



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Forest
Service

Southwestern Region 3
Carson National Forest
Canjilon Ranger District

P. O. Box 469
Canjilon, New Mexico 87515
(575) 684-2489
FAX (575) 684-2486

2014

ANNUAL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS (AOI)

ENGLISH ALLOTMENT #00106

CARSON NATIONAL FOREST

CANJILON RANGER DISTRICT

/s/ Francisco B. Sanchez
District Ranger

04/28/2014
Date

AUTHORIZATION

The English Grazing allotment is permitted to graze 186 cow/calf pairs from 5/16 to 10/31 and 9 bulls from 5/16 to 8/15. You are authorized to graze the following in 2014:

Table 1 - Permitted & Authorized Use

Number of Cattle Permitted	Number of Cattle Authorized	Pasture	Grazing Period
195	121	Chavez	5/1-5/17
195	121	Cedar	5/18-5/31
195	121	Fox	6/1-6/14
195	121	Turkey	6/15-6/28
195	121	Bluff	6/29-7/12
195	121	Tanques	7/13-7-26
195	121	Chavez	7/27-8/9
195	121	Cedar	8/10-8/23
195	116	Fox	8/24-9/6
195	116	Turkey	9/7-9/20
195	116	Bluff	9/21-10/4
195	116	Tanques	10/5-10/18

The following table shows each member's grazing allocation status:

Table 2 - Permitted & Authorized Use by Permittee

Permittee	Number of Cattle Permitted	Number of Private Land Cattle Permitted	Number of Cattle Authorized	Number In Non-Use Status
Hayes, Joe (Estate)	18		12	6
Hibner, Charlie	137		84	53
Thronas, Fred	18	13*	20	11
John Law		13	0	0
English Assoc. Bulls	9		5	4
Totals	182	13	121	74

*Fred Thronas will be grazing John Law's permitted head.

You must continue salting practices to draw the cattle away from the meadows and water sources. It is in your best interest to fully distribute your cattle throughout the entire range. We monitor at the key areas and if these areas are fully used then you will be moving your cattle ahead of schedule and perhaps headed home sooner than the ending date. You should also move your salt blocks often to reduce impacts to salt grounds.

The rotation schedule described above can be changed by the District Ranger when an unforeseen circumstance such as lack of water or overuse occurs within the pasture. You may propose changes of pastures outside of the above approved rotation schedule in coordination with this office. A written justification should be submitted by the permittee ten days prior to the proposed changes to this office before a proposal to change the approved rotation schedule will be acted upon by the District Ranger.

The decision made by the District Ranger will be based upon the condition of the range, recommendations of the range staff, and the needs of the permittees.

If you decide to move your cattle off of the grazing allotment early or put on reduced numbers resulting in less head months grazed than the amount paid for, you may want to apply for a credit/refund of unused grazing fees. In order to do so, you will need to apply in writing for the credit within two weeks of incurring the credit/refund or by **November 1, 2014** whichever comes first. This keeps the numbers accurate and allows for Ranger approval and more accurate accounting of grazing fees the following season.

All cattle should be moved off the allotment by the last day of the grazing season. The last day of the grazing season is not the day to open gates and allow cattle to drift home. Anticipate moves in advance and plan accordingly. We understand that a few cows will be hard to catch. We ask that you make a concerted effort and let us know if you have any cows left on the grazing allotment after the end of the grazing season.

2014 ALLOTMENT OBJECTIVES

Authorized reductions in time and numbers of livestock may influence flexibility of livestock management in the deferred rotation system.

Management goal is to improve consistent communication/documentation of actual use to USFS. USFS is requesting record of actual use, which is to be submitted to the USFS at the end of the 2014 grazing season.

Maintain or improve current range condition of the English grazing allotment by fence maintenance herding, riding, salting, and good stewardship practices.

It is highly recommended that the 2014 rotation schedule follow a one herd short duration high intensity grazing system.

The English permittees will allow only the numbers, kind and class of livestock on the allotment during the period specified in Part 1 hereof or the annual Bill for Collection, including any modifications made as provided for in Section 8 (c). Part 3 item 4. Permittees will notify the District Ranger at least 5 days before livestock enter National Forest Service lands.

