







Collaboratively restoring 2.4 million acres of northern Arizona's ponderosa pine forest and associated ecosystems

## **Executive Summary & Plan Organization**

This Four Forest Restoration Initiative (4FRI) Strategic Plan is a result of ongoing collaboration between the USDA Forest Service (FS) and the 4FRI Stakeholder Group (SHG). It was co-developed in 2017 by the FS and SHG to prioritize action, address remaining challenges, and accelerate the pace of restoration across the 2.4 million-acre 4FRI landscape.

The Strategic Plan sets common, reachable targets, focuses energy and resources, and identifies responsibilities for both the FS and SHG. It defines:

• Long-term, initiative-wide Strategic Goals and Outcomes that will prioritize and guide restoration activities for the lifetime of the Initiative

Specific Program Components and associated Outcomes and medium-term
 Objectives that should be reviewed on 5-year cycles and updated as necessary

 Near-term Action Items in each Program Component area and their associated ownership, which will be reviewed and revised annually through collaboration between the FS and SHG

 Additional Considerations and Progress Evaluation within each Program Component

## **MISSION**

 Collaboratively restore ecological resilience and function across 2.4 million acres of northern Arizona's ponderosa pine forest and associated ecosystems

## STRATEGIC GOALS

- Accelerate the pace and scale of restoration treatments
- Collaborate and engage
- Support sustainable forest restoration industries
- Innovate

- Improve Forest Service business practices
- Learn and adapt
- Apply an all-lands approach

## PROGRAM COMPONENTS

- Communication & engagement
- NEPA planning
- Implementation planning Monitoring & adaptive
- Business practice
- Fire
- Mechanical thinning
- Comprehensive restoration
- Monitoring & adaptive restoration

## **Four Forest Restoration Background**











Northern Arizona is part of a six-million-acre expanse of ponderosa pine forest, much of which is managed by four of Arizona's national forests (Apache-Sitgreaves, Coconino, Kaibab, and Tonto). At a range of 6,300–8,000 feet above the surrounding desert valleys at the southwestern edge of the Colorado Plateau, this upland area is a source of water for four of Arizona's most important rivers—the Salt, Verde, Little Colorado, and Gila. These rivers provide water to rural communities and the greater metropolitan Phoenix area. Communities such as Alpine, Flagstaff, Heber, Payson, Pinetop-Lakeside, Show Low, Springerville, and Williams rely on northern Arizona's forest for the economic benefits from tourism, recreation, and forest products. Weather extremes and human activities have left the forest unnaturally dense and unhealthy, stressed for water and nutrients, and vulnerable to disturbances such as uncharacteristically severe wildfire, disease, and insect outbreaks.

The risks posed by these disturbances, along with an interest in restoring forest health, spurred the creation of the Four Forest Restoration Initiative (4FRI), the largest landscape-scale restoration effort ever attempted. It is an outgrowth of long-standing collaboration across northern Arizona. For almost 20 years, a diverse group of stakeholders have participated in community-based, collaborative restoration efforts such as the White Mountain Stewardship Contract, Greater Flagstaff Forests Partnership, Natural Resources Working Group, and Community Wildfire Protection Plan processes. These local efforts formed the basis of the 4FRI Stakeholder Group (SHG), an informal organization open to public membership.

Recognizing the ecological, economic, and social contexts within which landscape-scale restoration occurs, the USDA Forest Service (FS) and SHG received funding in 2010 through the Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program (CFLRP)<sup>1</sup> to initiate collaborative, science-based ecosystem restoration. Committed to prioritizing, planning, and implementing this long-term effort across the 2.4-million acre 4FRI

area, the FS and SHG established the following basic principles for 4FRI in the 2010 Path Forward<sup>2</sup> document:

- Comprehensive ecological restoration needs and priorities should guide landscape-scale forest management.
- Sustainable restoration economies can and should be developed and enhanced so that restoration can proceed of
- so that restoration can proceed efficiently, and rural communities benefit from such action.

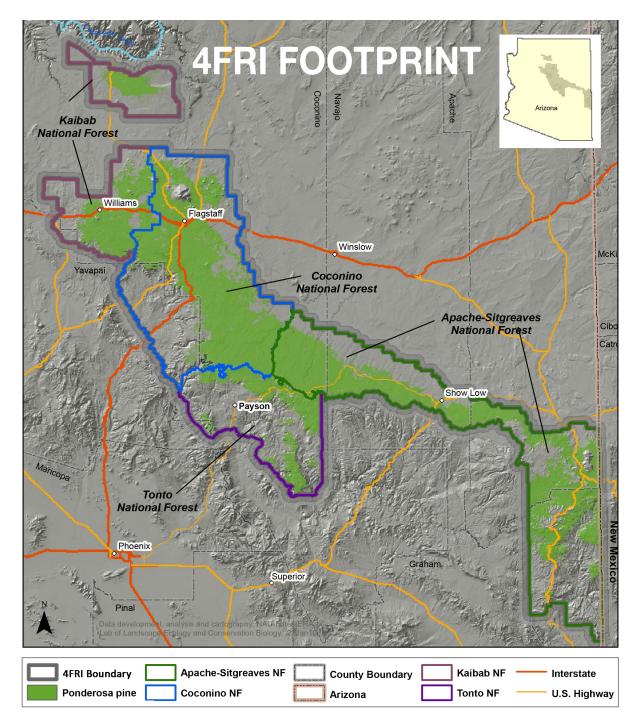
**July 9, 2015** 

• Sustained investment in collaboration can build agreement and trust and minimize controversy surrounding forest management, thus allowing ambitious landscape-scale restoration to proceed with maximum efficiency and effectiveness without sacrificing quality of work.

In 2010, the SHG developed a Charter<sup>3</sup> that provides operating guidelines. In 2011, SHG members and the FS signed a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)<sup>4</sup> formalizing collaborative processes and aligning the agency and group. Since then, the FS and SHG have been working together to design and implement ecologically appropriate, socially supported, and economically viable forest restoration strategies based on the best available scientific information<sup>5</sup>.

<sup>1</sup> www.fs.fed.us/restoration/CFLRP/overview 2, 3, 4 4FRI.org

<sup>2,33</sup> Fire Mogollon Plateau Adaptive Landscape Assessment (Sisk et al. 2004), White Mountains Adaptive Landscape Assessment (Abrams et al. 2005), Statewide Strategy for Restoring Arizona's Forests (Governor's Forest Health Council 2007), Analysis of Small Diameter Wood Supply in Northern Arizona (Hampton et al. 2008), Kaibab Forest Health Focus (Sisk et al. 2009).

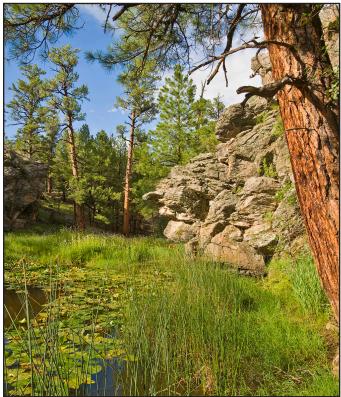


## **4FRI Vision**

We envision healthy, resilient forests in Northern Arizona that support natural fire regimes and pose decreased risk of uncharacteristically severe wildfire, foster quality habitat to support healthy populations of native plants and animals, and support thriving human communities, with high aesthetic values and sustainable forest activities, including recreation and forest restoration industries.

## **4FRI Mission**

The mission of 4FRI is to collaboratively restore 2.4 million acres of northern Arizona's ponderosa pine forest and associated ecosystems.



# GOALS

# **OUTCOMES**

Address the urgent need for restoration by accelerating the pace and scale of restoration treatments.

Restored ecosystems are resilient to future disturbances, pose decreased risk of uncharacteristically severe wildfires, and allow fire to safely resume its natural ecological role.

Collaborate to build and maintain strong social support and increase public engagement in forest management.

Increased understanding, support, engagement, and partnerships that enhance capacity for more rapid goal achievement and better decisions and outcomes.

Facilitate the development of sustainable forest restoration industries.

Increased mechanical thinning treatments are sustained at a rate of approximately 50,000 acres per year to achieve restoration goals.

Pursue technological innovations, partnership opportunities, and integration of new resources.

Increased capacity enhances planning and implementation and informs future restoration work.

Improve Forest Service business practices.

Refined administrative procedures facilitate restoration activities at a speed and scale necessary to meet goals efficiently.

Learn and adapt ecological restoration treatments and economic strategies based on monitoring and experience.

Enhanced decision-making incorporates the best available scientific information while providing strategies for accomplishing restoration with low value wood and biomass.

Apply an all-lands approach.

Extended and supported restoration work across jurisdictional boundaries improves ecological conditions across the entire landscape of northern Arizona.

