shown below in *green italics*.

Desired Conditions for Riparian Gallery Forests

Mid-Scale (*100 to 1,000 acres*)

DC-Veg-23	<p>Natural ecological processes (e.g., periodic flooding and scouring) promote a diverse plant structure necessary for the recruitment of riparian-dependent species.</p> <p>Compared to surrounding uplands, riparian corridors have characteristics (e.g., surface water, saturated soils) that reduce the frequency and severity of fire. Infrequent fires of high severity and occasionally mixed severity, occurring approximately every 600 years, are characteristic of this PNVT.</p> <p>Vegetation consists of native species that support a range of invertebrate and vertebrate species and are free of invasive plant and animal species.</p> <p>Herbaceous vegetation and other ground covers are present to filter sediments, stabilize streambanks, mitigate effects of flooding, and contribute to infiltration and groundwater recharge.</p> <p>Woody riparian species such as cottonwood, willow, ash, and alder are reproducing with all age classes present. A diverse vegetation structure, including mature trees, snags, logs, and coarse woody debris, is present to provide habitat for riparian-dependent species.</p>
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