

SYMBOL THIN TIMBER SALE

PROJECT COST

ROAD NUMBER

SPECIFIED ROAD COST

Timber Sale

Public Works

1832
1832395

\$252,416.53
\$19,589.08

\$340,762.32
\$26,445.26

TOTAL SPECIFIED ROAD COSTS

\$272,005.61

\$367,207.58

ENGINEERING DEPOSIT

\$27,098.00

TOTAL

\$299,103.61

Symbol Thin Timber Sale prospectus should show 120 days for award of contract if bidder elects to have the Forest Service reconstruct the roads. If the sale is not sold by 12/30/2011 please advise us so we can modify the Road Completion Date.



REVIEWED BY ZONE ENGINEER:

DATE

2/3/11

SYMBOL THIN TIMBER SALE
RECONSTRUCTION OF SPECIFIED ROADS
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SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

Timber Sale: Symbol Thin

Project: 1832000 Reconstruction

Length 7.95 Miles

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	SPECIFIED ROAD COST
15101	Mobilization	Lump Sum	All	\$17,950.00	\$17,950.00
15755	Erosion control & pollution prevention	Each	12	\$894.96	\$10,739.52
20253	Removal of individual trees, miscellaneous: disposal of tops & limbs f & logs f	Each	24	\$64.08	\$1,537.92
20301	Removal of CMP inlet/outlet	Each	2	\$237.93	\$475.86
20358	Removal of corrugated metal pipe, disposal method (a)	Each	23	\$432.06	\$9,937.38
20404	Unclassified borrow, compaction method B, finishing method n/a	Cubic Yard*	1000	\$8.00	\$8,000.00
20453A	Excavation, compaction method B	Each	3	\$8,000.00	\$24,000.00
20453B	Excavation, compaction method B	Each	4	\$15,990.00	\$63,960.00
23051	Roadside brushing, disposal method 1	Mile	7.95	\$759.68	\$6,039.46
25101	Placed riprap, class 4	Cubic Yard*	83	\$64.41	\$5,346.03
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction B	Mile	7.95	\$2,958.89	\$23,523.18
32203	Aggregate base, grading D, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	550	\$37.33	\$20,531.50
32203B	Aggregate base, grading Q, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	8	\$112.98	\$903.84
32222	Pit run, maximum size 8 inches, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	192	\$30.13	\$5,784.96
60276A	18-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.064-inch thickness, method B	Foot	822	\$29.27	\$24,059.94
60276B	24-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.064-inch thickness, method B	Foot	188	\$36.06	\$6,779.28
60276C	30-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.079-inch thickness, method B	Foot	354	\$32.35	\$11,451.90

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

Timber Sale: Symbol Thin

Project: 1832000 Reconstruction

Length 7.95 Miles

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	SPECIFIED ROAD COST
60276D	36-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.079-inch thickness, method B	Foot	180	\$38.51	\$6,931.80
60276E	30-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.079-inch thickness, method B	Foot	40	\$42.24	\$1,689.60
60604	Anchor, for 18-inch outlet pipe	Each	3	\$50.12	\$150.36
60655	18-inch full-circle aluminized steel outlet pipe	Foot	40	\$26.85	\$1,074.00
62509	Mulching, dry method	Lump Sum	All	\$1,550.00	\$1,550.00
				Total	\$252,416.53

* denotes contract quantities.

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

Timber Sale: Symbol Thin
 Project: 1832395 Reconstruction

Length 1.73 Miles

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITY	UNIT PRICE	SPECIFIED ROAD COST
20253	Removal of individual trees, miscellaneous: disposal of tops & limbs f & logs f	Each	17	\$64.08	\$1,089.36
20301	Removal of CMP outlet	Each	1	\$272.01	\$272.01
20358	Removal of corrugated metal pipe, disposal method (a)	Each	1	\$1,027.79	\$1,027.79
20453	Excavation, compaction method B	Each	2	\$546.02	\$1,092.04
23051	Roadside brushing, disposal method 1	Mile	1.73	\$1,448.62	\$2,506.11
25101	Placed riprap, class 4	Cubic Yard*	18	\$58.22	\$1,047.96
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction B	Mile	1.73	\$4,024.18	\$6,961.83
32203	Aggregate base, grading D, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	118	\$36.77	\$4,338.86
60276	24-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.064-inch thickness, method B	Foot	32	\$39.16	\$1,253.12
				Total	\$19,589.08

* denotes contract quantities.

Specification and Supplemental Specification List for
Symbol Thin Timber Sale

Road Number			1832	1832395		
Termini (Miles)			7.95	1.73		
Construction						
Reconstruction			X	X		
Standard Specifications	Date	Title	Specifications that are referenced by other specifications, but are applicable, are not listed below. "X" denotes applicable standard specs. or Forest Service Supplemental specifications. The supplementals shown on the specification list are physically attached.			
101-109	2003		X	X		
151	2003	Mobilization	X	X		
156	2003	Public Traffic	X	X		
157	2003	Soil Erosion Control	X			
202	2003	Additional Clearing and Grubbing	X	X		
203	2003	Removal of Structures and Obstructions	X	X		
204	2003	Excavation and Embankment	X	X		
251	2003	Riprap	X	X		
303	2003	Road Reconditioning	X	X		
602	2003	Culverts and Drains	X	X		
606	2003	Corrugated Metal Spillways	X			
625	2003	Turf Establishment	X	X		
Supplemental Specifications	Date	Title				
Preface	03/15/04	Preface	X	X		
101.01	01/22/09	Meaning of Terms	X	X		
101.01	01/22/09	Meaning of Terms	X	X		
101.03	06/16/06	Abbreviations	X	X		
101.04	03/29/07	Definitions	X	X		
101.04	11/06/07	Definitions	X	X		
102.00	02/16/05	Bid, Award, and Execution of	X	X		
103.00	02/16/05	Deletions	X	X		
104.00	06/16/06	Deletions	X	X		
104.03	01/22/09	Specifications and Drawings	X	X		
104.06	02/17/05	Use of Roads by Contractor	X	X		
104.07	02/17/05	Other Contracts	X	X		
105.02	01/18/05	Material Sources	X	X		
105.02	03/08/07	Contractor Provided Material Sources	X	X		
105.02	02/17/05	Government Provided Sources	X	X		
105.02	02/17/05	Government Provided Sources	X	X		
105.02	06/18/08	Designated Sources	X	X		
105.05	05/12/04	Use of Material Found in the Work	X	X		
106.01	07/31/07	Conformity with Contract	X	X		
106.07	05/11/04	Delete	X	X		
107.05	05/11/04	Responsibility for Damage Claims	X	X		
107.06	06/16/06	Contractor's Responsibility for Work.	X	X		
107.08	03/29/05	Sanitation, Health, and Safety	X	X		
107.09	06/16/06	Legal Relationship of the Parties	X	X		
108.00	02/16/05	Delete	X	X		
109.00	02/17/05	Deletions	X	X		
109.02	06/16/06	Measurement Terms and Definitions	X	X		

Specification and Supplemental Specification List for
Symbol Thin Timber Sale

Road Number			1832	1832395		
Termini (Miles)			7.95	1.73		
Construction						
Reconstruction			X	X		
Supplemental Specifications	Date	Title				
156.00	04/17/07	Public Traffic	X	X		
157.02	05/11/08	Materials	X			
170.00	03/26/07	Develop Water Supply and Watering	X	X		
201.00	08/05/09	Material	X	X		
201.01	02/18/05	Description	X	X		
201.04	03/03/05	Construction Requirements	X	X		
201.04	02/22/05	Clearing	X	X		
201.04	02/18/05	Clearing	X	X		
201.06	11/09/05	Disposal	X	X		
201.06	03/26/07	Disposal	X	X		
203.01	02/25/05	Description	X	X		
203.04	02/18/05	Removing Material	X	X		
203.05	02/18/05	Disposing of Material	X	X		
203.05	03/26/07	Disposing of Material	X	X		
204.00	03/26/09	Excavation and Embankment	X	X		
209.07	07/12/07	Dewatering	X	X		
209.10	10/23/07	Backfill	X	X		
209.11	02/24/05	Compacting	X	X		
230.00	03/31/10	Roadside Brushing	X	X		
303.01	03/02/05	Work	X	X		
303.05	03/26/07	Roadbed Reconditioning	X	X		
303.06	04/04/07	Aggregate Surface Reconditioning	X	X		
303.10	03/26/07	Measurement	X	X		
322.00	10/24/07	Minor Aggregate Courses	X	X		
602.03	09/06/05	General	X	X		
602.03	10/02/08	General	X	X		
602.03	03/17/10	General	X	X		
625.08	01/29/09	Mulching	X	X		
635.03	05/13/04	General	X	X		
703.05	08/14/09	Subbase, Base, Surface Course and Screened Aggregates	X	X		
704.02	04/24/08	Bedding Material	X	X		
704.03	03/26/07	Backfill Material	X	X		

Preface

Preface_wo_03_15_2004_m

Delete all but the first paragraph and add the following:

The Forest Service, US Department of Agriculture has adopted FP-03 for construction of National Forest System Roads.

101 - Terms, Format, and Definitions

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

101.01 Meaning of Terms

Delete all references to the TAR (Transportation Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

101.01 Meaning of Terms

Delete all references to the FAR (Federal Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.03_nat_us_06_16_2006

101.03 Abbreviations.

Add the following to (a) Acronyms:

AFPA	American Forest and Paper Association
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NIST	<u>National Institute of Standards and Technology</u>
NESC	National Electrical Safety Code
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

Add the following to (b) SI symbols:

mp	Milepost
ppm	Part Per Million

101.04_nat_us_03_29_2007

101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions and substitute the following:

Bid Schedule--The Schedule of Items.

Symbol Thin Timber Sale Supplemental Specifications

Bridge--No definition.

Contractor--The individual or legal entity contracting with the Government for performance of prescribed work. In a timber sale contract, the contractor is the "purchaser".

Culvert--No definition.

Right-of-Way--A general term denoting (1) the privilege to pass over land in some particular line (including easement, lease, permit, or license to occupy, use, or traverse public or private lands), or (2) Real property necessary for the project, including roadway, buffer areas, access, and drainage areas.

Add the following:

Adjustment in Contract Price--"Equitable adjustment," as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or "construction cost adjustment," as used in the Timber Sale Contract, as applicable.

Change--"Change" means "change order" as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or "design change" as used in the Timber Sale Contract.

Design Quantity--"Design quantity" is a Forest Service method of measurement from the FS-96 *Forest Service Specifications for the Construction of Roads and Bridges*. Under these FP specifications this term is replaced by the term "Contract Quantities".

Forest Service--The United States of America, acting through the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Neat Line--A line defining the proposed or specified limits of an excavation or structure.

Pioneer Road--Temporary construction access built along the route of the project.

Purchaser--The individual, partnership, joint venture, or corporation contracting with the Government under the terms of a Timber Sale Contract and acting independently or through agents, employees, or subcontractors.

Protected Streamcourse--A drainage shown on the plans or timber sale area map that requires designated mitigation measures.

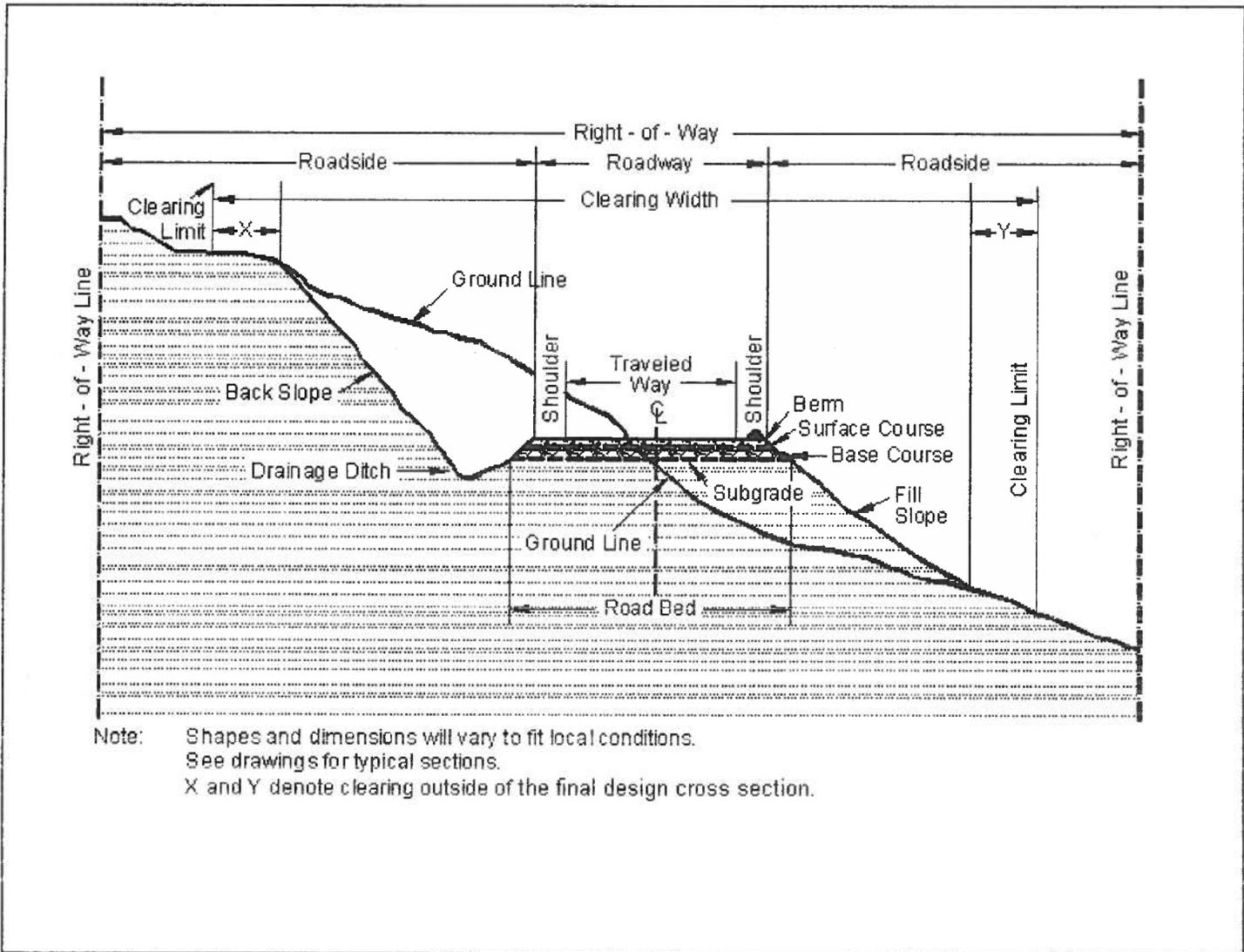
Road Order--An order affecting and controlling traffic on roads under Forest Service jurisdiction. Road Orders are issued by a designated Forest Officer under the authorities of 36 CFR, part 260.

Schedule of Items--A schedule in the contract that contains a listing and description of construction items, quantities, units of measure, unit price, and amount.

Utilization Standards--The minimum size and percent soundness of trees described in the specifications to determine merchantable timber.

Add Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms:

Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms.



101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions:

Contract Modification

Day

Notice to Proceed

Solicitation

102 - Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

102.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

102 Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

Delete Section 102 in its entirety.

103 - Scope of Work

103.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

Deletions

Delete all but subsection 103.01 Intent of Contract.

104 - Control of Work

104.00_nat_us_06_16_2006

Deletions

Delete Sections 104.01, 104.02, and 104.04.

104.03_nat_us_01_22_2009

104.03 Specifications and Drawings.

Delete 104.03.