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## COMMUNICATION AND ENGAGEMENT

## <u>OUTCOME</u>

Understanding and support of, and engagement in, forest restoration efforts by the public and targeted audiences is achieved through proactive and coordinated communication activities between the FS and SHG

## **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. 4FRI activities are closely coordinated among FS personnel, and between the FS and SHG, for development of timely outreach materials for external audiences
  - 1.A. (SHARED) Relay schedule and locations of treatments to both key FS and SHG communications representatives on a monthly basis by 4FRI Operations Coordinator in order to facilitate communication with the public on current treatments
  - 1.B. (FS) Inform SHG and public of developments related to the 2017 Request for Information (RFI) and any subsequent Request(s) for Proposal (RFP) through regular FS communications
  - 1.C. (FS) Communicate relevant FS personnel transitions and provide organizational information that includes roles, authorities, and responsibilities relative to the 4FRI effort
  - 1.D. (SHARED) Create tailored and relevant messaging for public officials

- Messaging should be tailored and consistent among the four forests as well as among stakeholders
- Key outreach topics include: restoration success stories and challenges, fire/smoke management, importance/value of restoration, impacts of mechanical thinning "in your neighborhood/community," importance of private industry in achieving restoration, immediate post-treatment and subsequent changes on the landscape, and progress on all aspects of restoration (mechanical, fire management, comprehensive)
- Awareness of the political context of our communication is important
- 2. Communication, including tracking and reporting, across the four forests and all FS administrative levels is improved
  - 2.A. (SHARED) Create a coordinated communication plan
  - 2B. (FS) Provide quarterly updates to all FS administrative levels based on a coordinated communication plan among all four forests to ensure ability for all levels of forests to communicate 4FRI progress

- 3. SHG Communication Work Group and others develop timely and appropriate outreach materials, e.g. The Lookout quarterly newsletter, in order to inform and engage the public and other targeted audiences
  - 3.A. (SHG) Lead and collaborate on The Lookout quarterly stakeholder newsletter
  - 3.B. (SHG) Assess and develop timely communication products based upon needs, and strives to include proactive outreach to improve public awareness of 4FRI activities
  - 3.C. (SHARED) Inform public and targeted audiences of financial, social, and ecological value of restoration treatments, including the value of reducing the likelihood of uncharacteristically severe fires
- 4. The public is increasingly engaged in and supportive of all aspects of restoration work
  - 4.A. (SHARED) Plan, publicize, and host appropriate activities (e.g., field trips, work days, open houses, info booths at public events) to engage the public throughout each year
  - 4.B. (SHARED) Inform the public about fire and smoke management activities, including messaging about where/how the public can access information about areas likely to be impacted by smoke
- 5. FS and SHG will work with tribes to determine pathways for tribal engagement in restoration activities and identify opportunities for partnerships and co-management
  - 5.A. (FS) Consult with tribal officials and the 4FRI team to identify opportunities for increased tribal engagement, and communicates results to the SHG as appropriate
- 6. SHG, industry, and the public have improved understanding of FS contracting options and related decision-making processes
  - 6.A. (FS) Regularly update the SHG on contracting decisions and rationales in accordance with confidentiality provisions

#### **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- Quarterly newsletter distribution if monitored
- Elected Officials surveyed for constituent input/feedback (trends?)
- Social/Economic monitoring results (MPMB)
- Compilation of media stories
- Increased FS and public engagement
- Attendance and feedback at public events
- Partner and tribal feedback
- Number of events attended with 4FRI-specific information distributed

### **NEPA PLANNING**

## **OUTCOME**

NEPA analyses are completed within planned timeframes, with new efficiencies and lessons learned carried forward in subsequent analyses, to: 1) lay a foundation for landscape analyses of activities including mechanical thinning, fuels reduction, and comprehensive restoration; 2) enhance public input and engagement; and 3) provide certainty and predictability to private industry

#### **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. FS will explore all existing authorities to plan future projects more efficiently
  - 1.A. (SHARED) Examine use of novel strategies such as the flexible toolbox approach being used in the Rim Country EIS and consider their uses in future planning efforts
  - 1.B. (SHARED) Explore options for involving partners in planning to supplement FS capacity
  - 1.C. (FS) Identify, document, and evaluate relevant existing regulatory authorities to facilitate effective NEPA planning
- 2. FS and SHG will provide clear expectations, when working together and with partners, regarding types of feedback needed and deadlines to inform the planning process

- Increased collaboration in NEPA requires additional time to plan, engage, and obtain input
- Field trips are good options for holding in-depth discussions of specific topics
- Flexibility in testing and adopting new efficiencies or using partners to expand capacity is needed
- Long-term NEPA planning schedule for additional restoration treatments beyond implementation of the first two large EISs
- Effective project management will help ensure high quality analysis
- Cost of collecting and using LiDAR data may be prohibitive
- 2.A. (FS) Provide a clearly defined schedule to the SHG for NEPA planning of projects within the 4FRI footprint, along with updates as part of the 4FRI monthly update, or separately if requested
- 2.B. (SHARED) Provide guidelines regarding timeliness, amount, preferred types, and formats of information needed with respect to relevant deadlines

#### 3. FS and SHG strive to meet scheduled deadlines

3.A. (FS) Complete Rim Country Project analysis on schedule, with draft EIS by August 2018, final EIS/draft ROD by August 2019, and final ROD by February 2020

3.B. (FS) Sign C.C. Cragin Watershed Protection Project Decision Notice by July 2018

3.C. (FS) Coordinate NEPA planning across forests to minimize overlap of deadlines and staffing bottlenecks

#### **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- NEPA milestones completed on schedule
- SHG input received on schedule
- Support for/success of flexible toolbox approach
- Efficiencies tested and adopted as appropriate

## 4. FS and SHG work together to expand awareness and public support for NEPA processes and decisions

4.A. (SHARED) Work to gather public input and provide information on the Rim Country and other NEPA processes

## 5. FS uses highest quality data in planning efforts

- 5.A. (SHARED) Determine options for improving FS capacity (e.g., training or outside assistance) to integrate LiDAR data into planning
- 5.B. (SHARED) Obtain additional LiDAR coverage across 4FRI where lacking
- 5.C. (SHARED) Integrate and interpret existing LiDAR data for planning and analysis of large-scale projects
- 5D. (SHARED) Use latest data, models, and databases to provide information relevant to the needs of analyses

## 6. FS engages implementers, SHG, and others to identify lessons learned and actions that would improve the efficiency of planning and the linkage from plans to implementation

- 6.A. (SHARED) Consider using findings from Industry Roundtable to inform planning processes
- 6.B. (FS) Hold regular meetings for information sharing and gathering on forests/districts with personnel involved in oversight and implementation
- 6.C. (SHARED) Develop implementation plans within NEPA documents that provide flexibility for unanticipated forest conditions and implementation needs

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## IMPLEMENTATION PLANNING

## **OUTCOME**

Restoration activities are completed efficiently through timely pre-implementation coordination and planning across resources, partners, and geographic areas

### **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. Prioritized 5-year plans will be created to identify preparation and resource survey needs and to guide implementation
  - 1.A. (FS) Use validated lists of priorities to guide 5-year plan development for mechanical thinning, prescribed fire, and comprehensive restoration activities

- Planning for biomass removal
- 5-year plans provide guidance to more specific out-year planning
- 2. Resource and restoration needs are integrated into all out-year planning exercises
  - 2.A. (FS) Identify treatment areas and budgets for out-year surveys that meet prioritization criteria
  - 2.B. (FS) Complete survey work for all activities within NEPA-cleared treatment areas (e.g., within mechanical thinning areas, clear comprehensive restoration activities with the same surveys)
  - 2.C. (FS) Prepare pre-implementation checklists for all federal fiscal year 2018 (FY18) and later mechanical thinning offerings prior to project layout
  - 2.D. (FS) Develop pre-implementation checklists in coordination with resource specialists to identify design features from the project NEPA document
  - 2.E. (FS) Strive to complete sale/contract prep activities at least one year ahead of anticipated need
- 3. Best available tools and methods will be used to design ecologically desirable and economically efficient treatments and contracts
  - 3.A. (SHARED) Develop options for restoring ecologically important acres that do not generate net value when treated
  - 3.B. (SHARED) Continue to use models (e.g., Ager Landscape Treatment Designer) to inform out-year mechanical thinning contracts

3.C. (FS) Strategically coordinate mechanical thinning treatments to improve opportunities to allow wildfire to achieve resource benefits

## 4. Implementation of restoration activities will be prioritized collaboratively with partners

- 4.A. (SHARED) Coordinate the 4FRI Board's and stakeholders' lists of priorities for implementation
- 4.B. (FS) Communicate projected revenue from retained receipts and collaboratively consider priorities for use within each project
- 4.C. (SHARED) Continue to hold operational meetings to coordinate implementation of all restoration activities

### **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- Working 5-year plans
- Completed pre-implementation checklists for next FY offerings
- Contracts and agreements completed according to 5-year plans
- Increase of surveyed/cleared acreage

## 5. Use a variety of agreements with partners to accelerate implementation

- 5.A. (SHARED) Identify available tribal resources for consideration
- 5.B. (SHARED) Explore how partners can expand survey, prep, and implementation capacities (e.g., Comprehensive Implementation Work Group (CIWG) and comprehensive restoration activities) to accelerate implementation
- 5.C. (SHARED) Identify opportunities for all-lands restoration activities through communication and planning across boundaries with partners, tribes, and the public

