

TIMBER SALE REPORT & APPRAISAL

Windy Mill Salvage Sale

Grand Mesa, Uncompahgre, and Gunnison National Forests
Gunnison Ranger District
February 11, 2014

Prepared by: _____ Date: _____
Forester

Approved by: _____ Date: _____
District Ranger

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS

Net Volume (Appraised and Contract)
Recent Dead and Older Dead ES Sawtimber* 2,794 CCF
Total: Live and Dead ES & Other Conifer 2,794 CCF

*ES: Engelmann spruce

Quadratic Mean DBH (recent dead and older dead ES sawtimber): **12.5 inches**
Quadratic Mean DBH (all sawtimber): **12.5 inches**

Treatment acres: 122 acres

Advertised Rates

Live and Dead ES and Other Conifer: **\$37.20/CCF**

Specified Road Reconstruction: **\$0**
Public Works Construction Cost: **\$0**
Road Completion Date: **N/A**

Required Slash Deposit is **\$1.24/CCF**
Required Surface Rock Replacement Deposit is **\$0.00/CCF**

Total cost of funded KV work: **\$104,999.00**
Total KV Collections at advertised rates: **\$103,238.30**
Essential KV: **\$0.00**

Contract period is two (2) years.
Termination Date: October 31, 2015
Normal Operating Season: June 1 to October 31

DESCRIPTION

A. Location

The sale area is approximately 35 miles southeast of Montrose, Colorado, in Section 7-8, 17-18, T43N, R3W, New Mexico P.M., Hinsdale County, Colorado. The sale area is approximately 212 acres in size, of which 121.9 acres are within cutting units. Principal access to the sale would be from Colorado State Highway 149 and NFSR 788.0.

B. Land Status

All harvested units are on National Forest Service lands. There are no known encumbrances.

C. Basis for Selecting Area

This area was considered for placement in the five-year Timber-Sale Action Plan. The timber sale area is part of the larger La Garita Beetle Response analysis area, which was deemed in need of treatment due to spruce bark beetle infestation and tree mortality. The harvest meets current direction in the Grand Mesa, Uncompahgre and Gunnison National Forest Land Management Plan, as well as the Environmental Analysis (EA). The La Garita Beetle Response Environmental Assessment was signed in December 2013.

D. Transportation Routes and Appraisal Points

The sawtimber will be appraised using Montrose, Colorado as the most advantageous appraisal point.

E. Silvicultural Description

The silvicultural prescription for all cutting units is Stand Clearcut (with leave trees) of merchantable dead or dying Engelmann spruce trees over 8.0-inches DBH. The only individual tree marking in cutting units is Leave Tree to retain wildlife trees and protect areas of regeneration within the stand. Live aspen and subalpine fir will not be removed except incidental amounts to accommodate logging operations.

F. Unique Circumstances

Hauling and other activities are prohibited on NFSR 788.7G.

To avoid conflict with winter snowmobile recreation use, snow plowing of NFSR 788.0 from state Highway 149 to the Garner Ridge Road (NFSR 788.1K) is prohibited from December 15th to May 1st - unless an acceptable plan to avoid conflicts between recreationists and logging operations is established and accepted by the Gunnison District Ranger. See provision C5.12#.

A campground bathroom is located in cutting unit 2 and is a protected improvement (B6.22). See Sale Area Map for location.

Boundary trees in cutting unit 2 are designated with orange stump marks and yellow signs facing into the unit. Boundary trees are not designated with paint at breast height in cutting unit 2 except where the boundary coincides with cutting unit 1.

CONDITIONS OF SALE

A. Planned Cutting Methods

All units were marked as designation by species and diameter with orange horizontal slash marks at a height of 4 to 7 feet on the main bole of each tree, in addition to an orange painted stump mark. The boundary of cutting unit has been delineated with orange painted vertical stripes. No boundary trees are designated with paint in cutting unit 2 except where the boundary coincides with cutting unit 1. Unpainted boundary is designated with yellow signs facing into the unit.

B. Sale Area Improvement Needs (SAI)

See the SAI Plan on form FS-2400-50 and KV Plan Narrative for information.

C. Slash Treatment

Slash must be lopped and scattered. A deposit will be collected to cover the cost of post sale landing slash pile burning conducted by U.S. Forest Service personnel. See the Brush Disposal Treatment Plan FS-2400-62 and Excel spreadsheet for slash disposal details.

