

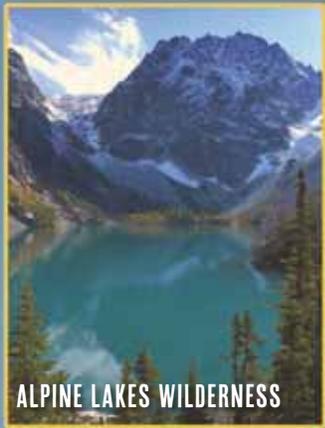
OKANOGAN-WENATCHEE NATIONAL FOREST

CASCADE LOOKOUT



2014

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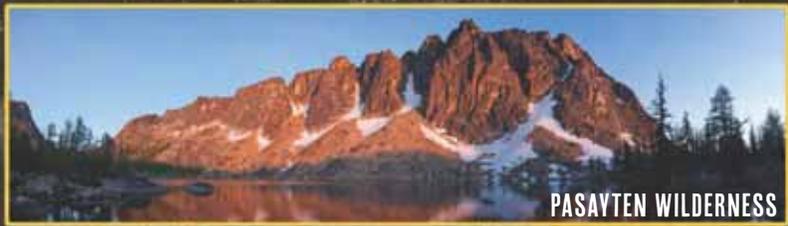
ALPINE LAKES WILDERNESS

Celebrating
50 Years
of Wilderness



LAKE CHELAN SAWTOOTH WILDERNESS

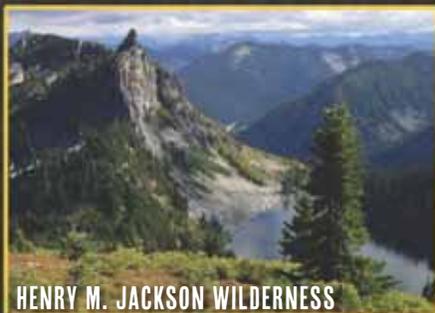
INSIDE:
FOREST NEWS
MAPS - TRAILS
CAMPGROUND GUIDES



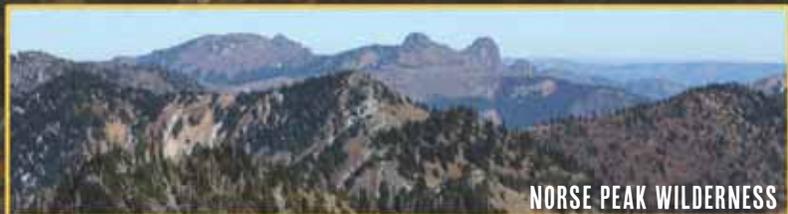
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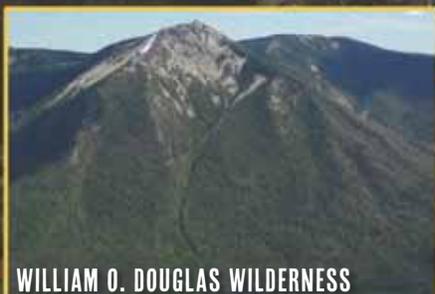
GLACIER PEAK WILDERNESS



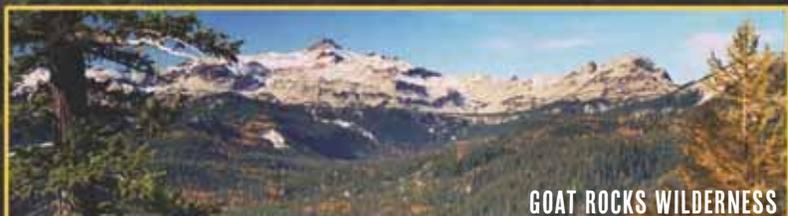
HENRY M. JACKSON WILDERNESS



NORSE PEAK WILDERNESS



WILLIAM O. DOUGLAS WILDERNESS



GOAT ROCKS WILDERNESS

MEET THE NEW FOREST SUPERVISOR AND DEPUTY FOREST SUPERVISOR



FOREST SUPERVISOR MIKE BALBONI (ABOVE) AND DEPUTY FOREST SUPERVISOR JASON KUIKEN (UPPER RIGHT)

This is a year of new leadership on the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest. In October 2013, I became the forest supervisor for this large and diverse national forest after former Forest Supervisor Becki Heath moved to Portland, Oregon, to accept a job as a Deputy Regional Forester.

I have worked for the Forest Service for more than 35 years on 11 national forests in four different regions within the agency. Most of my career, over 21 years, has been in the Northwest and inland West. I've worked as a technician, wildlife biologist, resource assistant, national forest planner, district ranger, deputy forest supervisor, and acting deputy regional forester. I was the forest supervisor on the Kisatchie National Forest in Louisiana before serving in my present position.

My background includes extensive experience in fire and vegetation management. My work as a district ranger on the Kootenai National Forest for more than 12 years and the deputy forest supervisor on the Bridger-Teton National Forest has given me considerable experience as an agency administrator.

I have worked with dozens of Interagency Incident Management Teams. I also have wildland firefighting experience as a division group supervisor and safety officer. This fire background should serve me well as fire is a frequently occurring part of the ecological cycle on the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest.

I have a strong desire to be accountable and serve the public. I expect the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest to continue to be a leader in vegetation management and restoration. I pay close attention to the budget. We need to get the work done with the money we are given and stay within our budgets.

Another newcomer to the forest is **Jason Kuiken**. He replaces Clint Kyhl, who served as the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest's deputy forest supervisor from June 2009 to June 2013. Kyhl is now forest supervisor of Wyoming's Bridger-Teton National Forest.



Jason was the district ranger on the Chippewa National Forest's Deer River Ranger District in Minnesota before coming to the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest in late January 2014. He is highly-respected for his leadership and collaborative skills working with American Indian tribes and agency partners. He also has experience working at the Forest Service national headquarters in Washington, D.C., and the agency's Rocky Mountain Regional Office in Golden, Colorado. Jason will be my right-hand man and serve as forest supervisor in my absence.

If you are also new to North Central Washington, I invite you to become acquainted with the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest through the pages of this edition of the Cascade Lookout. Check out the lists of campgrounds and popular hiking trails; use them when planning trips to the forest. Read about ongoing projects and programs. Enjoy the beautiful photos, and learn about wildlife, wilderness and recreation in this 4-million-acre wonderland.

I look forward to meeting you as well as getting to know and enjoy this beautiful part of the country, and the forest the public has allowed us to be stewards of.

Mike Balboni

50TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE WILDERNESS ACT 1964-2014 A GOLDEN ANNIVERSARY TO CELEBRATE!



On September 3, 1964, President Lyndon B. Johnson signed into law the Wilderness Act. This historic bill established the National Wilderness Preservation System and set aside an initial 9.1 million acres of wildlands for the use and benefit of the American people.

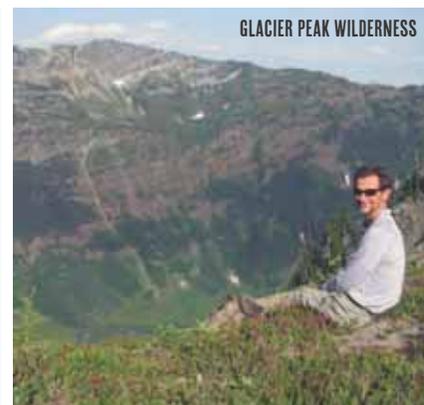
Over the past 50 years, Congress has added over 100 million acres to this unique land preservation system. Today, nearly five percent of the U.S., more than 109.7 million acres in 759 wilderness areas in 44 of the 50 states and Puerto Rico, is designated Wilderness.

What is Wilderness? The 1964 Wilderness Act defines Wilderness as, "areas where the earth and its communities of life are left unchanged by people, where the primary forces of nature are in control, and where people themselves are visitors who do not remain."

What does Wilderness mean for you and me? It means that these lands will be preserved and protected in their natural condition for our children, grandchildren and generations to come.

What kind of activities can and cannot occur in Wilderness? The Wilderness Act, in general, prohibits roads, timber cutting, mining and use of motorized or mechanized equipment, such as bicycles, in Wilderness. Many activities are allowed in lands set aside as Wilderness, though. Some of these activities include hiking, camping, horseback riding, canoeing, livestock grazing, and control of fire and insect or disease infestations.

This anniversary year provides a wonderful opportunity for us to reaffirm our commitment to wilderness stewardship. It also give us an opportunity to help all Americans, particularly youth, gain a better understanding of and appreciation for all the benefits they get from wilderness—clean air and water, natural awe-inspiring settings, deep



GLACIER PEAK WILDERNESS

woods experiences, critical plant and wildlife habitat, outdoor recreation, solitude, quiet reflection and spiritual renewal, and economic benefits for rural communities.

We encourage all to experience the wonders of the wilderness areas in the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest.

There are eight congressionally-designated Wilderness areas in the Okanogan-Wenatchee NF:

- Alpine Lakes Wilderness**
- Glacier Peak Wilderness**
- Henry M. Jackson Wilderness**
- Pasayten Wilderness**
- Lake Chelan-Sawtooth Wilderness**
- Goat Rocks Wilderness**
- Norse Peak Wilderness**
- William O. Douglas Wilderness**

See the map on pages 11-12 for the location of these Wilderness areas. ■

FOREST NEWS AND INFORMATION

Please follow these recommendations when recreating in the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest.

CHOOSE AN EXISTING SITE

Creating new campsites kills vegetation and leads to soil erosion. Use only designated sites when possible.

DISPERSED CAMPING

Many people enjoy the solitude and primitive experience of camping away from developed campgrounds. Dispersed camping means there are no toilets, tables or drinking water. Follow these guidelines to ensure that these areas can be enjoyed by future generations.

- Choose sites that are already established.
- Protect water quality and aquatic habitat by camping at least 200 feet away from water sources.
- Don't dig ditches around tents or trailers.
- Pack out all garbage.
- Do not carve or chop into tree trunks—this can eventually kill the tree.
- Soap degrades water quality and harms aquatic life—wash at least 200 feet from water sources and use biodegradable soap.

PARK AWAY FROM THE WATER

Parking near water eventually kills vegetation, leading to erosion and water pollution that makes it hard for fish and other aquatic wildlife to breathe. In addition, vehicles driven onto tree roots seriously jeopardize the health of the tree. Please park at least 200 feet away from the water's edge.

HUMAN WASTE

Bacteria and viruses found in human feces are known to cause hepatitis, salmonella, giardia, and other gastro-intestinal diseases. Please follow these steps when nature calls:

- Find a spot at least 200 feet from any water source.
- Dig a hole 6-8 inches deep and bury human waste.

USE ESTABLISHED FIRE RINGS WISELY

When building a campfire, please follow these simple steps:

- Keep your fires small and use wood collected or purchased locally. If collecting firewood near your camp, use only dead and down wood.
- Contact the local ranger station for current fire restrictions. Remember, restrictions can change on a daily basis.
- Use existing fire rings. Scrape away litter and any other burnable material within a 10-foot-diameter circle surrounding the fire ring.
- Have a shovel, axe, and bucket of water available before lighting your campfire.
- Make sure all wood fits inside the fire ring. Don't feed a large log into fire ring.
- To put out a campfire, slowly pour water onto the fire and stir with a shovel. Continue adding water and stirring until all material is cool to the touch.
- Do not bury your fire. The coals can smolder and re-ignite.
- NEVER leave a fire unattended, even if there are no flames present. Make sure it is out cold by running your hands through the ashes to make sure there is no heat left. Many wildfires have been caused by abandoned campfires.

RECREATING RESPONSIBLY



WILDLIFE VIEWING ETHICS

- Give wildlife their space—use binoculars.
- If you find what you believe to be an orphaned or sick animal, leave it alone. Often the parents are close by and are waiting for you to leave.
- Pets must be restrained at all times.
- Do not feed wildlife.
- Leave the area if an animal shows signs of alarm. Watch for raised ears or skittish movements, and listen for alarm calls. ■



Snags are dead or dying trees. Hazard trees can be dead, dying or green trees that are unstable. On the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest, and elsewhere in western forests, snags and hazard trees are becoming an ever-increasing hazard after years of draught, fire exclusion, severe winter storms and insect infestations.

FACT: There are thousands of snags on the Okanogan-Wenatchee NF

FACT: All these snags will eventually come down

QUESTION: Will you be under one when it comes down?

Some things that might indicate hazard trees are nearby:

- Numerous down trees
- Leaning trees
- Dead or broken tree tops or limbs hanging in the trees
- Absences of needles, bark or tree limbs
- Possible rot indicated by conks, broken tops, basal scars, cat faces, numerous down limbs, ants and abundance of woodpecker holes

What to do when recreating in areas with snags and hazard trees:

- Always look up. Are broken tree limbs dangling in the trees?
- Get weather reports. Are strong winds predicted?
- Scout out parking, resting, camping, and sleeping areas. In each of these areas look up again, is there a hazard overhead?
- Advise companions of hazards you may see

Remember, you are ultimately responsible for your own safety.

TREE STRIKES YOU'RE OUT

BY BOB PUGH



AVOIDING UNPLEASANT ENCOUNTERS WITH WILDLIFE

Glimpsing wildlife—a bear lumbering through the woods or a majestic elk grazing in a meadow—is one of the greatest recreation attractions in the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest.

If a person is lucky enough to view wildlife, dangerous encounters are very rare. Wild animals are normally not aggressive or predatory towards people, but it is best to know what to do if these circumstances occur.

