

**2012 Annual Operating Instructions  
Stanley Basin C&H Allotment**

**1: INTRODUCTION:**

**Permitted Use:**

<b>Permittee</b>	<b>Numbers</b>	<b>Season</b>
Mitch Wilson #4552	130 c/c	06/11-10/30
Mitch Wilson #4569	197 c/c	06/11-10/30
Steve Helm #4551	48 c/c	06/11-10/30
Mark Stark #4565	113 c/c	06/11-10/30

**Authorized Use:** Upon payment of fees, you are authorized to graze as follows:

<b>Permittee</b>	<b>Numbers</b>	<b>Approximate Season*</b>
Mitch Wilson #4552	130 c/c	06/01-10/20
Mitch Wilson #4569	197 c/c	06/01-10/20
Steve Helm #4551	Non-use	Resource Protection
Mark Stark #4565	Non-use	Resource Protection

\*These dates are approximate, and are subject to change. Actual on-dates, off-dates, and grazing rotations will be determined on the basis of range readiness, utilization, truck availability, presence of wolves, or other resource considerations as deemed necessary by the authorized Forest Officer. Such changes will typically be made in consultation with the permittee(s).

**Permitted Livestock Brands:**

Mitch Wilson

Steve Helm

Mark Stark

**IW** "LRC"

n/a

n/a

**2: COMPLIANCE:**

This AOI is made part of your Term Grazing Permit consistent with Part 1, Item 3 and Part 2 Item 8(a) of the General Provisions and Requirements. Your compliance with these instructions is essential for the proper management of National Forest System lands. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions of your permit and these instructions may result in issuance of a notice of non-compliance with the terms of your grazing permit.

Permittees with livestock in rested units, grazing units outside the season of use, and grazing areas not authorized, will be held non-compliant with the terms and conditions of their Term Grazing Permit. Such non-compliance may result in billing for excess use, permit modification / cancellation, or other actions as provided in FSH 2209.13.

Situations may develop during the grazing season which require modifications to these instructions. If this becomes necessary, or if you cannot comply with some part of these instructions, contact the District Ranger and obtain approval before initiating changes or deviating from these instructions.

Notice of non-compliance actions: None taken in 2011.

**As discussed with you regarding the letter dated 03/09/2012, to avoid non-compliance you need to constantly monitor for cattle in the riparain exclosures; not place salt within 100 yards of riparian areas; and remove salt at the end of the grazing period.**

All livestock feed or straw brought on to the forest is required to be certified weed free.

**3: PREVIOUS YEAR GRAZING RESULTS:**

Several pasture inspections occurred on Nip ‘n Tuck and North Basin in 2011. Ocular estimates of riparian utilization standards were met on those two units.

**4: BILLING:**

The 2012 grazing year rate for cattle is \$1.35 per head month. A Bill for Collection will be mailed to you.

Grazing fees must be paid by the date specified on the Bill for Collection to:  
 USDA Forest Service c/o Citibank  
 PO Box 301550  
 Los Angeles, CA 90030-1550.

Confirmation of payment through the “lock box” process must be received before livestock can enter NFS lands.

**5: LIVESTOCK MANAGEMENT:**

2012 Rotation:

Unit*	Numbers	Approximate Season*
Nip n Tuck	130 cc	06/01 - 07/05
North Basin	130 c/c	07/06 – 08/14
Sandy Fields (Hanna/Thompson)	130 c/c	08/15 - 09/05
Hammond/Association rotated with adjacent private land	197 c/c	06/01 - 10/30
Blind Summit	Rested	Rested
Lynch/Copper/Elkhorn	Rested	Rested

**\*When utilization is met in each unit, cattle are to be moved on to the next unit.**

**You will be responsible for monitoring livestock move thresholds or “triggers” during the grazing season.** These “triggers” will assist you in ensuring that end of season utilization standards are not exceeded. The Sawtooth NRA range staff will conduct spot checks as necessary. Typically, “triggers” will be the standard(s) listed below in section 6, “Standards and Guidelines”. **It is strongly suggested that livestock be moved before utilization standards are reached.** This will help to prevent forage utilization in excess of standards, allowing for time to clean the unit of stragglers.

The scheduled “off-date” is not the day to start moving your herd; it is the date by which you should have all permitted livestock removed from the pasture or allotment.

If you move your permitted livestock on to the allotment later than the scheduled “on-date”, and want to stay past your “off-date”, then you must make arrangements early in the grazing season, and obtain approval from the District Ranger or other authorized Forest Officer.