D. Water Quality Protection and Erosion Control

Landings, skid trails, and temporary roads will be re-vegetated to stabilize soils. Skid trails are to be laid out to reduce erosion and will require agreement by the timber sale administrator. Skid trails must be at least 100 feet from all live streams except in areas previously identified by U.S. Forest Service personnel. Drainage structures will be required where erosion potential is high. Temporary roads will be closed by installing or cleaning waterbars, ripping, seeding, and placing logs, rocks, stumps and slash in the roadway. Seed that is used will be certified noxious weed-free seed mixture.

E. Relevant Mitigation Measures & Design Criteria

Mitigation measures are additional requirements, developed on a site specific basis, along with project design criteria to avoid, minimize, reduce or eliminate adverse effects as a result of implementing the proposed treatments. The mitigation measures and design criteria listed below are found in the La Garita Beetle Response Environmental Assessment in Appendix B.

Water Quality/Soil Productivity

All operations will conform to the direction provided in Chapter 10 of the Water Conservation Practices Handbook (WCPH), FSH 2509.25 Chapter 10. The various measures may be achieved through avoidance, on-the-ground marking, appropriate contract provisions, identification on the sale area map, or during sale administration.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Areas within the WIZ, as defined in the WCPH, were excluded from cutting units as much as possible during layout. B6.5, B6.6, B6.61, B6.62, C2.301#

Limit ground skidding to slopes of 35% or less reduce potential soil erosion.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Unit layout avoided areas with slopes greater than 35%. C2.301#

Operate heavy equipment for land treatments only when soil moisture is below the plastic limit (*a rolled thread of soil 1/8" in diameter crumbles or cracks when the soil moisture content is below the plastic limit*), or protected by at least 1 foot of packed snow or 2 inches of frozen soil.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Sale administration and/or field visits from Forest Soil Scientist/Hydrologist will be used to determine if soil moisture is at operational levels. C6.411#, C6.42#

Minimize the use of post-harvest slash piling and site preparation in order to maintain 10-20 tons per acre of coarse woody debris within harvest units and to protect nutrient rich litter layers and surface A horizons. Limbs and tops (fine fuels) should be lopped and scattered to retain nutrients concentrated in crown materials on site.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Provision C6.71 was added to allow for redistribution of slash in cutting units if whole-tree yarding is utilized. C6.7#, C6.71

Reclaim roads, landings and other disturbed sites when use ends, as needed, to prevent resource damage.

Remove road ditches & ditch relief culverts, site-prepare, drain (install water bars, out-slope, or re-contour), de-compact (80% or more of the road bed to a depth of 8 to 12 inches), re-vegetate by seeding and mulching with weed free straw or logging slash, and close system roads to be decommissioned, temporary, and intermittent use roads and other disturbed sites within one year after use ends. Provide stable drainage that disperses runoff into filter strips and maintains stable fills. Use certified local native plants as practicable; avoid persistent or invasive exotic plants.

Remove all temporary stream crossings (including culverts and all fill material in the active channel), restore the channel geometry, and restore the original shape & re-vegetate the channel banks using certified local native plants as practicable; avoid persistent or invasive exotic plants. Restore cuts and fills to the original slope contours along road segments with ≥ 4 foot vertical cut slopes and as opportunities arise to re-establish subsurface pathways. Use certified local native plants as practicable; avoid persistent or invasive exotic plants.

Establish effective ground cover on disturbed sites to prevent accelerated on-site soil loss and sediment delivery to streams. Restore ground cover using certified native plants as practicable to meet re-vegetation objectives.

- responsibility: Timber purchaser, U.S. Forest Service representative will assure compliance.
- notes: C5.35#, C6.602#

Except at designated skid trail or temporary road crossings, no timber removal or equipment operation will be allowed within the 100 feet of perennial streams, springs, seeps and wetlands, or within 50 feet of intermittent streams. This restricted zone is defined for various water features as follows:

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: These areas were identified during unit layout and were excluded from harvest. C2.301#, C6.6#, B6.5

Feature	Treatment Restriction Zone
Perennial Stream	100 ft minimum from Stream Bank
Intermittent Stream	50 ft minimum from Stream Bank
Wetlands >1/4 acre	100 ft minimum from Edge of Wetland
Springs/Seeps	100 ft from the source or edge of associated wetland, whichever is greater
Ditch	Edge of Right of Way

