

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE
RECONSTRUCTION OF SPECIFIED ROADS

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PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE
ROAD RECONSTRUCTION COSTS

Road Reconstruction Total Estimated Costs

<u>FSR Number</u>	<u>Estimated Costs</u>
5800668	\$169,651.88
5800669	<u>\$5,943.00</u>
	\$175,594.88

C5.213# Reconstruction Engineering Deposits \$26,432.00

TOTAL RECON \$ **\$202,026.88**

Public Works Costs - \$196,728.42

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

Central Coast Ranger District

Siuslaw National Forest

Lane County

RECONSTRUCTION OF FS ROAD 5800668

2.89 MILES

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAY UNIT	EST. QTY.	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE
15101	Mobilization	Lump Sum	ALL	\$6,583.00	\$6,583.00
20301	Removal, culverts	Each	3	\$175.00	\$525.00
20420	Drainage Excavation, type catchbasin	Each	1	\$155.00	\$155.00
23051	Roadside brushing, disposal method 1	Mile	2.89	\$837.00	\$2,418.93
25101	Placed riprap, class 3	Cubic Yard*	10	\$12.38	\$123.80
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction E	Mile	2.89	\$1,315.00	\$3,800.35
32207B	Subbase, grading B, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	2610	\$57.00	\$148,770.00
60278	24-inch corrugated polyethylene pipe, type C, method B	Foot	140	\$37.90	\$5,306.00
60654	24-inch full circle polyethylene outlet pipe, type C	Foot	60	\$32.83	\$1,969.80
				Total	\$169,651.88

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SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

Central Coast Ranger District

Siuslaw National Forest

Lane County

RECONSTRUCTION OF FS ROAD 5800669

0.13

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	PAY UNIT	EST. QTY.	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL PRICE
20103	Clearing and Grubbing, disposal of tops and limbs (f(1)), logs (i), stumps (f(1))	Mile	0.13	\$5,820.00	\$756.60
20301	Removal, culverts	Each	1	\$175.00	\$175.00
20420	Drainage Excavation, type catchbasin	Each	1	\$155.00	\$155.00
20457	Roadway Excavation, compaction B	Cubic Yard*	135	\$4.20	\$567.00
20701	Earthwork geotextile, type III-A	Square Yard*	525	\$1.46	\$766.50
25101	Placed riprap, class 3	Cubic Yard*	10	\$12.38	\$123.80
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction E	Mile	0.10	\$1,315.00	\$131.50
32222	Pit run maximum size 6', compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	30	\$17.50	\$525.00
32207B	Subbase, grading B, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	10	\$57.00	\$570.00
60278	24-inch corrugated polyethylene pipe, type C, method B	Foot	40	\$37.90	\$1,516.00
60654	24-inch full circle polyethylene outlet pipe, type C	Foot	20	\$32.83	\$656.60
				Total	\$5,943.00

Payment will be made on actual work performed as described in FP-03 109.01 unless otherwise denoted.

* Denotes Contract Quantities

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE – REGION SIX

SUSLAW NATIONAL FOREST

CENTRAL COAST RANGER DISTRICT

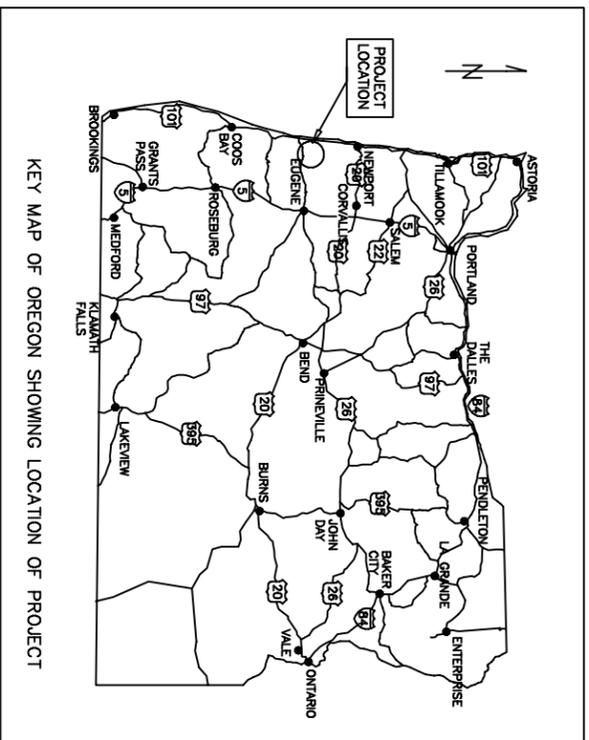
LANE COUNTY



PLANS FOR ROAD RECONSTRUCTION

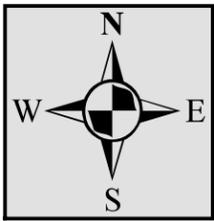
PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