Usually, people see more deer and elk along the roads they drive to the woods than they see when recreating in the woods. If you see one of these animals on the road, others may be nearby, so slow down and pass carefully as they may suddenly bolt onto the road. If possible, avoid driving during dusk or dawn when most wildlife collisions occur. Stop if you do encounter deer or elk while hiking. They will run away if given a chance. Move quickly out of the way and find cover (punch, kick and yell as last resort) if attacked.



Mountain Goats sometimes approach and follow people or enter campsites in search of salt. Goats have sharp, lethal horns and have been known to become aggressive.

If a goat approaches you, slowly move away. If the goat follows, be prepared to chase it off by yelling, waving arms and clothing or throwing rocks. Goats crave salt. Use the toilets where available. Otherwise, urinate on bare rocks, between rocks or locations inaccessible to goats, at least 100 feet away from trails or campsites.



Snakes are usually non-confrontational. They will quietly slither away if left alone. When surprised, most snakes will raise their heads and look at you. This is their way of saying, "leave me alone." Rattles announce their irritation with a menacing rattle.

Be alert around rocks or boulder fields, grassy areas, deadfall and wooded areas near water. Avoid stepping where you can't see where you'll be placing your feet. Wear high-topped, leather boots, carry a walking stick and make noise as you tap the ground, brush and grass in front of you.

If you encounter a snake, stop, walk around it or just back off and allow the snake to escape.



Keep your campsite clean to ward off **Bears**, and do not leave food, garbage, coolers or cooking equipment out in the open.

Remember, bears are potentially dangerous and unpredictable—never feed or approach them. When hiking in bear country, stay on trails and make noise. If you see a bear in the distance, give it adequate space.

If you encounter a bear, stop, talk quietly in a calm, clear voice and back away slowly. Do not turn your back. If a bear charges, it is most likely a "bluff charge." Do not run, just keep talking and backing away. If a bear huffs, pops its jaw, or stomps its paws on the ground it wants you to back away and give it space.

Bear encounters fall into two categories: a defensive encounter, where the bear has been surprised or is trying to defend something such as its young or food, and predatory encounters, where the bear wants something you have.

If a bear approaches in a defensive encounter, use bear spray to deter the bear. If the bear continues to approach, drop to the ground, lie on your stomach and "play dead" until the bear leaves. If the bear approaches in a predatory encounter, stand your ground and be aggressive—yell, stand tall, wave your arms and throw objects, blow a whistle, use pepper spray or anything else to threaten or distract the bear. If a black bear makes contact, **FIGHT BACK**.



Cougar attacks on humans are extremely rare. Cougars are secretive and shy, and usually avoid contact with people. Running may trigger a cougar's predatory response to attack, so it is best to never run or jog alone in cougar territory.

Never approach a cougar, especially if it is near a kill or with young, and never offer it food. Make noise and go in groups. If you do encounter a cougar, stop; pick up small children and keep pets close. Face it and make yourself look as big and menacing as possible. Shout and yell while looking it directly in the eye, and slowly back away. If the animal does not flee, be more assertive by waving your arms and throwing anything available. If the animal attacks, fight back and **DO NOT RUN!**

Wolves are also shy. They generally fear and avoid humans, but encounters sometimes occur when humans and wolves use the same habitat. If you do encounter a wolf, stay calm, don't run, stand tall to make yourself look larger, slowly back away and maintain eye contact.



Wolves that approach people, buildings, livestock or domestic dogs are either habituated to humans, unhealthy, wolf-dog hybrids or former captive animals. Wolf-dog hybrids can be especially dangerous because they lack the shyness of wild wolves.

In most cases, wildlife viewing is a safe pastime when people follow these general precautions:

DO NOT FEED WILDLIFE! Animals that get food from people may become aggressive and expect food from all humans they encounter. They can become a nuisance and may need to be destroyed to protect people.

Do not approach wildlife. View and photograph them from a distance as this minimizes stress to animals and provides a safe distance between you and them. If an animal approaches, it is best to move away and maintain a safe distance.

Leave pets at home. Pets may attract bears and cougars. If your pet accompanies you, be sure to keep it on a leash.

Always keep children within your sight; you don't know what critter might be around the next bend in the trail.

Watch for baby animals and leave them alone. Cute babies mean protective parents.

Report unusual wildlife encounters to National Forest or State Department of Fish & Wildlife offices.

Whenever encountering wild animals it is always best to just back away and view them from a distance. Follow these guidelines to avoid dangerous situations and enjoy the wildlife that make the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest their home. ■

The Colville and Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forests are working together to revise their land and resource management plans, also known as Forest Plans, as required by a 1976 law known as the National Forest Management Act.

"We are making progress in revising the land management plans," said Project Manager Margaret Hartzell. "Revising a Forest Plan is a complex, multi-year task. This year we are concentrating on writing a draft environmental impact statement (DEIS) and draft revised plans for each national forest."

The analysis report and draft land management plans should be available for public review by fall 2014. A series of informational open houses and a 90-day comment period will follow. A final environmental impact statement should be out in 2015 and will include a 30-day objection period before a Record of Decision is signed and implementation begins.

Forest Plans provide broad guidance, are strategic in nature and set forth the desired conditions that forest managers strive to reach under their stewardship of the national forest. The existing plans, completed back in the late 80s and early 90s, were amended several times during the last two decades to address changes in policies, legislation and adaptive management. "It's time to bring management strategies up to date with current management policies," Hartzell said.

Much has changed over the life of the current set of Forest Plans. This includes changes in public values and expectations, recreation demands and types of recreation uses, demographics and development patterns, and natural resource policy. Other changes have occurred on the landscape itself, and there have been advances in our knowledge about landscape processes, science and technology and climate change.

Revised Forest Plans will not only address changes in the natural environment by incorporating new understandings of scientific research and social trends, but will also satisfy new regulatory requirements.

Forest Plans are very similar to county zoning plans in that they describe types of uses or activities that are appropriate for certain parts of the national forest, such as recreation or forest health treatments.

The 2011 Proposed Action information and Public Comment Summary report are posted on the project website. The comment summary further describes these significant issues: old forest management, motorized recreation trails, road access, preliminarily administratively recommended wilderness, livestock grazing, wildlife habitat, and riparian and aquatic resource management.

These significant issues serve as a basis to create alternatives to the Proposed Action, which are then analyzed and shared in the draft environmental impact statement (DEIS). Target for release for public review of the DEISs and draft land management plans for each forest is fall 2014. A series of informational open houses and a 90-day comment period will follow.

A final EIS is expected in 2015, and will include a 30-day objection period before a Record of Decision is signed and implementation begins.

How can you help? Stay engaged with the planning effort; become familiar with the 2011 proposed actions and analysis of public comments, and review and provide comments on the DEIS when it is available.

For more information, check out the project website for meeting notes and background material, public collaboration steps, briefing papers and project timeline at:

fs.usda.gov/goto/okawen/plan-revision or call Debbie Kelly, public affairs contact at (509) 664-9247. ■

HELP SHAPE THE FUTURE OF YOUR NATIONAL FOREST

BY DEBORAH KELLY



It is hard to tell that a multi-million-dollar, globally-recognized mine remediation/cleanup project is underway on the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest when traveling up Lake Chelan by boat. But, the Holden Mine Remediation Project is just that, and in 2014 remediation efforts will again be in full swing.

The Holden Mine is located 40 miles up-lake from the city of Chelan and 10 miles by road from Lucerne Landing. It was a major copper mine that operated for two decades before an economic downturn forced its closure in 1957. The mine encompass about 120 acres in the Railroad Creek Valley, making it the largest mine cleanup in the national forest system.

The need for remediation stems from discarded waste rock and mill tailings that were piled adjacent to Railroad Creek during mining activities. Over the past 40 years, these piles have been exposed to rain, snowmelt and ground water creating acidic water runoff with high concentrations of aluminum, zinc, iron, cadmium, and copper. The impacted runoff entered Railroad Creek, and degraded water quality and aquatic habitat downstream from the site.

The Forest Service, Washington State Department of Ecology, Environmental Protection Agency, and Yakama Nation are working with Rio Tinto, the mining company funding and implementing the cleanup to correct the environmental impacts of the Holden Mine. They are also working closely with managers at Holden Village, a Lutheran retreat center adjacent to the mine.

About 150 people live and work at the remote cleanup site during the summer. Transporting

equipment to the site can only occur by barge because no roads connect the mine site to Chelan. The implementation phase of the cleanup began in 2013 with the construction of a barge ramp at the Lucerne Landing. Crews also installed two bulkheads in the underground mine to control contaminated ground water flow, demolished the mill building, and relocated segments of Railroad Creek and Copper Creek to allow tailings piles to be graded in 2014.

Crews will be back onsite this year installing a deep, below-ground barrier wall between Railroad Creek and the tailings piles to collect contaminated ground water from the site. This water will then be directed to a treatment plant to remove metals and neutralize acidity before being reintroduced into Railroad Creek. The tailings and waste rock piles will be graded to improve slope stability, covered with soil and re-vegetated to match the surrounding landscape.

Holden Village is supporting the cleanup operations by housing remediation workers and implementing improvement projects in Holden Village.

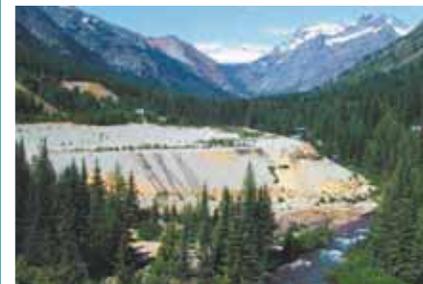
The Railroad Creek Valley remains one of the main avenues into the Glacier Peak Wilderness Area. The Lyman Lake/Hart Lake Trail is accessible to backpackers. However, bus transportation from Lucerne Landing to Holden Village will occur only on Saturdays and Sundays in conjunction with the Lady of the Lake ferry schedule. For more information contact the Chelan Ranger District office at 509-682-4900.

For Holden Mine Cleanup construction updates visit fs.usda.gov/goto/okawen/holdenmine

CLEANING UP THE PAST... TO IMPROVE THE FUTURE

THE HOLDEN MINE CLEANUP PROJECT

BY ELKA MISSAL



HOLDEN MINE TAILINGS ABOVE RAILROAD CREEK

MOTORIZED TRAVEL MANAGEMENT — NEED FOR CHANGE

WHY IS THE FOREST SERVICE CHANGING MOTORIZED VEHICLE USE ON NATIONAL FORESTS THROUGH EFFORTS LIKE THE TRAVEL MANAGEMENT RULE?

BY ROLAND GILLER



Quite simply, the Forest Service can't maintain its massive transportation system, protect natural resources, keep pace with the explosive growth of motorized recreation, and ensure public safety with the way it now manages motorized vehicle use.

The maintenance backlog for Washington and Oregon's national forest roads is huge. Road repairs would cost an estimated \$1.1 billion. Travel Management is necessary because the Forest Service has limited resources and can't maintain the 91,000-mile road system in Washington and Oregon national forests. The agency would need \$200 million annually to pay for proper operations and maintenance work for these roads. With a budget of only \$10 million, it means it must be judicious in how it maintains roads.

The Okanogan-Wenatchee NF is about 4 million acres in size; 2.4 million acres are in motorized management areas and roughly 500,000 acres are accessible to motorized cross-country travel. This forest has more than 8,000 miles of roads, including 5,000 miles of open roads and 3,000 miles of closed roads. It also contains 4,000 miles of trails, including 3,000 miles of non-motorized, 800 miles of motorcycle, and 250 miles of four-wheel-drive trails. There are also thousands of access spur roads to dispersed recreation and camping sites.

The national forest's road maintenance budget varies from year to year. On average, annually it can only maintain about 25 percent of its roads. Current and future road maintenance budgets are insufficient to maintain the existing miles of roads. The only way to realistically cut costs is by reducing maintenance levels on open roads, putting roads in storage, or decommissioning them.

Sixty years of heavy traffic by logging trucks, and use by agency managers and recreation-seekers have taken a toll on roads running through Northwest national forests. These roads are now a major source of fine sediment pollution, according to

the Environmental Protection Agency. Roads can frequently contribute up to 90 percent of the sediment going into streams, particularly if they're not properly engineered, located, and maintained.

Unmanaged roads can create both resource and safety concerns. Where roads are no longer adequately maintained, erosion and silting into channels is common. During storms, plugged culverts and unstable road fill can trigger landslides. Many of these roads pose risks to the environment because they were built according to outdated design standards, have critical components nearing or exceeding their design life or have not received sufficient maintenance.

Most national forest roads in Oregon and Washington were built to support timber management. Over time, use of these roads has shifted dramatically as timber harvests have declined and recreation has grown exponentially. Simultaneously, timber harvests that once funded most road construction and maintenance through timber receipts have dwindled.

In the 1960s, recreational motor vehicle use on national forest system roads was relatively light compared with timber traffic. Today, recreational motor vehicle use constitutes 90 percent of all traffic on national forest roads. Much of the road maintenance needs and resource damage are the result of continuous recreational use of roads originally constructed for intermittent commercial use. The Forest Service must consider its capacity to maintain roads when deciding which ones it designates for motor vehicle use.

Motor vehicles are a legitimate and appropriate way for people to enjoy their national forests—in the right places and with proper management. The challenge for Forest Service managers is to address the needs and conflicting expectations of millions of people who use and enjoy national forests, while providing for the long-term sustainability of these public lands. fs.usda.gov/goto/okawen/mtm. ■

WHAT ARE THE RULES ABOUT PROSPECTING IN THE NATIONAL FOREST?



Gold panning is a common prospecting technique used to search for gold or other valuable placer minerals. Prospecting might also include collecting samples of mineralized rock, using basic tools like rock hammers, metal detectors, or small dredges and sluices.