FORAGE UTILIZATION STANDARDS

The proper utilization of forage is a critical factor in livestock management on the English Allotment. We will be checking levels of use during the grazing season. We will be visiting the allotment to ensure that utilization levels are within recommended levels. This year we may establish photo points and/or measure stubble height within key areas on key grass species to determine utilization. Grazing permittees are invited to accompany Forest Service range staff in the field while these range condition evaluations are being made. Within the English Allotment the key grass species utilization will be light to moderate or 20-40% use. This is equated out to the stubble height requirements listed in Table 3.

Table 3 - Key Forage Species

Pasture Name	Key Forage Species	Utilization Guidelines	Stubble Height
All pastures in English Allotment	Western & Crested Wheatgrass Blue Grama	20-40% For all Species	3" – 4" 1.5" – 2"

MONITORING

Both the Forest Service and the permittee are responsible for monitoring use and stubble height on the allotment to ensure that proper use levels are not exceeded. If areas within a pasture or the pasture as a whole begin to approach the identified stubble heights, actions will be taken to limit additional forage use. We are especially concerned with use levels in canyon bottoms and open meadows where cattle tend to concentrate use on palatable feed. We have identified key areas to be monitored on this allotment. The primary grass species on this allotment and approximate stubble heights associated with 20-40% use are as outlined above.

Forage use level should be monitored periodically by permittees to aid in determining when livestock should be moved between pastures. Forest Service personnel will be checking within each grazed pasture during the scheduled grazing period. If use within that key area is approaching allowable stubble heights then the remaining key areas will also be monitored and the pasture inspected to determine overall use patterns. This information will be used to determine if cattle need to be re-distributed within the pasture or moved from the pasture.

The Forest Service may conduct inspections on the grazing allotment during the on-going grazing period as time and personnel availability allows. Monitoring items such as distribution patterns, range readiness, cattle numbers, forage use levels, salting practices, and condition of improvements will be evaluated. The range readiness inspection will determine whether range vegetation and soils are ready for grazing. The permittees are encouraged to participate in these inspections.

IMPROVEMENT MAINTENANCE

Maintenance of existing range improvements is critical to the proper management of your allotment. In order for rotation schedules to work, all assigned fences must be in good condition. All fences, in the pasture you will be using first, must be up and functioning and any fences your neighbor is counting on in their first pasture. Then, before you move your cattle to the next pasture, the fences in that pasture must be maintained and in good condition prior to cattle being allowed to enter the pasture. Please see the attached map that delineates fence maintenance responsibilities. As you know the livestock grazing program has come under the scrutiny of the public. It is important that we demonstrate the ability to manage your livestock. This means that the cattle should be in the pastures scheduled for grazing during the times they are scheduled to be there.



United States
Department of
Agriculture

Forest
Service

Southwestern Region 3
Carson National Forest
Canjilon Ranger District

P. O. Box 469
Canjilon, New Mexico 87515
(575) 684-2489
FAX (575) 684-2486

SPECIAL MITIGATION MEASURES

In order to conform with Amendment of Forest Plans and the final U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service "Biological Opinion for Ongoing Livestock Grazing Activities on Allotments" which determine a No Affect and/or May affect Not Likely to Adversely Affect on your allotment, the following conditions must be met.

Forage Utilization:

Forage use by grazing animals will be maintained at or above a condition which assures recovery and continued existence of threatened and endangered species. In order to attain this standard, the above site specific key areas and key forage utilization standards have been developed for the English Allotment.

Mineral Supplements/Salt Blocks:

Mineral supplement/Salt block sites will be regularly rotated to reduce trampling and grazing impacts to vegetation.

Actual Use and Utilization Information

English Allotment

2014 Grazing Season

Table 1

Pasture	Planned Livestock # and Class	Planned Use On Date	Planned Use Off Date	Actual Use On Date	Actual Use Off Date	Remarks

Number of Head Lost: _____

Table 2: Livestock Losses

Livestock Class	# Lost to Poisonous Plants	# Lost to Predators	# Lost to Other Causes	Total Losses

