

Fishing at Shasta Lake

Shasta Unit • Whiskeytown - Shasta-Trinity National Recreation Area
Shasta-Trinity National Forest



Access for fishing

By Boat:

There are several public and commercial boat ramps at Shasta Lake. The public ramps operated by the Shasta Recreation Company are open all year based on water levels of Shasta Lake. There is a daily use fee. Commercial ramps are associated with marinas or resorts, usually charge a fee, and some close during the winter. Contact the Shasta Lake Ranger Station at (530) 275-1587 for a map and list of boat ramp locations.

Rental fishing boats, with or without motors are available at most of the lake's marinas. A map and list is available at the Ranger Station.

From Land:

Shoreline fishing is popular in several areas such as Jones Valley and Silverthorn. These are reached via Bear Mountain Road or Dry Creek Road. Another option at Jones Valley is the Clikapudi trail, which is a good way to access less populated areas of the lake.

The area around Shasta Dam also provides excellent shoreline access. The Dry Fork Creek trail provides access on the northwest side of the dam while Fisherman's Point Trail provides access to the east side of the dam. Homeland Security regulations apply when crossing Shasta Dam with a vehicle. For more information, please contact the Bureau of Reclamation at (530) 275-4463.

To fish under the Pit River Bridge, take the Turntable Bay Exit, then keep right after turning east on Turntable Road.

At both the Packers Bay and Bailey Cove public ramps, trails follow the shoreline providing access to numerous coves and points.

At Salt Creek, access is good on either side of the inlet. Follow either the Lower Salt Creek or Conflict Point Roads off of Gregory Creek Road via Gilman Road/Salt Creek Road exit #698.

Lakeshore drive, in the Lakehead area, follows the shoreline of the Sacramento River arm for about eight miles. There is some private property along this road. Please respect the owner's rights.

Gilman Road follows the McCloud arm for about seventeen miles. Numerous opportunities occur to get to the shoreline. There is also a shoreline trail between Hirz Bay Campground and the Dekkas Rock Day Use Area.

There is no fishing allowed from boat ramps or courtesy docks (36CFS261.58.b)

Fishing tips

Rainbow Trout, Brown Trout, Salmon: On the McCloud River Arm, trolling from Turntable Bay to Hirz Bay will usually produce some brown trout. The Sacramento River Arm, Dry Fork, Little Squaw creek and Big Backbone Creek will usually produce some rainbows. Fishing for rainbows is usually good at Shasta Dam when the releases are high. Mooching for Salmon is effective in spring and early summer. Remember that **tying to the buoy is illegal**.

During early spring, before the water temperatures start warming up, bank anglers can usually catch rainbow, brown, and Chinook salmon in the areas listed above. By late spring and early summer the trout are moving to deeper water for the cooler temperatures (50° to 57° F). Marshmallow and egg combinations and live minnows, either from the shore or boat, two to three feet below a bobber in the spring or 50' to 100' deep in the summer seem to work fairly well. Minnows live longer and have more mobility if they are hooked under the spine in front of the top (dorsal) fin. Lures that are proven producers are: Thinfins in varying colors, Kastmasters, Rebels, Flatfish in Z-r or X-5, Rapalas, and Z-Rays. Trolling at depths of 30' to 70' is effective. During the summer it is advisable to use down riggers.