ROAD NO.	FROM/TO	LENGTH (MILES)	TYPE OF WORK
5800668	FS ROAD 5800/FS ROAD 5800675	2.89	Reconstruction
5800669	FS ROAD 5800668/M.P. 0.13	0.13	Reconstruction



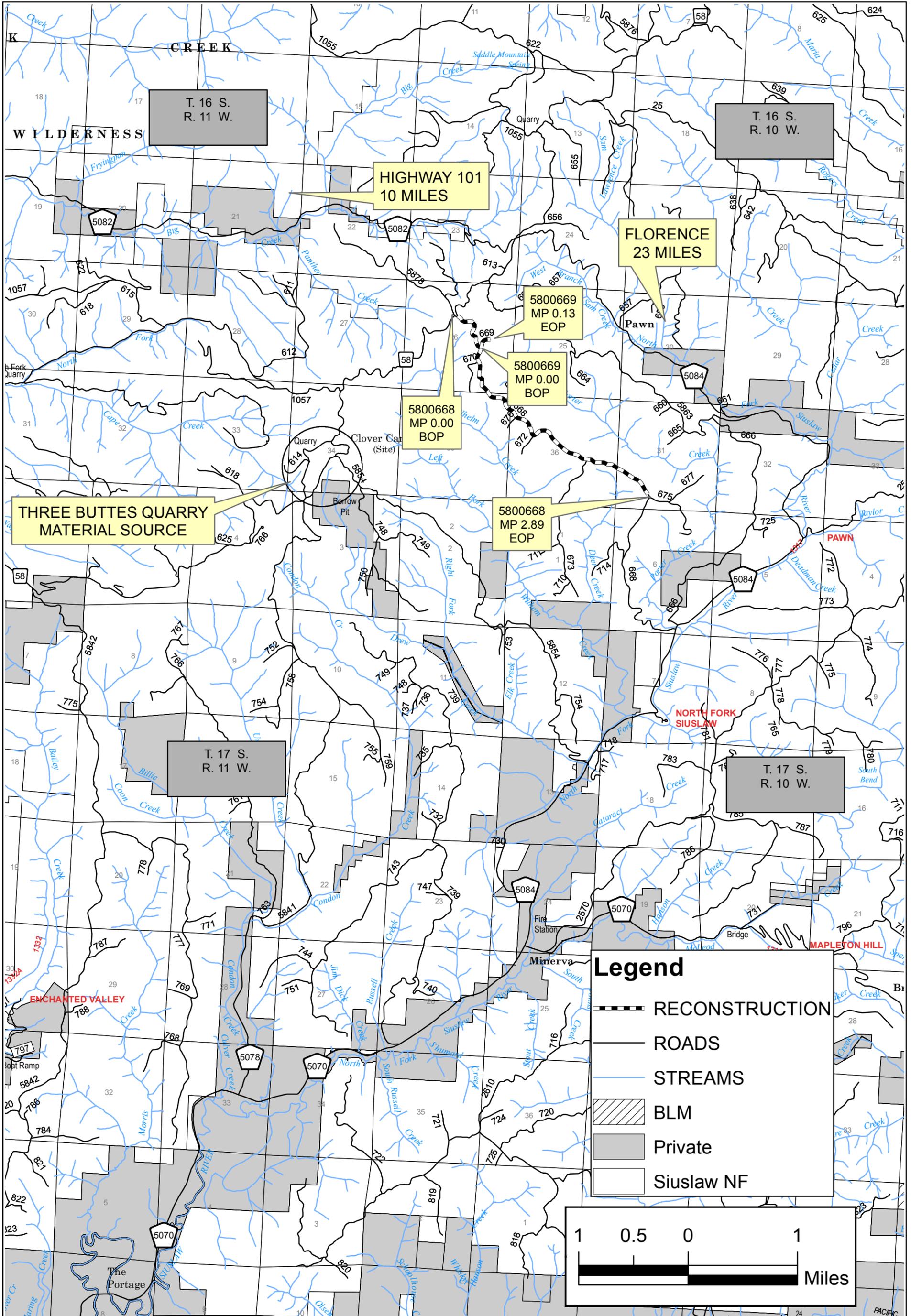
INDEX TO SHEETS	
NO.	DESCRIPTION
1	TITLE SHEET
2	VICINITY MAP
3	ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES
4	ROAD STRUCTURE DETAILS/DRAINAGE LISTING
5	DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS
6	ROADSIDE BRUSHING DETAILS
7	FS ROADS 5800668/5800669 REALIGNMENTS
8	WORK DESCRIPTION

