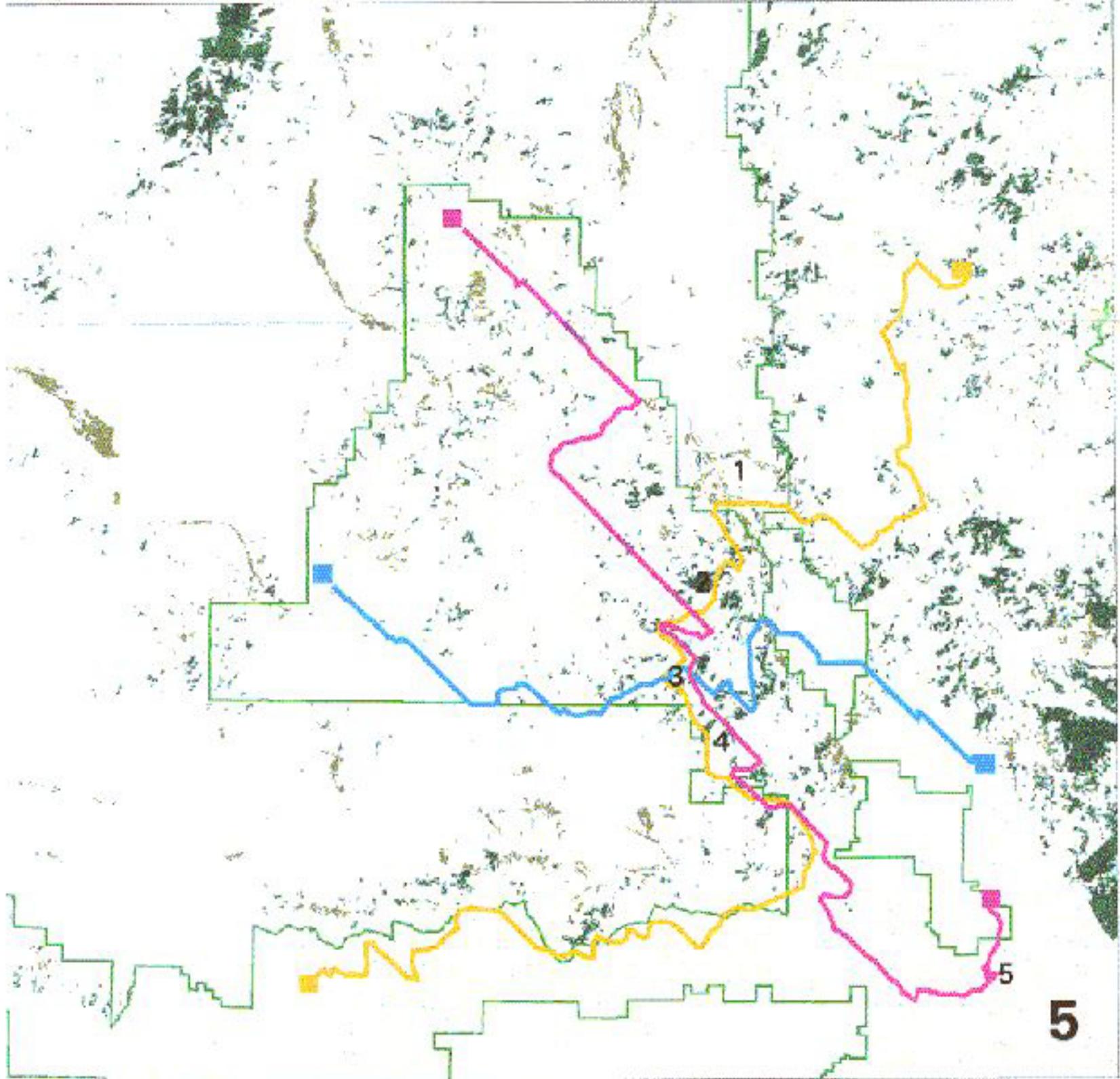


Natural Linkage Habitats



Prepared by Emma Underwood and Steve Primm; October 1996.
World Wildlife Fund Conservation Science Program.
Analysis was done in Unix Arc/Info.

Sources:
USGS 1:100,000 Digital Land Graphs (DLG) data.
USGS 1:250,000 Digital Elevation Model and Land Use Land Cover (LULC) data.
Weaver, J., Escano, R., Puchlerz, T., and Despain, D., 1985. A cumulative effects model for grizzly bear management in the Yellowstone Ecosystem. Proceedings Grizzly Bear Habitat Symposium. Missoula, MT, 1985.
Montana Gap Analysis database. Wildlife Spatial Analysis Laboratory, University of Montana.



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| <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Riparian Areas  Lodgepole Pine Forest (1:250,000 LULC)  Lee Metcalf Wilderness to I15. Identification of a route from a known large source of grizzlies, across the Madison Valley, to the next major obstacle encountered to the west. | <ul style="list-style-type: none">  Lionhead to Snowcrest Mountains. Identification of a route from near to the source population in Yellowstone, across the Madison Valley and into the potentially secure habitat block in the Snowcrest Mountains.  Targhee to Greenhorn Mountains. Identification of a route from near to the source population in Yellowstone across the extent of the Gravellias, to illustrate the least disturbed, and therefore, key linkages, across public lands. |
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