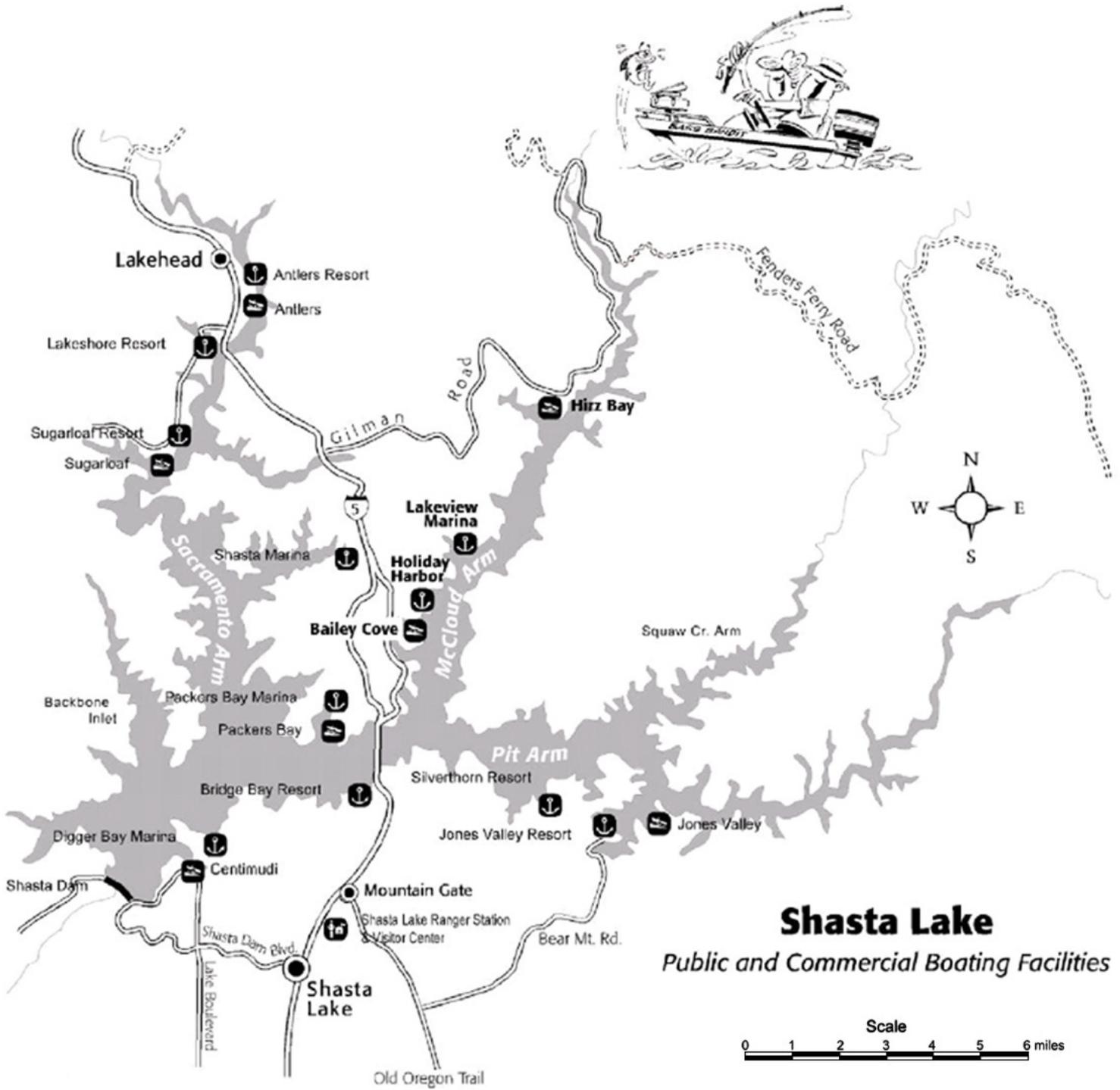
Bass, Catfish and Crappie:

Bass fishing on Shasta lake can be good year round. Fishing is best in the spring and early summer. Spotted Bass are the most common, but Smallmouth and Largemouth Bass can also be caught. Plastic worms, spinner baits, swim baits and live bait seem to work best, depending on the time of year.

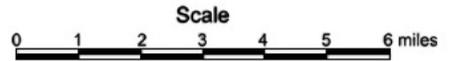
Catfishing is best during late spring thru summer. Anchovies, chicken liver and "stink" baits are effective. Fishing after sunset is permitted for catfish. Channel Catfish, White Catfish and Bullheads are all found in Shasta Lake.

Crappie populations cycle dramatically, abundant in some years, but lacking in others. Check with the California Department of Fish and Game to determine availability. Crappie jigs and minnows work well.

Please check the current California Fishing Regulations to determine limits and any restrictions. Local bait shops can be a good source of information as to where the fish are biting and on which bait.



Shasta Lake
Public and Commercial Boating Facilities



For More Information
 Shasta Lake Ranger Station
 14225 Holiday Road
 Redding, CA 96003
 (530) 275-1587 (voice)
 711 (TTY)