Keep heavy equipment out of ephemeral streams and swales except to cross at designated points, build crossings, or do restoration work, or if protected by at least 1 foot of packed snow or 2 inches of frozen soil. Approval by the timber sale administrator of temporary road location and construction would be subject to requirements concerning drainage crossings, period of use, and road rehabilitation and be consistent with the Watershed Conservation Practices Handbook.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: All temporary road locations subject to approval by Forest Service representatives and will consider these factors during evaluation and approval. B6.5, C6.42#

Do not locate skid trails, temporary roads, or landings in the bottom of swales or ephemeral streams. Do not excavate earth material from, or store excavated earth material in, any stream, swale, lake, wetland, or WIZ. Design and construct all stream crossings (including Temporary roads) and other in-stream structures to provide for passage of flow and sediment, withstand expected flood flows (or be removed prior to the termination of seasonal operations), and to allow free movement of resident aquatic life. All fill associated with temporary crossings must be removed. Install stream crossings to meet Corps of Engineers and State permits, pass normal flows and be armored to withstand design flows. Install stream crossings on straight and resilient stream reaches, as perpendicular to flow as practicable, and to provide passage of fish and other aquatic life. Install stream crossings to sustain bankfull dimensions of width, depth, and slope and keep streambeds and banks resilient. Favor bridges, bottomless arches or buried pipe-arches for those streams with identifiable floodplains and elevated road prisms, instead of pipe culverts. Favor armored fords for those streams where vehicle traffic is either seasonal or temporary, or the ford design maintains the channel pattern, profile and dimension. Limit roads and other disturbed sites to the minimum feasible number, width, and total length.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: All temporary road locations are subject to approval by Forest Service representatives and will consider these factors during evaluation and approval. B6.5, B6.422, C5.35#, C6.42#, C6.6#

Design all roads, trails, and other soil disturbances to the minimum standard for their use and to "roll" with the terrain as feasible *in order to limit the use of cuts and fills*. Use filter strips, and sediment traps if needed, to keep all sand-sized sediment on the land and disconnect disturbed soil from streams, lakes, and wetlands. Disperse runoff into filter strips. Design road ditches

and cross drains to limit flow to ditch capacity and prevent ditch erosion and failure. Road alignments should avoid wet slopes and seeps that would contribute perennial ditch flow and reduce road bed strength.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: All temporary road locations are subject to approval by Forest Service representatives and will consider these factors during evaluation and approval. B6.422, B6.63, C5.31#

Skid trail locations will be agreed to by the Forest Service in advance of construction, and will be located to minimize impacts to advanced regeneration; spacing will be approximately 100 feet apart, allowing for topographic variation and skid trail convergence. Skid trails will be waterbarred at least every 100 feet on slopes greater than 20% or as needed depending on slope and ground conditions and slash placed on main trails as needed to control erosion.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Stipulations were added to C6.42# to address these concerns. C6.42#, C6.6#

Space water bars and rolling dips according to road grade and soil type as indicated below:

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B6.63, C5.31#

Unified Soil Classification - ASTM D 2487¹				
Slope (%)	ML, SM Extr. Erodible Silts-sands with little or no binder (d.g.)	MH, SC, CL Highly Erodible Silts-sands with moderate binder	SW, SP, GM, GC Mod. Erodible Gravels + fines & sands with little or no fines	GW, GP Low Erodible Gravels with little or no fines
1-3	200	300	400	500
4-6	125	200	300	400
7-9	100	150	200	250
10-12	70	100	150	200
13-25	50	50	75	100
25+	30-50	30-50	60-75	80-100

¹ American Society for Testing Materials, standard classification of soil for engineering purposes.

Place new sources of chemical and pathogenic pollutants where such pollutants will not reach surface or ground water.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B6.34

Insure that all designed road drainage features are fully functional and effective throughout the operational periods.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B5.3, C5.31#

Range

Timber sale contract provision for the control of noxious weed proliferation will be included in the timber sale contract where needed.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B6.35, C6.602#

Retain native vegetation to the extent possible to prevent weed germination and establishment, in and around sale area activity and keep soil disturbance to a minimum.