## **BUSINESS PRACTICES**

## **OUTCOME**

Improvements in administrative structure and operational processes increase efficiency and effectiveness

### **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. Continuity is assured in planning and implementation efforts through investments in FS and SHG capacity
  - 1.A. (SHARED) Identify relevant training opportunities for FS employees and SHG members, including outside of their primary responsibilities/roles
  - 1.B. (SHARED) Expand training for needs associated with new technologies (e.g., GIS for DxP)
  - 1.C. (SHARED) Create and host 4FRI orientation for new SHG members and new FS employees that incorporates 4FRI foundational collaborative documents
  - 1.D. (FS) Develop transition plans for staffing changes, including leadership roles
  - 1.E. (FS) Improve knowledge and resource sharing across the four forests
  - 1.F (FS) Develop and share operating guidelines for the 4FRI Board that document roles, responsibilities, and internal communication and decision-making protocols
- 2. Partners' expertise and capacity is used to achieve desired conditions
  - 2.A. (SHARED) Develop appropriate tribal cooperative agreements
  - 2.B. (FS) Identify opportunities to involve the SHG in improving RFP development and contractor selection processes
  - 2.C. (SHARED) Use stewardship authority to enhance FS capacity to implement at larger scales

- Benefits and risks of beginning resources surveys and layout prior to having signed NEPA decisions
- Complexities of quantifying the value of a healthy forest and restoration treatments (Alternative (Ecosystem Services?)/Non-market valuation of timber)
- Pros and cons of requiring contractors to provide a thinning schedule
- How much is society willing to pay for restoration that will not self-fund?

- 2.D. (SHARED) Engage with other regulatory agencies to identify operational challenges/issues and possible solutions (e.g., a 4FRI-wide increased trucking weight pilot program)
- 2.E. (SHARED) Engage industry early to improve feasibility assessments of areas for mechanical thinning treatments

## 3. Budget development, allocation, and tracking processes will be regularly assessed for improvements

- 3.A. (SHARED) Reevaluate and improve FS procurement processes
- 3.B. (FS) Improve fiscal accountability through streamlined tracking and reporting
- 3.C. (SHARED) Establish uniform criteria for evaluating and reporting financial value of restoration activities
- 4. Annual funding for projects and planning will support necessary staffing levels

## **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- Adoption of recommendations from TNC and ERI assessments of FS processes
- Improved results from RFI/RFP process
- More rapid and consistent implementation
- Improved tracking of resources that go into these projects to better and accurately understand efficiencies gained
- 4.A. (SHARED) Explore options for funding additional personnel through agreements with partners (e.g., shared NWTF-FS position)
- 4.B. (SHARED) Redirect staff where necessary to support high priority work and evaluate innovation (e.g., different resource experts may be needed on site to guide and evaluate DxP outcomes)
- 4.C. (SHG) Advocate for and/or create additional funding opportunities

## 5. Efficiency of resource surveys will be increased

- 5.A. (FS) Include comprehensive restoration and fuels activities in survey and treatment planning
- 5.B. (FS) Coordinate and complete resource surveys for out-year activities simultaneously when possible (e.g., clear multiple activities in one survey)
- 5.C. (FS) Plan for out-year surveys during budget development

## 6. Existing authorities are reviewed and used to allow for innovation

- 6.A. (FS) Simplify silvicultural prescriptions and transition to DxP where feasible, and continue to evaluate outcomes
- 6.B. (SHARED) Evaluate weight scale sales for mechanical thinning as means to decrease cruise costs where appropriate
- 6.C. (SHARED) Use digital technology where appropriate (e.g., boundaries, digital prescriptions, tablet technology)
- 6.D. (SHARED) Examine the benefits and drawbacks of practices to improve economic viability of mechanical treatments (e.g., in-woods processing, increased on-site drying times, managing biomass)
- 6.E. (SHARED) Develop appropriate business practices for low value wood including appraisals, cruising, etc.
- 6.F. (SHARED) Where obstacles have been identified (e.g., through TNC and ERI assessments), recommend changes to local, regional, and national policies

## 7. Methods for valuation of restoration will be improved and incorporated into FS contracts and agreements

- 7.A. (SHARED) Calculate and communicate financial and social value of reducing the likelihood of uncharacteristically severe fires and the value of a restored forest
- 7.B. (SHARED) Reevaluate the viability of self-funding mechanical treatment

## FIRE

## **OUTCOME**

## Fire is safely reintroduced and resumes its natural role in shaping forest ecosystems

## **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. Coordination across resource areas facilitates implementation of prescribed fire and management of wildfires to meet restoration objectives
  - 1.A. (SHARED) Coordinate with federal, state, municipal, and other partners to complete larger prescribed burns
  - 1.B. (FS) Prioritize the placement and timing of prescribed fire treatments with other resource areas and restoration treatment activities
  - 1.C. (FS) Use pre-implementation checklists
- 2. Incrementally increase the annual program objective to achieve roughly 200,000 acres of prescribed and wildfire and fuels treatment per year

#### **CONSIDERATIONS**

- A substantial number of acres have already been "NEPA cleared" for prescribed fire
- Weather conditions may affect whether target ranges are met or exceeded
- There will be a need for maintenance burns
- Public concerns about smoke and fire are high and could impact overall restoration efforts
- 2.A. (FS) Complete approximately 60,000 acres of restoration treatments using prescribed fire, wildfire, and non-commercial mechanical fuels treatments in FY18, if conditions allow (ASNF 18,000 acres, Coconino 21,000 acres, Kaibab 12,000 acres, Tonto 9,000 acres)
- 2.B. (FS) Complete approximately 70,000 acres of restoration treatments using prescribed fire, wildfire, and non-commercial mechanical fuels treatments in FY19, if conditions allow (ASNF 21,000 acres, Coconino 24,500 acres, Kaibab 14,000 acres, Tonto 10,500 acres)
- 2.C. (FS) Validate and refine, as necessary, the number of acres of treatments in the annual program objective
- 3. The public is increasingly informed about and accepting of the role of fire in ecosystem restoration and forest management
  - 3.A. (FS) Improve communication with the public to explain the decision-making criteria and processes related to managing prescribed fire and wildfire
  - 3.B. (SHARED) Improve communication with the public to explain the rationale for and benefits of managing prescribed fire and wildfire

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3.C. (SHARED) Improve data compilation of fire treatment planning, accomplishments, and ecological outcomes for both prescribed fire and wildfire to enhance communication efforts

## **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- Accomplishment reports (i.e., acres burned by fire type: prescribed fire or wildfire suppressed)
- Fire behavior and effects in treated areas

### **MECHANICAL THINNING**

## **OUTCOME**

## Sustainable mechanical treatments contribute to achieving restoration objectives

### **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

## 1. Industry partners will be engaged

- 1.A. (SHARED) Hold Industry Roundtable, open to interested stakeholders, at least annually and follow through on agreed-upon priority action items
- 1.B. (SHARED) Encourage industry to propose solutions to restoration challenges (e.g., biomass removal, timber prep, implementation efficiencies, and resource surveys)
- 1.C. (SHARED) Increase prep efficiencies, including potential for contractors to perform prep
- 1.D. (SHARED) Consider applications of technological advances in industry

## 2. Treatment designs are economically viable and meet restoration objectives

- Future re-entries
- Currently there are approximately 537,000 acres "NEPA cleared" for mechanical thinning that are not yet under contract
- Volumes, size classes and accessibility of materials are variable
- Under appropriate agreements, tribal partners may be able to assist in treating areas
- Learn from failures and successes of other forest restoration projects
- 2.A. (FS) Create tree thinning prescriptions to achieve heterogeneity in forest structure and composition across the landscape (e.g., for wildlife habitat, reduction in risk of uncharacteristic wildfire)
- 2.B. (SHARED) Complete Ager landscape treatment design tool analysis on 1st 4FRI EIS to help inform 5-year plan review and revision
- 2.C. (FS) Prioritize treatment areas based on the potential behavior and effects of wildfires and the need to protect irreplaceable values at risk, such as threatened species habitat or watershed function
- 2.D. (FS) Mechanical treatments are configured and timed to facilitate the use of prescribed fire and wildfire to meet resource objectives
- 2.E. (FS) Use pre-implementation checklists

2.F. (SHARED) Investigate and include options for biomass removal during treatment design (e.g., market-based solutions, required removal)

## 3. Offerings are aligned with existing industry capacity while creating enabling conditions for sustainable industry growth

- 3.A. (SHARED) Establish current and reasonably foreseeable industry capacity
- 3.B. (FS) Prep out-year projects to distribute offerings throughout the fiscal year
- 3.C. (FS) Lay out and/or offer approximately 15,000 acres of DxP projects for FY18 and increase planning of DxP projects for FY19