104.06_nat_us_02_17_2005

Add the following subsection:

104.06 Use of Roads by Contractor

The Contractor is authorized to use roads under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service for all activities necessary to complete this contract, subject to the limitations and authorizations designated in the Road Order(s) or described in the contract, when such use will not damage the roads or national forest resources, and when traffic can be accommodated safely.

104.07_nat_us_02_17_2005

Add Subsection.

104.07 Other Contracts.

There will be one other timber sale operating and hauling on Road 1832. There will be multiple timber sales and other contracts operating and hauling on Road 18.

105 - Control of Material

105.02_nat_us_01_18_2007

105.02 Material Sources.

105.02(a) Government-provided sources.

Add the following:

Comply with the requirements of 30 CFR 56, subparts B and H. Use all suitable material for aggregate regardless of size unless otherwise designated. When required, re-establish vegetation in disturbed areas according to section 625.

105.02_nat_us_03_08_2007

105.02 Material Sources.

105.02(a) Contractor-provided sources.

Add the following:

All material (e.g., soil, gravel, sand, borrow, aggregate, etc.) transported onto National Forest System land or incorporated into the work will be weed-free. The Contracting Officer may request written documentation of methods used to determine the weed-free status of any and all materials furnished by the contractor. Contractor-provided expertise and methods to establish weed-free status must be appropriate for the weeds of concern in the local area. The following applies to this contract:

Weeds specific to this project:

Invasive Plant Species on the Willamette National Forest.: 2010

Potential Invaders	New Invaders	Established Infestations
Leafy spurge	Spotted knapweed	Canada thistle
Yellow starthistle	Diffuse knapweed	Bull thistle
Distaff thistle	Yellow toadflax	Scotch broom
Squarrose knapweed	Dalmatian toadflax	Tansy ragwort
Gorse	Japanese knotweed	St. Johns-wort
Orange hawkweed	Meadow knapweed	Foxglove
French broom	Climbing nightshade	Oxeye daisy
Garlic mustard	Field bindweed	
Himalayan knotweed	Evergreen blackberry*	
Milk thistle	Himalayan blackberry*	
Daphnia	False brome	
	Reed canarygrass*	
	Sweetclover	
	Houndstongue	
	English ivy	
	Butterfly bush	
	Yellow hawkweed	
	Purple loosestrife	
	Everlasting peavine	
	Vinca	
	Evening primrose	
	Bladder campion	
	Creeping buttercup	
	Creeping charlie	
	Yellowflag iris	
	Shinyleaf geranium	
	Sulphur cinquefoil	
	Herb robert	
	Depford pink	
	Burdock	
	Feverfew	
	Anise	
	Fennel	
	Dead Needle	
	Yellow Archangel	

* Species with a star may be considered either new or established weed infestations, depending on their densities. For example, blackberry at low elevations along river corridors are established, but single clumps at high elevations are newly invading. Reed canary grass around reservoir fringes is established but clumps around alpine lakes are newly invading.

105.02(a) Government Provided Sources.

There is no charge for riprap material taken from Porcupine Pit.

105.02(a) Government Provided Sources.

(a) Government-provided sources. Add the following:

Government-provided sources for this project are identified as follows:

(1) Government-provided mandatory sources.

None

(2) Government-provided optional sources.

Material for use as riprap under section 251 may be obtained from Porcupine Pit and at MP 0.44 on Road 1832395. Material for use as borrow under section 204 may be obtained from borrow sources located at the junction of Road 18 and 1832 and MP 0.44 on Road 1832395.

Add the following:**105.02(c) Designated Sources.**

There is no material source development or needed production under Sections 32203 and 32222. The cost for crushed aggregate and pit run was calculated from stockpiles located at Porcupine Pit, Road 2124163, MP 0.25.

If Purchaser/Contractor elects to use the provided material, a Mineral Permit (Form FS 2800-9) will be processed and advanced payment will be made to the Forest Service prior to removing material from the stockpile site. The advanced deposit will be the sum of the contract quantity at the rate of \$12.20 per in place cubic yard for crushed aggregate (32203) and \$6.47 per in place cubic yard for pit run (32222), and an administrative charge of \$70.00. Contact the Middle Fork Ranger District for mineral permit information 21 days prior to removal.

Changes that increase or decrease the designated quantity shall require an additional advanced deposit or refund, calculated in the same manner at the original advanced deposit.

105.05 Use of Material Found in the Work.

Delete 105.05 (a) and (b) and the last sentence of the second paragraph and substitute the following:

Materials produced or processed from Government lands in excess of the quantities required for performance of this contract are the property of the Government. The Government is not obligated to make reimbursement for the cost of producing these materials.

106 - Acceptance of Work

106.01_nat_us_07_31_2007

106.01 Conformity with Contract Requirements.

Delete Subsection 106.01 and substitute the following:

References to standard test methods of AASHTO, ASTM, GSA, and other recognized standard authorities refer to the methods in effect on the date of solicitation for bids.

Perform all work to the lines, grades, cross-sections, dimensions, and processes or material requirements shown on the plans or specified in the contract.

Incorporate manufactured materials into the work according to the manufacturer's recommendations or to these specifications, whichever is more strict.

Plan dimensions and contract specification values are the values to be strived for and complied with as the design values from which any deviations are allowed. Perform work and provide material that is uniform in character and reasonably close to the prescribed value or within the specified tolerance range. The purpose of a tolerance range is to accommodate occasional minor variations from the median zone that are unavoidable for practical reasons.

When standard manufactured items are specified (such as fence, wire, plates, rolled shapes, pipe conduits, etc., that are identified by gauge, unit mass, section dimensions, etc.), the identification will be considered to be nominal masses or dimensions. Unless specific contract tolerances are noted, established manufacturing tolerances will be accepted.

The Government may inspect, sample, or test all work at any time before final acceptance of the project. When the Government tests work, copies of test reports are furnished to the Contractor upon request. Government tests may or may not be performed at the work site. If Contractor testing and inspection is verified by the Government, the Contractor's results may be used by the Government to evaluate work for acceptance. Do not rely on the availability of Government test results for process control.

Acceptable work conforming to the contract will be paid for at the contract unit bid price. Four methods of determining conformity and accepting work are described in Subsections 106.02 to 106.05 inclusive. The primary method of acceptance is specified in each Section of work. However, work may be rejected at any time it is found by any of the methods not to comply with the contract.

Remove and replace work that does not conform to the contract, or to prevailing industry standards where no specific contract requirements are noted, at no cost to the Government.

- (a) Disputing Government test results. **If the accuracy of Government test results is disputed, promptly inform the CO. If the dispute is unresolved after reasonable steps**

are taken to resolve the dispute, further evaluation may be obtained by written request. Include a narrative describing the dispute and a proposed resolution protocol that addresses the following:

- (1) Sampling method;
- (2) Number of samples;
- (3) Sample transport;
- (4) Test procedures;
- (5) Testing laboratories;
- (6) Reporting;
- (7) Estimated time and costs; and
- (8) Validation process.

If the evaluation requires additional sampling or testing be performed, mutually agree with the Government on witnessing procedures and on sampling and testing by a third party laboratory. Use a third party laboratory accredited by the AASHTO accreditation program. Provide proof of the laboratory's accreditation for the test procedures to be used. Do not use the same laboratory that produced the disputed Government test results or that produced the test results used as a basis for the dispute.

The CO will review the proposed resolution protocol and may modify it before final approval and execution.

The Government will use the approved resolution protocol test results to determine the validity of the disputed testing. If the Government test results are validated, the Contractor will be responsible for all costs associated with developing and performing the resolution protocol. If the Government test results are not validated, the Government will be responsible for all costs associated with developing and performing the resolution protocol. If the validity of the Government test results cannot be determined, the Contractor and Government will equally share all costs associated with developing and carrying out the resolution protocol.

(b) Alternatives to removing and replacing non-conforming work. As an alternative to removal and replacement, the Contractor may submit a written request to:

- (1) Have the work accepted at a reduced price; or
- (2) Be given permission to perform corrective measures to bring the work into conformity.

The request must contain supporting rationale and documentation. Include references or data justifying the proposal based on an evaluation of test results, effect on service life, value of material or work, quality, aesthetics, and other tangible engineering basis. The CO will determine disposition of the nonconforming work.

106.07 Delete

Delete subsection 106.07.

107 - Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

107.05 Responsibility for Damage Claims.

Delete the entire subsection.

107.06 Contractor's Responsibility for Work.

Delete the following from the first paragraph.

"except as provided in Subsection 106.07".

107.08 Sanitation, Health, and Safety

Delete the entire subsection.

107.09 Legal Relationship of the Parties.

Delete the entire subsection.

108 - Prosecution and Progress

108 Delete.

Delete Section 108 in its entirety.

109 - Measurement and Payment

109.00_nat_us_02_17_2005

109 Deletions

Delete the following entire subsections:

109.06 Pricing of Adjustments.

109.07 Eliminated Work.

109.08 Progress Payments.

109.09 Final Payment.

109.02_nat_us_06_16_2006

109.02 Measurement Terms and Definitions.

(b) Contract quantity.

Add the following:

Contract quantities will be adjusted only when there are errors in the original design of 15% or more.

Change the following:

“(b) Cubic yard” to “(c) Cubic yard”.

Add the following definition:

(p) Thousand Board Feet (Mbf). 1,000 board feet based on nominal widths, thickness, and extreme usable length of each piece of lumber or timber actually incorporated in the job. For glued laminated timber, 1,000 board feet based on actual width, thickness, and length of each piece actually incorporated in the job.

156 - Public Traffic

156.00_nat_us_04_17_2007

Delete Section 156 in its entirety and replace with the following:

Description

156.01 This work consists of controlling and protecting public traffic adjacent to and within the project.

Material

156.02 Conform to the MUTCD and the following Sections and Subsections:

Construction sign panels	633
Retro-reflective sheeting	718.01
Temporary concrete barrier	618

Temporary plastic fence	710.11
Temporary traffic control devices	718.22

156.03 General. Unless otherwise provided for in Table 156-1, keep existing roads open to all traffic during road improvement work, and maintain them in a condition that will adequately accommodate traffic. Delays may not exceed 300 minutes at any one time followed by an open period of no less than 5 minutes.

Perform no work that interferes or conflicts with traffic or existing access to the roadway surface until a traffic control plan has been approved. Post construction signs and traffic control devices in conformance with MUTCD. All required signs will be in place and approved prior to beginning work on project.

If the Contractor agrees in writing to allow public traffic to use a new road being constructed prior to completion, it will be considered an existing road for traffic control purposes.

156.04 Temporary Traffic Control. Install and maintain temporary traffic control devices adjacent to and within the project as required by the approved traffic control plan and the MUTCD. Install and maintain traffic control devices as follows:

- (a) Furnish and install traffic control devices before the start of construction operations.
- (b) All detours outside of clearing limits will be approved in writing by the Contracting Officer as part of the traffic control plan.
- (c) Install only those traffic control devices needed for each stage or phase.
- (d) Relocate temporary traffic control devices as necessary.
- (e) Remove devices that no longer apply to the existing conditions.
- (f) Immediately replace any device that is lost, stolen, destroyed, or inoperative.
- (g) Keep temporary traffic control devices clean.
- (h) Remove all temporary traffic control devices upon contract completion or when approved.
- (i) When required, use flaggers certified by the American Traffic Safety Services Association, the National Safety Council, the International Municipal Signal Association, a state agency, or other acceptable organization. Perform the work described under MUTCD Part 6. Use type III, VII, VIII, or IX retroreflective sheeting on flagger paddles. Do not use flags. Flaggers must wear high visibility safety apparel as required by MUTCD 6E.02.

156.05 Temporary Closures. Road segments may be closed as shown in Table 156-1. The maximum consecutive days of closure shall be followed by a minimum number of consecutive days open to traffic as shown. Maintain traffic control devices during closure period(s). Appropriate barricades and signs will be erected and maintained as shown in the traffic control plan or as otherwise designated.

Prior to closing roads during construction, give written notice to the Contracting Officer at least 10 days in advance.

**Table 156-1
Temporary Road Closures**

Road Number	From Terminus	To Terminus	Maximum Consecutive Days of Closure	Minimum Consecutive Days Open
1832	MP 0.00	MP 7.95	5	2
1832395	MP 0.00	MP 1.73	30	0

156.06 Acceptance. Public traffic work will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02.

Measurement and Payment

156.07 Do not measure Public Traffic for payment. Compensation is made as an indirect payment.

157 - Soil Erosion Control

157.02_0618_us_05_11_2008

Materials

157.02 Add the following:

Coarse Aggregate for Concrete.....	703.02
Watertight Gaskets.....	712.03

Construction Requirements

157.03 General. Add the following:

21 days prior to the start of construction, submit a written plan that provides specific sediment control measures to minimize delivery of soil and turbidity into the stream during the construction period. Include the sequence of operations and information on equipment, materials and suppliers. Measures given in the Plans and Supplemental Specifications are minimum requirements, and may be revised only with written approval by the CO.

The turbidity of the water 100-200 feet downstream shall not be visually greater than the turbidity of the water upstream of the project site.

When this turbidity requirement or other erosion control measures are not met, immediately take corrective action. Cease operations that are causing turbidity and pump the stream around the

construction site according to this specification and the Plans until the turbidity requirement can be met. When the interpretation of this requirement is in question, measure turbidity using a turbidity meter as approved by the CO, and provide documentation that operations are in compliance with FAR 52.236-7 Permits and Responsibilities, subsection 107.01 Laws to be Observed and subsection 107.10 Environmental Protection, and subsection 107.11, including but not limited to, the requirements of the National Marine Fisheries Service.

Do not begin work until the necessary controls for that particular phase of work have been implemented. Incorporate all erosion control features into the project at the earliest practicable time, as agreed by the CO.

Operate in a manner that will avoid harm to aquatic organisms whenever possible.

Notify the CO of the intention to dewater the stream, at least 72 hours in advance (not including weekends and holidays). Do not re-route the stream until approved by the CO. The CO will not approve dewatering until a fisheries biologist and other Government personnel are present and prepared to rescue aquatic organisms. Dewater the stream slowly and incrementally in order to facilitate the fish rescue. The rescue operation will generally take several hours.

Do not release water through the newly constructed simulated streambed until approved by the CO. After approval, release water slowly and incrementally over a period of at least one hour, or as approved by the CO. During this time, treat any water that does not meet the requirements of the turbidity standard stated in this specification.

157.04 Controls and Limitations on Work. Add the following:

When erosion control materials are to be left on site after the project has been completed, construct erosion controls of organic and bio-degradable materials whenever possible.

157.09 Diversions. Add the Following:

Stream diversion, related appurtenances and measures.

- (a) Stream Bypass Dam and Pipe. Construct a sandbag dam and bypass pipe as shown on the Plans or as approved by the CO.
 - (1) Primary Bypass Dam. Construct the Sandbag Dam in a dry condition by first pumping the stream around the dam. Place temporary cofferdams as needed. Remove irregularities from the streambed to form smooth bedding for the bypass dam. Place the dam so that water does not seep from the downstream side of the dam; if seepage occurs, improve the dam by adding sandbags, improving or adding seals, or other means to minimize seepage from the dam. When it is impossible to eliminate seepage, construct a sump and pump clear water to the upstream side of the dam.
 - (2) Bypass Dam Impermeable Membrane. Place an impermeable membrane within the sandbag dam and entrenched in the streambed as shown on the Plans or

approved by the CO. When approved by the CO, a small amount of granular bentonite may be used along the edges of the membrane to minimize seepage between the membrane and the streambed. Cut a hole in the membrane to fit the bypass pipe and seal the membrane to the Bypass Pipe or the Bypass Pipe Collar using gaskets, adhesive strips or other approved methods.