- responsibility: timber purchaser
- notes: B6.422, B6.6, B6.63

Timber purchasers and contractors will re-seed disturbed areas (as designated by the Forest Service) with certified weed free source using San Luis slender wheatgrass or another acceptable seed mix (as determined by agency officials) to avoid introduction of exotics and promote re-vegetation of native species. Species of seed and mixtures ratios for re-seeding activities will be determined on a site specific basis.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Sale administrator will identify areas in need of re-seeding. C6.601#, C6.602#

Recreation

Application of timber marking paint must consider the viewshed along the State Highway 149 corridor regarding the “Silver Thread Scenic and Historic Byway” designation. In critical viewshed areas, all leave tree breast marks will be placed on opposite side of the highway to minimize negative visual impact for trees that are visible within 150 feet of the road.

Additionally, specific slash treatment and “clean up” activities will be included in silvicultural prescriptions to address the visual objects of the Silver Thread Scenic and Historic Byway Corridor Master Plan.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Standard slash requirements meet the visual objectives of the Silver Scenic and Historic Byway Corridor Master Plan. C6.7#. Boundary paint at breast height was not applied in unit 2 which is next to Highway 149. C2.301#

To avoid conflict with winter snowmobile recreation use, snow plowing of NFSR 788.0 from state Highway 149 to the Garner Ridge Road (NFSR 788.1K) is prohibited from December 15th to May 1st - unless an acceptable plan to avoid conflicts between recreationists and logging operations is established and accepted by the Gunnison District Ranger. This restriction will effectively prohibit winter logging of treatment units 10, 11, 13, 14, 7 and 166).

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: No snowplowing may occur on NFSR 788.0 unless an approved, written plan is created. C5.12#

Wildlife

Maintain 10-20 tons per acre of coarse woody debris within harvest units. Where possible in regeneration units, create piles of logs, stumps, or other woody debris to minimize the effects of larger openings. Maintain large diameter downed logs in various stages of decomposition within harvest units (50 linear feet/acre of 10 inches diameter or larger at the large end of lodgepole

pine and aspen logs and/or 12 inches diameter or larger for Engelmann spruce, subalpine fir and Douglas fir logs).

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: C6.42#, C6.7#, C6.71

Northern goshawk - no activities will be allowed within ½ mile of active nests from March 1 to July 31 or until fledging has occurred. The timing restriction buffer could be reduced to ¼ mile if topographic features and/or adequate screening cover are present that would protect the nest site from disturbance. No harvest activities will be allowed within a 30-acre buffer of nest sites. Outside of a 30-acre area around goshawk nest sites, timing restrictions are not needed for project layout, marking, and any other activities that are non-disturbing (i.e., activities not involving the use of heavy equipment or chainsaws). Timing restrictions will only apply to active nests, as confirmed by the district wildlife biologist. This restriction will apply to the known Sage Park and Killdeer goshawk nest sites, and any new nests that are discovered.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: No Northern Goshawk nests have been found in the sale vicinity prior to contract preparation. B6.24

Retain all live trees in salvage units, except for trees that need to be removed for operational/safety or silvicultural purposes. Operational/safety or silvicultural purposes include the need to remove live trees if necessary to access dead trees for salvage or to address safety concerns. Damage to understory vegetation and dense horizontal cover will be minimized to benefit snowshoe hare and lynx by identifying skid trail locations away from dense understory and spacing skid trails at least 100 feet apart. Place landings in areas without advanced tree regeneration if available, to protect understory.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Notes were added to the listed provisions to emphasize the importance of protecting live trees. C2.3#, C2.3521#, C6.32#, C6.411#, C6.42#

Surveys for threatened, endangered, and sensitive (TES) species have already occurred in the project area. However, since it will take several years to fully implement the project, some level of TES re-survey will occur on an annual basis. If TES species are confirmed present the appropriate standards for the Forest Plan and Gunnison Field Office RMP will be applied (timing restrictions, distance from nest sites, etc.).

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service
- notes: B6.24

Transportation System

New temporary roads built and utilized during logging activities and following logging will remain closed to the general public to minimize wildlife disturbance, and will be effectively closed to all motorized use after harvesting activities are completed.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: C5.35#

Surface rock replacement deposits will be collected to maintain currently surfaced roads that are used for timber hauling. Deposits will be collected commensurate with the use.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: Surface rock replacement will not be necessary on this sale due to the minimal amount of hauling that will occur on Forest Service roads.