## **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- Number of acres prepped and offered
- Number of acres treated
- 3.D. (FS) Offer approximately 46,000 acres in FY18, 49,000 acres in FY19 and 50,000 acres each year thereafter

## 4. Contracts are designed to accomplish restoration treatments and address industry capacity

- 4.A. (SHARED) Identify opportunities to create flexibility within contracts (e.g., combining smaller sales, advocating for longer-term contracts)
- 4.B. (FS) Review Phase 1 Contract in May 2018 to determine future task orders
- 4.C. (FS) Implement service contracts on PAC treatments from 1st EIS (e.g., cut, skid, deck in FY18)
- 4.D. (FS) Incorporate information gleaned from the 2017 RFI and the 2012 RFP into development of a new RFP on the "west side" (for acres not currently under Phase 1 Contract) as needed to meet restoration goals
- 4.E. (FS) Provide clarity on whether or not biomass removal is mandatory and encourage removal where and when possible
- 4.F. (FS) Address risk management (e.g., cancellation ceiling issues) in long-term contracts and use in RFP if appropriate
- 4.G. (SHARED) Meet obligations under the TNC Master Stewardship Agreement
- 4.H. (FS) Include performance requirements to maintain accountability between FS and contractors

### COMPREHENSIVE RESTORATION

## <u>OUTCOME</u>

Comprehensive restoration activities, other than mechanical thinning and prescribed fire, ensure that the full suite of habitat and ecosystem restoration objectives are accomplished

## **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- Habitat and ecosystem restoration opportunities are identified, prioritized, and implemented
  - 1.A. (SHARED) Draft a 5-Year Plan for comprehensive restoration projects
  - 1.B. (SHARED) FS, SHG, and partners complete T-Six Spring restoration project during FY18

- Restoration of areas already burned with uncharacteristic wildfire
- Tribal partners may be able to contribute toward the implementation of restoration activities
- 1.C. (SHARED) Identify opportunities for Categorical Exclusions specific to comprehensive restoration
- 1.D. (SHARED) Schedule comprehensive restoration projects in coordination with other treatments and wildlife habitat needs
- 1.E. (FS) Where appropriate, projects tier to Watershed Condition Framework, watershed restoration action plans, and species recovery plans to help focus implementation activities
- 2. Identify funding opportunities to increase comprehensive restoration implementation (e.g., grants and non-FS entities carrying out or funding comprehensive restoration projects)
  - 2.A. (SHARED) Advocate for and/or create additional funding opportunities
  - 2.B. (FS) Use retained receipts from thinning contracts to help fund comprehensive restoration where appropriate
  - 2.C. (SHG) CIWG recommends a target monetary value of comprehensive restoration work to complete per year
  - 2.D. (FS) Fund National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTF) forester/biologist to implement "Save the Habitat. Save the Hunt" restoration program

- 3. Resource surveys are prioritized, coordinated, and completed in areas where comprehensive restoration projects are planned
  - 3.A. (SHARED) Identify NEPA- and shovel-ready projects as well as areas where additional surveys are necessary
  - 3.B. (FS) Complete and coordinate resource surveys for out-year projects, including during FS WorkPlan development
  - 3.C. (SHARED) Use pre-implementation checklists
- 4. Public engagement is expanded to improve public lands stewardship, generate citizen science, and add capacity
  - 4.A. (SHARED) Identify, publicize, and complete volunteer projects
  - 4.B. (FS) Expand existing partnership between FS and Hopi Tribe to restore natural springs within the 4FRI footprint

- **PROGRESS EVALUATION**
- NRM, WIT, and FACTS database reporting
- Changes in Watershed Condition Framework scores
- Changes in indicators specified in species recovery plans
- Pre- and post-implementation monitoring in coordination with the Multi-Party Monitoring Board
- 4.C. (FS) Use existing Master Participating Agreement to increase tribal involvement in ongoing and future restoration-related activities
- 5. Comprehensive restoration accomplishments, including the work of the CIWG, are publicized
  - 5.A. (SHARED) Coordinate with 4FRI CWG to outreach comprehensive restoration activities, volunteer opportunities, and accomplishments
  - 5.B. (SHARED) Display work completed (e.g., expenditures, match, etc.) in the CFLRP Annual Report, partner websites, etc.

### MONITORING AND ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT

## **OUTCOME**

Monitoring information is collected, shared, and integrated into management; tracks progress; and improves effectiveness in meeting desired conditions

#### **OBJECTIVES and ACTION ITEMS**

- 1. Monitoring is planned and prioritized based on NEPA commitments, topics of concern, and capacity limitations
  - 1.A. (SHARED) MPMB creates annual schedule for monitoring activities based upon priorities, funding, gaps, and commitments
- 2. Use of new technologies is expanded to create efficiencies in monitoring and information exchange

- Data collection formats should be consistent
- Some questions can only be answered in the long term
- Citizen science may not be appropriate in all circumstances
- Funding availability may limit the ability to meet objectives in the monitoring plan
- 2.A. (SHARED) Fund and expand use of drones, LiDAR, and other new technologies to monitor treatments
- 2.B. (SHARED) Incorporate digital data collected by harvesters
- 3. Changes to management are recommended based on best available science and lessons learned from implementation and effects monitoring
  - 3.A. (SHARED) Review and consult existing best available science
  - 3.B. (SHARED) Consult agencies and partner organizations to determine if data relevant to monitoring questions exist
  - 3.C. (SHARED) Collect and analyze data that are relevant and sufficient to address monitoring questions and achieve adaptive management goals
  - 3.D. (SHARED) Use analyses of monitoring data to inform adaptive management

## 4. The Multi-Party Monitoring Board and the Communications Work Group coordinate to interpret monitoring results for the FS, SHG, and public

- 4.A. (SHARED) MPMB and CWG meet as necessary to address outreach needs and develop products
- 4.B. (SHARED) MPMB and CWG determine options to provide a data-rich, interactive platform to share monitoring results with the FS, SHG, and public

## 5. Citizen scientists are engaged and add monitoring capacity

5.A. (SHARED) Develop additional citizen science and volunteer opportunities for monitoring

#### **PROGRESS EVALUATION**

- Critical indicators monitored
- Monitoring results shared in an accessible way
- Monitoring data integrated into adaptive management
- 5.B. (SHARED) Continue involvement of partners and citizen scientists to collect data from springs and streams using the most appropriate methods (e.g., Collector for ArcGIS)
- 6. Resources necessary for current and future monitoring are secure
  - 6.A. (SHARED) Identify and foster partnerships and commitments to add monitoring capacity
  - 6.B. (SHARED) Ensure adequate funding exists before additional monitoring indicators are added to the monitoring plan

## **ACRONYMS**

**4FRI:** Four Forest Restoration Initiative

**ArcGIS:** ESRI brand geographic information system for management, analysis, and display of geographic information

**ASNF:** Apache-Sitgreaves National Forests

**CFLRP:** Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program

**CIWG:** Comprehensive Implementation Work Group

CWG: Communications Work Group

DxP: Designation by prescription

EIS: Environmental impact statement

**ERI:** Ecological Restoration Institute (of Northern Arizona University) **FACTS:** Forest Service Activity Tracking System (USDA FS database)

**FMO:** Fire management officer (USDA FS position)

FS: USDA Forest Service
FY: Federal Fiscal year
IWG: Industry Work Group

LiDAR: Light detection and ranging
MOU: Memorandum of Understanding
MPMB: Multi-Party Monitoring Board
NEPA: National Environmental Policy Act

**NF:** National forest

NRM: Natural Resource Manager (USDA FS database)

**NWTF:** National Wild Turkey Federation

**PAC:** Protected activity center (for the Mexican Spotted Owl)

**PAO:** Public affairs officer (USDA FS position)

ROD: Record of decision
RFI: Request for information
RFP: Request for proposals
PWG: Planning Work Group
SHG: 4FRI Stakeholder Group

TMA: Timber Management Assistant (USDA FS position)

TNC: The Nature Conservancy

**USDA:** United States Department of Agriculture

WIT: Watershed Improvement Tracking (USDA FS database)

## **GLOSSARY OF TERMS**

Adaptive Management: The general framework encompassing the three phases of planning: assessment, plan development, and monitoring (36 CFR 219.5). This framework supports decision-making that meets management objectives while simultaneously accruing information to improve future management by adjusting the plan or plan implementation. Adaptive management is a structured, cyclical process for planning and decision-making in the face of uncertainty and changing conditions with feedback from monitoring, which includes using the planning process to actively test assumptions, track relevant conditions over time, and measure management effectiveness (Forest Service Handbook 1909.12)

**All-lands Approach:** A land management approach that incorporates cross-boundary partnerships to achieve desired outcomes at a landscape-scale.

**Biomass:** Trees <6" in diameter at breast height and thinning slash, including leaves, branches, and tops of cut trees.

**Biomass Removal:** Typically refers to the removal of trees <6" in diameter at breast height and thinning slash, including leaves, branches, and tops of cut trees.

**Cancellation Ceiling:** The maximum cancellation charge that the contractor can receive in the event of contract cancellation by the Government.