Designed by	Date
Designer	Date
Reviewed by:	Date
Reviewer	Date
Dev. Engineer	Date
Recommended by:	Date
Zone Engineer	Date
Approved by:	Date
Line Officer	Date
Forest Engineer	Date



PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE VICINITY MAP

SHEET	OF
2	8



ESTIMATE OF QUANTITIES

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

**SHEET
3**

**OF
8**

ROAD NUMBER			5800668	5800669	GENERAL NOTES
PROJECT LENGTH (MILES)			2.89	0.13	
ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUANTITIES	QUANTITIES	* Denotes Contract Quantities
15101	Mobilization	Lump Sum	ALL		Includes fire protection, equipment cleaning and traffic control.
20103	Clearing and Grubbing, disposal of tops and limbs (f(1)), logs (i), stumps (f(1))	Mile		0.13	See Brushing Detail Sheet 6 of 8 for clearing limits.
20301	Removal, culverts	Each	3	1	Disposal method (a) remove from project.
20420	Drainage Excavation, type catchbasin	Each	1	1	
20457	Roadway excavation, compaction method E	Cubic Yard*		135	
20701	Earthwork geotextile, type III-A	Square Yards*		525	
23051	Roadside brushing, disposal method 1	Mile	2.89		Disposal method - scattering.
25101	Placed riprap, class 3	Cubic Yard*	10	10	Government Source/In-Place Compacted Quantities. See FSSS 105 page 9 of 69 of Supplemental Specifications.
30359	Roadway reconditioning, compaction E	Mile	2.89	0.10	Scarify only potholes and irregular surfaces to 6" maximum depth except where indicated on description of work. Includes all existing turnouts and curve widening, cleaning of asphalt surfaces, bridge deck and structure. See sheet 4 of 11 for ditch and roadway dimensions. Grubbing and disposal of all vegetation and root masses within the road bed and in the ditch is required. Haul all material from ditch reestablishment and slough and slide removal to designated disposal area.
32222	Pit run maximum size 6', compaction method B	Cubic Yard*		30	Government Source/In-Place Compacted Quantities. See FSSS 105 page 9 of 69 of Supplemental Specifications.
32207B	Subbase, grading B, compaction method B	Cubic Yard*	2610	10	Commercial Source/In-Place Compacted Quantities. Culvert sites include 12" compacted depth over installation and 6" depth bedding material.
60278	24-inch corrugated polyethylene pipe, type C, method B	Foot	140	40	All excavation is included. Excavation below existing grade line may be required for culvert replacements. C= corrugated
60654	24-inch full circle polyethylene outlet pipe, type C	Foot	60	20	Includes all anchors, hardware, materials and labor.

REMARKS:

1) Disposal Areas : 6' Maximum height of material, 1V:2H slopes, shape to drain & reconstruct ditchline between road and disposal site. Disposal area locations will be flagged by the Contracting Officer prior to any material placement and are identified in Description of Work.

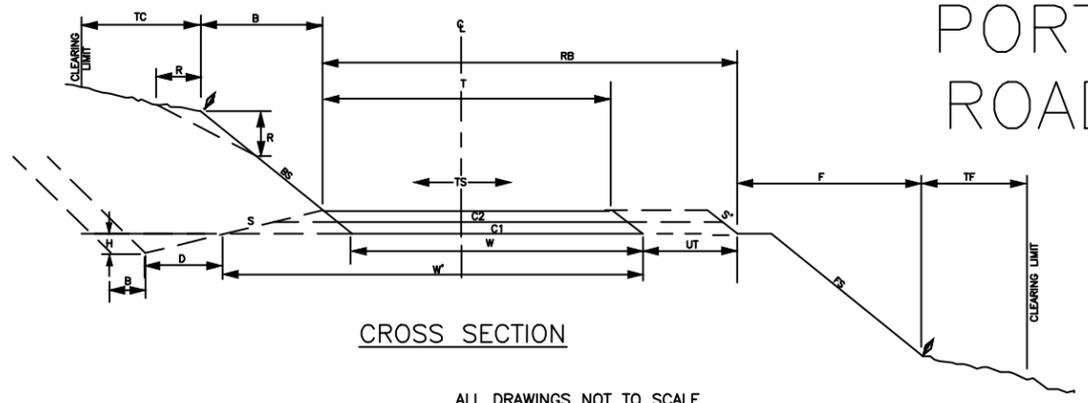
3) See Timber Sale provisions and specifications for daily and seasonal restrictions.