Not all parts of the national forest are available to prospecting. Areas that are excluded include Wild and Scenic River corridors, historic or archaeological sites, campgrounds, wilderness areas, administrative sites, or other areas withdrawn from mineral entry under the 1872 Mining Law.

It is the recreational prospector's responsibility to know if the minerals are under claim and get permission from the claimant before doing any prospecting, including gold panning. It is common for gold bearing streams on national forests to be claimed by miners under the Mining Law.

The best source of information is the ranger district where you wish to look for minerals. Local staff might be able to provide some claim information and tell you which areas are closed. Claim information for all claims on the national forest can be found at blm.gov/lr2000 or at local courthouses in the counties where the claims are located.

Individuals planning to undertake a prospecting excursion should be aware of the rules and regulations before going to the woods. According to Forest Service regulations, prospecting activities in general do not require a Forest Service permit as long as they "do not cause significant surface disturbance." Agency regulations governing mining activity on National Forest System lands can be found online at the Forest Service Minerals and Geology Management website at:

www.fs.fed.us/geology/minerals.html or at a local Forest Service office.

Metal detecting is allowed in the national forest. But, be advised that collecting archaeological artifacts, like old coins or buttons, is prohibited on national forest lands because they are considered historical resources. While you are out enjoying the forest you may find old mine workings. For safety reasons, do not go into abandoned mines!

The gold enthusiast who wants to work in creeks should be aware Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife (WDFW) has rules for panning for gold, mineral prospecting, and placer mining to protect fish. Many streams contain sensitive fish species so be sure to ask ranger district staff if a Notice of Intent to Operate is needed before you operate on the district.

Following are frequently asked questions about prospecting in the national forest:

What are the regulations about gold panning? Find out if the location is under a claim and follow instructions in the Gold and Fish pamphlet.

How do I get a copy of the Gold and Fish pamphlet? These pamphlets can be found at wdfw.wa.gov/licensing/mining or you can request one from a WDFW office.

How do I find out where claims are? The county auditor's office generally stores mining claim records or you can go to blm.gov/lr2000. Claims are filed first with the county and then with the Bureau of Land Management office located in Portland, Oregon, within 90 days to be considered properly filed.

FOREST NEWS AND INFORMATION

Recognizing that federal tax dollars were not enough to provide for the maintenance and operations of many developed recreation sites on federal public land, Congress passed the Federal Lands Recreation Enhancement Act in 2004. This Act authorized specific federal agencies, including the Forest Service, to charge fees at recreation sites that provided certain amenities. The money collected at fee sites is then retained on the national forest to be reinvested in recreation site operations, maintenance and improvements.

The Forest Service is a federally-funded agency, so you might wonder why we charge recreation fees at some sites. In short, because recreation fees help us pay for staff and keep the lights on at many of our recreation sites.

When you buy a Recreation Pass or pay a \$5 day use fee to visit fee sites on the Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest, 95 percent of every dollar you spend stays on the forest and is reinvested here. The other 5 percent goes to the Forest Service's Pacific Northwest Regional Office to pay for program materials and to fund projects that help reduce deferred maintenance or improve visitor services. For example, in 2012 the regional office provided funds to complete repairs and upgrades to many Forest Service rental cabins across Oregon and Washington.

The Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest's share of the appropriated recreation budget decreased about 25 percent from 2010 to 2013, down from \$3.3 million to \$2.47 million. The current appropriated budget only funds about 75 percent of the permanent and 10 percent of the seasonal employees needed to operate and maintain the recreation sites and trails you visit and enjoy on the forest. With our budgets on a continued downward slide, recreation fee collections, grant funding and volunteer contributions are more critical every year.

Each year, about \$875,000 is collected from recreation use fees on the Okanogan-Wenatchee NF.

In 2013, recreation fees:

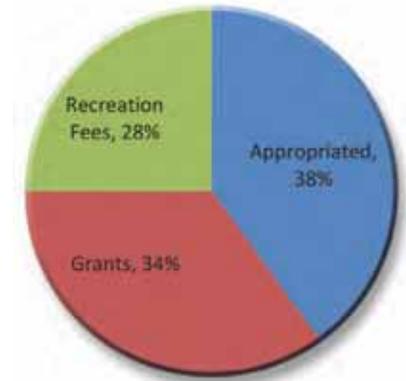
- Provided jobs for 20 seasonal employees and supported 20 campground hosts to clean and maintain recreation sites. This work included mowing vegetation, removing hazardous trees, maintaining water systems, cleaning toilets, and maintaining or replacing bulletin boards, picnic tables and campfire grates.
- Provided matching dollars to leverage grant funding for campground and trail maintenance work. Combined, grants and recreation fees fund 90 percent of our seasonal employees working in campgrounds, wilderness areas and trails. Recreation fees combined with leveraged grant funding supported trail maintenance work on nearly 780 miles of trail.
- Paid for tools and cleaning supplies, maintenance of 43 water systems, repairs to six water systems, 64 new picnic tables and fire grates, four new vault toilets, repairs to 40 existing toilets, 27 new bulletin boards, replacement of parking barriers and toilet pumping and garbage collection costs.

Recreation fees are also important because we can save up for expensive projects like installation of new toilets, new trail bridges or water system repairs and upgrades—something we can't do with appropriated funding or grants.

In summer 2013, we used some recreation fees we had been saving in a rainy day fund to help make up for a 77 percent decrease in our appropriated funding for facilities maintenance. We were able to continue to operate and maintain our recreation sites with this money, rather than have to reduce services or close sites.

The recreation fee program is an important part of our total operating budget and we appreciate your continued support! If you have any questions about the recreation fee program, please contact Recreation Fee Program Manager Brenda Yankoviak at byankoviak@fs.fed.us or phone 509-664-9200. ■

RECREATION FEES: INVESTING IN YOUR RECREATION OPPORTUNITIES



RECREATION FEES AND GRANT FUNDS ACCOUNT FOR 62 PERCENT OF THE TOTAL RECREATION BUDGET FOR 2014.



To aid forest visitors, the following pages contain general maps and information about favorite trails and campgrounds on each of the seven ranger districts in the national forest.

We hope these maps and trail and campground lists help you when deciding where to recreate in the national forest. The material included on these pages is general in nature, so be sure to contact the local ranger district office for more detailed

camping and trail information, seasonal restrictions, and more.

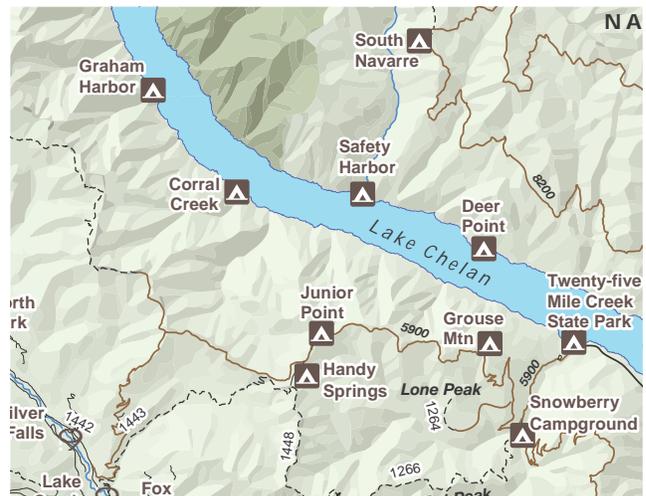
Note that some of the trails highlighted here can be long, rugged and challenging. Be prepared for any kind of weather in this mountain environment.

The red and blue icons below, and on the following pages, indicate the type of activities and services allowed or available at each site.

RECREATION OPPORTUNITIES AROUND

CHECK OUT MAPS AND RECREATION INFO ON FOLLOWING PAGES

- | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| AMPHITHEATER | FISHING |
| BARRIER-FREE RESTROOMS | GROUP SITE |
| BARRIER-FREE SITE | HIKING |
| BIKING | HORSE CAMP |
| BOAT LAUNCH | HORSE CORRALS OR RAILS |
| BOATING | HORSEBACK RIDING |
| CABIN RENTALS | INTERPRETIVE SIGNS |
| CAMP TRAILERS OR RVs | MOTORCYCLE RIDING |
| CAMPING | OFF HIGHWAY VEHICLES |
| CANOEING | RESTROOMS OR outhOUSES |
| COVERED SHELTER | PICNIC TABLES |
| COVERED SHELTER WITH PICNIC TABLES | VIEWPOINT |
| CROSS-COUNTRY SKIING | SNOWSHOEING |
| DOGS ALLOWED | SWIMMING |
| DRINKING WATER | TRAILHEAD |



CHELAN RANGER DISTRICT TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE CHELAN RANGER DISTRICT

No fees are required at trailheads that access any of these trails.

SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS

DEVILS BACKBONE №1448 
13 miles from Stormy Mt. Road to Handy Springs.
Elevation: 6,121'–6,520'

DOMKE LAKE №1280 
3 miles. Elevation: 1,100'–2,192'

ECHO RIDGE №1290-1291 
Multiple loops (more than 25 miles)
Elevation: 3,400'–4,324'
In winter, passes cost \$70/ season or \$10/day

NORTH FORK FISH CREEK №1248.1 
3 miles. Trail starts at Fish Creek Trail 1248 and continues to Summit Trail 1259.
Elevation: 3600'–5600'

HART AND LYMAN LAKES №1256 
10.5 miles. Elevation: 3,209'–5,983'

LAKESHORE №1247 
17 miles. Elevation: 1,100'–1,600'

LONE PEAK №1264 
2 miles. Elevation: 3,000'–3,500'

PACIFIC CREST TRAIL №2000 
20 miles from High Bridge Campground to Suiattle Pass. Elevation: 1,700'–5,983'

DEVORE CREEK №1244 
14 miles. Trail starts from the Stehekin River Trail (in the Lake Chelan National Recreation Area) and ends at Hilgard Pass. Elevation: 1200'–6600'

HOLDEN LAKE №1251 
4 miles. Trailhead starts at Hart and Lyman Lakes Trail 1256 and ends at Holden Lake.

EMERALD PARK №1230 
7 miles. Trail starts 1.5 miles up the Domke Lake Trail 1280. Elevation: 2150'–6663'

POT PEAK TRAIL №1266 
9.5 miles to Devils Backbone.
Elevation: 1,880'–6,640'

PRINCE CREEK №1255 
10.7 miles To North Fork Prince Creek
Elevation: 1,100'–5,500'

SUMMER BLOSSOM №1258 
6 miles. Elevation: 6,400'–7,400'

SUMMIT TRAIL №1259.3 (Motorized segment) 
9.1 miles from South Navarre Campground to Prince Creek Motorized Trail.
Elevation: 7,000'–8,000'

SUMMIT WILDERNESS TRAILS 
№1259.1 - 1259.2
18 miles from Prince Creek Motorized Trail junction to Lake Chelan Recreation Area boundary.
Elevation: 5,000'–7,200'



LAKE CHELAN (LEFT) AND DOMKE LAKE



LAKESHORE TRAIL



SUMMIT TRAIL AREA

CHELAN RANGER DISTRICT
428 W. WOODIN AVENUE
CHELAN, WA 98816
(509) 682-4900 (VOICE/TTY)

“Drive To” Campgrounds

No campgrounds on Chelan Ranger District are reservable.

ANTILON LAKE



14 miles from Chelan at the north end of Antilon Lake. Dispersed sites. Trailers not advised. No fee. Vault toilets, no campfire rings or picnic tables. Bring drinking water and pack out all garbage.

GROUSE MOUNTAIN



11 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park on FS Road 5900. 4 tent sites. Trailers not advised. No fee. No water. Pit toilets, campfire rings and picnic tables. Heavily used during hunting season.

HANDY SPRINGS



18 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park on FS Road 5900. Primitive campground. 1 tent site. Trailers not advised. No fee. Spring water is available; no potable water. One table, one fire ring, one toilet.

JUNIOR POINT



16 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park on FS Road 5900. 5 tent sites. Trailers not advised. No fee. No water. Viewpoint, pit toilets, campfire rings, and picnic tables.

SNOWBERRY BOWL



3.5 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park on FS Road 8410. 7 single sites. 2 double sites. Accessible to all but the largest RV's. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$8). Water, picnic tables, campfire rings and vault toilets.

SOUTH NAVARRE

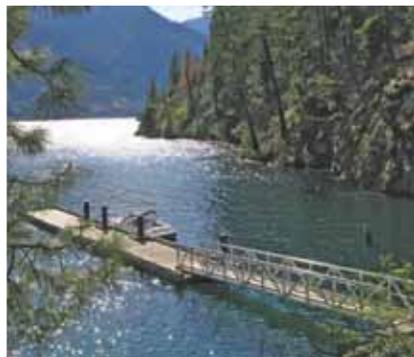


35 miles from Chelan. Primitive campground. 3-4 sites. Trailers not advised. No fee. No potable water. Picnic tables, fire rings and pit toilets. No stock water.

WINDY CAMP



15 miles SW of Ramona Park on FS Road 8410. Primitive campground. 2 sites. Trailers not advised. No fee. Picnic tables, fire rings and one toilet.



REFRIGERATOR HARBOR

“Boat In” Campgrounds

CORRAL CREEK



8.9 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Floating dock, 6 boat capacity. 5 tent sites. Dock permit required. Two picnic tables, three fire rings and one toilet

DEER POINT



3.6 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Floating dock, 8 boat capacity. 5 tent sites. Dock permit required. Picnic tables, fire rings and two toilets. Good shelter from down-lake winds but no protection from up-lake winds.