Timber hauling operations will be restricted during wet or thawed conditions, when needed to protect the road surface.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B5.12, C5.36#

Safety signing will be used to alert the public that logging operations are in progress and would meet the requirements of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

- responsibility: timber purchaser
- notes: B6.33

Cultural Resources

Cultural resource surveys will occur prior to project implementation. Locations of all known cultural resource sites needing protection would be shown on internal working maps not subject to disclosure and/or identified on the ground so that these areas are avoided and protected during all phases of project implementation.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: No cultural sites were discovered prior to contract preparation. B6.24

If any new cultural resource sites are discovered during implementation, project activities would stop and the agency archeologist would be contacted immediately. The operator shall take any additional measures requested by the BLM or USFS to protect discoveries until they can be adequately evaluated by the permitted archaeologist. Within 48 hours of the discovery, the SHPO and consulting parties will be notified of the discovery and consultation will begin to determine an appropriate mitigation measure. Agency officials in cooperation with the operator will ensure that the discovery is protected from further disturbance until mitigation is completed. Operations may resume at the discovery site upon receipt of written instructions and authorization by agency officials.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B6.24

Native American human remains: Pursuant to 43 CFR 10.4(g), the holder must notify the authorized officer, by telephone, with written confirmation, immediately upon the discovery of human remains, funerary items, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony on federal land. Further, pursuant to 43 CFR 10.4 (c) and (d), the holder must stop activities in the vicinity of the discovery that could adversely affect the discovery. The holder shall make a reasonable effort to protect the human remains, funerary items, sacred objects, or objects of cultural patrimony for a period of thirty days after written notice is provided to the authorized officer, or until the authorized officer has issued a written notice to proceed, whichever occurs first.

- responsibility: U.S. Forest Service & timber purchaser
- notes: B6.24

CRUISE VOLUMES

This sale was laid out, marked, and cruised in the fall of 2012. The sale was sampled using the variable radius point cruise method with one sampling stratum. Collected field data was entered and processed using the U.S. Forest Service software FSCruiser, version 03.14.2012.

Unseen defect and breakage was included in volume totals (5% for ES recent dead and 10% for ES older dead). This is a scaled sale estimated to have a value of around \$40,000; therefore, the maximum sampling error for the sale as a whole must be $\pm 30\%$. This information can be found in Chapter 40 of the Timber Cruising Handbook (2409.12). The combined sampling error for this cruise is 16.80% (report DS1, error for net volume).

A. Volume Summary:

Volume Reported by Individual Tree Species

Live and Dead Sawtimber	Gross CCF	%	Net CCF	%
Engelmann Spruce recent dead	3211	94	2651	95
Engelmann Spruce older dead	215	6	143	5
Total	3426	100	2794	100

Volume estimates may be slightly different from other report groupings due to the characteristics of number rounding. See appraisal spreadsheet, "Volume&SkidDist" tab for volume and percent determination to account for rounding.

B. Contract Volume

The volume components of recent dead and older dead Engelmann spruce sawtimber were combined into one contract species group.

Cruise Volume Reported by Contract Species Groupings

Contract Species Grouping	Cruise Gross CCF	% of Total Cruise Volume	Cruise Net CCF	% of Total Cruise Volume	Net CCF Rounded (contract volume)	% of Total Volume
Recent Dead and Older Dead Engelmann Spruce sawtimber	3426.37	100%	2794.42	100%	2794	100%

Contract volumes may be slightly different than other reported volumes due to the characteristics of rounding contained in the TIM project management software. (TIM rounds the sum of raw cutting unit volumes contained within each payment unit.) Contract volume is used to determine payments and is the official volume estimate used in the appraisal and the contract.

C. Area Determination

Area determination for this sale was conducted using a Global Positioning System (GPS). Procedures used for determining the acreages of harvest units in the timber sale area are in accordance with the standards set forth in R2 Supplement 2409.12-2000-4, chapter 52.2. GPS data was collected during the 2013 field season. See "WindyMillAreaDetermination.xlsx" for error calculations.

