



ORANGE COAST ANALYTICAL, INC.

3002 Dow, Suite 532, Tustin, CA 92780 (714) 832-0064 Fax (714) 832-0067
4620 E. Elwood, Suite 4, Phoenix, AZ 85040 (480) 736-0960 Fax (480) 736-0970

LABORATORY REPORT FORM

ORANGE COAST ANALYTICAL, INC.

4620 East Elwood Street, Suite 4 Phoenix, AZ 85040

(480) 736-0960

Laboratory Certification (ADHS) No.: AZ0558, AZ0646, AZM499

Expiration Date: 2012

Laboratory Director's Name:

Mark Noorani

Client: Weston Solutions Inc.

Laboratory Reference: WST AZ7030

Project Name: Sunchief Mill Site EECA

Project Number:

Sample Matrix: Soil

Date Sampled: 04/21/11

Date Received: 04/22/11

Date Reported: 05/03/11

Chain of Custody Received: Yes

Analytical Method: 6010B, 7471A, 6020A

Mark Noorani, Laboratory Director

Weston Solutions Inc.
 ATTN: Ms. Barbara Wethington
 960 W. Elliot Rd, Suite 201
 Tempe, AZ 85284

Laboratory Reference #: WST AZ7030
 Client Project ID: Sunchief Mill Site EECA
 Client Project #:

METALS

Sample Description: Soil

Sampled:	---	04/21/11	04/21/11	04/21/11	04/21/11
Received:	---	04/22/11	04/22/11	04/22/11	04/22/11
Reported:	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11
Lab Sample #:	MBIR0425111	AZ7030-001	AZ7030-002	AZ7030-003	AZ7030-004
Client Sample ID:	---	SM-BKG-1E	SM-BKG-2E	SM-BKG-3E	SM-BKG-4E
Dilution Factor	1	1	1	1	1
Data Qualifier:					

ANALYTE	EPA METHOD	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE TESTED	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
Arsenic	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<1.0	5.6	4.1	4.7	6.4
Barium	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<0.50	100	120	110	130
Cadmium	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30
Chromium	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<0.50	21	18	17	17
Copper	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<0.50	70	98	71	120
Lead	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<1.0	11	12	10	12
Manganese	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<2.5	310	440	400	480
Zinc	6010B	04/25/11	04/26/11	<2.0	50	64	60	71

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METALS

Sample Description: Soil

Sampled:	---	04/21/11	04/21/11	04/21/11	04/21/11
Received:	---	04/22/11	04/22/11	04/22/11	04/22/11
Reported:	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11

Lab Sample #:	MBIR0425112	AZ7030-001	AZ7030-002	AZ7030-003	AZ7030-004
Client Sample ID:	---	SM-BKG-1E	SM-BKG-2E	SM-BKG-3E	SM-BKG-4E
Dilution Factor	1	1	1	1	1
Data Qualifier:					

ANALYTE	EPA METHOD	DATE TESTED	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
Mercury	7471A	05/02/11	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05

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METALS

Sample Description: Soil

Sampled:	---	04/21/11	04/21/11	04/21/11	04/21/11
Received:	---	04/22/11	04/22/11	04/22/11	04/22/11
Reported:	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11	05/03/11

Lab Sample #:	MBIR0425111	AZ7030-001	AZ7030-002	AZ7030-003	AZ7030-004
Client Sample ID:	---	SM-BKG-1E	SM-BKG-2E	SM-BKG-3E	SM-BKG-4E
Dilution Factor	1	1	1	1	1
Data Qualifier:	T1	T1	T1	T1	T1

ANALYTE	EPA METHOD	DATE EXTRACTED	DATE TESTED	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg	mg/kg
Uranium	6020A	04/25/11	04/28/11	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	0.50

T1 = Method approved by EPA, but not yet licensed by ADHS.