2) Payment will be made on actual work performed as described in FP-03 109.01 unless otherwise noted.

4) All utility locates, permits and water rights are the responsibility of the contractor.

5) Optional Government Source located at Three Buttes Quarry located at T16S R11W Section 34. Stockpile location is west of 5800 road at M.P. 32.2. a Mineral Permit is required for use of this aggregate. See FSSS 104 and 105 pages 8 & 9 of 69 of Supplemental Specifications.

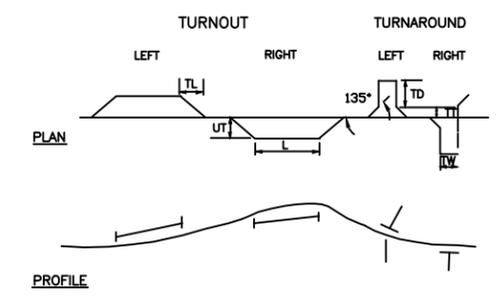
PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE ROAD STRUCTURE DETAILS



CROSS SECTION

ALL DRAWINGS NOT TO SCALE

TURNOUT AND TURNAROUND SYMBOLS



ROAD NUMBER	STATION or MILEPOST TO STATION or MILEPOST		TRAVELED WAY WIDTH FT	CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCE	GRADING											PAVEMENT STRUCTURE					SHOULDER ROCK			
					OUTSLOPE (O) INSLOPE (I) CROWN (C) %	ROADBED WIDTH FT			DITCH DIMENSIONS FT			TURNOUT FT			TURN AROUND FT		GRADATION	COMPACTED DEPTH IN		SLOPE RATIO	DEPTH IN	SLOPE RATIO	WIDTH IN	GRADATION
						TS	W	W'	B	D	H	UT	TL	L	TT	TW		TD	C1					
5800668	0.00	2.89	12	C	C-4	15	EX	0	2	1	8	25	50	EX	EX	EX	B	4	1V:2H					
5800669	0.00	0.13	12	C	C-4	15	EX	0	2	1	8	25	50	EX	EX	EX	B	4	1V:2H					

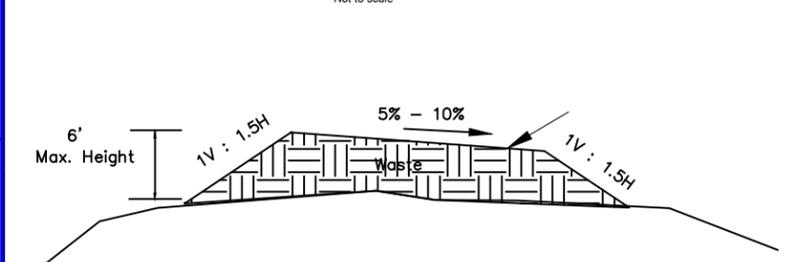
GENERAL NOTES

1. COMPACTED DEPTHS OF C1 & C2 PERTAIN TO SURFACING ONLY WHERE WORK IS SPECIFIED IN WORK DESCRIPTION. SEE DETAIL SHEETS FOR DEPTHS OF OTHER ROCK REQUIRED.
2. SURFACE CURVE WIDENING, TURNOUTS AND TURNAROUNDS TO THE SAME DEPTH AS THE ROADBED UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN ON THE PLANS.
3. EX = MATCH EXISTING DIMENSIONS.
4. MAINTAIN EXISTING SUPER ELEVATION, CROWN AND SLOPE OF ROAD. CREATE SMOOTH TRANSITIONS TO EXISTING ROAD SURFACE AND PRISM.
5. DO NOT UNDERCUT BACKSLOPE WHEN CLEANING AND/OR RECONSTRUCTING DITCH LINES.
6. REMOVE ALL BERMS, EXISTING OR CREATED, TO ALLOW DRAINAGE OF WATER FROM TRAVELED WAY, UNLESS OTHERWISE DESIGNATED TO REMAIN.