DOMKE FALLS



17.9 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Floating dock, 6 boat capacity. 4 tent sites. Dock permit required. Fire rings, picnic tables and one toilet.

GRAHAM HARBOR



12.4 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Floating dock, 10 boat capacity. 5 tent sites. Dock permit required. Picnic tables, shelter, fire rings and two toilets. Good shelter from down-lake winds but no protection from up-lake winds.

LUCERNE



21 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Dock and boat basin, 11 boat capacity. 3 tent sites. Dock permit required. Picnic tables, fire rings and two toilets. Adjacent to Forest Service Guard Station.

MITCHELL CREEK



3.7 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Dock and 17 boat capacity. 1 shelter. Dock permit required. Seven picnic tables, seven fire rings and two toilets. Popular picnic area.

MOORE POINT



23.8 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Fixed dock, 3 boat capacity. 1 shelter. Dock permit required. Four picnic tables, four campfire rings, shelter, two toilets and bear box.

PRINCE CREEK



15.4 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Floating dock, 3 boat capacity. 6 tent sites. Dock permit required. Five fire rings, five picnic tables, three toilets and bear box.

REFRIGERATOR HARBOR



21.1 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. 4 boat capacity, 1 shelter. 4 tent sites. Dock permit required. Accessible year-round. Four picnic tables, four fire rings, shelter and two toilets. Good down-lake wind protection but no protection from up-lake winds.

SAFETY HARBOR



5.5 miles from 25-Mile Creek State Park. Floating dock, 6 boat capacity. 4 tent sites. Dock permit required. Two picnic tables, two fire rings, shelter and one toilet. Good shelter from both up and down-lake winds.

“Boat In” Campgrounds

MOORE POINT



5.5 miles south of Stehekin, 12.5 miles north of Prince Creek on Trail No. 1247. 4 main sites. No fee. Four fire rings, a three-sided shelter and bear box. This is a boat-in campground and is busy on weekends.

PRINCE CREEK



18 miles south of Stehekin on Trail No. 1247. 6 tent sites. No fee. Six picnic tables and six fire rings. This is a boat-in campground and is busy on weekends.

“Hike In” Campgrounds

CASCADE CREEK



Located off of the Lakeshore Trail. 2 miles from Lucerne on Trails 1230 and 1280. 2 tent sites. No fee. One picnic table, one fire ring and Wallowa toilet.

DOMKE LAKE



3 miles from Lucerne Landing. No fee. Five tent sites, five picnic tables, five fire rings, one pit toilet.

HOLDEN



Located near Holden Village. 0.1 mile past Hart/Lyman Lake trailhead.



LUCERNE



LAKESHORE TRAIL

CLE ELUM RANGER DISTRICT TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE CLE ELUM RANGER DISTRICT

SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS

CATHEDRAL PASS №1345 
2 miles to Squaw Lake. Elevation: 3,400'–5,600'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet. Self-issued Wilderness permit required.

COOPER RIVER №1311 
3.5 miles to Cooper Lake. Elevation: 2,400'–2,900'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet.

DECEPTION PASS №1376 
2 miles to Hyas Lake. Elevation: 3,400'–4,500'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet. Self-issued Wilderness permit required.

ESMERALDA BASIN №1394 
3 miles to high point. Elevation: 4,200'–5,900'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet.

INGALLS WAY №1390 
4 miles to Ingalls Pass. Elevation: 4,200'–6,500'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet. Self-issued Wilderness permit required.

KACHESS RIDGE №1315 
(ALSO KNOWN AS SILVER CREEK)
2 miles to lunch spot. Elevation: 2,400'–3,800'

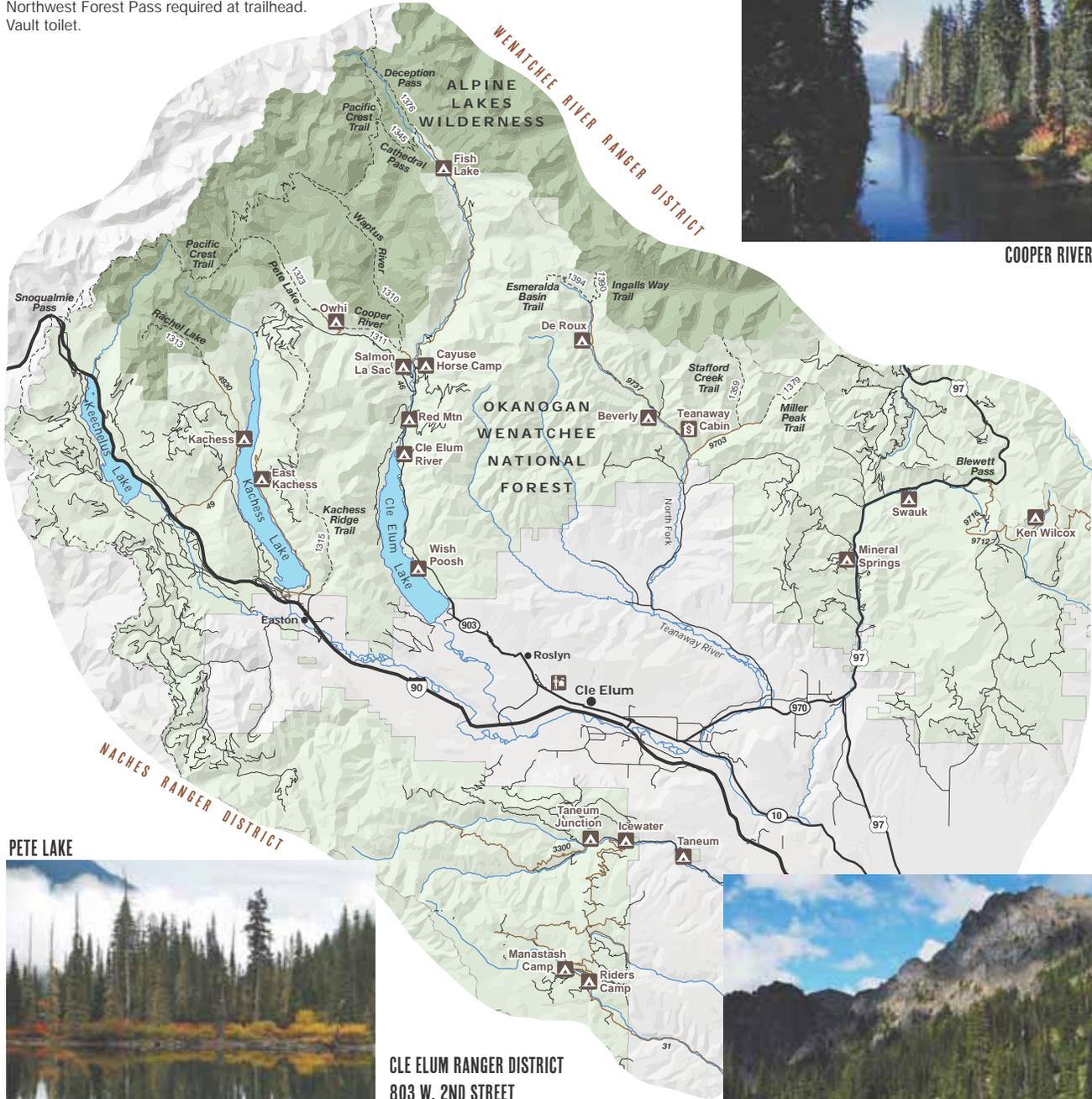
MILLER PEAK №1379 
4.2 miles to Miller Peak. Elevation: 3,200'–6,400'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet.

PETE LAKE №1323 
4 miles to Pete Lake. Elevation: 2,800'–3,000'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault Toilet. Self-issued Wilderness permit required.

RACHEL LAKE №1313 
4 miles to Rachel Lake. Elevation: 2,800'–4,700'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault Toilet. Self-issued Wilderness permit required.

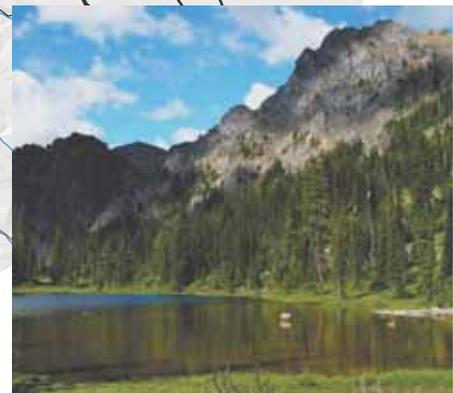
STAFFORD CREEK №1359 
5.6 miles to Navaho Pass. Elevation: 3,120'–6,000'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet.

WAPTUS RIVER №1310 
9 miles to Waptus Lake. Elevation: 2,400'–3,100'
Northwest Forest Pass required at trailhead. Vault toilet. Self-issued Wilderness permit required.



COOPER RIVER

PETE LAKE



CLE ELUM RANGER DISTRICT
803 W. 2ND STREET
CLE ELUM, WA 98922
(509) 852-1100
(509) 674-9770 (TTY)

CAMPGROUNDS

CLE ELUM RANGER DISTRICT

BEVERLY

14 sites. \$8. Not reservable. No water.

CAYUSE HORSE CAMP

11 single sites. 3 double equestrian sites (a single corral available for each site, maximum 3 horses per single site and 4 horses per double site). \$20 single site, \$40 double site (extra vehicle \$8). Reservable. Water, picnic area, campfire rings, and vault toilets, horse camp, trailer sites, trailhead. Off-road vehicles are not permitted. A minimum of one stock animal per campsite required. Horses must be kept in corrals; no high-lining or hobbles permitted. Manure collection area. Newer, larger horse trailers cannot be accommodated. *

CLE ELUM RIVER

6 single sites. 8 double sites. \$16 single, \$32 double (extra vehicle \$7). Not reservable. Day use fee \$6. Trailer sites, restrooms, water, hiking fishing. *

CLE ELUM RIVER GROUP SITE

1 site. \$115 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 100 people. Maximum 25 cars. No electric hookups are available. *

CLE ELUM RIVER PICNIC AREA

1 site. \$6. Not reservable. (Sun.-Thurs. only). Extra vehicle \$3. *

DEROUX

6 sites. Northwest Forest Pass required. Not reservable. No water. Stock ramp and hitch rails. Trailer sites, restrooms, trailhead, hiking, horseback riding.

FISH LAKE

3 tent only sites. No fee. Not reservable. No water. Picnic area, restrooms, fishing.

ICEWATER CREEK

11 single sites. 3 double sites. \$16 single, \$32 double (extra vehicle \$7). Not reservable. No water. Trailer sites, restrooms, motorcycle trailhead. *



TUCQUALA LAKE

KACHESS

119 single sites. 28 double sites. \$21 single, \$42 double (extra vehicle \$8). Reservable. Day use fee \$7. Trailer sites, picnic area, restrooms, water, hiking, boating, small boat access, fishing. *

KACHESS GROUP SITE

1 site. \$115 + \$9 fee. Reservations required. Water levels in Kachess Lake and Little Kachess Lake vary during the summer. Drinking water is available. *

EAST KACHESS GROUP SITE

1 site \$65 + \$9 reservation fee (Mon.-Thurs.) \$90 + \$9 fee (Fri.-Sun.). Reservations required. Maximum 100 people. Maximum 25 cars. Water levels in Kachess Lake and Little Kachess Lake will vary during the summer. No drinking water available. Maximum RV length 30 feet.

KEN WILCOX

19 sites. Northwest Forest Pass required. Not reservable. Stock ramps, hitch rails and highline posts, manure collection area. Stock water at creek in meadow, not for human consumption. Horse camp, trailer sites, restrooms, trailhead, hiking, horseback riding, bicycling. Campground and area trails heavily impacted by 2012 Table Mt Fire. This campground may not open in 2014.

MANASTASH CAMP

30 sites. Northwest Forest Pass required. Not reservable. Picnic area, restrooms, water, hiking, OHV.

MINERAL SPRINGS

12 sites. \$16 (extra vehicle \$7). Not reservable. Trailer sites, restrooms, water, hiking, fishing. *

MINERAL SPRINGS GROUP SITE

1 site. \$85 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 50 people. Maximum 10 cars. No electric hookups are available. *

OWHI

22 tent only sites. \$14 (extra vehicle \$6). Not reservable. Walk in sites 100-400 feet from parking area. Restrooms, hiking, bicycling, fishing. *

RED MOUNTAIN

10 sites. \$14 (extra vehicle \$6). Not reservable. Not suitable for trailers. Restrooms, fishing. *

RED MOUNTAIN PICNIC AREA

1 site. \$6. Not reservable. (Sun.-Thurs. only) extra vehicle \$3. Closed Friday and Saturday. *

RIDERS CAMP

10 sites. Northwest Forest Pass required. Not reservable. Trailer sites, picnic area, restrooms, trailhead, hiking, horseback riding, OHV.