QA/QC REPORT
for Metals
Reporting units: ppm

1. Matrix Spike (MS) / Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD)

Laboratory Reference No : WST AZ7030

ANALYTE	Date Extracted	Date Tested	QC SAMPLE	R1	SP CONC	MS	MSD	%MS	%MSD	RPD	ACP%	ACP RPD
Arsenic	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001	5.6	20.0	23.7	23.6	91	90	0	75-125	20
Barium	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001 ^{M3}	100.0	40.0	140	127	100	68	10	75-125	20
Cadmium	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001	0.0	10.0	8.84	8.82	88	88	0	75-125	20
Chromium	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001	21.0	20.0	37.9	35.9	85	75	5	75-125	20
Copper	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001 ^{M3}	70.0	20.0	89.3	79.7	97	49	11	75-125	20
Lead	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001	11.0	20.0	27.5	27.0	83	80	2	75-125	20
Manganese	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001 ^{M3}	310.0	20.0	323	305	65	25	6	75-125	20
Mercury	04/25/11	05/02/11	AZ7030-001	0.0	1.00	0.776	0.801	78	80	3	80-120	20
Zinc	04/25/11	04/26/11	AZ7030-001	50.0	40.0	86.7	81.5	92	79	6	75-125	20

Definition of Terms :

- R1 Result of QC Sample
- SP CONC Spike Concentration Added to Sample
- MS Matrix Spike Results
- MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate Results
- % MS Percent Recovery of MS: $\{(MS-R1) / SP\} \times 100$
- % MSD Percent Recovery of MSD: $\{(MSD-R1) / SP\} \times 100$
- RPD Relative Percent Difference: $\{(MS-MSD) / (MS+MSD)\} \times 100 \times 2$
- ACP % Acceptable Range of Percent for MS/MSD
- ACP RPD Acceptable Relative Percent Difference
- M3 The spike recovery value is unusable since the analyte concentration in the sample is disproportionate to the spike level.
The associated blank spike recovery was acceptable.

2. Laboratory Control Sample

ANALYTE	Date Extracted	Date Tested	QC SAMPLE	SP CONC	RESULTS	% RECOVERY	ACP %
Arsenic	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	20.0	19.3	97	80-120
Barium	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	40.0	39.7	99	80-120
Cadmium	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	10.0	9.28	93	80-120
Chromium	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	20.0	19.5	98	80-120
Copper	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	20.0	22.2	111	80-120
Lead	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	20.0	19.5	98	80-120
Manganese	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	20.0	21.5	108	80-120
Mercury	04/25/11	05/02/11	IR0502112	1.00	0.993	99	80-120
Zinc	04/25/11	04/26/11	IR0425111	40.0	40.6	102	80-120

QA/QC REPORT
for Metals
Reporting units: ppm

1. Matrix Spike (MS) / Matrix Spike Duplicate (MSD)

Laboratory Reference No : WST AZ7030

<i>ANALYTE</i>	<i>Date Extracted</i>	<i>Date Tested</i>	<i>QC SAMPLE</i>	<i>R1</i>	<i>SP CONC</i>	<i>MS</i>	<i>MSD</i>	<i>%MS</i>	<i>%MSD</i>	<i>RPD</i>	<i>ACP%</i>	<i>ACP RPD</i>
Uranium	04/25/11	04/28/11	AZ7030-001	0.0	40	38.2	37.5	96	94	2	75-125	20

Definition of Terms :

- R1 Result of QC Sample
- SP CONC Spike Concentration Added to Sample
- MS Matrix Spike Results
- MSD Matrix Spike Duplicate Results
- % MS Percent Recovery of MS: $\{(MS-R1) / SP\} \times 100$
- % MSD Percent Recovery of MSD: $\{(MSD-R1) / SP\} \times 100$
- RPD Relative Percent Difference: $\{(MS-MSD) / (MS+MSD)\} \times 100 \times 2$
- ACP % Acceptable Range of Percent for MS/MSD
- ACP RPD Acceptable Relative Percent Difference

2. Laboratory Control Sample

<i>ANALYTE</i>	<i>Date Extracted</i>	<i>Date Tested</i>	<i>QC SAMPLE</i>	<i>SP CONC</i>	<i>RESULTS</i>	<i>% RECOVERY</i>	<i>ACP %</i>
Uranium	04/25/11	04/28/11	IR0425111	40	36.4	91	80-120



