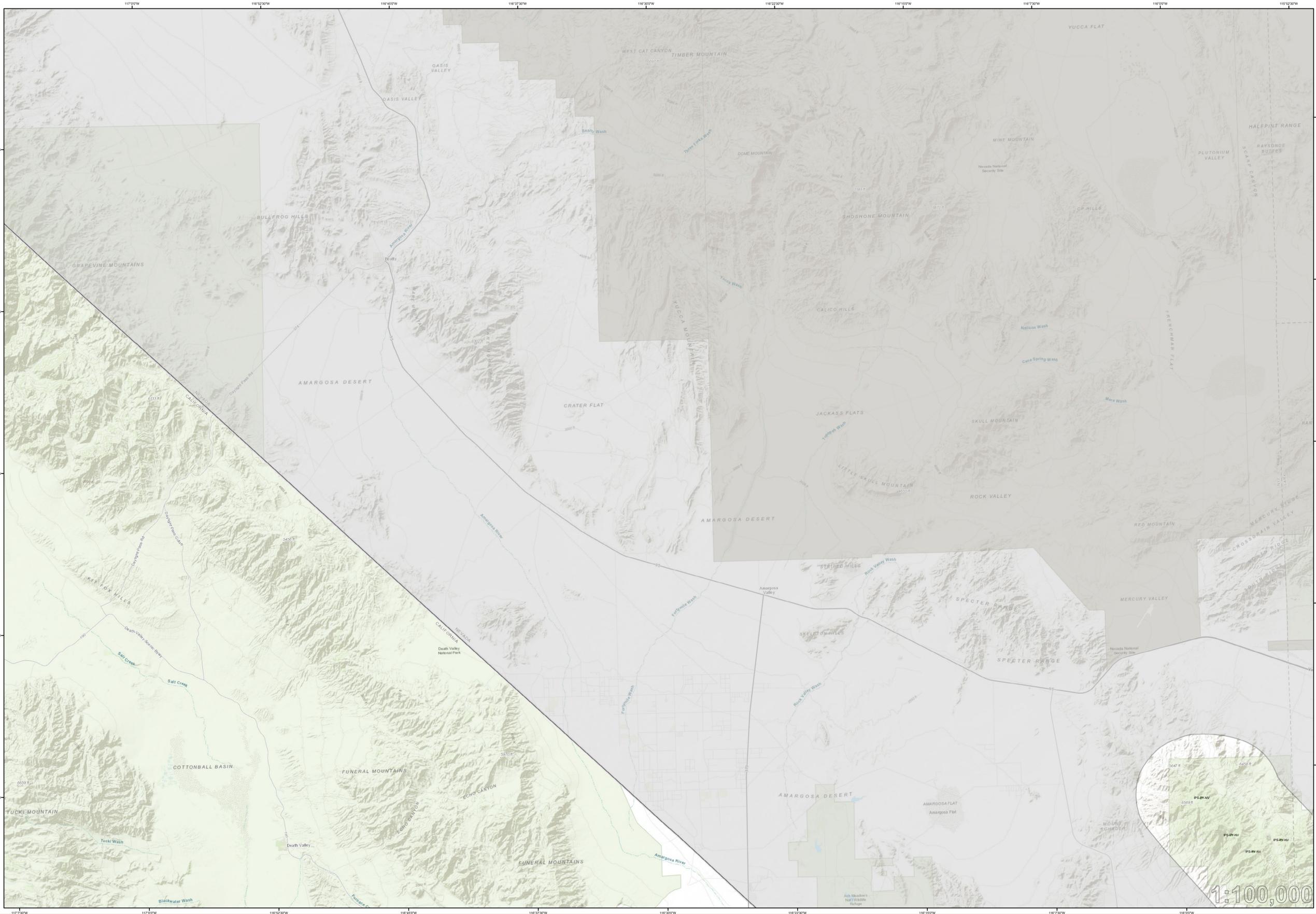


# 2018 Aerial Insect and Disease Survey Beatty, Nevada



### Legend

**Damage Points**  
Number of Trees

- 1 - 5
- 6 - 30
- > 30

**Damage Polygons**  
Percent Affected

- Light (1-10%)
- Moderate (11-50%)
- Severe (>50%)
- Not flow
- Fire Perimeters (2015 - 2017)

**CODING SYSTEM**  
Codes have two parts: the first represents the causal agent and the second represents the host. If needed, the two-part code is followed by an 'M' or 'H' to indicate severity of the activity. Data is color coded to represent the intensity of activity as seen in the legend.