SALMON LA SAC

60 single sites. 8 double sites. \$20 single, \$40 double (extra vehicle \$8). Reservable. No water or electric hookups are available. Off-road vehicles are not permitted. Trailer sites, picnic shelter, restrooms, water, hiking, bicycling, fishing. *

SWAUK

19 single sites. 2 double sites. \$16 single, \$32 double (extra vehicle \$7). Not reservable. Trailer sites, picnic area, covered shelter, restrooms, trailhead, hiking. *

TANEUM

13 sites. \$16 (extra vehicle \$7). Not reservable. Trailer sites, picnic area, covered shelter, water, hiking, fishing. *

WISH POOSH

29 single sites. 5 double sites. \$21 single, \$42 double. Reservable. Day use fee \$7. No water or electric hookups. Off-road vehicles are not permitted. Trailer sites, picnic area, restrooms, water, small boat access, canoeing, fishing. *

Cabin Rentals

TEANAWAY

2 people maximum. 1 bunk bed. 2 cars maximum. \$40

TANEUM

4 people maximum. 2 double beds. 4 cars max. \$80 *

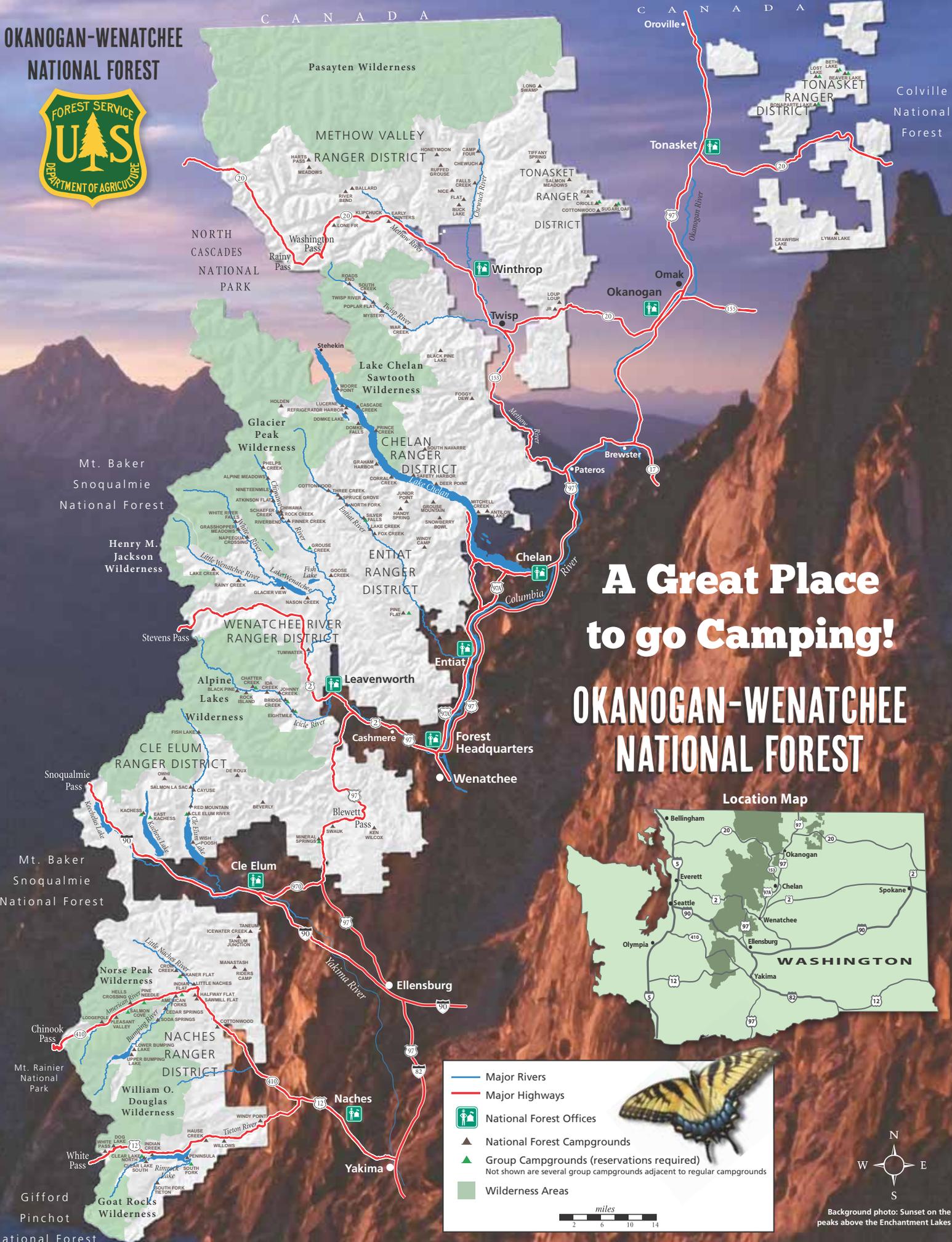
Sites at these campgrounds can be reserved. CAMPSITE, GROUP SITE and CABIN RESERVATIONS must be made through National Recreation Reservation System 1-877-444-6777, international number 518-884-3639 or recreation.gov Reservations may be made one year in advance.

* Operated by Thousand Trails, a concessionaire under contract with the US Forest Service. Firewood bundles are on sale for \$6 at Thousand Trails operated campgrounds.



CLE ELUM RIVER CAMPGROUND

OKANOGAN-WENATCHEE NATIONAL FOREST



**A Great Place
to go Camping!**
**OKANOGAN-WENATCHEE
NATIONAL FOREST**

Location Map



- Major Rivers
- Major Highways
- National Forest Offices
- National Forest Campgrounds
- Group Campgrounds (reservations required)
Not shown are several group campgrounds adjacent to regular campgrounds
- Wilderness Areas




Background photo: Sunset on the peaks above the Enchantment Lakes

ENTIAT RANGER DISTRICT

TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE ENTIAT RANGER DISTRICT

SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS

SILVER FALLS №1442

1.4 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Easy. Short scenic trail near a waterfall.

LAKE CREEK №1443

8.6 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. More difficult. Trail starts at Entiat River Road 5100 and ends at Devils Back Bone.

MIDDLE TOMMY №1424

9.3 miles. Most difficult for motorbikes. Trail ties into Blue Creek Trail No. 1426.

PYRAMID MOUNTAIN №1433

16.8 miles. More difficult for pack and saddle users. Trail runs from Big Hill Road 5900 to Emerald Park Trail No. 1230.

NORTH FORK ENTIAT RIVER №1437

8.1 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. More difficult for pack and saddle users. Trail begins at the end of North Fork Road 5606 and ends at Pyramid Mountain Trail.

ENTIAT RIVER №1400

14.7 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Easy. No motorized or mechanized travel in Wilderness.

MYRTLE LAKE №1404

4 miles. Easy. Very popular day use trail.

ICE CREEK TRAIL №1405

4.1 miles. Easy. Trail extends from Entiat River Trail No. 1400 to Ice Camp.

ICE LAKES №1405.1

2 miles. Most difficult. Short trail from Ice Camp to Ice Lakes in the Glacier Peak Wilderness.

MAD RIVER TRAIL №1409

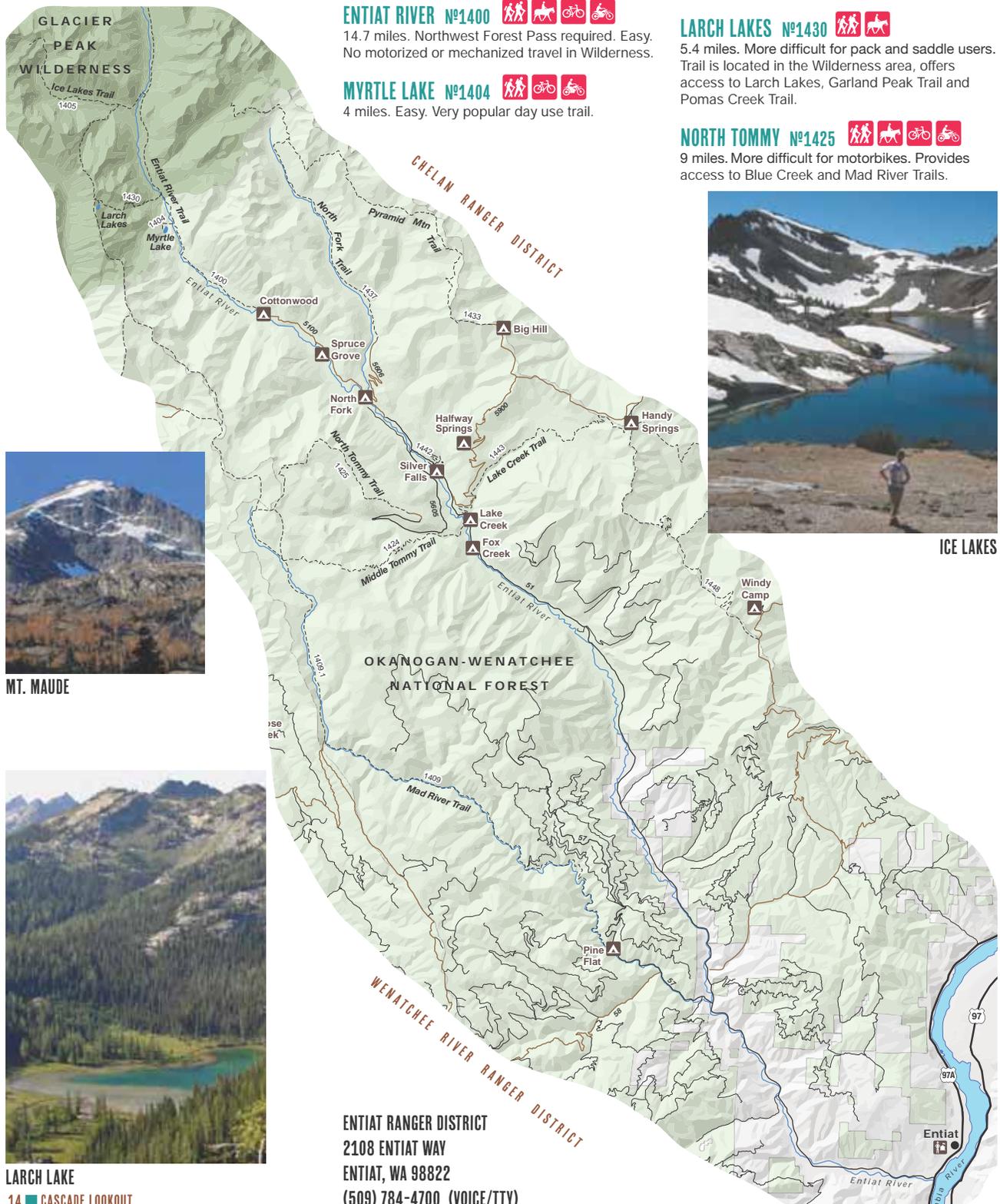
14.9 miles. Easy to Most Difficult. Trail begins at Pine Flats Campground and continues to Maverick Saddle.

LARCH LAKES №1430

5.4 miles. More difficult for pack and saddle users. Trail is located in the Wilderness area, offers access to Larch Lakes, Garland Peak Trail and Pomas Creek Trail.

NORTH TOMMY №1425

9 miles. More difficult for motorbikes. Provides access to Blue Creek and Mad River Trails.

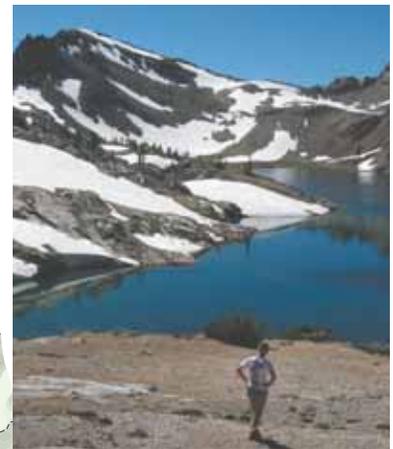


MT. MAUDE



LARCH LAKE

14 CASCADE LOOKOUT



ICE LAKES

ENTIAT RANGER DISTRICT
2108 ENTIAT WAY
ENTIAT, WA 98822
(509) 784-4700 (VOICE/TTY)

CAMPGROUNDS

ENTIAT RANGER DISTRICT

BIG HILL



11 miles up Shady Pass Road 5900. 6,800' elevation. 1 site. Trailers not recommended. Really rough access road. No fee. Not reservable. Rustic dispersed camping area. Shelter on site. No water.

COTTONWOOD



38 miles from Hwy 97A. 3,100' elevation. 25 sites. 28' max trailer length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$8). Not reservable. Water, pit toilets and garbage service.

FOX CREEK



27 miles from Hwy 97A. 2,000' elevation. 16 sites. 28' max trailer length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$8). Not reservable. Water, pit toilets and garbage service.

HALFWAY SPRINGS



6 miles up Shady Pass Road 5900. 5,000' elevation. 4 tent sites. Trailers not recommended. No fee. Not reservable. Rustic dispersed camping area. No water.

LAKE CREEK



28 miles from Hwy 97A. 2,200' elevation. 18 sites. 20' max trailer length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$8). Not reservable. Water, pit toilets and garbage service.

NORTH FORK



33 miles from Hwy 97A. 2,500' elevation. 8 sites. 28' max trailer length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$8). Not reservable. Water, pit toilets and garbage service.

PINE FLATS



14 Miles from Hwy 97A. 1,600' elevation. 6 tent sites. 20' max trailer length. \$8/night (extra vehicle \$6). Not reservable. Water and pit toilets.

PINE FLATS GROUP SITE



1,600' elevation. 1 site. 20' max trailer length. \$60/night plus \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 33 people. Maximum 10 vehicles. Water, campfire rings, picnic area, garbage service, and vault toilets. No electricity.

SILVER FALLS



30 miles from Hwy 97A. 2,400' elevation. 31 sites. 35' max trailer length. \$12/night (extra vehicle \$10). Not reservable. Water, pit toilets and garbage service.

SILVER FALLS GROUP SITE



2,400' elevation. 1 site. 35' max trailer length. \$60/night plus \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 40 people. Water, picnic tables, campfire rings, accessible toilets, garbage service and picnic shelter with a fireplace. No electricity.