Polarized Light Microscope (PLM) Analysis for Asbestos

JobNumber: 201104305

Client: ORANGE COAST ANALYTICAL

4620 E ELWOOD STE 4

PHOENIX, AZ 85040-0000
Office Phone: (480) 736-0960
FAX: (480) 736-0970

Samples: 4 PLM **Rec:** 4/28/2011 **Method:** EPA 600/R-93/116 PLM analysis for asbestos in bulk smp
Client Job: Sunchief Mill Site EECA **PO Number:** AZ7030
Report Date: 5/5/2011 **Date Analyzed:** 5/5/2011 **Routing Number:** -

Method and Analysis Information: Fiberquant Internal SOP: PLMn

Each bulk sample is first dissected under a 7-30x magnification stereo-microscope. This examination is used to determine the general type of sample, how many and what type of layers it has, and initial estimates of fiber types and quantities. Second, liquid media mounts are made of each layer - such mounts may be of selected fibers (used solely for identification purposes) or may be representative of the layer as a whole (used for quantitation purposes). The mounts may be made in a synthetic Canadian balsam, one of several solvents, or in refractive index oils (media of known refractive index). Generally, a variety of different mounts are made: some optimized for fiber visibility, some optimized for fiber identification, and some optimized for fiber quantitation. The mounted slides are then examined at 50-400x magnification on a Nikon Labphot-pol microscope. Optical characteristics are used to identify each observed fiber type; the optical data are contained for each sample on its detail analysis sheet, attached.

Current EPA and NESHAP regulations designate a result of $\leq 1\%$ asbestos as "negative" and $> 1\%$ asbestos as "positive". Samples containing layers that have been determined to be "positive" may have to be handled differently during a renovation or demolition than samples whose layers have been determined to be "negative."

The method of fiber analysis and identification is the EPA Method 600/R-93/116. The method of fiber quantitation is an estimation technique in which the analysts quantitation is routinely calibrated by reference quantitation standards, and which has been shown to be equivalent in precision and accuracy to point counting. Friability is estimated for the purposes of deciding when to point count. Friabilities determined in the field take precedence over those determined in the laboratory. Those sample layers which are friable and estimated by the analyst to contain $\leq 1\%$ asbestos are point counted using 400 points. Such point counting is required by NESHAP (National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Polutants, Nov. 1990) in order to rely on analytical results that are $\leq 1\%$. The coefficient of variation for the estimation quantitation technique is 100% in the range 0-5%. This means that PLM analysis is not capable of conclusively determining whether a layer containing close to 1% asbestos is actually "positive" or "negative". For this reason, Fiberquant refers to results where asbestos was detected but $\leq 1\%$ as "borderline negative", and results where asbestos was $> 1\%$ but $\leq 2\%$ as "borderline positive" to indicate the uncertainty in assigning a "positive" or "negative" label. In the sample summary, "ND" means that no asbestos was detected during the analysis. A "Tr" or "Trace" of asbestos reported is defined for our purposes as the detection of several asbestos fibers during the analysis; this level would be right at the limit of detection for the method. Trace is only reported on the analysis detail - in the summary a trace would be reported as $\leq 1\%$. The limit of detection (the smallest % of asbestos that can be detected) varies greatly depending on the matrix in which the asbestos is found. As little as 0.001% asbestos can be detected in favorable samples, while detection in unfavorable samples may approach the detection limit of 1% stated in the method. During the analysis, the analyst, for Fiberquant identification purposes only, determines the "apparent sample type" and "apparent layer types." It must be emphasized that these types are only what is apparent. Often, different materials appear similar or identical after sampling, so the analyst may assign a type other than what was sampled.

Floor tiles present a special problem for PLM asbestos analysis. Floor tile can contain chrysotile fibers so thin that they cannot be resolved by optical methods. In such a case, we may observe a percentage of asbestos which is lower than the actual percentage, or not observe asbestos at all when some is present. For this reason, floor tiles reported as negative should be confirmed to be negative using transmission electron microscope (TEM) analysis. Likewise, vermiculite insulation materials containing traces of asbestiform asbestos present a problem for routine PLM analysis - the amphiboles are sometimes present in trace amounts inhomogeneously distributed. We recommend a hydro-separation technique for such samples.

Vermiculite-containing samples may contain trace amounts of asbestiform amphibole that may or may not be detected during routine PLM analysis. For this reason, loose vermiculite samples reported as negative should be confirmed to contain no amphibole using hydroseparation techniques.

