

## R2 Individual Species Recommendations

<b>TAXON</b>	<b>Scientific Name</b>	<b>Common Name</b>			
	<i>Eriogonum coloradense</i>	Colorado wild buckwheat			
<b>FWS</b>	<b>FS</b>	<b>BLM</b>			
<b>Grank</b>	<b>CO S Rank</b>	<b>WY S Rank</b>	<b>SD S Rank</b>	<b>NE S Rank</b>	<b>KS S Rank</b>
G2	S2				
	<b>CO Status</b>	<b>WY Status</b>	<b>SD Status</b>	<b>NE Status</b>	<b>KS Status</b>
<b>IUCN</b>	<b>PIF – Area Importance</b>	<b>PIF – Population Trend</b>			
<b>FS Experts assigned Species Evaluation</b>			<b>Non-NFS Experts assigned Species Evaluations</b>		
<b>Sensitive Species Recommendation</b> (Please check 1 box below)					
	<b>R2 Sensitive Species (SS)</b>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<b>Not R2 SS, but should be considered for other Emphasis Species Lists</b>		
	<b>Not R2 SS and Not of Concern Now</b>		<b>Insufficient Information Available to make a recommendation</b>		
<p>Narrowly endemic to the mountains of central Colorado in alpine and subalpine habitats. Estimated total population size is less than 5,000 individuals and population trend is unknown. Recreational uses are considered to be the primary threat to the species at this time. The species is also threatened by grazing and its secondary effects, right-of-way management, residential development and human population growth, exotic species invasion, effects of small population size, mining, rust, global climate change, and pollution. Some threats are more urgent at some sites than at others. There is no evidence that the current occurrences are at high risk from activities on the NFS lands and under the influence of the USFS. However, with what is known about the narrow range and some potential for threats, forests known or likely to harbor the species and habitat should consider on a forest-by-forest basis whether the species warrants local emphasis and attention in management.</p>					

<b>Name/Title</b>	Peter McDonald/TES Species Program Leader	<b>Date</b>	June 3, 2013
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