SPRUCE GROVE



34 miles from Hwy 97A. 2,900' elevation. 2 sites. Trailers not recommended. \$5/night (extra vehicle \$5). Not reservable. Pit toilets.



ENTIAT MEADOWS



Observation Points

BOX CANYON

29 miles up Entiat River Road 5100. Small parking area with one outhouse. Attraction: Overlook view of the canyon cut through solid rock by the river.

SILVER FALLS

30 miles up Entiat River Road 5100. Large graveled parking area. Attraction: 140-foot high natural waterfall. Northwest Forest Pass required.

ENTIAT FALLS

33 miles up Entiat River Road 5100. Eight car parking area. Attraction: 25-foot high natural waterfall.

SILVER FALLS



Cabin Rental

COTTONWOOD

Directly adjacent to the Entiat River in a mature lodgepole pine and spruce forest, Cottonwood Cabin rests at an elevation of 3,000'.

Cottonwood Cabin is 20' x 16', suitable for four people at a time. It is accessible in summer by car. Water is available in the summer via a hand pump.

Cabin amenities include indoor hot and cold running water (summer months only), propane cook stove, wall heater, refrigerator, and LED lights. Outside is a private shower facility and pit toilet. The water and light system is solar powered. Furnishings include a dining table, lounge chair, futon sofa that converts to a double bed, and a separate double bed. The small kitchen area is supplied with basic pots, pans, silverware and plates. A picnic table and fire ring is located adjacent to the cabin on the river bank. Visitors are allowed to erect one outside tent at the designated tent pad for additional guests.

Cottonwood Cabin is available June through November.

Price and Capacity: \$60 per night, with a maximum of four occupants. The minimum length stay is two nights for non-holiday weekdays, three nights for a weekend, and three nights for a holiday weekend. Fees are used directly for the maintenance and preservation of the cabin. The maximum length stay is 14 consecutive nights.

GROUP SITE and CABIN RESERVATIONS must be made through the National Recreation Reservation System 1-877-444-6777 or recreation.gov website. Reservations may be made one year in advance.

METHOW VALLEY RANGER DISTRICT TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE METHOW VALLEY RANGER DISTRICT

SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS

BLUE LAKE №314 2.2 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required.

EAGLE LAKES №431 7 miles. Very scenic.

GOAT PEAK №457 2.5 miles. The last half mile offers good views of North Cascades peaks.

HIDDEN LAKES №477 15 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Popular route to a string of fishing lakes. Fine views for the first 7 miles.

LAKE CREEK №500 5 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Little elevation gain. Trail is maintained only to Black Lake.

ANDREWS CREEK №504 16 miles to Spanish Camp. Northwest Forest Pass required. Popular route to Spanish Camp/Rommel Lake area. Steady 14-mile climb up to Andrews Pass with few camping spots before reaching the pass.

CHEWUCH №510 17.1 miles to Rimmel Lake. Northwest Forest Pass required. Trail follows the Chewuch River.

LAKE ANN / MAPLE PASS LOOP №740 7.5 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Excellent views.

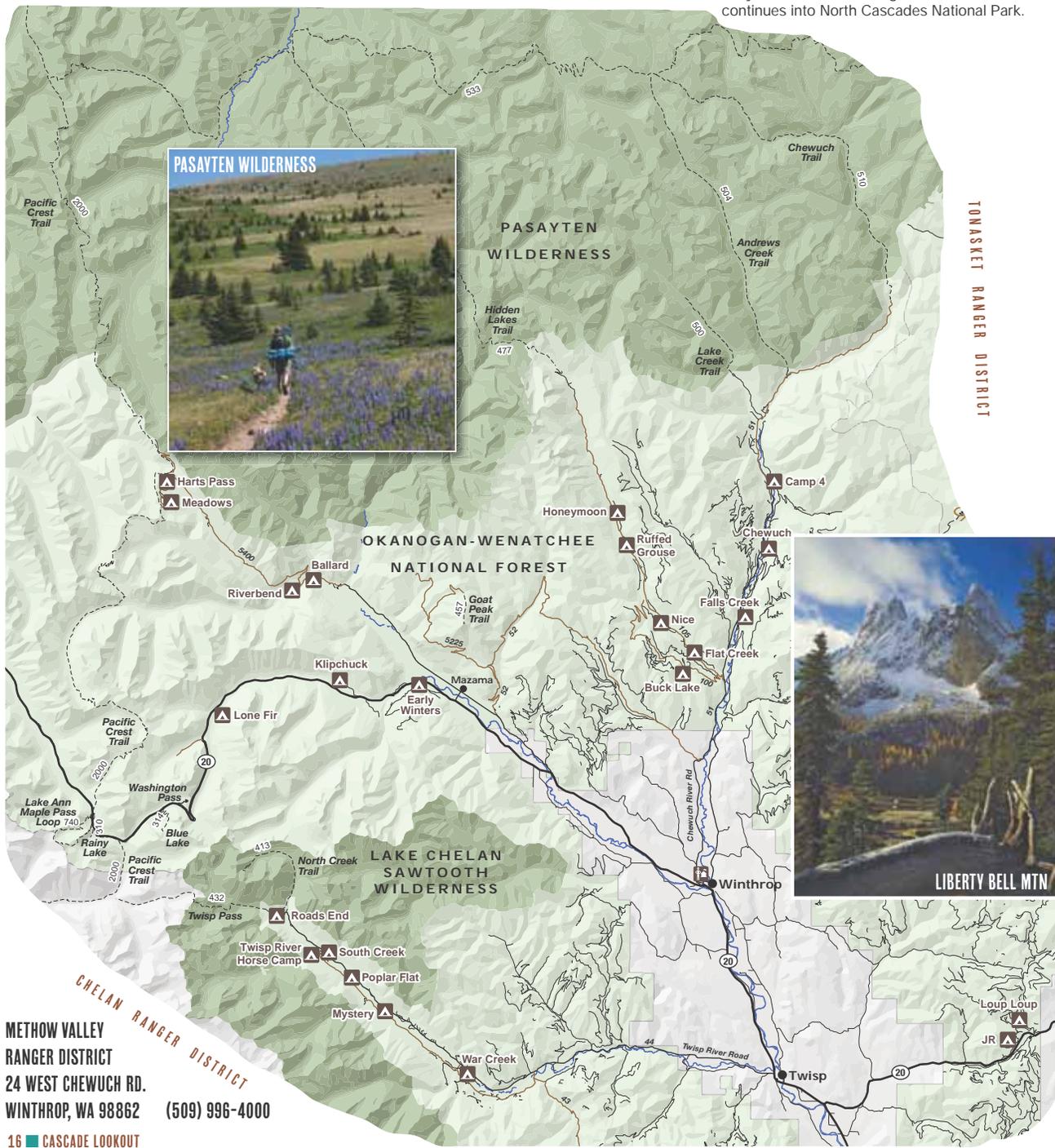
NORTH CREEK №413 4.8 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required.

PACIFIC CREST TRAIL №2000 **HWY 20 TO HARTS PASS** 25 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Popular trail with beautiful views of the North Cascades. Little water in late summer.

PACIFIC CREST TRAIL №2000 **HARTS PASS TO CANADA** 31.3 miles. Popular trail. Little water in late summer.

RAINY LAKE №310 0.9 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Accessible paved flat trail to a picnic spot on the north end of Rainy Lake.

TWISP PASS №432 4.2 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Easy. Two stream crossings at 1.9 miles. Trail continues into North Cascades National Park.



METHOW VALLEY RANGER DISTRICT
 24 WEST CHEWUCH RD.
 WINTHROP, WA 98862 (509) 996-4000
 16 CASCADE LOOKOUT

CAMPGROUNDS METHOW VALLEY RANGER DISTRICT

No campground sites on the district are reservable. Maximum of two motor vehicles per site. Second vehicle \$5 extra per night.

Highway 20

EARLY WINTERS



12 sites. 32' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water

KLIPCHUCK



46 sites. 34' max trailer length. \$12/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, hiking trail.

LONE FIR



27 sites. 36' max trailer length. \$12/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, hiking trail.

Lost River – Harts Pass

BALLARD



7 sites. 28' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail, horse trail.

HARTS PASS



5 sites. No trailers. \$8/night. Tent camping, picnic tables, restrooms, trailhead, hiking trail, horse trail, viewpoint.

MEADOWS



14 sites. No trailers. \$8/night. Tent camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail, horse trail.

RIVER BEND



5 sites. 28' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail, horse trail.

Eightmile

BUCK LAKE



7 sites. 25' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, small boat access, fishing.

FLAT



12 sites. 36' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, fishing.

HONEYMOON



5 sites. 22' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms.

NICE



3 sites. 36' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms.

RUFFED GROUSE



4 sites. 35' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water.

Chewuch

CAMP FOUR



5 sites. 16' max trailer length. Trailers not recommended. \$8/night. Tent camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail.

CHEWUCH



16 sites. 35' max trailer length. \$12/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, fishing.

FALLS CREEK



7 sites. 18' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, hiking trail, swimming.

Twisp River

BLACK PINE LAKE



23 sites. 30' max trailer length. \$12/night. Fully accessible interpretive trail, boat dock and fishing dock. Boat ramp, tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, accessible restrooms, some accessible campsites. Drinking water, fishing, swimming, boating, hiking trail. Gas-powered boat motors prohibited.

MYSTERY



4 sites. 30' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail, bike trail.

POPLAR FLAT



16 sites. 30' max trailer length. \$12/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water. Good campground and picnic area for up to 12 people. Community kitchen with picnic shelter.

ROAD'S END



4 sites. 16' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail, horse trail.

SOUTH CREEK



4 sites. 30' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, hiking trail, bike trail, horse trail.

TWISP RIVER HORSE CAMP



12 sites. 30' max trailer length. Northwest Forest Pass required. Interpretive site bulletin board, tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, stock water, horse trail, horse facilities, hiking trail.

WAR CREEK



10 sites. 25' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, fishing, hiking trail.

Loup Loup

JR



6 sites. 25' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms.

LOUP LOUP



25 sites. 36' max trailer length. \$12/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, drinking water, bike trail.

Gold Creek

FOGGY DEW



12 sites. 25' max trailer length. \$8/night. Tent camping, trailer camping, picnic tables, restrooms, fishing, hiking trail, bike trail, motorcycle trail.



NACHES RANGER DISTRICT

TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE NACHES RANGER DISTRICT

SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS

BOULDER CAVE №962A .75 mile paved loop. Northwest Forest Pass required.

DUMBBELL LAKE №1156 1.5 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Parking for 6 vehicles at Pacific Crest Trail north trailhead.

FISH LAKE WAY №971A 2 miles.

MOUNT AIX №982 14.8 miles. Dispersed camping.

MESATCHEE CREEK №969 5.3 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Toilet, stock ramp, hitch rails, parking for 4 horse trailers and 4 cars.

PLEASANT VALLEY LOOP №999 13.3 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required.

SWAMP LAKE №970 4.7 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Toilets, hitch rails, stock ramp, parking for 6 cars, turnaround space limited – horse trailers use Fish Lake Way Trailhead.

PACIFIC CREST TRAIL - SOUTH №2000 17.6 miles. Northwest Forest Pass required. Chinook Pass Summit Trailhead has toilets, stock ramp. Parking is limited during summer months.

BARRIER-FREE DAY USE ONLY SITES Accessible to wheelchairs and those with limited mobility.

BOULDER CAVE RIVER TRAIL №962A .75 mile. Northwest Forest Pass required. Paved loop trail.

CLEAR LAKE №1152A 1 mile. Northwest Forest Pass required. Paved trail, fishing piers, bird watching blinds, and picnic area.

PLEASANT VALLEY INTERPRETIVE TRAIL №999A 1 mile. Paved trail, interpretive signs and views of American River.

MATHER MEMORIAL PARKWAY EAST PORTAL №1154 .25 mile. Paved trail.



TIETON FALLS
GOAT ROCKS WILDERNESS



AMERICAN RIVER GUARD STATION



CLEAR LAKE

NACHES RANGER DISTRICT
10237 HIGHWAY 12
NACHES, WA 98937
(509) 653-1401 (VOICE/TTY)

GOAT ROCKS WILDERNESS



CAMPGROUNDS

NACHES RANGER DISTRICT

Chinook Pass Area

AMERICAN FORKS



12 sites plus 1 shelter. 30' max RV length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$5). No water. Located on Bumping River Road / F.S. Road #1800.

BUMPING LAKE (LOWER) *☎



23 sites. 1 multi-family site. 50' max RV length. \$18/night. \$35 Multi-family (extra vehicle \$9). Hand-pump well. Two barrier-free toilets, two barrier-free campsites, and a boat launch. Located on Bumping Lake.

BUMPING LAKE (UPPER) *☎



45 sites. 5 picnic sites. 30' max RV length. \$20/night (extra vehicle \$10). Pressurized well. Barrier-free vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Bumping Lake.

CEDAR SPRINGS *☎



15 sites. 22' max RV length. \$16/night (extra vehicle \$8). \$5 day use fee. Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Bumping River.

COTTONWOOD *☎



16 sites. 22' max RV length. \$16/night (extra vehicle \$8). \$5 day use fee. Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Naches River.

COUGAR FLAT *☎



12 Sites. 22' Max RV Length. \$16/night (extra vehicle \$8) Hand-pump well. Accessible vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Bumping River.

CROW CREEK



15 sites. 30' max RV length. \$8/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. No water. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Little Naches River nearby. Popular motorcycle area.

HALFWAY FLAT



9 sites. Large RV's. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Hand-pump well. Barrier-free vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Naches River. Fishing, hiking, and motorcycle area.