The samples were analyzed under the following ongoing quality assurance program: Blank samples are routinely analyzed to maintain contamination-free materials. Each analyst has at least a bachelor's degree in physical science, and has also completed extensive training specific to asbestos analysis for 1-3 months before being allowed to analyze client samples. Qualitative reference samples are routinely analyzed to assure that analysts can identify asbestos and asbestos-look-alike fibers. Quantitative reference samples are routinely analyzed to calibrate and characterize the estimation procedure. Microscope alignment is checked each day. Refractive index oils are calibrated at least quarterly. At least 10% of client samples are re-analyzed from scratch by a different analyst than the original, and any discrepancies are resolved for the sample and similar sample types before the results are reported. All quality checks performed for these samples were in control except as detailed in the "Analytical Notes" below. All analysts participate in interlab round robins and proficiency testing to assure competence. Fiberquant is accredited by NVLAP (Lab #101031) for the analysis of bulk samples for asbestos using PLM. Accreditation does not imply endorsement by the EPA, any other United States governmental agency or any private agency or association. Each lab analysis refers only to the sample tested, and may not, due to the sampling

process, be representative of the material sampled. This report may not be reproduced except in full, without the approval of Fiberquant Analytical Services.

Some results may have been calculated using client supplied data, such as volume or area sampled, for which Fiberquant assumes no liability for accuracy.

Job Analysis Notes:

PLM Analysis Summary:

Job Number: 201104305

Sunchief Mill Site EECA

Sample Number		Lab Number	Apparent Sample Type *	Positive Layer Yes or No
Layer	Color	Apparent Layer Type *	Asbestos Results	
Sample #	SM-BKG-1E	2011-04305- 1	Soil	Positive Layer? No
Layer # 1	brown	soil	<i>no asbestos detected</i>	
Sample #	SM-BKG-2E	2011-04305- 2	Soil	Positive Layer? No
Layer # 1	brown	soil	<i>no asbestos detected</i>	
Sample #	SM-BKG-3E	2011-04305- 3	Soil	Positive Layer? No
Layer # 1	brown	soil	<i>no asbestos detected</i>	
Sample #	SM-BKG-4E	2011-04305- 4	Soil	Positive Layer? No
Layer # 1	brown	soil	<i>no asbestos detected</i>	
Layer # 2	black	asphalt	<i>no asbestos detected</i>	

* Apparent Sample Types and Apparent Layer Types are as they appeared to the analyst. Since many types of materials appear similar after sampling damage, the apparent type of material may not be the actual type of material.

PLM Analysis Details

Job Number: 201104305 Sunchief Mill Site EECA

Sample SM-BKG-1E **Lab Number** 2011-04305- 1 **Sampled:** 4/21/2011 12:15 **Condition:** acceptable
Analyzed By RAM 5/5/2011 **An?** OK **Apparent Smp Type** Soil **Fibrous Mat**
Homogeneous No **# Layers** 1 **Pos Layer?** No **# Sub-Samples** 3
Non-Fibrous Components (in approx. decreasing order): soil, rock,

Layers					Percents of Each Fiber					
#	Layer Type	%	Color	Friability	Fib 1	Fib 2	Fib 3	Fib 4	Fib 5	Fib 6
1	soil	100	brown	3	>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-
Total %		100	Overall %		>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-

Fiber Identification: cellulose fiber

Fibers									Refractive Index Determinations				
#	Layer Type	Color	Mrph	Iso	Pleo	Bi	Elg	Ext	Oil	Col Par	Col Per	RI Par	RI Per
1	cellulose fiber	W	F	N	N	H	+	U					
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													

Sample Analytical Note

Procedure: tweased apart using forceps. Procedure: dissolution of matrix using dilute HCl acid. Note: This sample is an unconsolidated or soil sample. Plm analysis is not capable of detecting single or airborne asbestos fibers in such a sample.

