

# NEVADA -Schell Creek Range

## 2010 Aerial Insect and Disease Detection Survey

1:168,395



### Aerial Insect & Disease Detection Surveys

Aerial insect and disease detection surveys are conducted annually to detect and monitor annual, visible, vegetation damage primarily caused by insects. Aerial detection surveys are intended to detect new activity, to monitor the trend of ongoing activity, to provide general location information, and to subjectively rate levels of defoliation. These flights are conducted in a joint partnership between the USDA Forest Service, Idaho Department of Lands, and The Nevada Division of Forestry.

Data represented on this map are based on trees visibly affected by forest insects, as detected by aerial observers. Most bark beetle-killed trees are not typically symptomatic (faded foliage that is yellow, orange, or brown) until nearly a year following beetle attack. Therefore, the numbers of trees killed by bark beetles, as indicated on this map, are a reflection of last year's mortality. The numbers do not reflect the current year's beetle population or number of currently attacked trees.

Observers have just a few seconds to recognize, identify, and document observed activity. Air turbulence, cloud shadow, haze, smoke, and observer experience can all affect the quality of the survey.

### \*\*\*Disclaimer\*\*\*

Insect and disease data should be used only as an indicator of insect and disease activity, and should be ground-truthed for actual location and causal agent. Polygons indicate locations of tree mortality, defoliation, and/or other damage. Intensity of damage is variable, and not all trees and areas indicated are dead or damaged. The joint cooperators reserve the right to correct, modify, update, or replace the data as necessary. Using this data for purposes other than those for which it was intended may yield inaccurate or misleading results.

The background map image is used to provide an approximate visual point of reference for the survey data. It was created using software by National Geographic:  
 "Nevada -Seamless USCS Topographic Maps on CD-ROM"  
 "TOPO! Pro for ArcGIS"

### INSECT & DISEASE ACTIVITY

#### BARK BEETLES

	Mortality	1-4	5-14	15+ Trees
Mountain Pine Beetle (MPB)	-Pinyon	x	o	Δ
<i>Ips confusus</i>	Pinon pine	*	○	□
Fir Engraver Beetle (FEB)	True Fir	x	o	□

#### DEFOLIATORS

	Light	Heavy	Not Rated
Sawfly	Light	Heavy	Not Rated
Scale	Light	Heavy	Not Rated
-Pinyon	Light	Heavy	Not Rated

#### MORTALITY & DISEASE

	Light	Heavy	Stand dieback
Dieback	Light	Heavy	Stand dieback
-Aspen	Light	Heavy	Stand dieback

Dual Codes:  
 MPB -LM / FEB

#### ADDITIONAL SYMBOLS AND DAMAGE AGENTS

# -Trees affected	#A -Trees/Acre affected	Drought -MMH	Low	High	Discoloration
Aspen -Asp	Bristlecone pine -B	Drought -MMH	Low	High	Low <50%
Douglas-fir -DF	Lodgepole pine -LP	Survey	Boundary	Area	High >50%
Larch -L	Ponderosa pine -PP				
Limber pine -Lm	Spruce -S				
Mtn Mahogany -MMH	Subalpine fir -SAF				
	Whitebark pine -W				