Lodge & Cabin Rental

AMERICAN RIDGE LODGE 🏠☎

The rustic and spacious 43' x 48' lodge, although unfurnished, has a kitchen area, counter space, benches, closets, cabinets, and wood stove. Outdoor fire ring and picnic tables, and room on the grounds for dispersed camping, making it ideal for groups. The lodge does not have electricity, so bring lanterns. There is no water on site. \$100/night, and \$150/night on holidays. Max 60 people.

AMERICAN RIVER GUARD STATION 🏠☎

The rustic cabin has a small kitchen, living/sleeping area, bedroom, and a full sized sleeping loft and storage room. The clean and comfortable cabin is furnished with many amenities: small refrigerator, electric range, dining table and chairs, queen size sleeper sofa in living room, full size bed and mattress in bedroom, two twin size beds in upstairs loft, wood stove. There is no water at the cabin. \$60/night. Maximum of eight people.

Reservations: 1-877-444-6777 or recreation.gov

HELLS CROSSING *☎



18 sites. 20' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$7). Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Water at west end only. Located on American River.

INDIAN FLAT GROUP SITE *☎



Maximum capacity: 65 people, 22 vehicles. Pitcher pump water, vault toilets, 8 picnic tables. Daily fee \$100 plus \$10 Recreation.gov registration fee.

KANER FLAT & GROUP SITE ☎ for Group Site



41 non-reservable sites. 2 barrier-free sites. 30' max RV length. \$12/night (extra vehicle \$5). Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Little Naches River nearby. RV loop. Popular motorcycle area. One barrier-free flush toilet. Group Site only available by reservation – maximum 60 people / 12 vehicles.

LITTLE NACHES *☎



21 sites. Most 20' and several 32' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$7). Hand-pump well. 24 miles to Mt. Rainier. Vault toilets, dumpsters. Located on Little Naches River.

LOGGEPOLE *☎



33 sites. 4 picnic sites. 20' max RV length. \$18/night (extra vehicle \$9). \$5 day use fee. Hand-pump well. Barrier-free vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on American River.

PINE NEEDLE GROUP SITE ☎



Pitcher pump water available at Hell's Crossing Campground 2½ miles west. 6 picnic tables, 2 pit toilets. Max. capacity: 60 people, 8 vehicles. Daily fee \$50 plus \$10 Recreation.gov registration fee.

PLEASANT VALLEY *☎



16 sites. 32' max RV length. \$16/night (extra vehicle \$8). \$5 day use fee. Hand-pump well. Barrier-free vault toilets, dumpsters, shelter. Located on American River.

SALMON COVE GROUP SITE ☎



Pitcher pump water available at Hell's Crossing Campground. Picnic tables, vault toilet. Max. capacity: 60 people, 15 vehicles. Daily fee \$50 plus \$10 Recreation.gov registration fee.

SAWMILL FLAT *☎



24 sites. 1 barrier-free site. 5 tent sites. 24' max RV length. \$18/night (extra vehicle \$9). \$5 day use fee. Hand-pump well, one shelter, vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Naches River.

SODA SPRINGS *☎



26 sites. 30' max RV length. \$18/night (extra vehicle \$9). \$5 day use fee. Hand-pump well. Barrier-free vault toilets, dumpsters. Located on Bumping River. Two shelters.

*☎ Campgrounds operated by concessionaire under contract with the Forest Service. Reservations required: 1-877-444-6777 or recreation.gov.

Only 20% of sites in concessionaire operated campgrounds are first come, first served.

White Pass Area

CLEAR LAKE NORTH & GROUP SITE

☎ for Group Site



33 non-reservable sites. 22' max RV length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$5). Water nearby. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Water is available at South Clear Lake Campground (hand-pump). Group Site only available by reservation – maximum 40 people and 10 vehicles.

CLEAR LAKE SOUTH



22 sites. 22' max RV length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Boat Launch area.

DOG LAKE



11 sites. 20-24' limited turning radius. \$8/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. No water. Vault toilets and dumpsters. No horses allowed at trailhead within camp units. Fee is for all use – fishing, camping and hiking.

HAUSE CREEK *☎



42 sites. 1 barrier-free. 30' max RV length. \$18/night. \$35 Multi-family (extra vehicle \$9). Piped water. Comfort stations with flush toilets and dumpsters. Located on Tieton River.

INDIAN CREEK *☎



39 sites. 32' max RV length. \$20/night (extra vehicle \$10). Piped water, toilets, dumpsters. On Rimrock Lake near Clear Lake.

PENINSULA



Dispersed sites. RV or tent. \$8/night. No reservations. No water. Vault toilets, dumpsters.

SOUTH FORK GROUP SITE ☎



No water. Picnic tables, vault toilet. Maximum 80 people. Daily fee \$60 plus \$10 Recreation.gov registration fee.

SOUTH FORK TIETON



Dispersed sites. RV or tent. \$8/night. No reservations. No water. Vault toilets, dumpsters.

WHITE PASS LAKE (LEECH LAKE)



16 sites. 20' max RV length. \$8/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. No water. Vault toilets, dumpsters and boat launch. No motors on boats. Fly fishing only. Fee is for all use – fishing, camping, hiking.

WILLOWS *☎



16 sites. 20' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$7). Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Tieton River.

WINDY POINT *☎



15 sites. 22' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$7). Hand-pump well. Vault toilets and dumpsters. Located on Tieton River.

☎ Reservations required:
1-877-444-6777
or recreation.gov

TONASKET RANGER DISTRICT TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE TONASKET RANGER DISTRICT

SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS

ALBERT CAMP #375

8.5 miles. Elevation: 4,665' - 7,228'
More Difficult. Northwest Forest Pass required.

FREEZEOUT RIDGE #345

3.7 miles. Elevation: 6558' - 7595'
More Difficult. Magnificent ridge walk through subalpine forest and meadows. Excellent views of the rugged North Cascades peaks and Pasayten Wilderness.

BIG TREE #311

1 mile. Elevation: 3,776' - 3,802'
Easy. Hiking, interpretive site. Connects with a loop trail that highlights two 600-year old western larch trees.

BONAPARTE MOUNTAIN #306

4.5 miles. Elevation: 4,472' - 7254'
More difficult. Good views. Lookout on top.

BOUNDARY #533

70 miles. Elevation: 5,489' - 6,978'
Easy. Northwest Forest Pass required. Heavily used trail crossing the Pasayten Wilderness and connects to the Pacific Crest Trail. Part of the new Pacific Northwest National Scenic Trail.

CATHEDRAL DRIVEWAY #510A

2 miles. Elevation: 4,281' - 5,417'
Most difficult. Northwest Forest Pass required. Connects to the Chewuch Trail 510.

FOURTH OF JULY RIDGE #307

7.3 miles. Elevation: 5,075' - 5,830'
Most difficult. The trail passes by several old cabins. Many scenic views.

GOLDEN STAIRWAY #354

6.2 miles. Elevation: 4,196' - 6,686'
More difficult. Scenic views and wildlife observation opportunities. Trail ends at a former lookout tower site on top of Starvation Mountain.

STRAWBERRY MOUNTAIN #309

1.5 miles. Elevation: 3,835' - 4,731'
Easy. Trailhead is across from the Lost Lake Campground.

TIFFANY LAKE #373

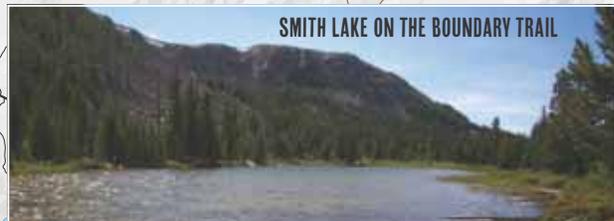
8.5 miles. Elevation: 4,928' - 6,772'
More difficult. It is just over a mile to the lake from Tiffany Springs.

ANGEL PASS #344

1.5 miles. Elevation: 4547' - 5184'
More Difficult. This trail is a nice day hike out of Salmon Meadows Campground and has nice scenic views. ATV use on this trail.

WINDY PEAK #342

11.5 miles. Elevation: 5,459' - 7,215'
More difficult. Northwest Forest Pass required. High ridge route with spectacular view of the Cascade Mountains.



SMITH LAKE ON THE BOUNDARY TRAIL

TONASKET RANGER DISTRICT
1 W. WINESAP
TONASKET, WA 98855
(509) 486-2186 (VOICE)
(509) 486-5144 (TTY)



BONAPARTE LAKE

CAMPGROUNDS TONASKET RANGER DISTRICT

BEAVER LAKE



8 single sites. 2 double sites. \$8/single, \$16/double (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, group camping, restrooms, drinking water, fishing, boat launch, boating, hiking trail, swimming.

BETH LAKE



14 single sites. 1 double site. \$8/single, \$16/double (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, group camping, picnic area, restrooms, drinking water, fishing, boat launch, boating, hiking trail, swimming.

BONAPARTE LAKE



18 single sites. 10 double sites. \$12/single, \$24/double (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, group camping, trailer sites, picnic area, restrooms, drinking water, fishing, boat launch, boating, swimming.

BONAPARTE LAKE GROUP SITE



1 site. \$12/vehicle. No reservations. Maximum 30 people. Maximum number of vehicles varies depending upon the size of the vehicle. Restrooms, drinking water, fishing, boat launch, boating, swimming.

COTTONWOOD



3 single sites. \$8 per night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, restrooms, drinking water, fishing.

CRAWFISH LAKE



15 single sites. 4 double sites. No fee. No reservations. Camping, trailer sites, picnic area, restrooms, boat launch, boating, fishing.

KERR



11 single sites. 2 double sites. \$8/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, trailer sites, restrooms, fishing, motorcycle trail.

LONG SWAMP



2 single sites. Northwest Forest Pass required. No reservations. Camping, restroom, hiking trails, horse trail.

LOST LAKE



12 single sites. 6 double sites. \$12/single, \$24/double (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, group camping, picnic area, restrooms, drinking water, fishing, boat launch, boating, hiking trail, swimming, amphitheater.

LOST LAKE GROUP SITE



1 site. \$40/night for 1-25 people, \$60/night for 26-50 people, \$80/night for 51-100 people plus \$9 reservation fee. **Reservations required.** Maximum 100 people. Maximum number of vehicles varies depending upon the size of the vehicle. Restrooms, drinking water, fishing, boat launch, boating, hiking trail, swimming, amphitheater.

LYMAN LAKE



4 sites. No fee. No reservations. Camping, restroom, trailer sites, fishing.

ORIOLE



7 single sites. 3 double sites. \$8/single, \$16/double (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, group camping, trailer sites, restrooms, drinking water, fishing.

SALMON MEADOWS



6 single sites. 1 double site. \$8/single, \$16/double (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, group camping, picnic area, restrooms, picnic shelter, drinking water, hiking trail, horse trail, horse facilities.

SUGARLOAF



4 sites. \$8/night (extra vehicle \$5). No reservations. Camping, picnic area, restrooms, hiking trail, small boat access, fishing, boating.

TIFFANY SPRINGS



6 sites. No fee. No reservations. Camping, restrooms, hiking trails, horse trails, fishing.

GROUP SITE RESERVATIONS must be made through National Recreation Reservation System 1-877-444-6777 or recreation.gov website. Reservations may be made one year in advance.