Acres by cutting unit (GPS)

Cutting Unit	Acres
1	105.8
2	16.1
Total	121.9
Rounded up	122

D. Contract Volume

Cutting Unit Acres and Net Harvest Volume

Unit	Cutting Prescription	Acres	Recent Dead ES ST CCF	Older Dead ES ST CCF	Total CCF	Net Harvest Volume per Acre CCF
1	Overstory Removal	105.8	2301	124	2425	22.92
2	Overstory Removal	16.1	350	19	369	22.92
Total		121.9	2651	153	2794	22.92

265135 CF / 17770 = 14.92 CF/tree (ES Recent Dead ST)

14308 CF / 965 = 14.83 CF/tree (ES Older Dead ST)

2651 CCF / 121.9 acres = 21.75 CCF Average Net Volume/Acre (ES Recent Dead ST)

153 CCF / 121.9 acres = 1.26 CCF Average Net Volume/Acre (ES Older Dead ST)

Quadratic Mean Diameter: 12.0 (ES Recent Dead ST)

13.1 (ES Older Dead ST)

12.5 (Combined)

Net Board Foot/Cubic Foot Ratio: 4.78 BF/CF (ES Recent Dead ST)

4.89 BF/CF (ES Older Dead ST)

4.783 (Combined)

APPRAISAL

A. Appraisal Data

BULLETIN No. BU230214 for Region 2, Zone 3 (SW Intermountain Zone) effective February 7, 2014 until superseded was used for this timber sale appraisal.

B. Skid/Yard (Refer to 2400-17)

The skid/yard cost adjustment (formerly called the logging cost adjustment) is now calculated using the TEA234 MS Access-based Appraisal System. It is based on the difference between the appraised sale and Regional average sale diameter and sale volume per acre. (Reference FSH 2409.22, 51.3 and 51.61).

Base Skid/Yard Cost = \$104.93

Sale Skid/Yard Cost = \$102.49

Skid/Yard Cost Adjustment = \$2.44 (line 12, 2400-17)

C. Haul Cost Calculation (Refer to appraisal spreadsheet, Haul tab)

Sawtimber: Haul to Montrose, Colorado

Log Truck Haul Time Estimations

Road Segment	Haul Class	% Grade	% Volume	Mileage	Weighted Haul Miles	Round Trip (min/mile)	Travel Time (min)
Load & Unload Delay Time							60
NFSR 788.0	4A2	5	35	0.6	0.21	5.5	1.16
NFSR 788.0	4A2	2	100	0.15	0.15	4.1	0.62
Colo Hwy 159	2C1	-7	100	6.7	6.70	4.5	30.15
Colo Hwy 159	2B1	0	100	26.2	26.20	3.6	94.32
Colo Hwy 159	2B1	4	100	8.4	8.40	4.8	40.32
Colo Hwy 159	2B1	-4	100	13.1	13.10	3.6	47.16
US Hwy 50	1A1	2	100	44.9	44.90	3.5	157.15
US Hwy 50	2B1	-3	100	10.8	10.80	3.6	38.88
Montrose/Mill	2A1	0	100	2.6	2.60	3.2	8.32
Total				113.06			478.08

*Round Trip Minutes Per Mile are from FSH 2409.22 Sec. 44.1 Exhibit 1

478.08 Minutes Round Trip Time x \$0.1130/CCF/Minute (FSH 2409.22 Sec. 44.0) =
\$54.02/CCF Haul Cost for Sawtimber

D. Road Maintenance (Refer to "WindyMillRoadworkAppraisal.xlsx")

All costs and figures are from the *USDA Forest Service Regions 2, 3, 4 March 2013 Cost Estimating Guide for Road Construction*.

1) Pre-haul Maintenance – Purchaser responsibility

No pre-haul maintenance necessary.

Total Pre-haul maintenance (with inflation)= \$0.00

2) Normal Road Maintenance – Purchaser responsibility

Road	Segment Length	Work Required
788.0	0.7	Blade two times

Assumptions:

- Blade 1 mile in 2.0 hours
- Roads to be maintained per B5.3 and C5.31#
- Laborer to clean culverts, remove rocks, clear roadside vegetation etc.
- Rolling dips and ditches to be cleared, 15 minutes each
- Slides, slumps and potholes will be fixed as needed
- Move in costs assumed for 1 move
- Pickup use 2 hours per 10 hour day
- 10 hour days
- 0.7 miles (NFSR 788.0) will be bladed twice
- No drainage structures

Total during-haul road maintenance (with inflation): \$3,413.70

3) Post-haul Maintenance – Purchaser responsibility

Assumptions:

- Blade 1 mile in 2.0 hours
- Roads to be maintained per B5.3 and C5.31#
- Surface Blading and other work as needed
- 10 hour days
- Pickup use 2 hours per 10 hour day
- 0.7 miles to blade
- Cost allowed for move-in and move-out

Total post-haul road maintenance (with inflation): \$4,672.56

4) Surface Rock Replacement

Surface rock replacement will not be necessary on this sale due to the minimal amount of hauling that will occur on Forest Service roads.