- (3) Bypass pipe. Place bypass pipe as shown on the Plans or approved by the CO. Place the upstream invert of the pipe at the lowest point in the stream channel as practical. Install joints and elbows as shown on the Plans and as needed to accommodate the site layout. Use watertight seals meeting the requirements of Subsection 712.03. Do not place backfill until the pipe joints have been approved by the CO. Allow water to pass through pipe only after a downstream splash apron has been prepared in a manner that will protect the stream from scour and turbidity, and protect fish from harm. Construct the bypass in a manner that avoids injury to aquatic organisms.
 - (4) Downstream Dam. When water flows into the work area from downstream, construct a cofferdam as needed to prevent water from entering the work area.
 - (5) Sandbags. Prior to placing the lower rows of sandbags, remove the larger rocks or other irregularities from the streambed to form a smooth bed. Use only clean sand or coarse concrete aggregate in the sandbags. Loosely fill and tamp the sandbags in place to minimize seepage between, under, and around the bags.
 - (6) Bypass Pipe Collar. Install and maintain a leak-proof pipe collar as shown on the Plans or approved by the CO.
- (b) Pumps. Install pumps as required to re-route stream around construction site and dewater foundations. When failure of a pump would result in movement of sediment or turbidity beyond the work area, provide a back-up pump that is readily available. Use the pumps for installing and removing the gravity bypass pipes and dams, at other times to facilitate construction operations, and during storms to supplement the gravity bypass. Equip the pump with approved fish screens, appropriate suction and discharge hoses, fittings and flow regulation equipment as needed. Insure that the pumps are clean, free of leaks and that the oil used as lubricant in the pump seal systems is food grade mineral oil. Install and operate pumps in a manner that will avoid impingement of small fish against the intake screens.
- (1) Pump intakes. Use one of the following methods of screening on all draft hoses:
 - i. Perforated Plate; screen openings shall not exceed 3/32 or 0.0938-inches
 - ii. Profile Bar Screen; the narrowest dimension in the screen openings shall not exceed 0.0689-inches in the narrowest direction.
 - iii. Woven Wire Screen; screen openings shall not exceed 3/32 or 0.0938-inches the narrow direction.Check intakes frequently and clean as needed with wire brushing, flushing, or any other acceptable method.
 - (2) Sump Pumps. Supply pumps capable of dewatering the structure foundation. Insure that pumps are clean and free of leaks. Remove sediment and turbidity in the Sump Pump discharge water prior to re-entering the stream.
- (c) Sump Water Discharge. Discharge sump water as shown on the Plan or as approved by the CO. Apply one or more methods to remove sediment from sediment-laden water.

Apply additional methods as needed to eliminate increase in downstream turbidity. Use the following methods as needed:

- (1) Natural Vegetation/Soil Dispersal and Filtration. Discharge sump water onto areas of ground most advantageous for dispersal and filtration of sediment, e.g. flat heavily vegetated soil. When single point discharge does not function adequately, discharge water into a perforated pipe or series of pipes laid approximately level so that the brown water disperses over a wide area.
 - (2) Silt Bag Filtration. Discharge sump water into one or more Silt Bags. Silt Bags are constructed of Mirafi 180N (or approved equal) with sewn seam strengths of 90% efficiency according to ASTM D4632. Construct bag to hold and filter sump water. Place silt bag(s) on level ground having layer of straw one foot thick minimum.
 - (3) Settling Basin. Discharge sump water into one or more Basins. The Basins may be pre-manufactured tanks, folding tanks, geotextile or membranes placed over a sandbag or weed-free straw berm, or other similar basins designed to separate sediment from the water.
 - (4) Suspended Sediment Coagulation Agent. When other methods do not function adequately, add an approved coagulation agent to water prior to discharging the water onto natural vegetation, Silt Bag, or Settling Basin. Use a flocculation agent such as Chitisan-based Storm-Klear Gel-Floc, or approved equal. Use Suspended Sediment Coagulation Agent according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- (d) Sedimats. Place Sedimats across the streambed as shown on the Plans or approved by the CO. The Sedimat is a proprietary product manufactured by Indian Valley Industries, Inc. and distributed by Columbia Storage Inc., Vancouver Washington, phone: (800) 426-7976. Use Sedimats according to manufacturer's recommendations.
- (d) Simulated Streambed. After placement of the simulated streambed rock materials as shown on the Plans, wash the fines from the surface of the new streambed and remove the sediment using a downstream sump pump. Provide temporary sandbag dam if needed.

157.13 Maintenance & Cleanup. Add the following:

When removing sandbags, spread sand away from the waterway; if coarse concrete aggregate meeting the requirements of Section 703.02 is used in the sandbags, the gravel may be distributed evenly across the waterway.

Remove geotextile and other non-biodegradable materials used in dewatering and sediment control operations from Government property, unless otherwise approved by the CO.

170 - Develop Water Supply and Watering

170 00_0618_us_03_26_2007

Description

170.01 This work consists of developing an acceptable water supply, furnishing, hauling, and applying water.

Materials

170.02 Conform to the following subsection.

Water	725.01.
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Construction Requirements

170.03 Development of Supply & Access. Develop water supplies and access to the water supplies as required. Use designated water sources or other approved water sources. Before using non-designated water sources, obtain all necessary permissions, water rights, and permits.

170.04 Equipment.

(a) Water tanks. Provide mobile watering equipment with watertight tanks of known capacity. Provide for positive control of water application from the driver's position.

(b) Juvenile fish protection. All draft hoses being used to withdraw water from any live flowing stream or pond will utilize one of the following methods of screening.

(1) Perforated plate: Screen opening shall not exceed 3/32 or 0.0938-inches.

(2) Profile bar screen: The narrowest dimension in the screen openings shall not exceed 0.0689-inches in the narrowest direction.

(3) Woven wire screen: Screen openings shall not exceed 3/32 or 0.0938-inches in the narrow direction.

All methods shall be cleaned frequently with either wire brushing, flushing or other acceptable method.

170.05 Application. Apply water uniformly without ponding or washing.

170.06 Acceptance. Developing water supplies and watering will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Measurement and Payment

170.07 See Subsection 109.05.

Do not measure develop water supply and watering for payment.

201 - Clearing and Grubbing

201.00_nat_us_08_05_2009

201.02 Material:

Delete Tree wound dressing material reference.

201.03 General.

Delete the last sentence.

201.04 Clearing.

Delete the last sentence of (d).

201.01_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.01 Description

Replace with the following

This work consists of clearing and grubbing within clearing limits and other designated areas.

201.04_nat_us_03_03_2005

Construction Requirements

201.04 Clearing.

Add the following:

Utilization standards for merchantable timber are listed below. Fall and buck merchantable material into lengths not to exceed 40 feet. Pieces (logs) meet utilization standards when such pieces would have met Utilization Standards if bucking lengths were varied to include such material.

Minimum Utilization Standards

Length	Diameter (Inside Bark) at Small End	40% Net Scale in % of Gross Scale
8 feet	6 inches	

201.04_nat_us_02_22_2005

201.04 Clearing. (c)

Delete paragraph (c) and replace with the following:

(c) In areas outside the excavation, embankment, and slope rounding limits, cut stumps to within 12 inches or one-third of the stump diameter of the ground, whichever is higher, measured on the side adjacent to the highest ground. For timber sales, stump heights will meet the requirements of the Timber Sale contract.

201.04 Clearing.

Delete subsection (d) and replace with the following:

(d) Do not cut vegetation less than 3 feet tall and less than 3 inches in diameter, that is within the clearing limits but beyond the roadway and not in a decking area, and that does not interfere with sight distance along the road.

Add the following:

(e) Trim branches of remaining trees or shrubs to give a clear height of 14 feet above the roadbed unless otherwise indicated. Trim tree limbs as near flush with the trunk as practicable.

(f) Remove brush from log decks. Deck logs so that logs are piled parallel to one another; can be removed by standard log loading equipment; will not damage standing trees; will not interfere with drainage, and will not roll. Keep logs in log decks free of brush and soil.

201.04_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.04 Clearing.

Add the following:

When marked in advance, remove dead trees over 6 inches in diameter measured at 12 inches above the ground that lean toward the road and are tall enough to reach the roadbed.

201.06_nat_us_11_09_2005

201.06 Disposal

Delete the first sentence of this paragraph and substitute the following:

Limb and deck logs that meet utilization standards at locations approved by the CO or otherwise designated. Deck logs according to 201.04 (f).

201 06_0618_us_03_26_2007

201.06 Disposal

Delete the first sentence of this subsection.

203 - Removal of Structures and Obstructions

203.01_nat_us_02_25_2005

203.01 Description.

Delete and replace with the following:

This work consists of disposing of construction slash and debris, salvaging, removing, and disposing of buildings, fences, structures, pavements, culverts, utilities, curbs, sidewalks, and other obstructions.

203.04 Removing Material.

Replace the fourth and fifth paragraphs with the following:

Where part of an existing culvert is removed, remove the entire culvert upstream from the removal. The remaining downstream culvert may be left in place if no portion of the culvert is within 12 inches of the subgrade, embankment slope, or new culvert or structure; and the culvert ends are sealed with concrete.

Remove structures and obstructions in the roadbed to 12 inches below subgrade elevation. Remove structures and obstructions outside the roadbed to 12 inches below finished ground or to the natural stream bottom.

203.05_nat_us_02_18_2005

203.05 Disposing of Material.

Add the following:

(e) Windrowing Construction Slash. Place construction slash outside the roadway in neat, compacted windrows approximately parallel to and along the toeline of embankment slopes. Do not permit the top of the windrows to extend above subgrade. Use construction equipment to matt down all material in a windrow to form a compact and uniform pile. Construct breaks of at least 15 feet at least every 200 feet in a windrow. Do not place windrows against trees. Obtain approval for pioneer roads. A pioneer road may be constructed to provide an area for placement of windrows, provided the excavated material is kept within the clearing limits and does not adversely affect the road construction.

(f) Scattering. Scatter construction slash outside the clearing limits without damaging trees. Limb all logs. Place logs and stumps away from trees, positioned so they will not roll, and are not on top of one another. Limb and scatter other construction slash to reduce slash concentrations.

(g) Chipping or Grinding. Use an approved chipping machine to grind slash and stumps greater than 3 inches in diameter and longer than 3 feet. Deposit chips or ground woody material on embankment slopes or outside the roadway to a loose depth less than 6 inches. Minor amounts of chips or ground woody material may be permitted within the roadway if they are thoroughly mixed with soil and do not form a layer.

(h) Debris Mat. Use tree limbs, tops, cull logs, split stumps, wood chunks, and other debris to form a mat upon which construction equipment is operated. Place stumps upside down and blend stumps into the mat.

(i) Decking Firewood Material. Remove brush from decks. Limb and deck logs that do not meet Utilization Standards according to Subsection 201.04 as directed by the CO. Cut logs to lengths less than 30 feet. Ensure that logs stacks are stable and free of brush and soil.

(j) Removal to designated locations. Remove construction slash to designated locations.

(k) Piling. Pile construction slash in designated areas. Place and construct piles so that if the piles are burned, the burning will not damage remaining trees. Keep piles free of dirt from stumps. Cut unmerchantable logs into lengths of less than 20 feet.

(l) Placing Slash on Embankment Slopes. Place construction slash on completed embankment slopes to reduce soil erosion. Place construction slash as flat as practicable on the completed slope. Do not place slash closer than 2 feet below subgrade. Priority for use of available slash is for: (1) through fills; (2) insides of curves; and (3) ditch relief outlets.

(m) Hydrological Sensitive Placement. Where required use this method in combination with other designated methods to dispose of material to reduce erosion and to aid in re-vegetation:

1. Place windrow segments on contours, wrap in type I geotextile.
2. Place logs as log erosion barriers on contours. Place logs so that 80% of their length is on the ground surface.
3. Scatter slash on bare or disturbed areas within or outside the clearing limits as directed.
4. Scatter chips or ground woody material on bare or disturbed areas within or outside the clearing limits as directed.

Place stumps in swales or on sites to form planting pockets. Place windrow segments on contours, wrap in type I geotextile.

203.05_0618_us_03_26_2007

203.05 Disposing of Material

(a) Remove from project.

Delete the last two sentences

204 - Excavation and Embankment

204.00_nat_us_03_26_2009

Replace Section 204 in its entirety with the following:

Description

204.01 This work consists of excavating material and constructing embankments. This includes furnishing, hauling, stockpiling, placing, disposing, sloping, shaping, compacting, and finishing earthen and rocky material.

204.02 Definitions.

(a) Excavation. Excavation consists of the following:

(1) Roadway excavation. All material excavated from within the right-of-way or easement areas, except subexcavation covered in (2) below and structure excavation

covered in Sections 208 and 209. Roadway excavation includes all material encountered regardless of its nature or characteristics.

(2) Subexcavation. Material excavated from below subgrade elevation in cut sections or from below the original groundline in embankment sections. Subexcavation does not include the work required by Subsections 204.05, 204.06(b), and 204.06(c).

(3) Borrow excavation. Material used for embankment construction that is obtained from outside the roadway prism. Borrow excavation includes unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping.

(b) Embankment construction. Embankment construction consists of placing and compacting roadway or borrow excavation. This work includes:

- (1)** Preparing foundation for embankment;
- (2)** Constructing roadway embankments;
- (3)** Benching for side-hill embankments;
- (4)** Constructing dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms; and
- (5)** Backfilling subexcavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions.

(c) Conserved topsoil. Excavated material conserved from the roadway excavation and embankment foundation areas that is suitable for growth of grass, cover crops, or native vegetation.

(d) Waste. Excess and unsuitable roadway excavation and subexcavation that cannot be used.

Material

204.03 Conform to the following Subsections:

Backfill material	704.03
Select borrow	704.07
Select topping	704.08
Topping	704.05
Unclassified borrow	704.06
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

204.04 Preparation for Roadway Excavation and Embankment Construction. Clear the area of vegetation and obstructions according to Sections 201 and 203.

204.05 Reserved.

204.06 Roadway Excavation. Excavate as follows:

(a) General. Do not disturb material and vegetation outside the construction limits. Incorporate only suitable material into embankments. Replace any shortage of suitable material caused by premature disposal of roadway excavation. Dispose of unsuitable or excess excavation material according to Subsection 204.14.

At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the work area to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

Retrieve material deposited outside of the clearing limits as directed by the CO. Place unsuitable material in designated areas.

(b) Rock cuts. Blast rock according to Section 205. Excavate rock cuts to 6 inches below subgrade within the roadbed limits. Backfill to subgrade with topping or with other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11

(c) Earth cuts. Scarify earth cuts to 6 inches below subgrade within the roadbed limits. Compact the scarified material according to Subsection 204.11.

(d) Pioneer Roads. Road pioneering, slash disposal, and grubbing of stumps may proceed concurrently with excavation. Conduct excavation and placement operations so material to be treated under Section 201 will not be incorporated into the roadway unless specified in the slash treatment method. Maintain drainage during pioneering operations.

Remove snow and ice in advance of the work and deposit beyond the roadway limits in a manner that will not waste material or generate sediment. Do not incorporate snow and ice into embankments. Place snow or ice in a manner to prevent resource damage.

204.07 Subexcavation. Excavate material to the limits designated by the CO. Take cross-sections according to Section 152. Prevent unsuitable material from becoming mixed with the backfill. Dispose of unsuitable material according to Subsection 204.14. Backfill the subexcavation with topping, or other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11.

204.08 Borrow Excavation. Use all suitable roadway excavation in embankment construction. Do not use borrow excavation when it results in excess roadway excavation. Deduct excess borrow excavation from the appropriate borrow excavation quantity.

Obtain borrow source acceptance according to Subsection 105.02. Develop and restore borrow sources according to Subsection 105.03. Do not excavate beyond the established limits. When applicable, shape the borrow source to permit accurate measurements when excavation is complete.