BONAPARTE LOOKOUT



BEAVER LAKE

WENATCHEE RIVER RANGER DISTRICT TRAILS

FOLLOWING ARE SOME OF THE MORE POPULAR TRAILS ON THE WENATCHEE RIVER RANGER DISTRICT

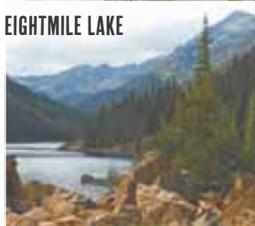
SEE PAGE 7 FOR ICON DESCRIPTIONS



ICICLE GORGE TRAIL



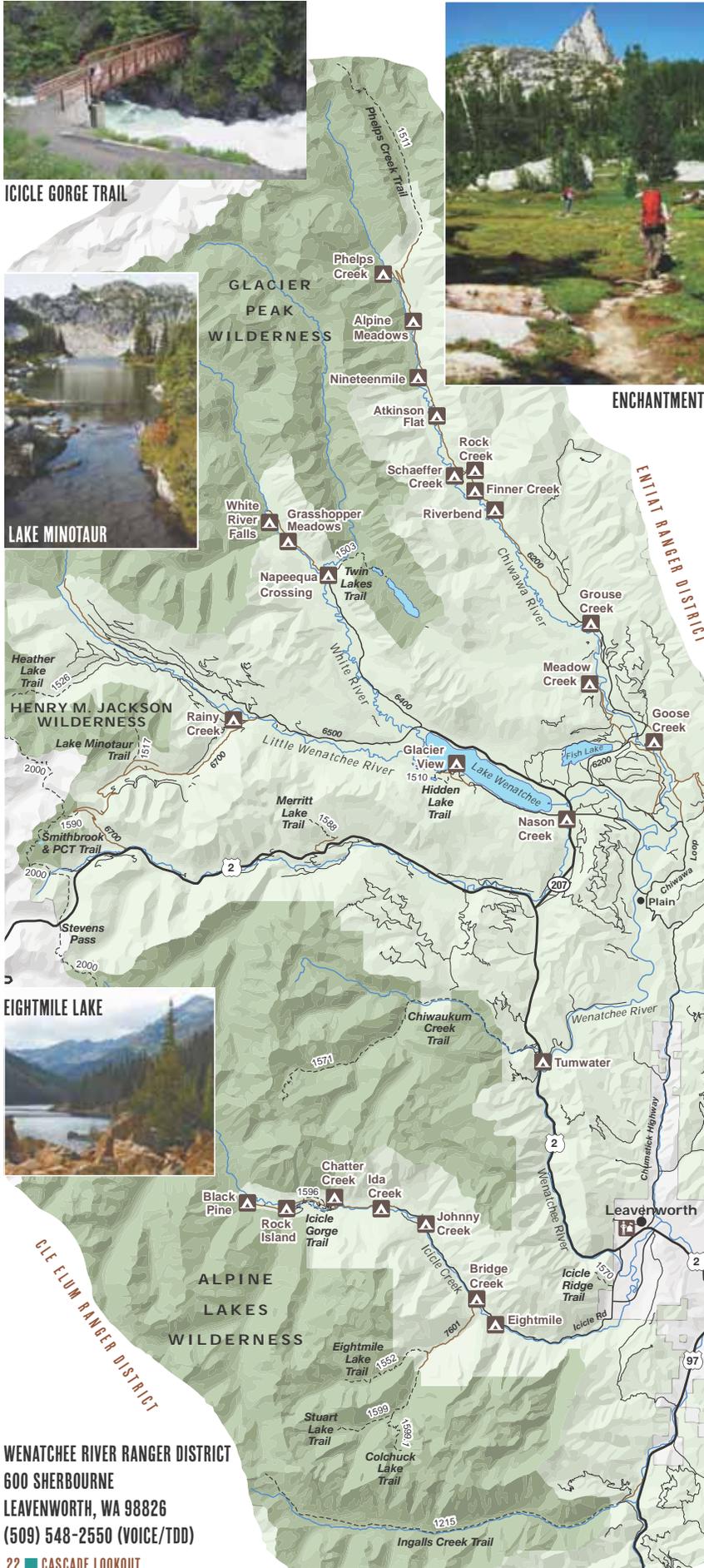
LAKE MINOTAUR



EIGHTMILE LAKE



ENCHANTMENTS



Lake Wenatchee Area

SMITHBROOK №1590 & PACIFIC CREST TRAIL №2000

.9 miles on trail 1590 to jct with 2000 (PCT), 1.8 miles south to Lake Valhalla. More Difficult. Elevation: 3,800'–5,000' Group size limit 12.

HEATHER LAKE №1526

3.3 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 2,700'–4,000' Group size limit 12.

HIDDEN LAKE №1510

0.75 mile. Easiest. Elevation: 1,950'–2,250' Northwest Forest Pass required.

MERRITT LAKE №1588

2.7 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 3,100'–5,200'

PHELPS CREEK №1511

7.2 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 3,500'–7,000' Group size limit 12.

TWIN LAKES №1503

4.2 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 2,000'–2,800' Northwest Forest Pass required. No fishing allowed.

LAKE MINOTAUR №1517

1.6 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 3,800'–5,600' Steep trail. No campfires. Group size limit 12.

Leavenworth Area

CHIAWAUKUM CREEK №1571

12.2 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 2,160'–6,800' Northwest Forest Pass required. Group size limit 12.

ICICLE RIDGE №1570

1.9 miles to saddle. More Difficult. Elevation: 1,200'–2,800'

EIGHTMILE LAKE №1552

3.3 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 3,500'–4,800' Northwest Forest Pass required. Overnight permit required (limited availability). Group size limit 8. No dogs.

ICICLE GORGE №1596

3.6 mile loop. Easiest. Elevation: 2,500'–2,700' Northwest Forest Pass required.

INGALLS CREEK №1215

16.6 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 1,900'–6,400' Northwest Forest Pass required. Group size limit 12.

STUART LAKE №1599

4.5 miles. More Difficult. Elevation: 3,360'–5,064' Northwest Forest Pass required. Overnight permit required (limited availability). Group size limit 8. No dogs. * Closed to stock from January 1 until first Saturday after Labor Day.



PHELPS CREEK TRAIL

The eastern part of the Ranger District (Entiat Ridge, and Blewett Pass / Mission Ridge area) is not shown on map due to space limitations.

WENATCHEE RIVER RANGER DISTRICT
600 SHERBOURNE
LEAVENWORTH, WA 98826
(509) 548-2550 (VOICE/TDD)

CAMPGROUNDS WENATCHEE RIVER RANGER DISTRICT

Chiwawa River

19 MILE



4 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. River access.

ALPINE MEADOWS



4 sites. 20' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. River access.

ATKINSON FLAT



7 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. River access.

CHIWAHA HORSE CAMP



21 sites. 7 long pull through sites. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. Wheelchair accessible, horse facilities and trailhead.

FINNER CREEK



3 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations.

GOOSE CREEK



29 sites. Any RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. Garbage service. Motorcycle trail access.

GROUSE CREEK GROUP SITE



1 site. \$50 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 70 people. Picnic tables, campfire rings and accessible toilets. No water, garbage services or electricity.

MEADOW CREEK



4 sites. 20' max RV length. No fee. No reservations. River access.

PHELPS CREEK (EQUESTRIAN)



6 sites. 30' max RV length. \$10/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. Wheelchair accessible toilets. Horse facilities.

PHELPS CREEK



7 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. River access.

RIVERBEND



6 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. River access.

ROCK CREEK



4 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. Located next to the creek and a trailhead.

SCHAEFER CREEK



10 sites. 30' max RV length. \$11/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. River access.

Highway 2

TUMWATER



84 sites. 50' max RV length. \$18/night (extra vehicle \$11). No reservations. Flush toilets, garbage service, and wheelchair accessible.

TUMWATER GROUP SITE



1 site. 50' max RV length. \$95 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 70 people. Maximum 40 vehicles. One large site with picnic tables, campfire rings, water, accessible flush toilets, covered picnic shelter with fireplace, garbage service, and electrical hookups.

Icicle Canyon

BLACKPINE HORSE CAMP



10 sites. 60' max RV length. \$13/night (extra vehicle \$8). No reservations. Garbage service and horse loading ramp.

BRIDGE CREEK



6 sites. 19' max RV length. \$15/night (extra vehicle \$9). No reservations. Garbage service.

BRIDGE CREEK GROUP SITE



1 site. 19' max RV length. \$85 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 70 people. Maximum 35 vehicles. Garbage service. Toilets are only provided for a maximum of 25 people. No electricity.

CHATTER CREEK



12 sites. 22' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$9). No reservations. Garbage service and wheelchair accessible.

CHATTER CREEK GROUP SITE



1 site. 22' max RV length. \$85 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 45 people. Maximum 12 vehicles. Small group shelter with a fireplace. No electricity.

EIGHTMILE



41 sites. 50' max RV length. \$17/night (extra vehicle \$10). No reservations. Garbage service. Wheelchair accessible.

EIGHTMILE GROUP SITE



1 site. 50' max RV length. \$85 + \$9 reservation fee. Reservations required. Maximum 70 people. Maximum 25 vehicles. Garbage service. No electricity.

IDA CREEK



10 sites. 30' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$9). No reservations. Garbage service. Wheelchair accessible.

JOHNNY CREEK UPPER



65 sites. 50' max RV length. \$15/night (extra vehicle \$9). No reservations. Garbage service. Wheelchair accessible.

JOHNNY CREEK LOWER



65 sites. 50' max RV length. \$17/night (extra vehicle \$10). No reservations. Garbage service. Wheelchair accessible.

ROCK ISLAND



22 sites. 22' max RV length. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$9). No reservations. Garbage service. Wheelchair accessible.

Lake Wenatchee

GLACIER VIEW



23 sites. Cars, vans, pickups. \$14/night (extra vehicle \$9). Boat launch fee \$5. No reservations. Garbage service. 16 walk-in sites on the lakeshore and a boat launch (15-foot-long boat maximum).

NASON CREEK



73 sites. Any RV length. \$18/night (extra vehicle \$11). No reservations. Flush toilets, electric outlets in restrooms, garbage service, and wheelchair accessible. Located next to the creek.

Little Wenatchee River

RAINY CREEK



10 sites. Any RV length. No fee. No reservations. River access.

White River

GRASSHOPPER MEADOWS



5 sites. 30' max RV length. No fee. No reservations. River access.

NAPEEQUA



4 sites. 30' max RV length. No fee. No reservations. River and trail access.

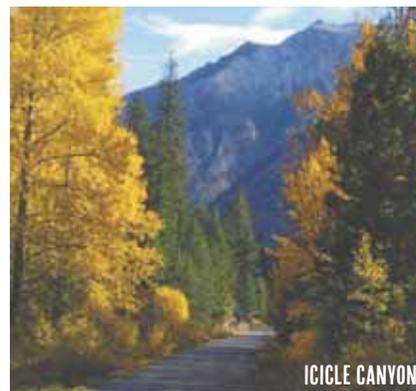
WHITE RIVER FALLS



5 sites. No trailer turnaround. No fee. No reservations. Located near a waterfall, use caution on the rocks.

GROUP SITE RESERVATIONS must be made through National Recreation Reservation System 1-877-444-6777 or recreation.gov. Reservations may be made one year in advance.

Fee campgrounds are operated by Thousand Trails Management Services, a concessionaire under contract with the US Forest Service.



ICICLE CANYON

KNOW BEFORE YOU GO

CAN I TAKE MY DOG HIKING WITH ME?

In most areas yes, but not in the Enchantments area of the Alpine Lakes Wilderness. When recreating with pets in the national forest, they must be under control at all times.

CAN I BRING FIREWORKS TO THE FOREST?

No, it is illegal to use or possess fireworks on state or federally protected lands.

DO I NEED A CAMPFIRE PERMIT?

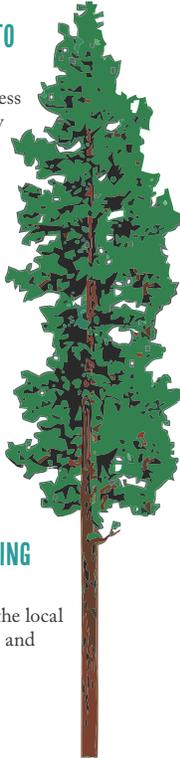
No.

DO I HAVE TO HAVE A PERMIT TO COLLECT WOOD FOR MY CAMPFIRE?

No, you can gather wood for your campsite but you have to leave any leftover wood in the forest or at the campsite.

CAN I GO TARGET PRACTICING IN THE FOREST?

Yes, but you need to contact the local ranger district office for rules and regulations.



HOW LONG CAN I STAY IN THE NATIONAL FOREST?

There is a 14-day stay limit per site. Camping or occupying a site or area within a 5-mile radius by the same person or group may not occur again for a period of 14 consecutive days thereafter.

CAN I GEOCACHE IN THE FOREST?

Yes, geocaching, or finding hidden items using handheld GPS units, is allowed as long as the activity remains non-ground/resource disturbing and non-commercial (no charges to participants). It is illegal to geocache in wilderness areas.

WHAT PERMITS DO I NEED TO ENTER WILDERNESS AREAS?



Wilderness Area	Self-issue permits are available at trailheads	Sign in at trailhead register	A Northwest Forest Pass is needed for parking vehicles at certain trailheads accessing this Wilderness area
Pasayten Wilderness	✓		✓
Glacier Peak Wilderness		✓	✓
Henry M. Jackson Wilderness		✓	✓
Lake Chelan - Sawtooth Wilderness		✓	✓
Norse Peak Wilderness	✓		✓
William O. Douglas Wilderness	✓		✓
Goat Rocks Wilderness	✓		✓
Alpine Lakes Wilderness	Overnight fee permits are required in the Enchantments area of this Wilderness from June 15 to October 15. In all other areas self-issue permits are available at trailheads. A Northwest Forest Pass is needed for parking vehicles at some trailheads accessing this Wilderness area.		

HOW MUCH DOES IT COST TO...?

Cut firewood? \$20 for a four cord permit.

Gather forest products such as rocks, tree transplants, floral cuttings, greens, boughs, cones? The minimum permit is \$20.

Purchase a Christmas tree permit?

\$5. Permits sold from Nov. 1 through Dec. 31 each year with a maximum purchase of two permits per household.

Use some trailhead sites? \$5 for a Northwest Forest Pass day pass and \$30 for an annual pass.

Tie up at boat docks on Lake Chelan?

\$5 for a Lake Chelan Boat Dock day pass and \$40 for an annual pass.

Camp in a campground? \$5-\$25 per night depending upon the campground amenities.

Okanogan-Wenatchee National Forest



Forest Headquarters
215 Melody Lane
Wenatchee, WA 98801
(509) 664-9200
(509) 664-9201 (TTY)

Chelan Ranger District
428 W. Woodin Avenue
Chelan, WA 98816
(509) 682-4900 (Voice/TDD)

Cle Elum Ranger District
803 W. 2nd Street
Cle Elum, WA 98922
(509) 852-1100
(509) 674-9770 (TTY)

Entiat Ranger District
2108 Entiat Way
Entiat, WA 98822
(509) 784-4700 (Voice/TTY)

Naches Ranger District
10237 Highway 12
Naches, WA 98937
(509) 653-1401 (Voice/TDD)

Okanogan Valley Office
1240 South Second Avenue
Okanogan, WA 98840
(509) 826-3275
(509) 662-4396 (TTY)

Methow Valley Ranger District
24 West Chewuch Rd.
Winthrop, WA 98862
(509) 996-4000

Tonasket Ranger District
1 W. Winesap
Tonasket, WA 98855
(509) 486-2186
(509) 486-5144 (TTY)

Wenatchee River Ranger District
600 Sherbourne
Leavenworth, WA 98826
(509) 548-2550 (Voice/TDD)

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Forest Website
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