Total Surface Rock Replacement Cost = \$0.00

Cost/CCF = \$0.00/CCF

5) Dust Abatement

Based on the Environmental Assessment dust abatement during road maintenance is not needed, thus a cost adjustment is not necessary for this timber sale.

6) Road Maintenance Summary

Pre-Haul Maintenance	\$0.00
During-Haul Maintenance	\$3,413.70
Post-Haul Maintenance	\$4,672.56
Dust Abatement	\$0.00
Snow Removal (NOS)	\$0.00
Total	\$8,086.23

	\$2.89/CCF
Regular Road Maintenance	\$8,086.23
Surface Rock Replacement (deposit)	\$0.00
Total	\$8,086.23 \$2.89/CCF

E. Sale Slash Disposal (Refer to Brush Disposal Treatment Plan FS-2400-62)

Required deposits: \$3,472/2,794 CCF
\$1.24/CCF

YUM cost = \$0.00/CCF (YUM will not be required for this sale)

Total Slash Cost = \$1.24 + \$0.00 = \$1.24/CCF

F. Temporary Roads (Refer to "WindyMillRoadworkAppraisal.xlsx", temp road tab)

As identified in the Logging Plan, 0.49 miles of newly constructed temporary road and 0.17 miles of existing temporary road will be needed to complete this sale. See Logging Plan Map for specific locations. All costs and figures are from the *USDA Forest Service Regions 2, 3, 4 Cost Estimating Guide for Road Construction*.

Total temporary road cost = \$2,865.24

Total temporary road cost per CCF = \$1.03

G. Unusual & Quality Adjustments (Refer to appraisal spreadsheet, TS Cost Worksheet tab)

Deteriorating timber: -\$15.73/CCF
Total unusual adjustment: -\$15.73/CCF
Quality adjustment: -\$17.72/CCF

H. Competition Factor (FSH 2409.22, 51.3, Bulletin No. BU230214)

The competition factor for the GMUG, Rio Grande, and San Juan will be set at 10%.

COMPETITION FACTOR by Forest and VALUES based on all species live ADJ BPP.

Bid/Ad	LIVE CCF:			
	LP&DF	ES	PP	TF
<u>Zone as a Whole:</u>				
Grand Mesa,Unc/Gun1.41	0.30	4.43	0.30	1.11

I. Specified Roads

There are no specified roads.

J. Base Rates (2400-17)

Engelmann spruce: \$5.00/CCF

K. Fire Precautionary Period (AT9)

June 30 to October 31

L. Purchaser's Obligation for Fire (Refer to appraisal spreadsheet, TS Cost Worksheet tab)

2 people x 12 hours x 3 days (\$17.40/hour [AD-C]) \$1,252.80
Rounded to the next \$100 **\$1,300.00**

M. Termination Date (AT12)

R2 Supplement No. 2409.18-2006-2, Sec. 53.41 states that sales of this size without specified roads should be 2 to 3 operating seasons. Termination date for this sale will be **October 31, 2015**.

N. Bid Guarantee (Refer to appraisal spreadsheet, TSCost Worksheet tab)

Bid Guarantee: **\$10,400.00**

O. Performance Bond Calculation (Refer to appraisal spreadsheet, TSCost Worksheet tab)

Bond Based on 10% of Advertised Stumpage Value: **\$11,000.00**

P. Distribution of Funds

Live & Dead ES and Other Conifer \$37.20/CCF x 2,794 CCF = \$103,629.46

Total Sale Value:	\$103,936.80
Less Essential KV:	<u>(\$0.00)</u>
Remainder available for NFF, KV or SSF:	\$103,936.80
Contribution to NFF (\$0.25/CCF):	<u>(\$698.50)</u>
Remainder available for KV or SSF:	\$103,238.30
Less Non-Essential KV:	<u>(\$103,238.30)</u>
Remainder available for SSF	\$0.00