Kiavah Wilderness was created by the California Desert Protection Act of 1994. It is a shared wilderness between Bureau of Land Management (BLM) and the Forest Service (FS).

**Location:**
Kiavah Wilderness is located in Kern County on the Sequoia National Forest, with portions on the Bureau of Land Management. It is approximately 15 miles east of Lake Isabella and 15 miles west of Ridgecrest. This wilderness stretches from Walker Pass to Bird Spring Pass.

**Description:**
Approximately 88,290-acres, comprise this wilderness which includes Federal, State and some private lands. This wilderness encompasses the eroded hills, canyons and bajadas of the Scodie Mountains -- the southern extremity of the Sierra Nevada Mountains. A unique mixing of several different species of plants and animals occurs within the transition zone between the Mojave Desert and Sierra Nevadas. Desert plants such as creosote bush, Joshua tree, burro bush and shadscale may be found in close association with pinyon pine, juniper, canyon oak and grey pine.

The varied vegetation provides habitat for a great diversity of wildlife over a small geographic area. Species of note include raptors, the yellow-eared pocket mouse, a variety of lizards and a number of migrant and resident bird species. The Pacific Crest Trail (PCT) crosses the Kiavah Wilderness. You can access it at Walker Pass Trailhead and travel south through the Scodie Mountains to Bird Spring Pass.

**Poisonous Plant:**
Poodle Dog Brush (Turricula parryi). This plant is strikingly beautiful, with a tall cluster of many leafy shoots capped by a long stem of bright, colorful, blue flowers. It can reach heights of up to 8 feet. It closely resembles the common chaparral shrub Yerba Santa (Eridicicyon californicum) and grows in the same areas. It causes severe dermatitis and occurs almost exclusively after fires and is generally found in chaparral communities. So be sure you don’t pick the flowers.

**Wilderness Regulations:**
All mechanized vehicles and equipment, including mountain bikes, are prohibited within the Wilderness area. A maximum group size of 15 people/25 head of stock per party has been adopted. A visitor permit is not required for entering the Wilderness, but a campfire permit is required.

**Non-Federal Lands:**
Private lands lie within the wilderness area. Please respect the landowner’s rights by not using these lands without first having permission.

**Wilderness Ethic:**
Minimize impact by camping at least 100’ from streams and trails. Pack out what you pack in. Bury body waste 6 inches deep and 200 feet from streams and camps. Keep fires small and leave them DEAD OUIT by mixing ashes with water and stirring the ashes. Do not use dirt to put out your campfires.

**Practice Leave No Trace!**
Never wash clothes, dishes, or yourself directly in a water source. Carry water 100 ft. from the source before washing. Bio-degradable soaps pollute. Dispose of them like any soap, well away from water.

USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.
**Campfire Permits**

You may want a campfire for cooking, enjoying its warmth, and roasting marshmallows.

For campfires, stoves, lanterns or barbeques used outside a campground or recreational vehicle and some developed campgrounds, you need a campfire permit.

The permit is free, valid for a full year from January 1 to December 31, and may be obtained in person from Forest Service, Bureau of Land Management, CAL FIRE offices, or online at [http://www.preventwildfireca.org/Campfire-Permit/](http://www.preventwildfireca.org/Campfire-Permit/)

Your responsibilities for building and putting out your fire safely are explained on the campfire permit. 36 CFR 261.52(k) PRC 4433.

**Be aware that as fire danger becomes greater, campfires may be prohibited.** Please check to find out if there are fire restrictions in the area where you intend to camp.

You are welcome to gather dead and down wood to use for your campfire, but not to take home unless you obtain a fuelwood permit.

**Drinking Water:**

Due to the arid environment and dry conditions, potable drinking water may not be available year round. Be sure to carry plenty of extra water. Visitors should not drink from creeks and springs without properly treating the water. Recommended treatment is to bring clear water to a rolling boil for 5 minutes or use a filter/purifying system that eliminates giardia and waterborne bacteria.

Thank you for your help in making forest visits enjoyable and safe! Plan ahead by obtaining a National Forest map at one of the following offices:

**Sequoia National Forest**  
Kern River Ranger District  
11380 Kernville Rd.  
Kernville, CA 93238  
760-376-3781

**Bureau of Land Management**  
Ridgecrest Resource Area  
300 S. Richmond Road  
Ridgecrest, CA 93555  
(760) 384-540

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**Trails & Access:**

Access this wilderness from the north via Kelso Valley Road from State Highway 178, east of Lake Isabella; or from the east via State Highway 14 and numerous routes into:

- Cow Heaven (SC51)
- Sage Canyon (SC56) and Horse Canyon (SC65-BLM 27S11FS), which are four-wheel drive only
- Bird Spring Pass Road (SC120).
- Off-highway vehicle use is allowed only on (SC65) BLM through 27S11 (FS) into McIvers Spring.

**Areas to obtain water when hiking the Pacific Crest Trail from Walker Pass to Birds Spring Pass approximately 15 miles.**

**Walker Pass Campground, Pacific Crest Trailhead.**  
Potable water can be obtained at the Campground. We recommend calling one of the offices before traveling through this area.

**McIvers Spring/Cabin**  
To access this water source from the PCT users will follow the McIvers Jeep Road (27S11) north approximately 2.5 miles. Where the PCT and the Road intersect continue to follow the road 3/4 mi to McIvers Spring. Return to the PCT by retracing your route. Non-potable water is located at McIvers Cabin. Do not drink unless you use a filtration water filter or boil water. Access to the McIvers Spring Trail, user should refer to the topographical map of this area. (Not recommended for unskilled trail users.)

**Yellow Jacket Spring/Cattle water trough.**

Non-potable water. To access this water source from the Pacific Crest Trail users will intersect the Scodie Trail, 36E04. Head west down the Scodie Trail approximately one mile to a drainage, which crosses the trail. Travel North up this drainage approximately a 1/2 mile to Yellow Jacket Spring water trough. (Experienced trail user should refer to their topographical maps to access this water source.)