Please realize that it is in your best interest to keep cattle distributed throughout useable areas in the currently authorized pasture. **Use of riparian areas needs to be carefully monitored by you.** If cattle are allowed to concentrate in riparian areas and around water developments, utilization standards will likely be reached prior to the scheduled pasture move or “off-date”. This may result in directed early pasture moves or early removal of livestock from the allotment.

## **6: STANDARDS AND GUIDES:**

You are responsible for tracking forage use levels and complying with utilization standards. For your convenience, the Stanley Basin C&H maximum allowable forage utilization levels under the Sawtooth FLRMP are listed below.

### **Riparian Areas: all units – all creeks – 4” utilization standard**

Water sedge (*Carex aquatilis*) or Nebraska sedge (*Carex nebraskensis*) will be the key species measured to determine riparian (greenline) utilization.

- Standard RAST01 - Maximum 45 percent use or retain a minimum stubble height of 4” on hydric greenline species, whichever occurs first.
  - This standard applies to the streams that are moving towards or meeting Forest Plan vegetation desired conditions. Streams not meeting these conditions will fall under the following standard.
- Management Area 2, Standard 02143 - Forage utilization for riparian areas shall not exceed 30 percent use of most palatable forage species, or must retain a minimum 6 inch stubble height of hydric greenline species, whichever occurs first, *when riparian goals and objective are not being met.*

### **Upland Vegetative Cover Types: all units – Sagebrush/Fescue – 40% utilization**

Bluebunch wheatgrass (*Agropyron spicatum*) and Idaho fescue (*Festuca idahoensis*) will typically be the key species measured to determine upland utilization, though other species may be measured to estimate utilization at the discretion of the Forest Officer.

- Standard RAST01 - Early season or season long pastures: 40 percent use or retain a minimum of 3-inch stubble height for Kentucky bluegrass, a 6-inch stubble height for Bluebunch wheatgrass, and a 2-inch stubble height for Idaho fescue.

The following restrictions apply to this allotment:

**Livestock must be removed by August 15 for bull trout spawning on Stanley Creek, Kelly Creek and Blind Summit.**

## **7: IMPROVEMENTS:**

Discussed at the 03/08/2012 Spring Meeting:

- I. **North Basin Stanley Creek Electric Fence #46097**
  - a. **It is your responsibility to be sure this fence is in good working order on a regular basis while cattle are in the North Basin Unit.** Troubleshooting and maintenance need to occur to keep the fence running at an appropriate voltage to keep livestock out.

- b. It is your responsibility to erect and let down these fences.
- II. **North Basin Road Exclosure (Triangle) #46030**
  - a. One corner brace is down and needs repair prior to livestock turn-out on North Basin.
- III. **North/South Basin Division Fence #46008**
  - a. Electric fences should be checked for adequate voltage and needed repairs on a regular basis to prevent cattle from being in the wrong area.
  - b. It is your responsibility to erect and let down these fences.
- IV. **North/South Basin Division Fence #46018**
  - a. Maintenance on this fence extends to the west side of the cattleguard. This is an area that needs maintenance prior to livestock turning out on North Basin.
- V. **Nip 'n Tuck Fence #46003**
  - a. **Be sure this fence is in good condition prior to turnout on Nip 'n Tuck.**
- VI. Having a rider available to check on electric fences daily while cattle are in the North Basin Unit is suggested in order to keep cattle in the proper unit.

The Wilson Corral #46035 will be used for unloading livestock prior to turn-out on Nip n' Tuck this year.

All improvements for which you have maintenance responsibility are listed in Part 3 of your Term Grazing Permit.

**Improvements will be maintained to Forest Service standards before livestock enter the pasture/allotment. When improvements have been maintained, please call the Stanley Ranger Station and report that maintenance has been completed.** If verification is not received from the permittee prior to the allotment "on-date", follow-up inspections may be made. If it is found that maintenance has not been completed, and the responsible permittee's livestock are present on the allotment, the permittee may be billed for unauthorized use and / or permit action taken for non-compliance.

**Improvements used in common with an adjoining permittees, such as allotment boundary fences, must be maintained to standard before either permittee allows livestock to enter the allotments.**

If an allotment is in non-use status, the permittee is still responsible for improvement maintenance.

Permittee use of ATVs and motorcycles outside designated routes shown on the Sawtooth National Forest/Sawtooth National Recreation Area Motor Vehicle Use Map is limited to that required for maintenance and repair of range improvements, and for distribution or retrieval of salt during or immediately after the authorized grazing season.