204.09 Preparing Foundation for Embankment Construction. Prepare foundation for embankment construction as follows:

(a) Embankment less than 4 feet high over natural ground. When designated, remove topsoil and break up the ground surface to a minimum depth of 6 inches by plowing or scarifying. Compact the ground surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(b) Embankments over an existing asphalt, concrete, or gravel road surface. Scarify gravel roads to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Scarify or pulverize asphalt and concrete roads to 6 inches below the pavement. Reduce all particles to a maximum size of 6 inches and produce a uniform material. Compact the surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(c) Embankment across ground not capable of supporting equipment. Dump successive loads of embankment material in a uniformly distributed layer to construct the lower portion of the embankment. Limit the layer thickness to the minimum depth necessary to support the equipment.

(d) Embankment on an existing slope steeper than 1V:3H. Cut horizontal benches in the existing slope to a sufficient width to accommodate placement and compaction operations and equipment. Bench the slope as the embankment is placed and compacted in layers. Begin each bench at the intersection of the original ground and the vertical cut of the previous bench.

204.10 Embankment Construction. Incorporate only suitable roadway excavation material into the embankment. When the supply of suitable roadway excavation is exhausted, furnish unclassified borrow to complete the embankment. Obtain written approval before beginning construction of embankments over 6 feet high at subgrade centerline. Construct embankments as follows:

(a) General. At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the embankment surface to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

During all stages of construction, route and distribute hauling and leveling equipment over the width and length of each layer of material.

Compact embankment side slopes flatter than 1V:1.75H with a tamping type roller or by walking with a dozer. For slopes 1V:1.75H or steeper, compact the slopes as construction of the embankment progresses.

Where placing embankment on one side of abutments, wing walls, piers, or culvert headwalls, compact the material using methods that prevent excessive pressure against the structure.

Where placing embankment material on both sides of a concrete wall or box structure, conduct operations so compacted embankment material is at the same elevation on both sides of the structure.

Where structural pilings are placed in embankment locations, limit the maximum particle size to 4 inches.

(b) Embankment within the roadway prism. Place embankment material in horizontal layers not exceeding 12 inches in compacted thickness. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 12-inch layers by reducing them in size or placing them individually as required by (c) below. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

Material composed predominately of boulders or rock fragments too large for 12-inch layers may be placed in layers up to 24 inches thick. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 24-inch layer by reducing them in size or placing them individually according to (c) below. Place sufficient earth and smaller rocks to fill the voids. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(c) Individual rock fragments and boulders. Place individual rock fragments and boulders greater than 24 inches in diameter as follows:

- (1) Reduce rock to less than 48 inches in the largest dimension.
- (2) Distribute rock within the embankment to prevent nesting.
- (3) Place layers of embankment material around each rock to a depth not greater than that permitted by (b) above. Fill all the voids between rocks.
- (4) Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(d) Embankment outside of roadway prism. Where placing embankment outside the staked roadway prism, place material in horizontal layers not exceeding 24 inches in compacted thickness. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11.

204.11 Compaction. Compact the embankment using one of the following methods as specified:

(a) Compaction A. Use AASHTO T 27 to determine the amount of material retained on a Number 4 sieve. If there is more than 80 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (1). If there is 50 to 80 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (2). If there is less than 50 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (3).

(1) Adjust the moisture content to a level suitable for compaction. Fill the interstices around rock with earth or other fine material as practical. Use compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6 feet per second and vibratory rollers at speeds less than 3 feet per second. Compact each layer of material full width with one of the following and until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

(a) Four roller passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 40,000 pounds impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1000 vibrations per minute.

(b) Eight roller passes of a 20-ton compression-type roller.

(c) Eight roller passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 30,000 pounds impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1000 vibrations per minute.

Increase the compactive effort for layers deeper than 12 inches as follows:

- For each additional 6 inches or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (a) above by four passes.
- For each additional 6 inches or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (b) and (c) above, by eight passes.

(2) Use AASHTO T 99 to determine the optimum moisture content of the portion of the material passing a No. 4 sieve. Multiply this number by the percentage of material passing a No. 4 sieve, and add 2 percent to determine the optimum moisture content of the material. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-1 through A-5 to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-6 and A-7 to within 2 percent of the optimum moisture content.

Use compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6 feet per second and vibratory rollers at speeds less than 3 feet per second. Compact each layer of material full width according to (1) above.

(3) Classify the material according to AASHTO M 145. For material classified A-1 or A-2-4, determine the maximum density according to AASHTO T 180, method D. For other material classifications, determine the optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99, method C.

Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-1 through A-5 to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-6 and A-7 to within 2 percent of the optimum moisture content.

Use compression-type or vibratory rollers. Compact each layer of material full width to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in-place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures. When required, use AASHTO T 224 to correct for coarse particles.

(b) Compaction B. Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Adjust the moisture content of the material to obtain a mass that will not visibly deflect under the load of the hauling and spreading equipment. Operate compaction equipment over the full width of each layer until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation or, if when a sheepsfoot roller is used, the roller “walks out” of the layer. Make at least three complete passes.

(c) Compaction C. Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Level and smooth each embankment layer before placing the next layers. Operate hauling and spreading equipment uniformly over the full width of each layer. Construct a solid embankment with adequate compaction by working smaller rock and fines in with the larger rocks to fill the voids, and by operating hauling and spreading equipment uniformly over the full width of each layer as the embankment is constructed.

204.12 Ditches. Slope, grade, and shape ditches. Remove all projecting roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks, and other debris.

Form furrow ditches by plowing or using other acceptable methods to produce a continuous furrow. Place all excavated material on the downhill side so the bottom of the ditch is approximately 18 inches below the crest of the loose material. Clean the ditch using a hand shovel, ditcher, or other suitable method. Shape to provide drainage without overflow.

204.13 Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing. Complete slopes, ditches, culverts, riprap, and other underground minor structures before placing aggregate courses. Slope, shape, and finish as follows:

(a) Sloping. Leave all earth slopes with uniform roughened surfaces, except as described in (b) below, with no noticeable break as viewed from the road. Except in solid rock, round tops and bottoms of all slopes including the slopes of drainage ditches. Round material overlaying solid rock to the extent practical. Scale all rock slopes. Slope rounding is not required on tolerance class D through M roads.

If a slide or slipout occurs on a cut or embankment slope, remove or replace the material, and repair or restore all damage to the work. Bench or key the slope to stabilize the slide. Reshape the cut or embankment slope to an acceptable condition.

(b) Stepped slopes. Where required by the contract, construct steps on slopes of $1\frac{1}{2}V:1H$ to $1V:2H$. Construct the steps approximately 18 inches high. Blend the steps into natural ground at the end of the cut. If the slope contains nonrippable rock outcrops, blend steps into the rock. Remove loose material found in transitional area. Except for removing large rocks that may fall, scaling stepped slopes is not required.

(c) Shaping. Shape the subgrade to a smooth surface and to the cross-section required. Shape slopes to gradually transition into slope adjustments without noticeable breaks. At the ends of cuts and at intersections of cuts and embankments, adjust slopes in the horizontal and vertical planes to blend into each other or into the natural ground.

(d) Finishing. Finish the roadbed to be smooth and uniform, and shaped to conform to the typical sections. Remove unsuitable material from the roadbed and replace it with suitable material. Finish roadbeds to the tolerance class shown in table 204-2. Ensure that the subgrade is visibly moist during shaping and dressing. Scarify to 6 inches below the bottom of low sections, holes, cracks, or depressions and bring back to grade with suitable material. Maintain proper ditch drainage.

For surfaced roads, remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed.

For unsurfaced roads, use one of the following methods to finish the roadbed:

(1) **Method A.** Remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed and replace with suitable material.

(2) **Method B.** Use a vibratory grid roller or approved equal with a minimum weight of 10 tons. Roll at least 5 full-width passes or until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

(3) **Method C.** For roads designated as Construction Tolerance Class K, L, or M, finish the roadbed by spreading the excavation. Eliminate rock berms.

204.14 Disposal of Unsuitable or Excess Material. Dispose of unsuitable or excess material at designated sites or legally off of the project.

When there is a pay item for waste, shape and compact the waste material in its final location. Do not mix clearing or other material not subject to payment with the waste material.

204.15 Acceptance. See Table 204-1 for sampling and testing requirements.

Material for embankment and conserved topsoil will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Excavation and embankment construction will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Clearing and removal of obstructions will be evaluated under Sections 201 and 203.

Measurement

204.16 Measure the Section 204 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

(a) **Roadway excavation.** Measure roadway excavation in its original position as follows:

(1) Include the following volumes in roadway excavation:

(a) Roadway prism excavation;

(b) Rock material excavated and removed from below subgrade in cut sections;

(c) Unsuitable material below subgrade and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for subexcavation is not shown in the bid schedule;

(d) Ditches, except furrow ditches measured under a separate bid item;

(e) Topsoil;

(f) Borrow material used in the work when a pay item for borrow is not shown in the bid schedule;

(g) Loose scattered rocks removed and placed as required within the roadway;

(h) Conserved material taken from stockpiles and used in Section 204 work; and

(i) Slide and slipout material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operation.

(2) Do not include the following in roadway excavation:

(a) Overburden and other spoil material from borrow sources;

(b) Overbreakage from the backslope in rock excavation;

- (c) Water or other liquid material;
- (d) Material used for purposes other than required;
- (e) Roadbed material scarified in place and not removed;
- (f) Material excavated when stepping cut slopes;
- (g) Material excavated when rounding cut slopes;
- (h) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
- (i) Material excavated when benching for embankments;
- (j) Slide or slipout material attributable to the Contractor's method of operation;
- (k) Conserved material taken from stockpiles constructed at the option of the Contractor; and
- (l) Material excavated outside the established slope limits.

(3) When both roadway excavation and embankment construction pay items are shown in the bid schedule, measure the following as roadway excavation only:

- (a) Unsuitable material below subgrade in cuts and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for subexcavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
- (b) Slide and slipout material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operations; and
- (c) Drainage ditches, channel changes, and diversion ditches.

(b) Unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping. When measuring by the cubic yard measure in its original position. If borrow excavation is measured by the cubic yard in place, take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping overburden. Upon completion of excavation and after the borrow source waste material is returned to the source, retake cross-sections before replacing the overburden.

Do not measure borrow excavation used in place of excess roadway excavation.

(c) Embankment construction. Measure embankment construction in its final position. Do not make deductions from the embankment construction quantity for the volume of minor structures.

(1) Include the following volumes in embankment construction:

- (a) Roadway embankments;
- (b) Material used to backfill subexcavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions;
- (c) Material used to restore obliterated roadbeds to original contours; and
- (d) Material used for dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms.

(2) Do not include the following in embankment construction:

- (a) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
- (b) Adjustments for subsidence or settlement of the embankment or of the foundation on which the embankment is placed; and
- (c) Material used to round fill slopes.

(d) Rounding cut slopes. Measure rounding cut slopes horizontally along the centerline of the roadway if a pay item for slope rounding is included in the bid schedule. If a pay item for slope

rounding is not included in the bid schedule slope rounding will be considered subsidiary to excavation.

(e) Waste. Measure waste by the cubic yard in its final position. Take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping overburden. Upon completion of the waste placement, retake cross-sections before replacing overburden.

(f) Slope scaling. Measure slope scaling by the cubic yard in the hauling vehicle.

Payment

204.17 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 204 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

**Table 204-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Topping (704.05) & unclassified borrow (704.06)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D ⁽¹⁾ or T 99, method C ⁽¹⁾	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per 13,000 yd ³	"	"	"
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 6000 yd ² but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer
Select borrow (704.07 & Select topping (704.08)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type but not less than 1 for each day of production	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Gradation	—	AASHTO T 27 & T 11	"	"	"	"
		Liquid limit	—	AASHTO T 89	"	"	"	"
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D ⁽¹⁾ or T 99, method C ⁽¹⁾	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per 13,000 yd ³	"	"	"
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 6000 yd ² but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor

**Table 204-i (continued)
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Earth embankment (204.11, Compaction A)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	--	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type	Source of Material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D ⁽¹⁾ or T 99, method C ⁽¹⁾	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per 13,000 yd ³	"	"	"
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 3500 yd ² but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer
Top of subgrade (204.11 Compaction A)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 2500 yd ²	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

**Table 204-2
Construction Tolerances**

	Tolerance Class ^(a)												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Roadbed width (ft)	+0.5	+0.5	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.5	+1.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0
Subgrade elevation (ft)	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±2.0	±3.0	(c)
Centerline alignment (ft)	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±3.0	±5.0	(c)
Slopes, excavation, and embankment (% slope ^(b))	±3	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±10	±10	±10	±10	±20	±20	±20

(a) Maximum allowable deviation from construction stakes and drawings.

(b) Maximum allowable deviation from staked slope measured from slope stakes or hinge points.

(c) Unless otherwise shown the centerline alignment and subgrade elevation, as built, have no horizontal curves with a radius of less than 80 feet, and no vertical curves with a curve length of less than 80 feet when the algebraic difference in the grade change is less than 10 percent, or a curve length of less than 100 feet when the algebraic difference of the grade change is greater than or equal to 10 percent. The centerline grade is not to exceed 20 percent in 100 feet of length.

209 - Structure Excavation and Backfill

209.07_0618_us_07_12_2007

209.07 Dewatering.

Delete subsection 209.07 and substitute the following:

Dewatering. Where necessary to dewater, dewater according to Subsection 157.09.

209.10_nat_us_10_23_2007

209.10 Backfill.

(a) General.

Add the following:

Replace any pipe that is distorted by more than 5 percent of nominal dimensions, or that is ruptured or broken.

Do not place or backfill pipe that meets any of the following conditions until the excavation and foundation have been approved in writing by the CO:

- Embankment height greater than 6 feet at subgrade centerline.
- Installation in a protected streamcourse.
- Round pipe with a diameter of 48 inches or greater.
- Pipe arches with a span of 50 inches or greater.
- Any box culvert of structure other than pipe culverts.

(b) Pipe culverts.

(1) Pipe culverts with compacted backfill.

Add the following:

Excavate an area on each side of the pipe as needed to effectively achieve compaction requirements. Backfill without damaging or displacing the pipe. Complete backfilling of the trench with suitable material.

209.11_nat_us_02_24_2005

209.11 Compacting.

Delete the subsection and add the following:

Compact backfill using designated compaction method A, B, or C:

Method A. Ensure that backfill density exceeds the density of the surrounding embankment.

Method B. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact each layer using appropriate compaction equipment until visual displacement ceases. For compaction under sections 252, 254, 255, 257, 258 and 262 compact with a vibratory steel wheeled roller with a mass of at least 8 tons.

Method C. Determine optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99 method C. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact material placed in all layers to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

Table 209-1 Sampling and Testing Requirements

Add the following:

(2) Compaction methods (A) and (B) do not require AASHTO T-99 or T-310 test methods for foundation fill.

230 - Roadside Brushing

230 00_0618_us_03_31_2010

230.01 Description. This work consists of removing limbs, residual slash, roadside brush and small trees within the brushing limits designated in the plans, including turnouts.

Construction Requirements

230.02 General. Cut all brush and small trees, (8 inch diameter or less at the point of cut) within the brushing limits and outside the roadbed no higher than 6 inches above the ground surface or obstructions such as rocks or stumps. Trees beyond the bottom of ditch and beyond the hinge point on the fill slope side, with a diameter larger than 8 inches at a point 4 feet above the ground shall be limbed to a height of 14 feet above the road surface.

Cut all brush and trees located in the roadbed. Grub and haul stumps to designated waste areas or as directed by the Contracting Officer. Smooth and shape the disturbed areas where stumps are removed to prevent water ponding.