Examples:  
MPB-LPP represents mountain pine beetle in Lodgepole pine.  
WSB-DF/SAP-H represents western spruce budworm infestation in subalpine fir/Douglas-fir mix with >75% of leaves defoliated.

Causal Agent Codes		Host Codes	
Avallch-All	Avalanche	ASP	Aspen
DM	Drought	Acne	Rocky Mtn bristlecone pine
Flood	Flooding-high water	Black	Black cottonwood
FRDST	Frost (ASP)	CON	Unknown conifer
Ind Slb-All	Mud land slide	DF	Douglas fir
		ES	Engelmann spruce
		HW	Unknown hardwood
ASP Decline	Aspen Decline	LUM	Lumber pine
ASP Dieback	Aspen Dieback	LP, LPP	Lodgepole pine
Mars, Mars Bl	Marsoma blight	NEV	Nevada piñon
		PP	Ponderosa Pine
DFB	Douglas-fir beetle	RF	Red fir
ESB	Engelmann Spruce beetle	SAP	Sitka spruce fir
FIB	Fir engraver beetle	Sgp	Sugar pine
IPS	Pine engraver beetle	PY-UT	Utah piñon, common or two-needle piñon
Jeffrey PB	Jeffrey pine beetle	WBP	Whitebark pine
MSP	Mountain pine beetle	WWP	Western white pine
WBBB	Western balsam bark beetle (SAF)		Miscellaneous
West PB	Western pine beetle (PP)	H	Defoliation - Heavy (75% of leaves defoliated)
		M	Defoliation - Moderate (50-75% of leaves defoliated)
77Def1	Unknown defoliator	TK	Top kill
BWA	Balsam woolly adelgid	FLAG	Flagging
Crowd-LB	Cottonwood Leaf Beetle	MORT	Mortality
DTM	Douglas fir tussock moth	ALL	All tree species
FTC	Fir tent caterpillar (ASP)		
Satin Moth	Satin moth		
Scale	Prion needle scale		
Budworm	Western pine budworm		
WSB	Western spruce budworm		
	Disease		
77Dsc	Unknown foliage or shoot disease		
77Mnt	Unknown mortality		
BCKN	Bark Khan Root Disease		
DF-Nd1 Cast	Needle cast		
FBR	Fir broom rust (SAF)		
Lopla	Lophodermium needle cast (LPP)		
SAF-Mrt Cmpx	SAF Mortality Complex		
WPR	White pine blister rust		
NdBlr	Needle blight (CON)		

### Region 4 - Location Map

USGS 100K Quad  
USGS 100K TOPOI: 36116-E1  
Beatty, Nevada

**Legend**

- Counties
- Flow
- R4 Boundary

### HOW THE AERIAL SURVEYS ARE CONDUCTED

Data represented on this map are based on trees visibly affected by forest insects, diseases and abiotic factors that are detected and recorded by observers during aerial survey flights. These flights are conducted by a joint partnership between the USDA Forest Service and state cooperators.

Observers have just a few seconds to recognize characteristic signatures of healthy and damaged trees of different species, correctly diagnose damage causal agents, estimate the intensity or extent of damage, and precisely record information on a digital sketch mapping platform. Air turbulence, cloud shadow, haze, smoke, and observer experience can affect the quality of the survey. These sketchmaps and the resultant data summaries provide an estimate of conditions on the ground, and may differ from estimates derived by other methods.

Annual aerial surveys provide important information on the current status of detected causal agents and can be used to determine trends in damage levels over time by comparing previous and current survey data over large areas.

**Map Created: 2/15/2019**  
**Projection: UTM NAD83 Zone 11S**  
**Author: R1/R4 FHP GIS, USDA Forest Service**

### DIRECT ALL INQUIRIES TO:

**USDA FOREST SERVICE REGION 1**  
State and Private Forestry  
Forest Health Protection  
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Missoula, MT 59804

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Forest Health Protection  
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Boise, ID 83709

**DISCLAIMER**

The digital map layer upon which the insect and disease data are presented vary in both source and scale, therefore, accuracy is not guaranteed.

The insect and disease data should be used only as an indicator of insect and disease activity, and should be ground-truthed for actual location and causal agent. Polygons indicate locations of tree mortality, defoliation, and/or other damage. Intensity of damage is variable, and not all trees and areas indicated are dead or damaged. The joint cooperators reserve the right to correct, modify, update, or replace the data as necessary. Using this data for purposes other than those for which it was intended may yield inaccurate or misleading results.