**Categorical Exclusion:** A category of actions that the Forest Service has determined does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the quality of the human environment, and for which, therefore, neither an environmental assessment (EA) nor environmental impact statement (EIS) is required.

**Citizen Science:** The involvement of the general public in scientific research or monitoring, typically in collaboration with, or under the direction of, professional scientists.

**Comprehensive Restoration:** Restoration activities, other than mechanical thinning and prescribed fire, which ensure that the full suite of identified habitat and ecosystem restoration objectives are accomplished.

Deck: A (log) deck is a designated area where logs are stacked.

**Digital Boundary:** A timber sale boundary that is recorded and used in a digital format, on a computer or tablet, rather than physically designated boundaries on the ground.

**Digital Prescription:** A digital representation of the desired conditions for a stand of trees. Digital prescriptions are used to assist harvesters in selecting trees to be cut during implementation of Designation by Prescription treatments, in which the cutter selects the trees to be thinned.

**Ecological Function:** Ecological processes that sustain composition and structure, such as energy flow, nutrient cycling and retention, soil development and retention, predation and herbivory, and natural disturbances such as wind, fire, and floods (Forest Service Handbook 1909.12).

**Ecological Resilience:** The ability of an ecosystem to regain structural and functional attributes that have suffered harm from stress or disturbance (SER 2004).

**Ecosystem:** A spatially explicit, relatively homogeneous unit of the Earth that includes all interacting organisms and elements of the abiotic environment within its boundaries. An ecosystem is commonly described in terms of its composition, structure, function, and connectivity (Forest Service Handbook 1909.12)

**Flexible Toolbox Approach:** An approach used in planning landscape-level restoration projects that is less prescriptive, using decision matrices to describe site conditions and the tools or range of prescriptions that would be applied to them. This approach accounts for imperfect information and adapts to changes in environmental conditions, giving more flexibility to implementers and encouraging application of the appropriate tool to achieve the desired results.

**In-woods Processing:** Use of sites within the forest to process, sort, and dry wood products before removing them from the forest, in order to maximize efficient transportation and utilization of forest products.

**Layout:** The process of delineating and flagging the boundaries of a particular mechanical thinning sale unit. It includes flagging any interior units or block boundaries, including special treatment areas, protection areas, and exclusion zones.

**Mechanical Thinning/Mechanical Treatment:** Any activity (e.g., silvicultural thinning, biomass removal) performed by human-controlled tools (e.g., chain saw, feller-buncher) that results in the removal or alteration of wood fiber (does not include the use of fire)

**Monitoring Indicators:** Quantitative measures used in conjunction with other information to help describe the condition of a resource of interest. Over time, monitoring indicators can be used to evaluate the effects of management actions and progress towards desired conditions.

**Out-year:** The year following the current fiscal year

**Offerings:** Timber contracts that will be offered to the public using a competitive bidding process.

**Pre-implementation Checklist:** A document identifying all design features and mitigations that are needed to implement a project according to guidance from the applicable NEPA documents. May also be referred to as a plan-in-hand.

**Record of Decision (ROD):** A concise public record of the responsible official's decision to implement an action when an environmental impact statement (EIS) has been prepared (Forest Service Handbook 1909.15)

**Resource Benefits/Objectives:** Outcomes that achieve or move towards desired conditions for any particular resource.

**Resource Survey:** A pre-implementation survey done to identify areas or features that are sensitive, culturally important, or that may otherwise require special treatment during the implementation of restoration activities.

**Silvicultural Prescription:** A document which has a planned series of treatments designed to change current stand structure and composition of a stand to one that meets desired conditions.

**Skid:** The process of dragging logs from one point to another.

**Stewardship Agreement:** The general purpose of Stewardship Agreements (SA) is to achieve land management goals for National Forest System (NFS) lands while meeting local and rural community needs. Stewardship agreements are tools that can be used to accomplish landscape restoration objectives (Forest Service Handbook 1509.11, 72.61).

**Stewardship Authority:** Section 323 of Public Law 108-7 (16 U.S.C. 2104 Note, as revised February 28, 2003, to reflect sec. 323 of J.J. Res. 2 as enrolled), the Consolidated Appropriations Resolution, 2003, amending Public Law 105-277.

Tablet Technology: Refers to the use of computer tablets (e.g., iPads) to implement various restoration objectives using digital data formats.

Treatment Area: An area that has been designated for treatment (e.g., with prescribed fire or mechanical thinning).

**Trucking Weight Pilot Program:** A temporary exemption from existing logging truck weight limits intended to explore the feasibility and effects of heavier trucks on infrastructure and public safety.

**Uncharacteristically Severe Wildfire:** A wildfire, the effects of which are more severe than they would have been under historic weather, fuel loading, and forest structural conditions.

Weight Scale Sale: A timber sale in which the bill/credits are generated based on the weight of logs rather than board feet or cubic volume.

## **ACTION ITEMS FOR FEDERAL FISCAL YEARS 2018/2019**

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
			Relay schedule and locations of				
			treatments to both key FS and				
			SHG communications				
			representatives on a monthly				
			basis by 4FRI Operations				
			Coordinator in order to				
			facilitate communication with				
	Communication		the public on current				4FRI Operations
SHARED	and Engagement	1.A.	treatments	2	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Inform SHG and public of				
			developments related to the				
			2017 Request for Information				
			(RFI) and any subsequent				
			Request(s) for Proposal (RFP)				
	Communication		through regular FS				4FRI Public Affairs
FS	and Engagement	1.B.	communications	2	FY18	FY19	Officer
			Communicate relevant FS				
			personnel transitions and				
			provide organizational				
			information that includes roles,				
	Communication		authorities, and responsibilities				
FS	and Engagement	1.C.	relative to the 4FRI effort	2	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Chief Executive
	Communication		Create tailored and relevant				
SHARED	and Engagement	1.D.	messaging for public officials	2	FY18	Ongoing	CWG Chair
	Communication		Create a coordinated				4FRI Public Affairs
SHARED	and Engagement	2.A.	communication plan	2	FY18	FY19	Officer
JIIANLD	and Lingagement	۷.۸.	communication plan		1 1 1 1 0	1113	Officer

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
			Provide quarterly updates to				
			all FS administrative levels				
			based on a coordinated				
			communication plan among all				
			four forests to ensure ability				
	Communication		for all levels of forests to				<b>4FRI Public Affairs</b>
FS	and Engagement	2.B.	communicate 4FRI progress	2	FY18	Ongoing	Officer
			Lead and collaborate on The				
	Communication		Lookout quarterly stakeholder				
SHG	and Engagement	3.A.	newsletter	3	FY18	Ongoing	CWG Chair
			Assess and develop timely				
			communication products				
			based upon needs, and strives				
			to include proactive outreach				
	Communication		to improve public awareness of				
SHG	and Engagement	3.B.	4FRI activities	3	FY18	Ongoing	CWG Chair
			Inform public and targeted				
			audiences of financial, social,				
			and ecological value of				
			restoration treatments,				
			including the value of reducing				
			the likelihood of				
	Communication		uncharacteristically severe				
SHARED	and Engagement	3.C.	fires	3	FY18	Ongoing	CWG Chair
			Plan, publicize, and host				
			appropriate activities (e.g.,				
			field trips, work days, open				
			houses, info booths at public				
	Communication		events) to engage the public				<b>4FRI Public Affairs</b>
SHARED	and Engagement	4.A.	throughout each year	3	FY18	Ongoing	Officer

Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
Ongoing	CWG Chair
	50 7 11 1 5 1 11
0	FS Tribal Relations
Ungoing	Manager (Tonto NF)
Ongoing	4FRI Chief Executive
Oligoling	41 KI CITIET EXECUTIVE
	4FRI Planning
Ongoing	Coordinator
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	4FRI Planning
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	4FRI Planning
FY18	Coordinator
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Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Provide a clearly defined				
			schedule to the SHG for NEPA				
			planning of projects within the				
			4FRI footprint, along with				
			updates as part of the 4FRI				
			monthly update, or separately				4FRI Planning
FS	NEPA Planning	2.A.	if requested	4	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Provide guidelines regarding				
			timeliness, amount, preferred				
			types, and formats of				
			information needed with				4FRI Planning
SHARED	NEPA Planning	2.B.	respect to relevant deadlines	4	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Complete Rim Country Project				
			analysis on schedule, with draft				
			EIS by August 2018, final				
			EIS/draft ROD by August 2019,				
			and final ROD by February	_			4FRI Planning
FS	NEPA Planning	3.A.	2020	5	FY18	FY19	Coordinator
			Sign C.C. Cragin Watershed				
			Protection Project Decision	_			Coconino NF NEPA
FS	NEPA Planning	3.B.	Notice by July 2018	5	FY18	FY18	Coordinator
			Coordinate NEPA planning				
			across forests to minimize				
			overlap of deadlines and	_			4FRI Planning
FS	NEPA Planning	3.C.	staffing bottlenecks	5	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Work to gather public input				
			and provide information on the				
			Rim Country and other NEPA				4FRI Planning
SHARED	NEPA Planning	4.A.	processes	5	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Determine options for improving FS capacity (e.g., training or outside assistance) to integrate LiDAR data into				
SHARED	NEPA Planning	5.A.	planning	5	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI GIS Specialist
			Obtain additional LiDAR coverage across 4FRI where	-			·
SHARED	NEPA Planning	5.B.	lacking	5	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI GIS Specialist
SHARED	NEPA Planning	5.C.	Integrate and interpret existing LiDAR data for planning and analysis of large-scale projects	5	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI GIS Specialist
SHARED	NEPA Planning	5.D.	Use latest data, models, and databases to provide information relevant to the needs of analyses	5	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI GIS Specialist
SHARED	NEPA Planning	6.A.	Consider using findings from Industry Roundtable to inform planning processes	5	FY18	FY19	4FRI Planning Coordinator
FS	NEPA Planning	6.B.	Hold regular meetings for information sharing and gathering on forests/districts with personnel involved in oversight and implementation	5	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Planning Coordinator
	NEPA PIGITITING	U.D.	Develop implementation plans within NEPA documents that provide flexibility for	<u> </u>	LITO	Ongoing	
SHARED	NEPA Planning	6.C.	unanticipated forest conditions and implementation needs	5	FY18	FY19	4FRI Operations Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Use validated lists of priorities				
			to guide 5-year plan				
			development for mechanical				
			thinning, prescribed fire, and				
	Implementation		comprehensive restoration				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	1.A.	activities	6	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Identify treatment areas and				
	Implementation		budgets for out-year surveys				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	2.A.	that meet prioritization criteria	6	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Complete survey work for all				
			activities within NEPA-cleared				
			treatment areas (e.g., within				
			mechanical thinning areas,				
			clear comprehensive				
	Implementation		restoration activities with the				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	2.B.	same surveys)	6	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Prepare pre-implementation				
			checklists for all federal fiscal				
			year 2018 (FY18) and later				
	Implementation		mechanical thinning offerings				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	2.C.	prior to project layout	6	FY18	FY20	Coordinator
			Develop pre-implementation				
			checklists in coordination with				
			resource specialists to identify				
	Implementation		design features from the				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	2.D.	project NEPA document	6	FY18	FY20	Coordinator
			Strive to complete				
			sale/contract prep activities at				
	Implementation		least one year ahead of				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	2.E.	anticipated need	6	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
	Implementation		Develop options for restoring ecologically important acres that do not generate net value				4FRI Innovations and Efficiencies
SHARED	Planning	3.A.	when treated	6	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Implementation		Continue to use models (e.g., Ager Landscape Treatment Designer) to inform out-year				
SHARED	Planning	3.B.	mechanical thinning contracts	6	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI GIS Specialist
			Strategically coordinate mechanical thinning treatments to improve				
	Implementation		opportunities to allow wildfire				4FRI Operations
FS	Planning	3.C.	to achieve resource benefits	7	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
SHARED	Implementation Planning	4.A.	Coordinate the 4FRI Board's and stakeholders' lists of priorities for implementation	7	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Operations Coordinator
FS	Implementation Planning	4.B.	Communicate projected revenue from retained receipts and collaboratively consider priorities for use within each project	7	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Operations Coordinator
SHARED	Implementation Planning	4.C.	Continue to hold operational meetings to coordinate implementation of all restoration activities	7	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Operations Coordinator
SHARED	Implementation Planning	5.A.	Identify available tribal resources for consideration	7	FY18	Ongoing	FS Tribal Relations Manager (Tonto NF)

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
•			Explore how partners can				
			expand survey, prep, and				
			implementation capacities				
			(e.g., Comprehensive				
			Implementation Work Group				
			(CIWG) and comprehensive				
	Implementation		restoration activities) to				
SHARED	Planning	5.B.	accelerate implementation	7	FY18	Ongoing	CIWG Chair
			Identify opportunities for all-				
			lands restoration activities				
			through communication and				
			planning across boundaries				4FRI Innovations and
	Implementation		with partners, tribes, and the				Efficiencies
SHARED	Planning	5.C.	public	7	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Identify relevant training				
			opportunities for FS employees				
			and SHG members, including				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		outside of their primary	_			Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	1.A.	responsibilities/roles	8	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Expand training for needs				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		associated with new				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	1.B.	technologies (e.g., GIS for DxP)	8	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Create and host 4FRI				
			orientation for new SHG				
			members and new FS				
			employees that incorporates				
	Business		4FRI foundational collaborative				
SHARED	Practices	1.C.	documents	8	FY18	Ongoing	SHG Co-chairs
			Develop transition plans for				
	Business		staffing changes, including				
FS	Practices	1.D.	leadership roles	8	FY18	FY19	4FRI Admin. Officer

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Improve knowledge and				
	Business		resource sharing across the				
FS	Practices	1.E.	four forests	8	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Chief Executive
			Develop and share operating				
			guidelines for the 4FRI Board				
			that document roles,				
			responsibilities, and internal				
	Business		communication and decision-				
FS	Practices	1.F.	making protocols	8	FY18	FY18	4FRI Chief Executive
	Business		Develop appropriate tribal				FS Tribal Relations
SHARED	Practices	2.A.	cooperative agreements	8	FY18	Ongoing	Manager (Tonto NF)
			Identify opportunities to				
			involve the SHG in improving				
	Business		RFP development and				
FS	Practices	2.B.	contractor selection processes	8	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Chief Executive
			Use stewardship authority to				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		enhance FS capacity to				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	2.C.	implement at larger scales	8	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Engage with other regulatory				
			agencies to identify				
			operational challenges/issues				
			and possible solutions (e.g., a				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		4FRI-wide increased trucking				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	2.D.	weight pilot program)	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Engage industry early to				
			improve feasibility				
			assessments of areas for				
	Business		mechanical thinning				4FRI Operations
SHARED	Practices	2.E.	treatments	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Business		Reevaluate and improve FS				
SHARED	Practices	3.A.	procurement processes	9	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Admin. Officer

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item #	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Improve fiscal accountability				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		through streamlined tracking				Efficiencies
FS	Practices	3.B.	and reporting	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Establish uniform criteria for				
			evaluating and reporting				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		financial value of restoration				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	3.C.	activities	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Explore options for funding				
			additional personnel through				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		agreements with partners (e.g.,				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	4.A.	shared NWTF-FS position)	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Redirect staff where necessary				
			to support high priority work				
			and evaluate innovation (e.g.,				
			different resource experts may				
	Business		be needed on site to guide and				
SHARED	Practices	4.B.	evaluate DxP outcomes)	9	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Chief Executive
			Advocate for and/or create				
	Business		additional funding				
SHG	Practices	4.C.	opportunities	9	FY18	Ongoing	SHG Co-chairs
			Include comprehensive				
			restoration and fuels activities				
	Business		in survey and treatment				4FRI Operations
FS	Practices	5.A.	planning	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Coordinate and complete				
			resource surveys for out-year				
			activities simultaneously when				
	Business		possible (e.g., clear multiple				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
FS	Practices	5.B.	activities in one survey)	9	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Business		Plan for out-year surveys				
FS	Practices	5.C.	during budget development	9	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Admin. Officer