230.03 Windfalls. Cut windfalls lying within or across the brushing limits to a horizontal distance of 5 feet from each shoulder or at the brushing limit, whichever is least. Dispose of windfall material as slash.

230.04 Slash Treatments. Remove limbs, chunks, and debris within the roadway in excess of 3 feet in length or 1 inches in diameter, or concentrations which may plug ditches or culverts, from the traveled way, shoulders, ditches and water courses.

Dispose of slash in accordance with one or more of the following methods, as shown in the bid schedule:

- (1) **Scattering.** Scatter slash outside the roadway limits without damaging trees. Do not scatter any material in streambeds, culvert inlets or outlets, drainage ways or cattleguards.

- (2) **Chipping.** Process slash through a chipping machine. Deposit chips on embankment slopes or outside the roadway to a loose depth less than 6 inches.
- (3) **Piling.** Pile slash in designated locations. Place and construct piles so that if the piles are burned, the burning will not damage surrounding trees. Keep piles free of dirt. Cut unmerchantable logs into lengths less than 20 feet.
- (4) **Decking.** Deck logs in excess of ___feet long and ___inches in diameter in designated locations. Logs shall be limbed and decks are to be stable and free of brush and soil. Treat other material according to designated slash treatment methods.
- (5) **Placing slash on embankment slopes.** Place slash on embankments slopes as designated in the plans to reduce soil erosion. Place slash as flat as practicable on slope. Do not place closer than 2 feet below shoulder. Priority for use of available slash in for: (1) through fills; (2) insides of curves.
- (6) **Burying.** Bury slash at designated locations. Mat slash down in layers and cover with rock and soil.
- (7) **Piling & burning.** Pile and burn slash in designated locations. Construct piles so that burning does not damage remaining trees.

Measurement

230.05 Measure the Section 230 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02. Quantities will be the number of miles and fractions thereof along the road centerline, regardless of the amount of work required.

Payment

230.06 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 230 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

303 - Road Reconditioning

3(3.01_nat_us_03_02_2005

303.01 Work.

Delete and add the following:

This work consists of reconditioning ditches, shoulders, roadbeds, cattleguards, asphalt surfaces, and aggregate surfaces.

303.05_0618_us_03_26_2007

303.05 Roadbed Reconditioning.

Delete fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Scarify to the depth and width shown on the drawings, remove surface irregularities, and shape to provide a uniform surface.

303.06_0618_us_04_04_2007

303.06 Aggregate Surface Reconditioning.

Delete and replace with the following:

Repair soft and unstable areas to the full depth of the aggregate surface and according to Subsection 204.07. Scarify to the depth and width shown in the drawings, and remove surface irregularities. Reshape, finish, and compact the entire aggregate surface according to Section 301, Section 321, or Section 322 as applicable.

Delete Table 303-1 and replace with the following:

Table 303-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Existing Roadway	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Moisture-density Method D	—	AASHTO T 99 ⁽¹⁾	1 per each mixture or change in material	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density Method E	—	R-1 Marshall	"	"	"	"
		Moisture-density Method F	—	AASHTO T 180 ⁽¹⁾	"	"	"	"
		Moisture-density Method G	—	R-1 Marshall	"	"	"	"
		In-place density & moisture content	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 3000 yd ²	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

303.10 Measurement

Remove and replace the first sentence in the third paragraph with the following:

Measure roadbed reconditioning, aggregate surface reconditioning, roadway reconditioning, and pulverizing by the mile, by the foot, by the station or by the square yard.

322 - Minor Aggregate Courses

Description

322.01 This work consists of constructing one or more courses of aggregate on a prepared surface. Work includes producing aggregate by grid rolling, screening, or crushing methods, or placing pit-run or Government-furnished aggregate.

Surface aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-3.

Subbase and base aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-2.

Screened aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-16.

Material

322.02 Conform to the following Subsections:

Aggregate	703.05
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

322.03 General. Prepare the surface on which the aggregate course is placed according to Section 204 or 303 as applicable.

Request approval of the roadbed in writing before placing aggregate.

Develop, haul, and apply water in accordance to Section 170.

Submit target values within the gradation ranges shown in Table 703-2 or 703-3 for the required grading. After reviewing the proposed target values the CO will determine the final values for the gradation and notify the Contractor in writing.

No quality requirements or gradation other than maximum size will be required for pit run and grid-rolled material. For grid rolling, use all suitable material that can be reduced to maximum size.

After processing on the road, remove all oversize material from the road and dispose of it as directed by the CO.

If the aggregate is produced and stockpiled before placement, handle and stockpiled according to Section 320. Establish stockpile sites at approved locations.

322.04 Mixing and Spreading. Mix the aggregate and adjust the moisture content to obtain a uniform mixture with a moisture content suitable for the specified compaction method. Spread and shape the mixture on the prepared surface in a uniform layer with no segregation of size, and to a loose depth that will provide the required compacted thickness.

Do not place in layers exceeding 6 inches in compacted thickness for aggregate base and surface courses or twice the maximum particle size for screened aggregate. When more than one layer is necessary, compact each layer according to Subsection 322.05 before placing the next layer. Route hauling and leveling equipment uniformly over the full width.

When placing aggregate over geotextile, place aggregate in a single lift to the full depth specified.

322.05 Compacting. Compact each layer full width. Roll from the sides to the center, parallel to the centerline of the road. Along curbs, headers, walls, and all places not accessible to the roller, compact the material with approved tampers or compactors.

Compact the aggregate using one of the following methods as specified:

Compaction A. Operating spreading and hauling equipment over the full width of the travelway.

Compaction B. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction C. Moisten or dry the aggregate to a uniform moisture content between 5 and 7 percent based on total dry weight of the mixture. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction D. Compact to a density of at least 95 percent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 99, method C or D.

Compaction E. Compact to a density of at least 96 percent of the maximum density, as determined by the Modified Marshall Hammer Compaction Method (available upon request from USDA Forest Service, Regional Materials Engineering Center, P.O. Box 7669, Missoula, MT 59807).

Compaction F. Compact to a density of at least 95 per-cent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 180, method C or D.

Compaction G. Compact to a density of at least 100 percent of the maximum density as determined by the Modified Marshall Hammer Compaction Method (available upon request from USDA Forest Service, Regional Materials Engineering Center, P.O. Box 7669, Missoula, MT 59807).

For all compaction methods, blade the surface of each layer during the compaction operations to remove irregularities and produce a smooth, even surface. When a density requirement is specified, determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

322.06 Construction Tolerance. If grade finishing stakes are required, finish the surface to within ± 0.10 feet from staked line and grade elevation.

If grade finishing stakes are not required, shape the surface to the required template and check the surface with a 10-foot straightedge. Defective areas are surface deviations in excess of 1/2 inch in 10 feet between any two contacts of the straightedge with the surface.

Correct all defective areas by loosening the material, adding or removing material, reshaping, and compacting.

Ensure that the compacted thickness is not consistently above or below the specified thickness. The maximum variation from the compacted specified thickness is 1/2 inch.

Ensure that the compacted width is not consistently above the specified width. The maximum variation from the specified width will not exceed +12 inches at any point.

322.07 Maintenance. Maintain the aggregate course to the correct line, grade, and cross-section by blading, watering, rolling, or any combination thereof until placement of the next course. Correct all defects according to Subsection 322.06.

322.08 Acceptance. See Table 322-1 or Table 322-2 as applicable, for sampling and testing requirements.

Aggregate gradation and surface course plasticity index will be evaluated under Subsection 106.04. If the aggregate is obtained from a Government stockpile then the above characteristics will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02. Other aggregate quality properties will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04. Placement of aggregate courses will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

The allowable upper and lower aggregate gradation limits are the Target Value plus or minus the allowable deviations shown in Tables 703-2 and 703-3.

The allowable upper and lower Plasticity index limits for surface courses are stated in 703.05(b).

Preparation of the surface on which the aggregate course is placed will be evaluated under Section 204 or 303 as applicable.

Measurement

322.09 Measure the Section 322 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

Measure square yard width horizontally to include the top of aggregate width including designed widening. Measure the square yard length horizontally along the centerline of the roadway.

If the measurement for aggregate is by cubic yard using contract quantities then measure aggregate by the cubic yard in-place once compacted, otherwise measurement for aggregate by the cubic yard is measured by the cubic yard in the hauling vehicle.

Measure thickness perpendicular to the grade of the travelway.

Measure width perpendicular to the centerline.

Payment

322.10 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 322 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

**Table 322-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Aggregate source quality 703.05	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04 & 105)	LA abrasion (coarse)	—	AASHTO T 96	1 per type & source of material	Source of material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Sodium sulfate soundness loss (coarse & fine)	—	AASHTO T 104	"	"	"	"
		Durability index (coarse & fine)	—	AASHTO T 210	"	"	"	"
		Fractured faces	—	ASTM D 5821	"	"	"	"
Subbase, Base, and Surface courses	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Sample	—	AASHTO T 2	2 per day	From windrow or roadbed after processing or from approved crusher sampling device	Yes	48 hours

**Table 322-1 (continued)
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Subbase, Base, and Surface	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Moisture-density Method D	—	AASHTO T 99 ⁽¹⁾	1 per type and source of material	Source of material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density Method E	—	R-1 Marshall	"	"	"	"
		Moisture-density Method F	—	AASHTO T 180 ⁽¹⁾	"	"	"	"
		Moisture-density Method G	—	R-1 Marshall	"	"	"	"
		In-place density & moisture content	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	3 per day	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

**Table 322-2
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Screened Aggregate	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Sample	—	AASHTO T 2	2 per day	From windrow or roadbed after processing or from approved crusher sampling device	Yes	48 hours

602 - Culverts and Drains

602.03_nat_us_09_06_2005

602.03 General.

Add the following:

Ensure that the final installed alignment of all pipe allows no reverse grades, and does not permit horizontal and vertical alignments to vary from a straight line drawn from center of inlet to center of outlet by more than 2 percent of pipe center length or 1.0 feet, whichever is less.

602.03_nat_us_10_02_2008

602.03 General.

Delete second paragraph and add the following:

The lengths and locations of individual pipe "as shown on the plans" are approximate. Do not order pipe until culvert locations are designated on the ground and a written list of the correct lengths is approved by the CO.

602.03_06_us_03_17_2010

602.03 General

Add the following:

Clean and paint damaged coating caused by welding, field cutting, or handling in accordance with AASHTO M 36M and ASTM A 849.

625 - Turf Establishment

625.08_0618_us_01_29_2009

625.08 Mulching. (a) Dry method.

Delete the paragraph and replace with the following:

Apply certified weed free straw mulch as shown on the plans.

635 - Temporary Traffic Control

635.03_nat_us_05_13_2004

635.03 General.

Add the following:

Install temporary traffic control signs to temporary posts or approved temporary sign mounts.

703 - Aggregate

703.05_nat_us_08_14_2009

Delete 703.05 and replace with the following:

703.05 Subbase, Base, Surface Course, and Screened Aggregate

(a) **Subbase or base aggregate.** Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-2
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	25 max.
(3) Plastic limit, AASHTO T 90	Nonplastic
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	50% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(b) **Surface course aggregate.** Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-3
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	35 max.
(3) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90	
a) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is less than 12%	2 to 9
b) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is greater than 12%	Less than 2
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	75% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Do not furnish material that contains asbestos fibers.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(c) Screened aggregate – Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of stone, slag, or gravel conforming the following:

- | | |
|---|--------------|
| (1) Gradation | Table 703-16 |
| (2) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90 | Less than 9 |
| (3) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96 | 55% max. |
| (4) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay. | |

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary.

**Table 703-2
Target Value Ranges for Subbase and Base Gradation**

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)				
	Grading Designation				
	A (Subbase)	B (Subbase)	C (Base)	D (Base)	E (Base)
2½ inch	100				
2 inch	97 – 100	100	100		
1½ inch		97 – 100			
1 inch	65 – 79 (6)		80 – 100 (6)	100	
¾ inch			64 – 94 (6)	86 – 100 (6)	100
½ inch	45 – 59 (7)				
⅜ inch			40 – 69 (6)	51 – 82 (6)	62 – 90 (6)
No. 4	28 – 42 (6)	40 – 60 (8)	31 – 54 (6)	36 – 64 (6)	36 – 74 (6)
No. 40	9 – 17 (4)			12 – 26 (4)	12 – 26 (4)
No. 200	4.0 – 8.0 (3)	4.0 – 12.0 (4)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values..

**Table 703-3
Target Value Ranges for Surface Gradation**

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)					
	Grading Designation					
	F	G	H	S	T	U
1 1/2 inch	100			100		
1 inch	97-100	100		72 – 92 (6)	100	
3/4 inch	76-89 (6)	97 - 100	97 - 100			100
1/2 inch					71 – 91 (6)	
3/8 inch	56-68 (6)	70 – 80 (6)	80 – 92 (6)	51 – 71 (6)		71 – 90 (6)
No. 4	43-53 (7)	51 – 63 (7)	58 – 70 (7)	36 – 53 (7)	43 – 60 (7)	50 – 68 (7)
No. 8				26 – 40 (6)	30 – 46 (6)	34 – 51 (6)
No. 16	23-32 (6)	28 – 39 (6)	28 – 40 (6)			
No. 40	15-23 (5)	19 – 27 (5)	16 – 26 (5)	14 – 25 (5)	16 – 28 (5)	19 – 30 (5)
No. 200	10.0-16.0 (4)	10.0 – 16.0 (4)	9.0 – 14.0 (4)	8.0 – 15.0 (4)	8.0 – 15.0 (4)	8.0 – 15.0 (4)

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (\pm) from the target values.
If the plasticity index (PI) is greater than 0, the TV range for the No. 200 sieve size is 8-12 (4).

Add Table 703-16:

**Table 703-16
Gradation Requirements for Screened Aggregate**

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)						
	Grading Designation						
	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
6 inch	100	100					
4 inch			100	100			
3 inch					100	100	
2 inch							100
No. 4		15-45		15-45		15-45	

704 - Soil

704.02 Bedding Material.

704.02_0618_us_04_24_2008

Delete the Soil classification, AASHTO M 145 requirement in (b).

704.03_0618_us_03_26_2007

704.03 Backfill Material.

Delete the Soil classification, AASHTO M 145 requirement in (a) (2) and (b) (2).

