

# Tree Identification

## Douglas-Fir

*(Pseudotsuga menziesii)*

**Bark:** Gray and smooth with resin blisters on young trees.

**Elevation:** 6,000 to 9,500 ft.



## Subalpine Fir

*(Abies lasiocarpa)*

**Bark:** Gray and smooth with resin blisters (young); shallow fissures and scaly (mature).

**Elevation:** 8,000 to 12,000 ft.



## Lodgepole Pine

*(Pinus contorta)*

**Bark:** Light brown, thin with many small scales.

**Elevation:** 6,000 to 11,000ft



## White Fir

*(Abies concolor)*

**Bark:** Light gray and smooth with resin blisters (young); deeply furrowed/corky ridges and orange cracks (mature).

**Elevation:** 7,900 to 10,200 feet.



## Engelmann Spruce

*(Picea engelmannii)*

**Bark:** Gray-brown, thick, with flaky scales.

**Elevation:** 8,000 to 11,000 feet.



## Piñon Pine

*(Pinus edulis)*

**Bark:** Gray, smooth and thin (young); red-brown, rough and furrowed into scaly ridges (mature)

**Elevation:** 5,200 to 9,000 ft.



## San Isabel National Forest