All troughs must have a wildlife escape ramp installed in them. Failure to install these ramps may result in non-compliance for the season. Please contact SNRA range staff if you need ramps or instructions for installation.

No ground disturbing activities may be conducted by the permittee or their personnel on National Forest System lands without prior approval from the authorized Forest Officer.

Any plans to reconstruct or build new improvements on the Forest should be coordinated with the range staff.

### **8: PERMITTEE OR RIDER INSTRUCTIONS:**

Please notify SNRA range staff at 208-774-3000 before allowing your livestock to enter the Stanley Basin C&H Allotment.

Because of increasing public use, gates are often left open and cattle stray into the wrong pasture. We realize this is an inconvenience. However it is still the **permittee's responsibility to keep their permitted livestock in the approved pasture/allotment.** Routine checks should be made by you and your rider to assure compliance.

You will be required to provide a copy of these Annual Operating Instructions to your rider(s) and to ensure each rider understands the written contents.

Salt should be used to spread livestock utilization across the pasture being grazed. The permittee is responsible for using water and salt to achieve the best distribution of cattle throughout the pasture. Livestock salting is prohibited within riparian areas and wetlands. **Do not place salt within 100 yards of any watering area or meadow unless you receive prior approval. This includes, but is not limited to, springs, seeps, water troughs, and creeks.**

**Salt will be removed from areas where the maximum allowable use levels have been reached or at the end of the grazing season, whichever occurs first.**

By USDA order #04-00-097, all non-pelletized hay, straw or mulch possessed, stored, or transported on National Forest System Lands, in individual bales or containers, must be tagged or marked as weed free, or must have the original and current evidence of weed free certification documentation present. All markings must meet State and/or County standards for certification as weed free.

### **9: REQUIRED REPORTING:**

Enclosed is a grazing use record form for the upcoming season. Please use this form to record the time (dates) livestock spend on an allotment as well as other information such as livestock loss, salting, grazing use, resource concerns, improvement needs etc. The grazing use record should be returned to the district office within 30 days after the grazing season.

Please submit requests for credits or refunds before December 31.

### **10: INSPECTIONS & MONITORING:**

Brands will be checked periodically throughout the grazing season.

Range inspections may be made several times during the grazing season to check maintenance of range improvements, forage utilization, and compliance with the grazing rotation and standard requirements. If you are interested in participating in allotment inspections, please notify the range staff at the beginning of the grazing season.

End-of-season compliance monitoring will be conducted by the SNRA Range Staff. Exceeding end-of-season utilization standards will be regarded as an instance of non-compliance with the terms of your grazing permit. In addition to the potential for permit action, this may further result in the modification of grazing management (including reductions in Head Months or permitted area) until the risk of adverse impacts to habitat is minimized.

## **11: COORDINATION & COOPERATION:**

**If moving cattle through the Anderson pasture, active trailing (herding) will be employed to reduce trailing / grazing pressure along the fenceline and through the creek. Cattle should be moved up the road and over the culvert before heading towards Cow Camp. Please notify the Stanley Ranger Station if and when this you plan to trail through here.**

Questions about what can or cannot be done in reference to defending livestock, harassing wolves, or shooting wolves should be directed to:

- John Rachael at the Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG) Headquarters Office in Boise, Idaho (208-334-3700)
- Todd Grimm, USDA APHIS Wildlife Services in Boise, Idaho (208-378-5077)
- Eric Simonson, local Wildlife Services contact in Challis, Idaho (208-879-2178)

Permittees should continue working with their local Wildlife Services representative on depredation issues.

In order to reduce the potential for depredation, the Forest Service recommends that the following procedures be implemented each grazing season:

- Remove cattle and saddle stock carcasses from the area where they will not serve as an attractant to predators. The intent of this recommendation is not to require removal of carcasses from the allotment, but to remove them out of areas currently being grazed or areas soon to be grazed.

Work with IDF&G and Wildlife Services in implementing other effective preventative actions to reduce the risk of depredation.

## **12: OTHER:**

We look forward to working with you and solicit your cooperation and involvement in bringing about sound range and livestock management practices that will enhance all of the allotment's resources. If you have any ideas or suggestions that will improve the management of this allotment, we would like to hear from you. If you have any questions concerning these Annual Operating Instructions, please call Robert Garcia 774-3014, Beth 774-3013 or myself at 208-727-5000.

## **13: MAPS, FORMS & ATTACHMENTS:**

Permittee Authorized Use Record form (use, losses, costs, etc.)

**14: SIGNATURE:**

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**District Ranger**

**Date**