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

FOREST SERVICE — REGION SIX

WILLAMETTE NATIONAL FOREST

MIDDLE FORK RANGER DISTRICT

Lane County, Oregon

PLANS FOR PROPOSED

SYMBOL THIN TIMBER SALE
ROADS

<u>ROAD NO.</u>	<u>LENGTH/MILES</u>	<u>CONST./RECONST.</u>
1832	7.95	Reconstruction
1832395	1.73	Reconstruction

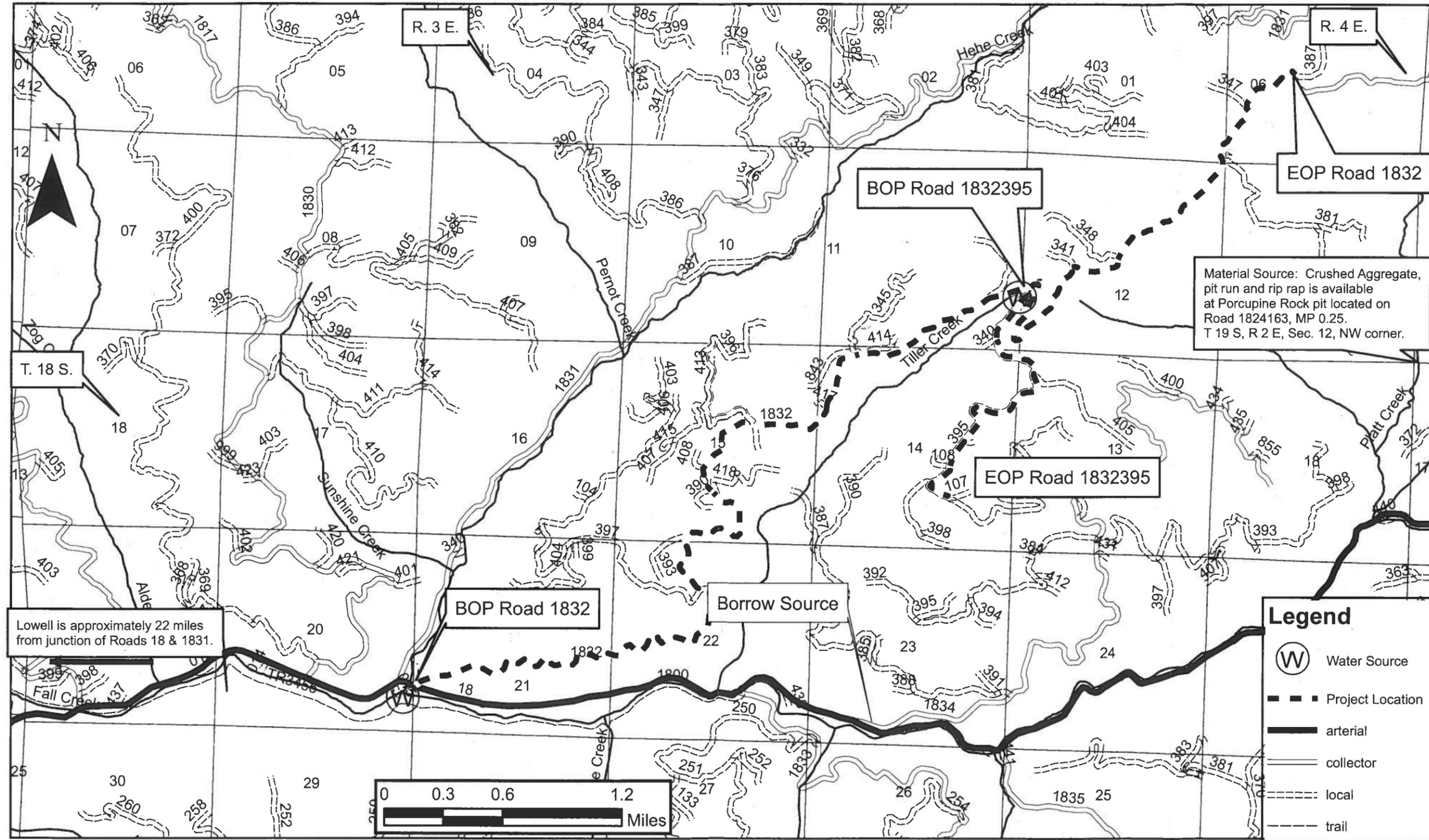
INDEX TO SHEETS

<u>SHEET</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
1	Title Sheet
2	Vicinity Map
3 - 5	Estimate of Quantities
6	General Notes
7-8	Drainage Listing
9	Drainage Typical
10	Brushing/Reconstruction Typical
11	Dewatering Typical
12-20	Reconstruction Summary Road 1832
21-22	Reconstruction Summary Road 1832395

Designed by:	
<u>Zeke Langum</u> Name	<u>1/24/11</u> Date
Reviewed by:	
<u>[Signature]</u> Name	<u>1/26/11</u> Date
Reviewed by:	
<u>Ken Robertson</u> Asst. Development Engineer	<u>1-28-2011</u> Date
Recommended by:	
<u>Chuck Walt</u> Zone Engineer	<u>2/3/11</u> Date
Approved by: <u>for Duane Bishop</u>	
<u>[Signature]</u> District Ranger	<u>2/3/11</u> Date
<u>[Signature]</u> for Forest Engineer	<u>2/2/11</u> Date

Vicinity Map Symbol Thin Timber Sale

Lane County, Oregon



ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES ROAD 1832000

7.95 Miles

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantities	Remarks
15101	Mobilization	Lump Sum	All	Includes equipment washing, temporary traffic control, measuring pipes and fire protection measures.
15755	Erosion control & pollution prevention	Each	12	Dewatering
20253	Removal of individual trees, miscellaneous: disposal of tops & limbs f & logs f	Each	24	
20301	Removal of CMP inlet/outlet	Each	2	Disposal method (a).
20358	Removal of corrugated metal pipe, disposal method (a)	Each	23	
20404	Unclassified borrow, compaction method B, finishing method n/a	Cubic Yard*	1000	Included for all pipe and fills. Bringing in borrow to finish fills that are short of material or hauling away unsuitable material and bringing back suitable borrow. Borrow source located at Junction of Road 18 and Road 1834. Dispose of unsuitable material at designated disposal area's.
20453A	Excavation, compaction method B	Each	3	Construction tolerance C.
20453B	Excavation, compaction method B	Each	4	Construction tolerance C.
23051	Roadside brushing, disposal method 1	Mile	7.95	
25101	Placed riprap, class 4	Cubic Yard*	83	Porcupine Fit, sorting is required. Located on Road 1824163, T19S, R2E, Sec 12, NE, NW.
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction B	Mile	7.95	Disposal area located at MP 5.14 Road 1832000 as marked by C.O.
32203	Aggregate base, grading D, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	550	Commercial source.
32203B	Aggregate base, grading Q, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	8	Commercial source.
32222	Pit run, maximum size 3 inches, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	192	Commercial source.
60276A	18-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.064-inch thickness, method B	Foot	822	

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES ROAD 1832000

7.95 Miles

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantities	Remarks
60276B	24-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.064-inch thickness, method B	Foot	188	
60276C	30-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.079-inch thickness, method B	Foot	354	Material only, installation is included in 20453.
60276D	36-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.079-inch thickness, method B	Foot	180	Material only, installation is included in 20453.
60276E	30-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.079-inch thickness, method B	Foot	40	
60604	Anchor, for 18-inch outlet pipe	Each	3	
60655	18-inch full-circle aluminized steel outlet pipe	Foot	40	Includes hinged elbow
62509	Mulching, dry method	Lump Sum	All	Government furnished, straw. Included for all roads.

* denotes contract quantities.

ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES ROAD 1832395

1.73 Miles

Item Number	Description	Unit	Quantities	Remarks
20253	Removal of individual trees, miscellaneous: disposal of tops & limbs f & logs f	Each	17	
20301	Removal of CMP outlet	Each	1	Disposal method (a).
20358	Removal of corrugated metal pipe, disposal method (a)	Each	1	
20453	Excavation, compaction method B	Each	2	Borrow source at MP 0.44 of Road 1832395
23051	Roadside brushing, disposal method 1	Mile	1.73	
25101	Placed riprap, class 4	Cubic Yard*	18	Material source at MP 0.44 of Road 1832395
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction B	Mile	1.73	Disposal area located at MP 1.60 Road 1832395 as marked by C.O.
32203	Aggregate base, grading D, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	118	Commercial source.
60276	24-inch corrugated aluminized steel pipe, 0.064-inch thickness, method B	Foot	32	

* denotes contract quantities.

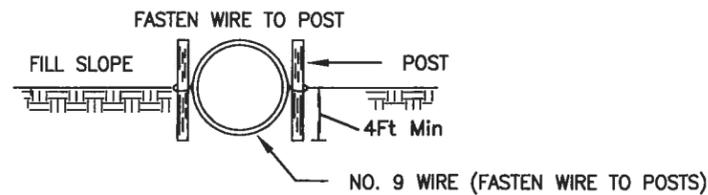
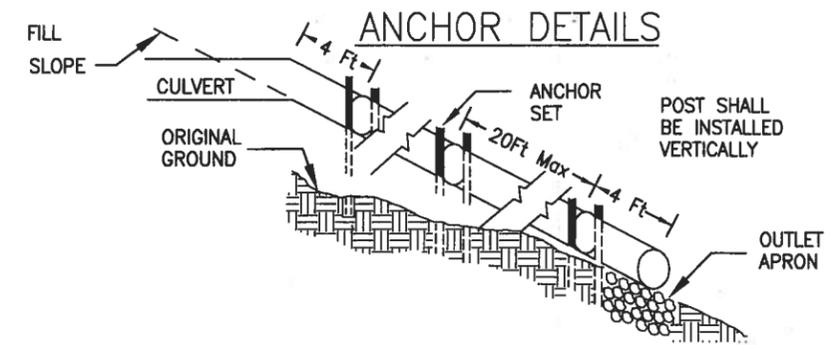
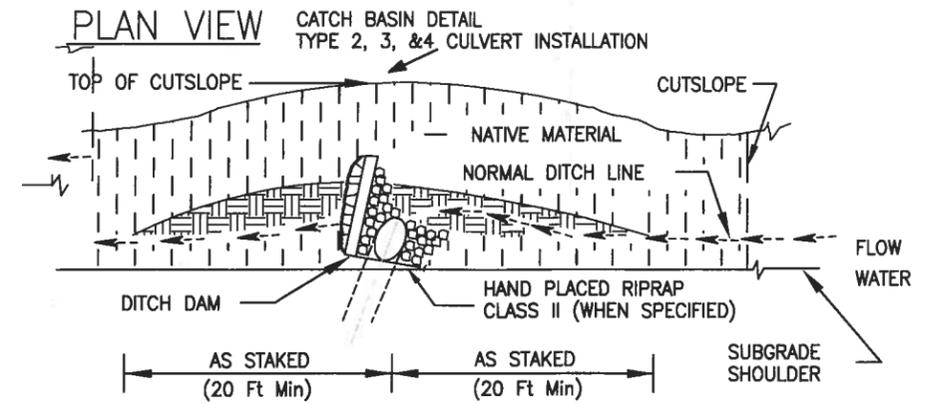
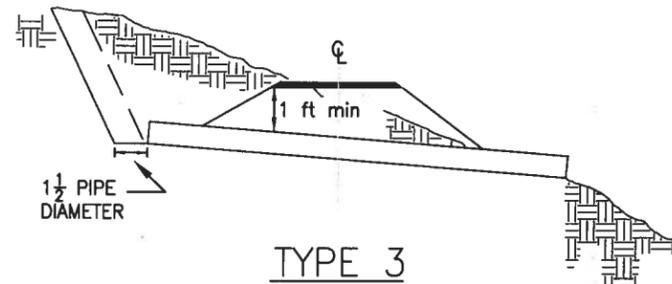
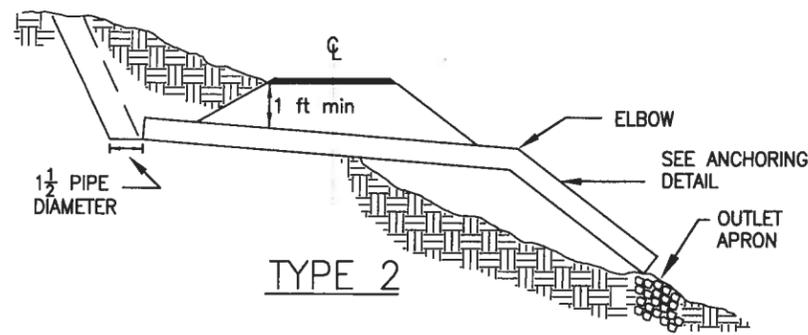
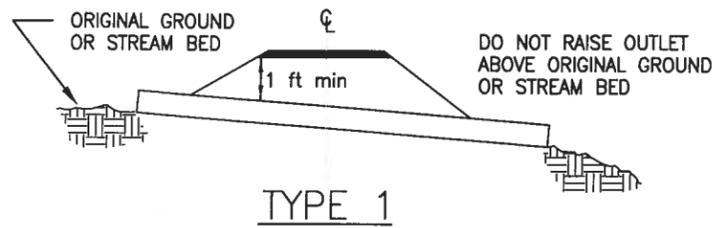
GENERAL NOTES

1. Remove all berms, existing or created, unless designated to remain, to allow drainage of water from the traveled way.
2. Salvage existing aggregate during culvert installation and use as bedding/backfill material around pipe.
3. The Contracting Officer will flag the disposal areas prior to placement of material. Smooth and shape material to drain.
4. Do not undercut backslopes when cleaning and/or reconstructing ditchline.
5. Spread Government furnished straw over disturbed soil at all culvert installations, disposal areas and other exposed soil work areas, not including ditches. Cover area's completely. Straw is stored at the Flat Creek Work Center, located on FS road 24, 2 miles east of the town Oakridge. Contact the CO to arrange for pick up.
6. Recondition turnouts and curve widening with the basic roadbed, to dimensions existing on the ground.
7. Replace culverts when dry or during the instream work period.
8. Timing / date restrictions are included in C6.24 and C6.315 of the timber sale provisions and specifications.
9. Rebuild fills over pipes with a minimum of 1:1.5 fill slopes and 1' shoulders.
10. Aggregate grading D and pit run maximum size 8" is available for purchase from the Forest Service. Stock pile location is Porcupine Pit on Road 1824163, T19S, R2E, Sec 12, NE, NW. Mineral Permit is required.

DRAINAGE LISTING														
M.P.	CMP	Outlet Pipe	As Built		Dimensions		Installation Details			Misc. Items				Remarks
					Size	Thick	Type	Grade	Skew	Gaskets	Head	Splash	Anchor	
			Feet	Feet	Inch	FE Inch		%	Deg		Wall C.Y.	Apron C.Y.	Sets Each	
Road 1832000														
0.15	36				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
0.27	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
0.39	36				18	0.064	3	*	*					16 gauge.
0.45	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
0.56	96				36	0.079	#	#	#	X				14 gauge. Requires dewatering
0.65	84				36	0.079	#	*	#	X		10		14 gauge. Requires dewatering
0.79	52				30	0.079	#	#	#	X				14 gauge. Requires dewatering
0.91	40				30	0.079	#	#	#	X				14 gauge. Requires dewatering
1.05	48				24	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
1.30	68				30	0.079	#	*	#	X		10		14 gauge. Requires dewatering
1.47	82				30	0.079	#	*	*	X		15		14 gauge. Requires dewatering
1.50	64				18	0.064	#	#	#			10		16 gauge. Requires dewatering
1.92	48				18	0.064	#	*	#					16 gauge. Raise CMP grade 2 feet at inlet.
2.10	34				18	0.064	#	*	*					16 gauge. Shift inlet 3 feet towards cutbank. Lower outlet to natural grade.
2.43	40				24	0.064	#	*	*		2			14 gauge. Raise CMP grade 1 foot at inlet. Shift outlet 4 feet to drain ditch. Requires dewatering.
2.44	46				18	0.064	3	*	*					16 gauge.
2.49	36				18	0.064	#	*	*					16 gauge. Shift inlet 4 feet towards road. Lower outlet to natural ground.
2.61	86				30	0.079	#	#	#	X		8		14 gauge. Raise pipe lay 1.5 feet. Requires dewatering
2.82	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
3.34	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
3.53	60				24	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge. Requires dewatering
3.59	56				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
3.74	38				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
4.25	52				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
5.40	32				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
5.51	66				30	0.079	#	#	#	X		10		14 gauge. Requires dewatering
5.73	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
5.91	40				24	0.079	#	#	#			6		16 gauge. Requires dewatering

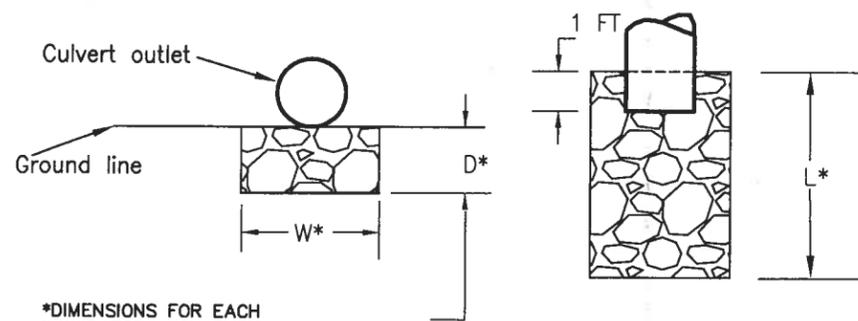
DRAINAGE LISTING														
M.P.	CMP	Outlet Pipe	As Built		Dimensions		Installation Details			Misc. Items				Remarks
			M.P.	Feet	Inch	FE Inch	Type	Grade	Skew	Gaskets	Head Wall	Splash Apron	Anchor Sets	
	Feet	Feet						%	Deg		C.Y.	C.Y.	Each	
6.01	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
6.08	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
6.14	38				18	0.064	3	*	*			3		16 gauge.
6.22	30				18	0.064	#	#	#			3		16 gauge.
6.63												6		Remove 8' of existing CMP at outlet
7.11	30				18	0.064	#	#	#					16 gauge.
7.49														Remove 10' of existing 18" CMP at outlet and squash inlet
7.50	36	40			18	0.064	3	*	*				3	16 gauge.
Road 1832395														
0.25	32				24	0.079	#	#	#			9		16 gauge.
1.10												9		Remove 4' of existing CMP outlet
THE ABOVE INSTALLATIONS INCLUDE CONNECTING BANDS														
NOTE: Standard pipe corrugation will be 2 2/3 inch X 1/2 inch unless otherwise noted.														
# Skew, grade and type shall match removed installation unless otherwise noted.														
* As staked on ground by C.O. or as called out in reconstruction summary.														
All pipes 30" diameter and above require gaskets, indirect to respective 602 pay item.														
Some installations of culverts may require additional excavation below grade line.														