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
			Simplify silvicultural				
			prescriptions and transition to				
	Business		DxP where feasible, and				4FRI Operations
FS	Practices	6.A.	continue to evaluate outcomes	10	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Evaluate weight scale sales for				
			mechanical thinning as means				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		to decrease cruise costs where				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	6.B.	appropriate	10	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Use digital technology where				
			appropriate (e.g., boundaries,				
	Business		digital prescriptions, tablet				4FRI Operations
SHARED	Practices	6.C.	technology)	10	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Examine the benefits and				
			drawbacks of practices to				
			improve economic viability of				
			mechanical treatments (e.g.,				
			in-woods processing, increased				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		on-site drying times, managing				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	6.D.	biomass)	10	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Develop appropriate business				
			practices for low value wood				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		including appraisals, cruising,				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	6.E.	etc.	10	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Where obstacles have been				
			identified (e.g., through TNC				
			and ERI assessments),				4FRI Innovations and
	Business		recommend changes to local,				Efficiencies
SHARED	Practices	6.F.	regional, and national policies	10	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Calculate and communicate				
			financial and social value of				
			reducing the likelihood of				
	Business		uncharacteristically severe fires and the value of a				
SHARED	Practices	7.A.	restored forest	10	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
SHANLD	Business	7.A.		10	1110	Origonig	IVIFIVID CITALI
SHARED	Practices	7.B.	Reevaluate the viability of self- funding mechanical treatment	10	FY18	Ongoing	IWG Chair
SHANLD	Fractices	7.0.	Coordinate with federal, state,	10	1110	Origonig	TVVO CITAII
			municipal, and other partners				
			to complete larger prescribed				FS Forest and District
SHARED	Fire	1.A.	burns	11	FY18	Ongoing	FMOs
			Prioritize the placement and			<u> </u>	
			timing of prescribed fire				
			treatments with other				
			resource areas and restoration				FS Forest and District
FS	Fire	1.B.	treatment activities	11	FY18	Ongoing	FMOs
			Use pre-implementation				FS Forest and District
FS	Fire	1.C.	checklists	11	FY18	Ongoing	FMOs
			Complete approximately				
			60,000 acres of restoration				
			treatments using prescribed				
			fire, wildfire, and non-				
			commercial mechanical fuels				
			treatments in FY18, if conditions allow (ASNF 18,000				
			acres, Coconino 21,000 acres,				
			Kaibab 12,000 acres, Tonto				4FRI Operations
FS	Fire	2.A.	9,000 acres)	11	FY17	FY17	Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
			Complete approximately				
			70,000 acres of restoration				
			treatments using prescribed				
			fire, wildfire, and non-				
			commercial mechanical fuels				
			treatments in FY19, if				
			conditions allow (ASNF 21,000				
			acres, Coconino 24,500 acres,				
			Kaibab 14,000 acres, Tonto				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
FS	Fire	2.B.	10,500 acres)	11	FY18	FY18	Coordinator
			Validate and refine, as				
			necessary, the number of acres				
			of treatments in the annual				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
FS	Fire	2.C.	program objective	11	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Improve communication with				
			the public to explain the				
			decision-making criteria and				
			processes related to managing				4FRI Public Affairs
FS	Fire	3.A.	prescribed fire and wildfire	11	FY18	Ongoing	Officer
			Improve communication with				
			the public to explain the				
			rationale for and benefits of				
			managing prescribed fire and				
SHARED	Fire	3.B.	wildfire	11	FY18	Ongoing	CWG Chair
			Improve data compilation of				
			fire treatment planning,				
			accomplishments, and				
			ecological outcomes for both				
			prescribed fire and wildfire to				
			enhance communication				4FRI Monitoring
SHARED	Fire	3.C.	efforts	12	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
			Hold Industry Roundtable,				
			open to interested				
			stakeholders, at least annually				
	Mechanical		and follow through on agreed-				
SHARED	Thinning	1.A.	upon priority action items	13	FY18	Ongoing	IWG Chair
			Encourage industry to propose				
			solutions to restoration				
			challenges (e.g., biomass				
	Mechanical		removal, timber prep, implementation efficiencies,				
SHARED	Thinning	1.B.	and resource surveys)	13	FY18	Ongoing	IWG Chair
311/11/20		1.0.	Increase prep efficiencies,	13	1110	Ongonig	TWO Chair
	Mechanical		including potential for				4FRI Operations
SHARED	Thinning	1.C.	contractors to perform prep	13	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	<u> </u>		Consider applications of			<u> </u>	
	Mechanical		technological advances in				
SHARED	Thinning	1.D.	industry	13	FY18	Ongoing	IWG Chair
			Create tree thinning				
			prescriptions to achieve				
			heterogeneity in forest				
			structure and composition				
			across the landscape (e.g., for				
			wildlife habitat, reduction in				
	Mechanical		risk of uncharacteristic				
FS	Thinning	2.A.	wildfire)	13	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Silviculturist
			Complete Ager landscape				
	NA - ala - ui l		treatment design tool analysis				
CHARED	Mechanical	2.0	on 1 <sup>st</sup> 4FRI EIS to help inform 5-	12	FV10	Ongoing	AFDI CIC Coocialist
SHARED	Thinning	2.B.	year plan review and revision	13	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI GIS Specialist

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Prioritize treatment areas				
			based on the potential				
			behavior and effects of				
			wildfires and the need to				
			protect irreplaceable values at				
			risk, such as threatened				FS Forest Timber
	Mechanical		species habitat or watershed				Program Managers
FS	Thinning	2.C.	function	13	FY18	Ongoing	and District TMAs
			Mechanical treatments are				
			configured and timed to				
			facilitate the use of prescribed				FS Forest Timber
	Mechanical		fire and wildfire to meet				Program Managers
FS	Thinning	2.D.	resource objectives	13	FY18	Ongoing	and District TMAs
							FS Forest Timber
	Mechanical		Use pre-implementation				<b>Program Managers</b>
FS	Thinning	2.E.	checklists	13	FY18	Ongoing	and District TMAs
			Investigate and include options				
			for biomass removal during				
			treatment design (e.g., market-				4FRI Innovations and
	Mechanical		based solutions, required				Efficiencies
SHARED	Thinning	2.F.	removal)	14	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Establish current and				
	Mechanical		reasonably foreseeable				
SHARED	Thinning	3.A.	industry capacity	14	FY18	Ongoing	IWG Chair
			Prep out-year projects to		- <del></del>		
	Mechanical		distribute offerings throughout				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
FS	Thinning	3.B.	the fiscal year	14	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator

Party	Program	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
			Lay out and/or offer approximately 15,000 acres of DxP projects for FY18 and				
	Mechanical		increase planning of DxP				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
FS	Thinning	3.C.	projects for FY19	14	FY18	FY19	Coordinator
	Mechanical		Offer approximately 46,000 acres in FY18, 49,000 acres in FY19 and 50,000 acres each				4FRI Operations
FS	Thinning	3.D.	year thereafter	14	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Mechanical		Identify opportunities to create flexibility within contracts (e.g., combining smaller sales, advocating for longer-term				4FRI Innovations and Efficiencies
SHARED	Thinning	4.A.	contracts)	14	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Mechanical	4 D	Review Phase 1 Contract in May 2018 to determine future task orders	1.4	FY18	FV4.0	AFRI Chief Fue outine
FS	Thinning	4.B.		14	FITS	FY18	4FRI Chief Executive
FS	Mechanical Thinning	4.C.	Implement service contracts on PAC treatments from 1 <sup>st</sup> EIS (e.g., cut, skid, deck in FY18)	14	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Operations Coordinator
	Mechanical		Incorporate information gleaned from the 2017 RFI and the 2012 RFP into development of a new RFP on the "west side" (for acres not currently under Phase 1 Contract) as needed to meet				
FS	Thinning	4.D.	restoration goals	14	FY18	FY18	<b>4FRI Chief Executive</b>

Party Responsible	Program Component	Action Item#	Action Item	Page Number	Start Year	Completion Year	Point of Contact
			Provide clarity on whether or				
			not biomass removal is				
			mandatory and encourage				
	Mechanical		removal where and when				
FS	Thinning	4.E.	possible	14	FY18	Ongoing	<b>4FRI Chief Executive</b>
			Address risk management (e.g.,				
			cancellation ceiling issues) in				
	Mechanical		long-term contracts and use in				
FS	Thinning	4.F.	RFP if appropriate	14	FY18	FY19	<b>4FRI Chief Executive</b>
			Meet obligations under the				
	Mechanical		TNC Master Stewardship				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
SHARED	Thinning	4.G.	Agreement	14	FY18	FY22	Coordinator
			Include performance				
			requirements to maintain				
	Mechanical		accountability between FS and				
FS	Thinning	4.H.	contractors	14	FY18	Ongoing	<b>4FRI Chief Executive</b>
			Draft a 5-Year Plan for				
	Comprehensive		comprehensive restoration				
SHARED	Restoration	1.A.	projects	15	FY18	FY19	CIWG Chair
			FS, SHG, and partners				
			complete T-Six Spring				
	Comprehensive		restoration project during				
SHARED	Restoration	1.B.	FY18	15	FY18	FY18	CIWG Chair
			Identify opportunities for				
	Comprehensive		Categorical Exclusions specific				4FRI Planning
SHARED	Restoration	1.C.	to comprehensive restoration	15	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
			Schedule comprehensive				
			restoration projects in				
			coordination with other				
	Comprehensive		treatments and wildlife habitat				
SHARED	Restoration	1.D.	needs	15	FY18	Ongoing	CIWG Chair

