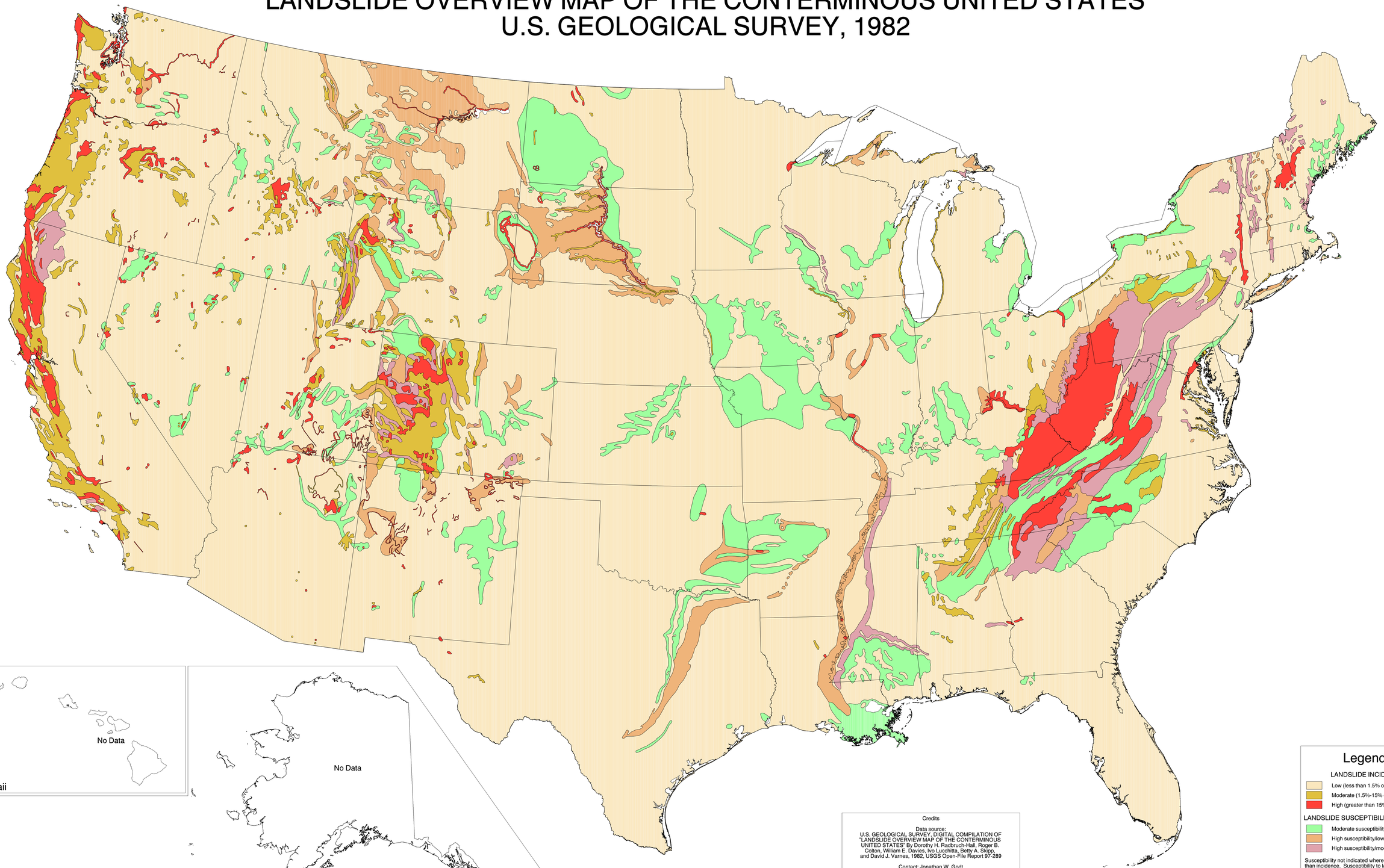
LANDSLIDE OVERVIEW MAP OF THE CONTERMINOUS UNITED STATES
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY, 1982



Credits

Data source:
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY. DIGITAL COMPILATION OF "LANDSLIDE OVERVIEW MAP OF THE CONTERMINOUS UNITED STATES" By Dorothy H. Radbruch-Hall, Roger B. Colton, William E. Davies, Ivo Lucchitta, Betty A. Skipp, and David J. Varnes, 1982. USGS Open-File Report 97-289

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http://landslides.usgs.gov/html_files/landslides/nationalmap/national.html

Map generated by:
Geospatial Service and Technology Center
Salt Lake City, UT
on October 13, 2000

Scale
1:5139750
100 0 100 200 300 400 500 Kilometers
100 0 100 200 300 Miles

Legend

LANDSLIDE INCIDENCE
- Low (less than 1.5% of area involved)
- Moderate (1.5%-15% of area involved)
- High (greater than 15% of area involved)

LANDSLIDE SUSCEPTIBILITY/INCIDENCE
- Moderate susceptibility/low incidence
- High susceptibility/low incidence
- High susceptibility/moderate incidence

Susceptibility not indicated where same or lower than incidence. Susceptibility to landsliding was defined as the probably degree of response of [the areal] rocks and soils to natural or artificial cutting or loading of slopes, or to anomalously high precipitation. High, moderate, and low susceptibility are delimited by the same percentages used in classifying the incidence of landsliding. Some generalization was necessary at this scale, and several small areas of high incidence and susceptibility were slightly exaggerated.