DRAINAGE TYPICALS

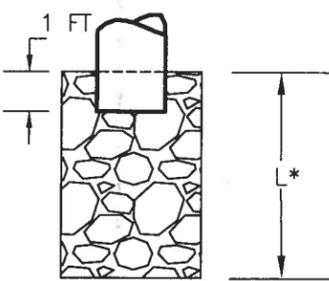


NOTE:
HALF BURY 36-INCH DIAMETER AND LARGER DOWNPIPE.
ANCHOR SETS CONSIST OF TWO 6 FT. STEEL FENCE POSTS (AASHTO M 281) AND NO. 9 GALVANIZED WIRE. WRAP WIRE TO ENCOMPASS THE ENTIRE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE PIPE 3 TIMES.

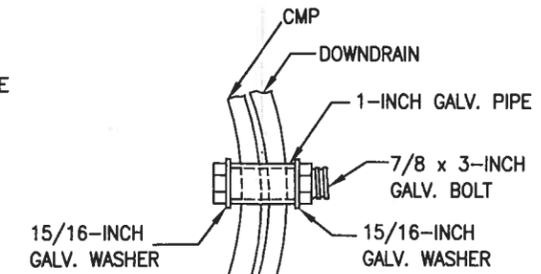
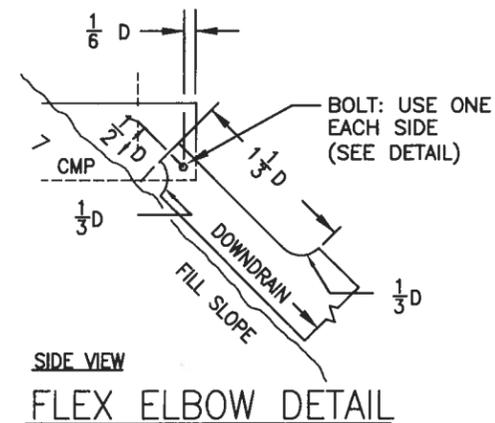
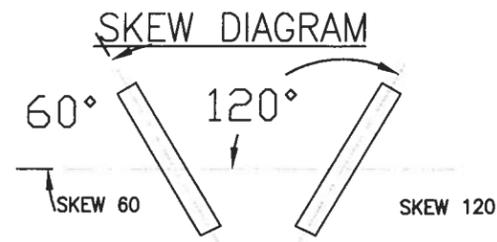
SPLASH APRON



*DIMENSIONS FOR EACH DISSIPATOR ARE IN THE RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARIES. RIPRAP WILL BE PLACED TO THE BOTTOM OF THE CHANNEL



APRON SURFACE SHALL BE LEFT WITH PROTRUDING RIPRAP FOR VELOCITY BREAK.



NOTE: GASKETS FOR WATERTIGHT JOINTS ARE NOT REQUIRED ON DOWNDRAINS WHERE FLEX ELBOW IS SPECIFIED.

SYMBOL THIN TIMBER SALE
DRAINAGE TYPICALS

U.S.D.A. FOREST SERVICE

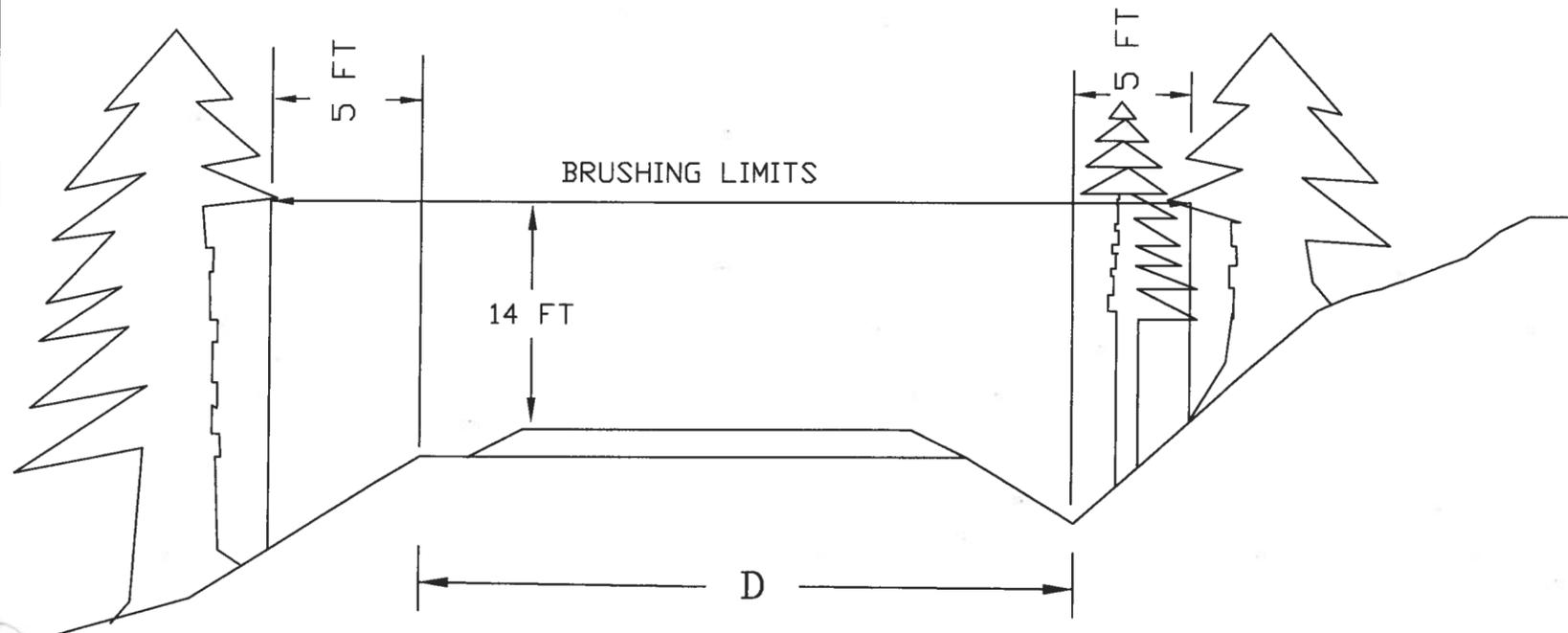


SHEET NUMBER TOTAL SHEETS

9 22

ROADSIDE BRUSHING DETAILS

TYPICAL SECTION



Leave trees over 8 inches in diameter that are within the brushing limits but beyond the bottom of ditch and beyond hinge point on the fill slope side, and limb to 14 feet above the traveled way surface.

Grub and haul to designated disposal areas stumps within "D" above or as noted on the work descriptions.

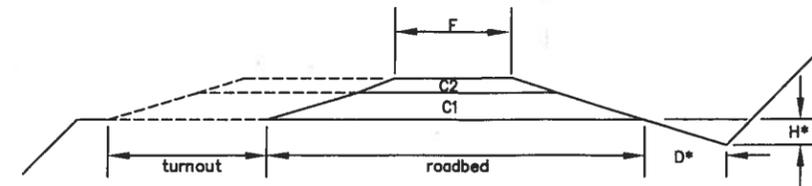
Cut all vegetation to a maximum height of 6 inches above the ground surface.

Roads mechanically brushed may require manual scattering of cut material beyond the clearing limits.

RECONSTRUCTION TYPICALS

(not to scale)

TYPICAL SECTION



© Widths are minimums. Reconstruct roadbed to match the existing road widths.

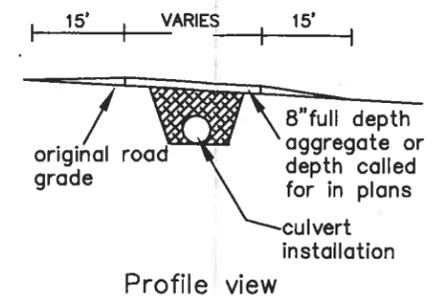
* Dimensions marked with an asterisk may be adjusted during construction by the CO to fit site geometry.

**AGGREGATE IS TO BE PLACED AS DIRECTED IN THE RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY.

ROAD NUMBER	MILE POST TO	MILE POST	CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCE	GRADING				PAVEMENT STRUCTURE					
				OUTSLOPE (O)	INSLOPE (I)	ROADBED WIDTH	DITCH DIMENSIONS	TRAVELED WAY WIDTH	GRADATION		COMPACTED DEPTH**		ROCK SLOPE
				*	*	ft	D H	ft	C1 C2	C1 C2	inch	V:H	
1832	0.00	7.95	C	2C	14.67@	3*	1*	12@	-	D	-	8	1:2
1832395	0.00	1.73	C	2C	14.67@	3*	1*	12@	-	D	-	8	1:2

CULVERT SURFACE ROCK TYPICAL

Top width dimension is 12' unless designated in the work description.



SYMBOL THIN TIMBER SALE

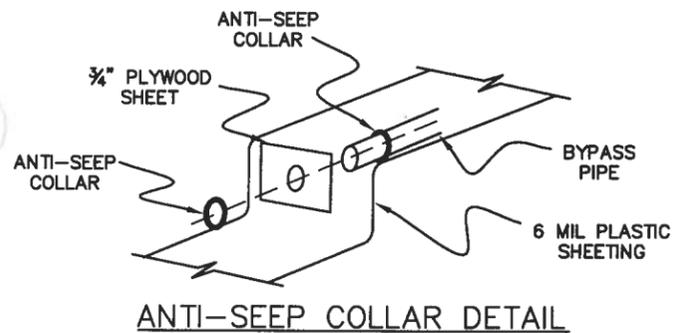
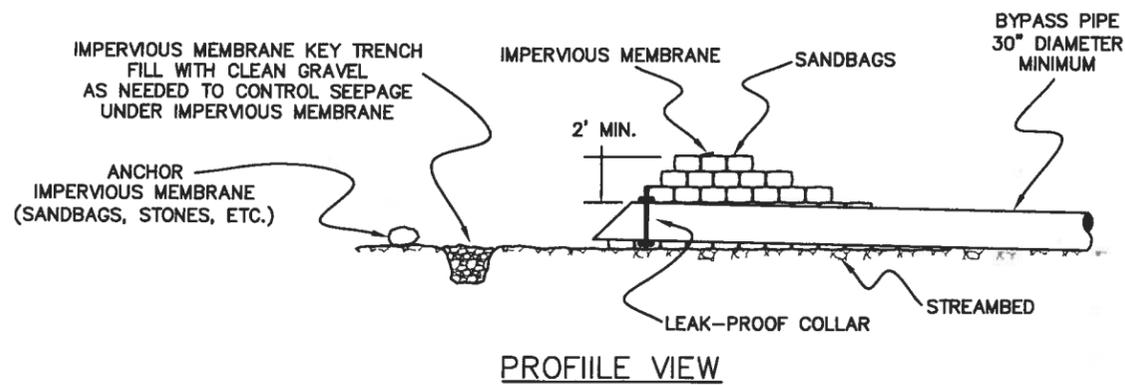
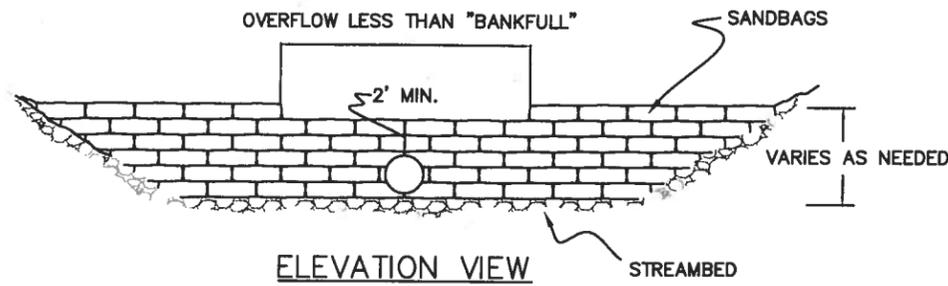
BRUSHING/RECONSTRUCTION TYPICALS

U.S.D.A. FOREST SERVICE

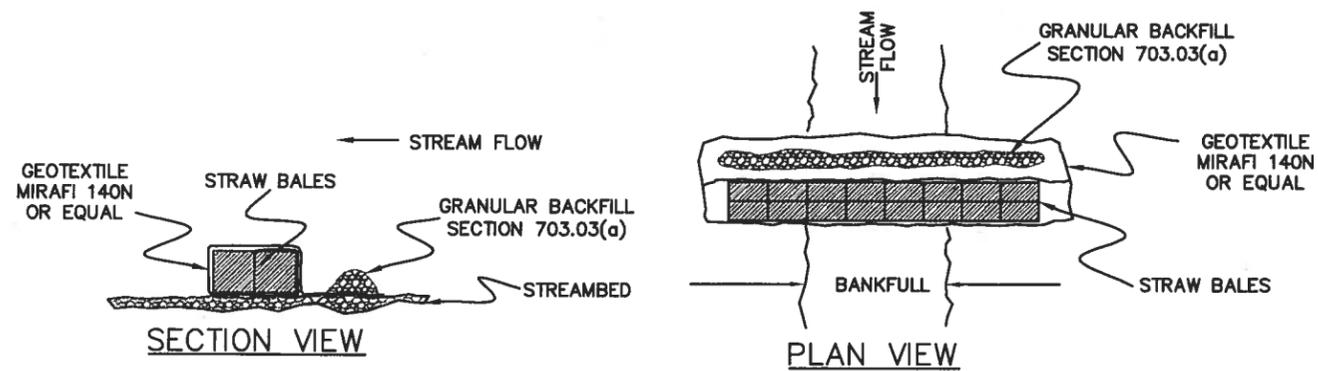


SHEET NUMBER TOTAL SHEETS

10 22



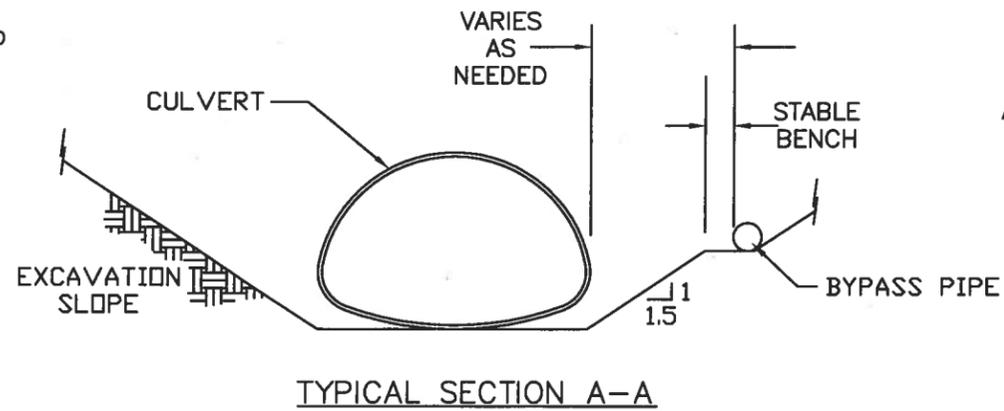
SANDBAG BYPASS DAM DETAILS
(NOT TO SCALE)