	Action		Page	Start	Completion	
Component	Item #	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	Point of Contact
		•				
		• •				
Comprehensive						4FRI Operations
Restoration	1.E.	•	15	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
		Advocate for and/or create				
Comprehensive		additional funding				
Restoration	2.A.	opportunities	15	FY18	Ongoing	CIWG Chair
		Use retained receipts from				
		thinning contracts to help fund				
Comprehensive		comprehensive restoration				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
Restoration	2.B.	where appropriate	15	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
		CIWG recommends a target				
		•				
•		·				
Restoration	2.C.	<u> </u>	15	FY18	Ongoing	CIWG Chair
		•				
		` ` `				
		•				4FRI Innovations and
•		Save the Hunt" restoration				Efficiencies
Restoration	2.D.	program	15	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
		Identify NEPA- and shovel-				
		ready projects as well as areas				
Comprehensive		where additional surveys are				<b>4FRI Operations</b>
Restoration	3.A.	necessary	16	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
Comprehensive		Complete and coordinate				4FRI Operations
Restoration	3.B.	resource surveys for out-year	16	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive Restoration	Comprehensive Restoration 1.E.  Comprehensive Restoration 2.A.  Comprehensive Restoration 2.B.  Comprehensive Restoration 2.C.  Comprehensive Restoration 2.D.	Where appropriate, projects tier to Watershed Condition Framework, watershed restoration action plans, and species recovery plans to help focus implementation activities  Advocate for and/or create additional funding opportunities  Use retained receipts from thinning contracts to help fund comprehensive restoration  Restoration  2.B. where appropriate  ClWG recommends a target monetary value of comprehensive restoration  Restoration  2.C. work to complete per year  Fund National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTF) forester/biologist to implement "Save the Habitat.  Save the Hunt" restoration  2.D. program  Identify NEPA- and shovel-ready projects as well as areas where additional surveys are necessary  Comprehensive  Restoration  3.A. necessary  Complete and coordinate	Where appropriate, projects tier to Watershed Condition Framework, watershed restoration action plans, and Species recovery plans to help Restoration  1.E. focus implementation activities Advocate for and/or create additional funding Restoration  2.A. opportunities  Use retained receipts from thinning contracts to help fund comprehensive Restoration  2.B. where appropriate  15  CIWG recommends a target monetary value of comprehensive restoration  Restoration  2.C. work to complete per year  Fund National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTF) forester/biologist to implement "Save the Habitat. Save the Hunt" restoration  2.D. program  15  Identify NEPA- and shovel- ready projects as well as areas where additional surveys are Restoration  3.A. necessary  16  Comprehensive Restoration  Comprehensive  Complete and coordinate	Where appropriate, projects tier to Watershed Condition Framework, watershed restoration action plans, and species recovery plans to help Restoration 1.E. focus implementation activities 15 FY18  Advocate for and/or create additional funding Restoration 2.A. opportunities 15 FY18  Use retained receipts from thinning contracts to help fund comprehensive Restoration 2.B. where appropriate 15 FY18  CIWG recommends a target monetary value of comprehensive restoration Restoration 2.C. work to complete per year 15 FY18  Fund National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTF) forester/biologist to implement "Save the Habitat. Save the Hunt" restoration Restoration 2.D. program 15 FY18  Identify NEPA- and shovel- ready projects as well as areas where additional surveys are Restoration 3.A. necessary 16 FY18	Where appropriate, projects tier to Watershed Condition Framework, watershed restoration action plans, and species recovery plans to help Restoration  1.E. focus implementation activities Advocate for and/or create additional funding Restoration  2.A. opportunities 15 FY18 Ongoing  Use retained receipts from thinning contracts to help fund comprehensive Restoration  2.B. where appropriate 15 FY18 Ongoing  ClWG recommends a target monetary value of comprehensive Restoration  2.C. work to complete per year Fund National Wild Turkey Federation (NWTF) forester/biologist to implement "Save the Habitat. Save the Hunt" restoration Restoration  2.D. program  Identify NEPA- and shovel- ready projects as well as areas where additional surveys are Restoration 3.A. necessary  Comprehensive Restoration 3.A. necessary  Complete and coordinate

Party Responsible	Program Component	Action Item #	Action Item	Page Number	Start Year	Completion Year	Point of Contact
·	•		projects, including during FS WorkPlan development				
	Comprehensive		Use pre-implementation				4FRI Operations
SHARED	Restoration	3.C.	checklists	16	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
	Comprehensive		Identify, publicize, and				
SHARED	Restoration	4.A.	complete volunteer projects	16	FY18	Ongoing	CIWG Chair
FS	Comprehensive Restoration	4.B.	Expand existing partnership between FS and Hopi Tribe to restore natural springs within the 4FRI footprint	16	FY18	Ongoing	FS Tribal Relations Manager (Tonto NF)
FS	Comprehensive Restoration	4.C.	Use existing Master Participating Agreement to increase tribal involvement in ongoing and future restoration-related activities	16	FY18	Ongoing	FS Tribal Relations Manager (Tonto NF)
SHARED	Comprehensive Restoration	5.A.	Coordinate with 4FRI CWG to outreach comprehensive restoration activities, volunteer opportunities, and accomplishments	16	FY18	Ongoing	CIWG Chair
SHARED	Comprehensive Restoration	5.B.	Display work completed (e.g., expenditures, match, etc.) in the CFLRP Annual Report, partner websites, etc.	16	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Operations Coordinator
SHARED	Monitoring and Adaptive Management	1.A.	MPMB creates annual schedule for monitoring activities based upon priorities, funding, gaps, and commitments	17	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair

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Responsible	Component	Item#	Action Item	Number	Year	Year	<b>Point of Contact</b>
	Monitoring and Adaptive		Fund and expand use of drones, LiDAR, and other new technologies to monitor				4FRI Monitoring
SHARED	Management	2.A.	treatments	17	FY18	Ongoing	Coordinator
JIANED	Monitoring and Adaptive	2./\.	Incorporate digital data	17	1110	Oligonig	Coordinator
SHARED	Management	2.B.	collected by harvesters	17	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
	Monitoring and Adaptive		Review and consult existing				
SHARED	Managment	3.A.	best available science	17	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
	Monitoring and Adaptive		Consult agencies and partner organizations to determine if data relevant to monitoring				
SHARED	Managment	3.B.	questions exist	17	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
	Monitoring and Adaptive		Collect and analyze data that are relevant and sufficient to address monitoring questions and achieve adaptive				
SHARED	Management	3.C.	management goals	17	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
SHARED	Monitoring and Adaptive Management	3.D.	Use analyses of monitoring data to inform adaptive management	17	FY18	Ongoing	4FRI Monitoring Coordinator
SHARLD	Monitoring and Adaptive	. ט.ט.	MPMB and CWG meet as necessary to address outreach	17	1110	Ongoing	Coordinator
SHARED	Management	4.A.	needs and develop products	18	FY18	Ongoing	CWG Chair
	Monitoring and Adaptive		MPMB and CWG determine options to provide a data-rich, interactive platform to share monitoring results with the FS,				
SHARED	Management	4.B.	SHG, and public	18	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair

Party Responsible	Program Component	Action Item #	Action Item	Page Number	Start Year	Completion Year	Point of Contact
	Monitoring and		Develop additional citizen				
	Adaptive		science and volunteer				
SHARED	Management	5.A.	opportunities for monitoring	18	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
			Continue involvement of				
			partners and citizen scientists				
			to collect data from springs				
	Monitoring and		and streams using the most				
	Adaptive		appropriate methods (e.g.,				
SHARED	Management	5.B.	Collector for ArcGIS)	18	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
	Monitoring and		Identify and foster				
	Adaptive		partnerships and commitments				
SHARED	Management	6.A.	to add monitoring capacity	18	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair
			Ensure adequate funding exists				
	Monitoring and		before additional monitoring				
	Adaptive		indicators are added to the				
SHARED	Management	6.B.	monitoring plan	18	FY18	Ongoing	MPMB Chair

## STAKEHOLDER GROUP MEMBERSHIP

Embarking on a 20-year initiative to restore northern Arizona's ponderosa pine forests at the landscape scale requires substantial up-front commitment, investment, and assurance of direction. Some individuals and groups, including members of local, county and state governments, environmental groups, organizations, institutions, and industry representatives, have made that commitment. Collectively, these diverse stakeholders have come to be known as the 4FRI Stakeholder Group (SHG).

The 4FRI SHG is not exclusive. New individuals and groups may join at any time, and members of the public have the same rights and opportunities for access to information and input into the process whether or not they choose to join the collaborative.

The 4FRI SHG has formed several working groups in order to make progress in keys areas. The working groups are listed below. More information on the SHG can be found at www.4fri.org.

## STAKEHOLDER WORK GROUPS

Communications Work Group (CWG): The CWG was formed to share information about the full suite of 4FRI activities and forest restoration occurring across northern Arizona to the stakeholder group; the general public; government from locals to Capitol Hill; media; business and industry; and all partners.

Comprehensive Implementation Work Group (CIWG): The CIWG focuses on improving the coordination and tracking of non-mechanical restoration activities and it works with the FS and other partners to identify and prioritize projects. In addition, the CIWG facilitates project funding and participates in project design and implementation; solicits economic and ecological input from external parties; provides a forum for understanding and evaluating project implementation; and conducts outreach to interested organizations and the general public.

Industry Work Group (IWG): The IWG focuses on the socio-economic desired conditions of private industry thinning contracts to assure that the supply of prepared sites and wood for businesses is in balance with industry needs to sustain these business's viability.

Multi-Party Monitoring Board (MPMB): The MPMB's mission is to ensure that 4FRI monitoring leads to collaborative learning and to determine if treatments are meeting the desired conditions of a restored fire-adapted ecosystem and resilient ecological and socioeconomic processes across the entire 2.4 million-acre landscape.

Planning Work Group (PWG): The PWG drafts input and comment letters for parts of the environmental planning process on behalf of the larger SHG. Efforts of the PWG often determine the details of agreements or inputs provided by the SHG for FS consideration in the planning process.



For more information see: www.fs.usda.gov/4fri and www.4fri.org