Assessing the feasibility of using citizen science for songbird monitoring to evaluate Four Forest Restoration Initiative treatment effects Jamie S. Sanderlin, Brenda E. Strohmeyer, Joseph L. Ganey, and Michael K. Schwartz Rocky Mountain Research Station, USDA Forest Service

Introduction

The Four Forest Restoration Initiative (4FRI) is a Collaborative Forest Landscape Restoration Program spanning 4 National Forests (NF) in Arizona (Coconino, Kaibab, Apache-Sitgreaves, Tonto).



Figure 1. Forest pre-treatment areas have dense understory vegetation (a and b) compared to treated areas characterized by groups of trees separated by space and cleared understory (c and d).

Literature cited

Ganey, J.L., Iniguez, J.M., Sanderlin, J.S., & Block, W.M. (2017). Developing a monitoring program for bird populations in the Chiricahua Mountains, Arizona, using citizen observers: Initial stages. USDA Forest Service - General Technical Report RMRS-GTR, (368), 30. Miller, S., Sanderlin, J.S., & Ganey, J.L. (2018). A feather in their cap: using citizen monitoring to track post-wildfire bird communities in the Arizona Sky Islands. Science You Can Use Bulletin. Issue 31. Fort Collins, CO: USDA, FS, RMRS. Pavlacky, D.C., Blakesley, J.A., Hanni, D.J., Klute, D.S., Dreitz, V.J., Skorkowsky, R.C., Lukacs, P.M. (2017). A statistically rigorous sampling design to integrate avian monitoring and management within Bird Conservation Regions. Plos One, 12(10), e0185924. Sanderlin, J.S., Block, W.M., & Ganey, J.L. (2014). Optimizing study design for multi-species avian monitoring programmes. Journal of Applied Ecology, 51, 860–870. Sanderlin, J.S., Iniguez, J.M., Ganey, J.L., Strohmeyer, B.E., & Block, W.M. (Accepted). Designing local citizen science projects to address scientific questions and contribute to collaboration efforts. In D. Neary (Ed.), Collaboration Now for the Future: Biodiversity and Management of the *Madrean Archipelago IV* (pp. 1–23). Tucson, AZ: USDA, FS, RMRS.

Songbird monitoring objectives

- Quantify songbird community metrics (species richness, species evenness, community dynamics, multi-scale occupancy) within project treatment areas and across the National Forests.
- Evaluate multi-scale habitat relationships with abundance of select songbird species with respect to treatment effects.

Management need and approach

An assessment of citizen science bird monitoring feasibility and planning for a pilot study is needed for making decisions on integrating citizen science into the songbird monitoring protocols due to uncertainty in future funding.

We are using experience from a citizen science bird project in the Sky Islands (Ganey et al. 2017,



Miller et al. 2018) and in multi-species monitoring programs (Sanderlin et al. 2014) to develop a pilot study.

Figure 2. Double-observers from the Sky Island bird study were used to account for differences in detection among observers.





 Coconino NF (45 grids, 576 points)

Kaibab NF (32 grids, 316 points)



Agreement(s) with local partner group(s) of citizen scientists **RMRS General Technical Report with:** Pilot study design to gauge workload and feasibility of objectives Identification of expected volunteer workload and protocol modifications Development of training and outreach materials Identification of partners to contribute sampling equipment

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