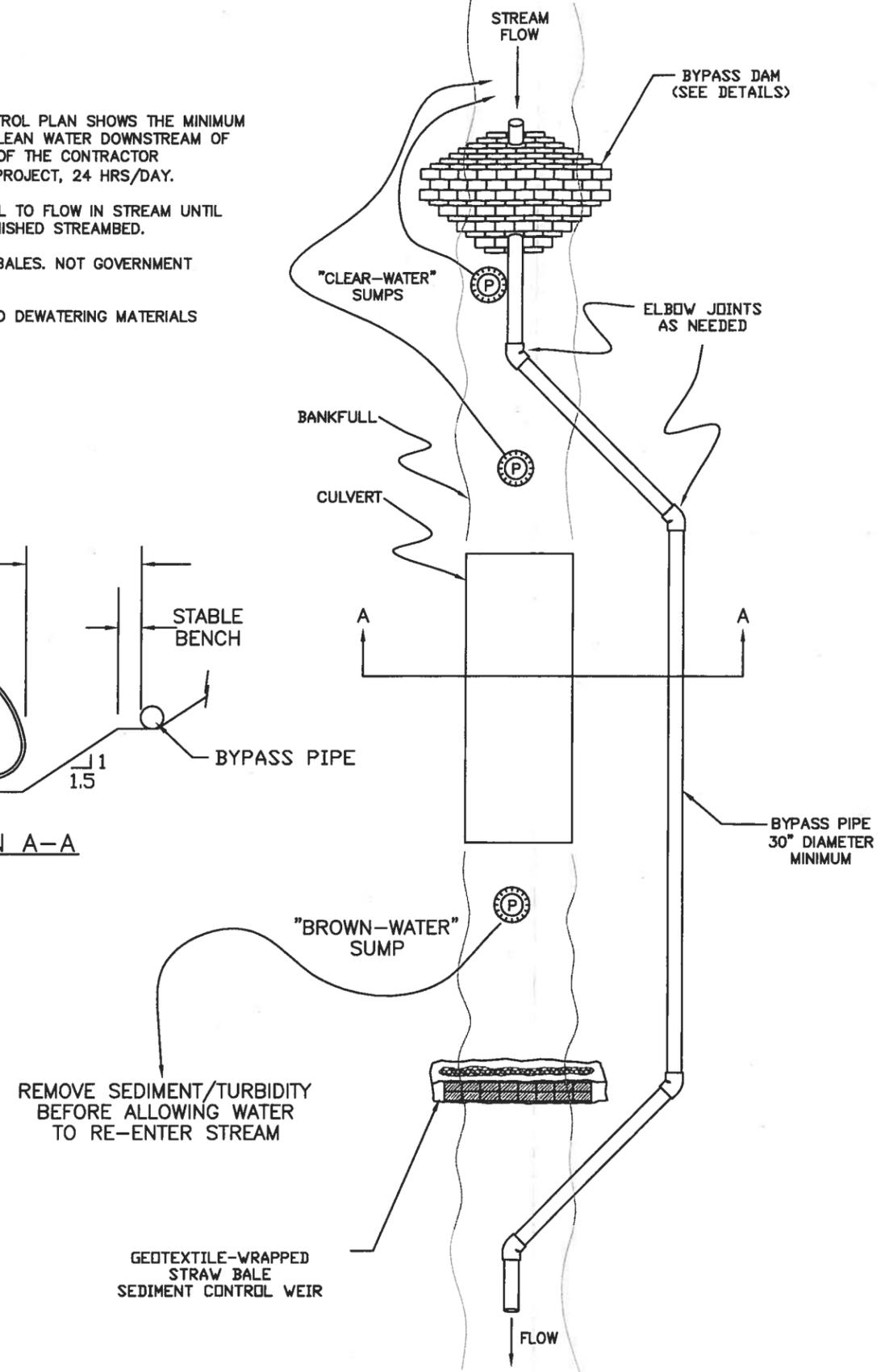
GEOTEXTILE-WRAPPED STRAW BALE SEDIMENT CONTROL WEIR
(NOT TO SCALE)

NOTES

1. THE DEWATERING & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHOWS THE MINIMUM ACCEPTABLE CRITERIA. MAINTAINING CLEAN WATER DOWNSTREAM OF THE PROJECT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR THROUGHOUT THE DURATION OF THE PROJECT, 24 HRS/DAY.
2. MAINTAIN PUMPING CAPACITY EQUAL TO FLOW IN STREAM UNTIL STREAM IS FLOWING ON APPROVED FINISHED STREAMBED.
3. USE CERTIFIED WEED FREE STRAW BALES. NOT GOVERNMENT FURNISHED.
4. REMOVE ALL EROSION CONTROL AND DEWATERING MATERIALS FROM GOVERNMENT LAND.



TYPICAL SECTION A-A



BYPASS TYPICAL PLAN VIEW
(NOT TO SCALE)

SYMBOL THIN TIMBER SALE
DEWATERING TYPICAL

U.S.D.A. FOREST SERVICE



SHEET NUMBER TOTAL SHEETS

11 22

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
0.00	23051	7.95	Mile	Begin project, Junction with Road 18.
	30359	7.95	Mile	Begin roadside brushing.
0.15	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	36	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.
0.27	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
0.39	60276A	36	Foot	Install new 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
0.45	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
0.56	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20453B	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by C/O. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276D	96	Foot	Install 36" CMP.
	32222	39	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 19' width, 55 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	23	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 18' top width, 100 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
0.65	15755	1	Each	Dewater Site.
	20453B	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Remove pipe to a minimum of 2' below new pipe lay and crush both inlet and outlet. Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by CO. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276D	84	Foot	Install 36" CMP, change slope to 5%.
	32222	29	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 19' width, 47 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	21	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 18' top width, 87 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
0.70	25101	10	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron. L 10' x W 9' x D 3'.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Spot rock
0.73	32203	10	C.Y.	Spot rock
0.79	15755	1	Each	Dewater Site.
	20453A	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by CO. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276C	52	Foot	Install 30" CMP.
	32222	22	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 20' width, 29 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	45	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 19' top width, 200 feet over culvert installation and section of road aggregate washed away above culvert. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
0.89	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.
0.91	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276E	40	Foot	Install 30" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
1.05	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276B	48	Foot	Install 24" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
1.08	20253	2	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right, 1 left.
1.10	32203	10	C.Y.	Spot rock.
1.17	32203	5	C.Y.	Subexcavate and compact 4' x 4' x 2' hole in road. Spot rock.
1.30	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20453A	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Remove pipe to a minimum of 2' below new pipe lay and crush both inlet and outlet. Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by CO. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276C	68	Foot	Install 30" CMP, change slope to 7%.
	32222	24	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 18' width, 35 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	16	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 17' top width, 70 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	10	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron. L 10' x W 9' x D 3'.
1.34	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.
1.46	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
1.47	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20453A	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Remove pipe to a minimum of 2' below new pipe lay and crush both inlet and outlet. Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by CO. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276C	82	Foot	Install 30" CMP, sloped to 9%, and move inlet 7 feet up the ditchline to middle of draw to match stream.
	32222	25	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 17' width, 35 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	16	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 16' top width, 75 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	15	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 15' x W 9' x D 3'.
1.50	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	64	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	15	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	10	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 15' x W 6' x D 3'.
1.54	32203	10	C.Y.	Spot rock
1.92	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	48	Foot	Install 18" CMP. Raise grade 2 feet at inlet.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
2.02	32203	10	C.Y.	Spot rock
2.07				Junction left Road 1832397
2.10	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	34	Foot	Install 18" CMP. Shift inlet 3 feet towards outbank, lower outlet to natural ground.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
2.25				Regrade and outslope road, indirect to 30359.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for 50 feet full width of road.
2.26				Junction left Road 1832393

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
2.43	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276B	40	Foot	Install 24" CMP, Shift outlet 4 feet towards cutbank. Raise CMP grade 1 foot at inlet.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	2	C.Y.	Construct headwall, class 4 riprap.
2.44	60276A	46	Foot	Install new 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
2.49	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	36	Foot	Install 18" CMP. Shift inlet 4 feet towards road. Lower outlet to natural ground.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
2.61	15755	1	Each	Dewater Site.
	20453B	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by CO. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276C	86	Foot	Install 30" CMP. Raise new CMP 18 inches.
	32222	30	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 17' width, 47 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	18	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 16' top width, 85 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	8	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 6' x W 6' x D 6'.
2.82	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
3.00	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.
3.05				Junction right Road 1832418
3.06				Junction left Road 1832390

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
3.11				Disposal area right.
3.17				Junction left Road 1832408
3.32				Disposal area right.
3.34	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
3.53	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276B	60	Foot	Install 24" CMP. Lower outlet 2 feet to natural ground.
	32203	15	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
3.56				Disposal area right.
3.58				Junction left Road 1832396.
3.59	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	56	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	15	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 20 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
3.60				Junction right Road 1832416.
3.74	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	38	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
4.19	32203	10	C.Y.	Spot rock
4.20				Disposal area right.
4.25	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	52	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
4.39				Junction left Road 1832345.
5.14				Disposal area right. Junction left Road 1832342.

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
5.38				Junction right Road 1832395.
5.40	20358	1	Each	Tiller Creek Pump Chance
	60276A	32	Foot	Remove existing CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Install 18" CMP.
				Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
5.51	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20453B	1	Each	Remove and replace fill. Removal and disposal of existing culvert and required clearing are included in 20453. Dispose of culvert according to subsection 203.05 method (a). Logs meeting utilization standards (see subsection 201.04) or suitable for firewood (6" diameter and 8' long) will be limbed, separated and decked adjacent to the work area as flagged by CO. Dispose of slash according to subsection 203.05, disposal methods (l), (i), or (f).
	60276C	66	Foot	Install 30" CMP.
	32222	23	C.Y.	Place 12" depth pit run with a 13' width, 47 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces to allow placement of crushed aggregate over.
	32203	14	C.Y.	Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for a 12' top width, 85 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	10	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron. L 10' x W 9' x D 3'.
5.73	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
5.91	15755	1	Each	Dewater site.
	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276B	40	Foot	Install 24" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	6	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron. L 10' x W 5' x D 3'.
5.96	32203	1	C.Y.	Subexcavate and compact 2' x 2' x 2' hole in road.
6.01	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
6.08	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
6.14	60276A	38	Foot	Install new 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	3	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 5' x W 4' x D 3'.
6.22	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	3	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 5' x W 4' x D 3'.
6.25	20253	5	Each	Fall 5 danger trees, right.
				Disposal area left. Junction left Road 1832341.
6.33	20253	2	Each	Fall 2 danger trees, right.
6.49				Junction left Road 1832348
6.63	20301	1	Each	Remove 8 foot of existing 18" CMP at outlet and remove downpipe.
	25101	6	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 10' x W 5' x D 3'.
7.11	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276A	30	Foot	Install 18" CMP.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
7.29				Junction right Road 1832380
7.49	20301	1	Each	Remove 10' of existing CMP at outlet and squash the inlet.
	32203B	8	C.Y.	Backfill ditch with Grading Q aggregate for 50 feet either side of MP 7.49.
	32203	16	C.Y.	Inslope road for 50 feet either side of MP 7.49, direct to 30359. Place 4" depth crushed aggregate for 50 feet over new fill area. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832000

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
7.50	60276A	36	Foot	Install new 18" CMP.
	60655	40	Foot	Install 24-inch CMP full circle outlet pipe, includes hinged elbow.
	60604	3	Each	Install 3 anchor sets.
	32203	10	C.Y.	Place 8" depth crushed aggregate for 15 feet over culvert installation. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
7.61				Junction left Road 1832347.
7.95	20253	10	Each	Junction left Road 1832387.
	32203	20	C.Y.	Fall 10 danger trees as marked by CO. Spot rock as marked by CO. End Project

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832395

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
0.00				Begin project, Junction with Road 1832.
	23051	1.73	Mile	Begin roadside brushing.
	30359	1.73	Mile	Begin reconditioning of roadway. Grubbing & disposal of all vegetation & root masses within roadbed and in the ditch is required unless otherwise noted in the work description. Haul material from ditch reconditioning, slough and slide removal to disposal area. Scatter all logs and woody debris from top of cutbank to the opposite road shoulder outside clearing limits. Scarify minimum 1" below the depth of all potholes, washboards or surface irregularities.
0.17	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, left.
0.18	32203	25	C.Y.	Place 6" depth of crushed aggregate for 50', to widen road to the edge of ditch line and build outside edge of road up to match road elevation.
0.19	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, left.
0.25	20358	1	Each	Remove existing CMP.
	60276	32	Foot	Install 24" CMP.
	20453	1	Each	Rebuild 3' of outside shoulder failure and reshape.
				Inslope road 3% for 100', shifting edge of road to toe of ditchline.
				Salvage existing aggregate and use as sub base course. Indirect to 30359.
	32203	26	C.Y.	Place 6" depth crushed aggregate with a 13' top width, for 100 feet over inslope section. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
	25101	9	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 9' x W 9' x D 3'.
0.30				Junction right 1832340
0.34	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, left.
0.44				Old quarry left, utilize only loose material available in quarry as designated by the C.O., no further development permitted.
0.54				Reconstruct catch basin, indirect to 30359.
0.56	20453	1	Each	Rebuild 3' of outside shoulder failure and reshape.
				Inslope road 3% for 120', shifting edge of road to toe of ditchline.
				Salvage existing aggregate and use as sub base course. Indirect to 30359.
	32203	32	C.Y.	Place 6" depth crushed aggregate with a 13' top width, for 120 feet over inslope section. Blend to adjacent surfaces and widths to provide smooth transition.
0.62	20253	7	Each	Fall 7 danger trees, right.
0.69				Junction left 1832405

RECONSTRUCTION SUMMARY ROAD 1832395

Mile Point	Pay Item	Quantity	Unit	Work Description
0.84				Junction right old spur road.
1.10	20301	1	Each	Remove 4 feet of existing CMP at outlet.
	25101	9	C.Y.	Place class 4 riprap for splash apron, L 3' x W 9' x D 3'.
1.22	32203	15	C.Y.	Spot rock.
1.30				Junction left 1832402
1.38	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.
1.45				Junction right 1832108
1.49	20253	1	Each	Fall 1 danger tree, right.
1.58				Junction right 1832398.
1.60				Disposal area, right.
1.73	20253	5	Each	Fall 5 danger trees as marked by CO.
	32203	20	C.Y.	Spot rock as marked by CO, End project.