Sample SM-BKG-2E **Lab Number** 2011-04305- 2 **Sampled:** 4/21/2011 12:05 **Condition:** acceptable
Analyzed By RAM 5/5/2011 **An?** OK **Apparent Smp Type** Soil **Fibrous Mat**
Homogeneous No **# Layers** 1 **Pos Layer?** No **# Sub-Samples** 3
Non-Fibrous Components (in approx. decreasing order): soil, rock,

Layers					Percents of Each Fiber					
#	Layer Type	%	Color	Friability	Fib 1	Fib 2	Fib 3	Fib 4	Fib 5	Fib 6
1	soil	100	brown	3	>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-
Total %		100	Overall %		>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-

Fiber Identification: cellulose fiber

Fibers									Refractive Index Determinations				
#	Layer Type	Color	Mrph	Iso	Pleo	Bi	Elg	Ext	Oil	Col Par	Col Per	RI Par	RI Per
1	cellulose fiber	W	F	N	N	H	+	U					
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													

Sample Analytical Note

Procedure: tweased apart using forceps. Procedure: dissolution of matrix using dilute HCl acid. Note: This sample is an unconsolidated or soil sample. Plm analysis is not capable of detecting single or airborne asbestos fibers in such a sample.

Sample SM-BKG-3E **Lab Number** 2011-04305- 3 **Sampled:** 4/21/2011 11:40 **Condition:** acceptable
Analyzed By RAM 5/5/2011 **An?** OK **Apparent Smp Type** Soil **Fibrous Mat**
Homogeneous No **# Layers** 1 **Pos Layer?** No **# Sub-Samples** 3
Non-Fibrous Components (in approx. decreasing order): soil, rock,

Layers					Percents of Each Fiber					
#	Layer Type	%	Color	Friability	Fib 1	Fib 2	Fib 3	Fib 4	Fib 5	Fib 6
1	soil	100	brown	3	>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-
Total %		100	Overall %		>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-

Fiber Identification: cellulose fiber

Fibers									Refractive Index Determinations				
#	Layer Type	Color	Mrph	Iso	Pleo	Bi	Elg	Ext	Oil	Col Par	Col Per	RI Par	RI Per
1	cellulose fiber	W	F	N	N	H	+	U					
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													

Sample Analytical Note

Procedure: tweased apart using forceps. Procedure: dissolution of matrix using dilute HCl acid. Note: This sample is an unconsolidated or soil sample. Plm analysis is not capable of detecting single or airborne asbestos fibers in such a sample.

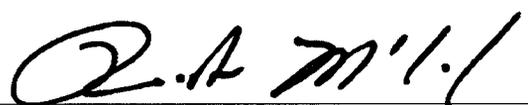
Sample SM-BKG-4E Lab Number 2011-04305- 4 Sampled: 4/21/2011 11:55 Condition: acceptable
 Analyzed By RAM 5/5/2011 An? OK Apparent Smp Type Soil Fibrous Mat
 Homogeneous No # Layers 2 Pos Layer? No # Sub-Samples 5
 Non-Fibrous Components (in approx. decreasing order): soil, rock, bitumen

Layers					Percents of Each Fiber					
#	Layer Type	%	Color	Friability	Fib 1	Fib 2	Fib 3	Fib 4	Fib 5	Fib 6
1	soil	98	brown	3	>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-
2	asphalt	2	black	1	n.d.	-	-	-	-	-
Total %		100	Overall %		>1-2%	-	-	-	-	-
Fiber Identification:					cellulose fiber					

Fibers									Refractive Index Determinations				
	Color	Mrph	Iso	Pleo	Bi	Elg	Ext		Oil	Col Par	Col Per	RI Par	RI Per
1	cellulose fiber	W	F	N	N	H	+	U					
2													
3													
4													
5													
6													

Sample Analytical Note
 Procedure: tweased apart using forceps. Procedure: dissolution of matrix using dilute HCl acid. Note: This sample is an unconsolidated or soil sample. Plm analysis is not capable of detecting single or airborne asbestos fibers in such a sample.

