

SALMON-CHALLIS NATIONAL FOREST

Challis, Middle Fork, Yankee Fork Ranger Districts

2014 Aerial Insect and Disease Detection Survey



1:126,720



INSECT & DISEASE ACTIVITY

BARK BEETLES

| Species | Mortality | Symbol |
|----------------------|-----------|---------------|
| Mountain Pine Beetle | 1-4 | Red dot |
| Lodgepole pine | 5-14 | Red circle |
| Whitebark pine | 15+ | Red square |
| Douglas-fir Beetle | 1-4 | Purple dot |
| Douglas-fir | 5-14 | Purple circle |
| Western Pine Beetle | 15+ | Purple square |

ADDITIONAL SYMBOLS AND DAMAGE AGENTS

| Symbol | Meaning |
|--------------|--------------------------|
| Red 'X' | Multi Codes |
| Orange line | Survey - Boundary |
| White box | Area |
| Black circle | # - Trees affected |
| Black square | #A - Trees/Acre affected |

MORTALITY & DISEASE

| Species | Mortality | Symbol |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|
| Subalpine Fir | NR | Green dot |
| Subalpine fir | Light | Green circle |
| Balsam Woolly Adelgid | NR | Green square |
| Subalpine fir | Light | Green square |

DEFOLIATORS

| Species | Defoliation | Symbol |
|------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Western Spruce Budworm | NR | Blue box |
| Douglas-fir, True fir | Light | Blue box |
| Unknown Defoliation | NR | Yellow box |
| Douglas-fir | Light | Yellow box |

| Species | Defoliation | Symbol |
|------------------|-------------|----------|
| Aspen | NR | Blue box |
| Bristlecone pine | NR | Blue box |
| Douglas-fir | NR | Blue box |
| Larch | NR | Blue box |
| Lumber pine | NR | Blue box |
| Lodgepole pine | NR | Blue box |
| Mtn Mahogany | NR | Blue box |
| Ponderosa pine | NR | Blue box |
| Spruce | NR | Blue box |
| Subalpine fir | NR | Blue box |
| Whitebark pine | NR | Blue box |

Aerial Insect & Disease Detection Surveys
 Aerial insect and disease detection surveys are conducted annually to detect and monitor annual, visible, vegetation damage primarily caused by insects. Aerial detection surveys are intended to detect new activity, to monitor the trend of ongoing activity, to provide general location information, and to subjectively rate levels of defoliation. These flights are conducted in a joint partnership between the USDA Forest Service, Idaho Department of Lands, and The Nevada Division of Forestry.

Data represented on this map are based on trees visibly affected by forest insects, as detected by aerial observers. Most bark beetle-killed trees are typically symptomatic (faded foliage that is yellow, orange, or brown) until nearly a year following beetle attack. Therefore, the numbers of trees killed by bark beetles, as indicated on this map, are a reflection of last year's mortality. The numbers do not reflect the current year's beetle population or number of currently attacked trees.

Observers have just a few seconds to recognize, identify, and document observed activity. Air turbulence, cloud shadow, haze, smoke, and observer experience can all affect the quality of the survey.

Disclaimer

Insect and disease data should be used only as an indicator of insect and disease activity, and should be ground-truthed for actual location and causal agent. Polygons indicate locations of tree mortality, defoliation, and/or other damage. Intensity of damage is variable, and not all trees and areas indicated are dead or damaged. The joint cooperators reserve the right to correct, modify, update, or replace the data as necessary. Using this data for purposes other than those for which it was intended may yield inaccurate or misleading results.

Forest Health Protection-Rose Field Office 10/29/2014