Fr=Friability: 1=very non-friable; 2= non-friable; 3=friable; 4=highly friable
 Colors: B=black;BL=blue;BR=brown;CL=clear;G=Green;GY=gray;OR=orange;OW=off-white;PN=pink;PU=purple;R=red;TN=tan;W=white;Y=yellow;V=various
 Fiber Morphology: A=fine fibers/bundles, white, sinewy, flexible; B=fine fibers/bundles, w-br, straight, broomed ends; C=fine fibers/bundles, blue, straight, broomed ends;
 D=fine to coarse fibers, CL-B, brittle; E=coarse fibers,CL or dyed, striated; F=coarse fibers or splinters, W-BR, ribbon-like; G=lath-like or shards, low aspect ratio, may taper
 Iso=isotropism - may be yes or no; Pleo=pleochroism - may be yes or no; Bi=birefringence - may be None, Low, Medium or High
 Elg=sign of elongation - may be +, - or B (both); Ext=extinction - may be Parallel, Oblique, None or Undulating; Oil=medium used to for dispersion staining
 Col Par=dispersion staining colors parallel to the fiber (fiber/halo); b/w=black/white; dg/py=dark gray/pale yellow; vg/y=violet gray/yellow; db/ly=dark blue/lemon yellow;
 vb/g= vivid blue/gold; sb/o=sky blue/orange; pb/r=pale blue/red; gb/dr=gray blue/dark red; w/b=white/black. Col Perp=same only perpendicular to fiber.
 RI Par=refractive index parallel to fiber; RI Perp=refractive index perpendicular to fiber



Analyst: ROBERT A. McCORMICK

Printed: 05-May-11

Original Print Date: 05-May-11



Larry S. Pierce, Approved Accreditation Signatory



Chain-of-Custody Form

Submitted by (Company) Orange Coast Analytical
 Address 4620 E. Elwood St, Suite 4
 City, State, Zip Code Phoenix, AZ 85040
 Phone 480-736-0960 FAX 480-736-0970

Invoice to (Company) Orange Coast Analytical
 Address 3002 Dow Ave, Suite 532
 City, State, Zip Code Tustin, CA 92780
 Phone 714-832-0064 FAX 714-832-0067

Contact (print) Mark Noorani
 Sampled by (signature) _____
 Job Number or Project Name Sunchief Mill Site EECA
 PO Number AZ 7030

Sample Method Requested ONLY ONE METHOD per COC		Turn-around-time (circle one)		
		Rush	Norm	Ext.
Asbestos by PLM	Improved Interim	<6 hrs	1-3 days	15-30 days
	Analyze all samples? <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No			
	Analyze 'til positive found (ATPF) If so then by Layer or Sample			
	Single Layer Protocol Yes No			
		3-5 Days		
Fibers by PCM	7400(Area) ORM (Personal)	<4 hrs	24 hrs	3-5 days
Asbestos by TEM	AIR: AHERA Mod. AHERA	<6 hrs	24 hrs	3-5 days
	Water*: Water Sludge	1-2 days	3-5 days	N/A
	Annex2: Chatfield Full			
	Vacuum Dust (ASTM)	3.5 days	5-10 days	N/A
Metals by FLAA	Analyte: Cd Cr Cu Ni Pb Zn	<6 hrs	2-3 days	N/A
	Matrix: Filter: MCE FG			
	Paint: by Area by Weight			
	Soil			
	Wipe			
	Initial here certifying wipes used are ASTM E1792 compliant			
Fungi	Air Sample: Zefon Other	<6 hrs	1-2 days	N/A
	ID/Count: Bulk Swab			
	Tape: Qualitative (%)			
	Tape: Quantitative (cm2)			
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Culturable <input type="checkbox"/> Air <input type="checkbox"/> Bulk/Dust <input type="checkbox"/> Swab			
	nominally 7 days			
Dust	NIOSH 500	<4 hrs	24 hrs	N/A
Other		Call	Call	

Review of Analysis Request _____ Date _____

Sample Number	Description/Location (include agar type/maker/exp. Date)	Sample Date	Sample Time	Vol/Area
1) SM-BKG-1E		4/21/11	1215	
2) SM-BKG-2E		4/21/11	1205	
3) SM-BKG-3E		4/21/11	1140	
4) SM-BKG-4E		4/21/11	1155	
5)				
6)				
7)				
8)				
9)				
10)				
11)				
12)				
13)				
14)				
15)				
16)				
17)				
18)				
19)				
20)				

1) Relinquished by: <u>Sana Jounel</u> Date: <u>4/22/11</u> Time: <u>1500</u>	3) Relinquished by: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
2) Received by: <u>Rita Knolas</u> Date: <u>4-28-11</u> Time: <u>10:59</u>	4) Received by: _____ Date: _____ Time: _____
* TEM Water: Sampler's name Required by State of Arizona Print Name	