DRAINAGE LISTING

STA or MP	Designed						Installation Details				Riprap- CY						Remarks	
	Plastic Pipe		Plastic Spillway				Grade (%)	Skew (deg)	Anchor Assembly	Type	Hand Placed		Machine Placed		Dumped			
	Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Diameter (in)	Length (ft)	Full Circle	Half Round					Inlet CY	Outlet CY	Inlet CY	Outlet CY	Inlet CY	Outlet CY		
FS Road 5800668																		
0.15	24	60	24	20	X	7%	90	2					10					Dewater and remove existing culvert. Install new CPP and outlet pipe. Shorten inlet 10'. Adjust grade. Build catchbasin. Slope headwall 1:1 and armor.
1.58	24	40	24	20	X	*	90	2										Remove existing culvert. Install new CPP and outlet pipe.
2.73	24	40	24	20	X	*	90	2										Remove existing culvert. Install new CPP and outlet pipe.
Total	24	140		40										0				
FS Road 5800669																		
0.12	24	30	24	20	x	*	90	2										Dewater. Remove existing culvert. Install new CPP and outlet pipe. Construct catchbasin. Slope headwall 1:1 and armor.

DISPOSAL SITES

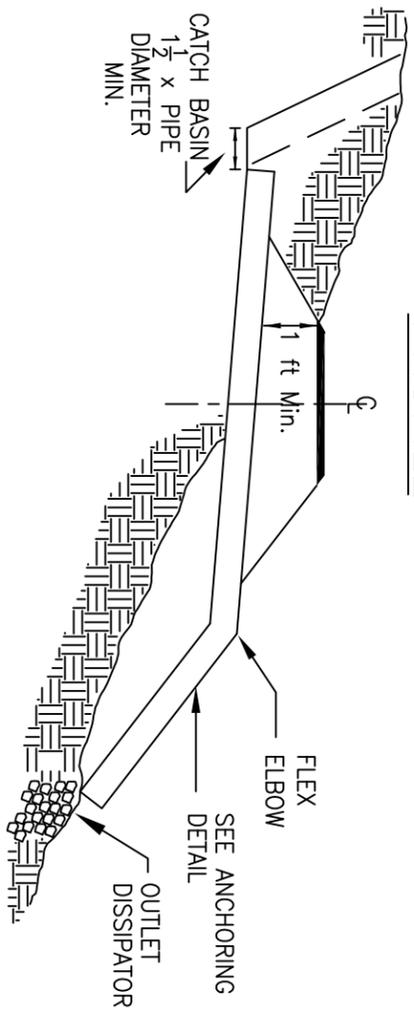


- NOTES:
1. CO will flag waste area limits
 - 2) Layer place, equipment compact material.

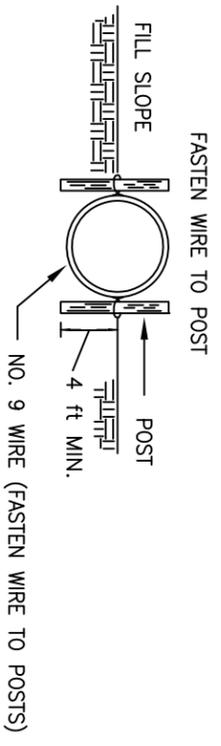
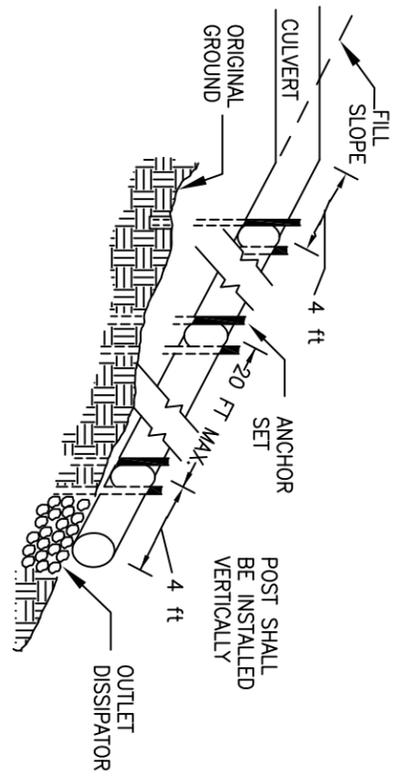
PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

DRAINAGE CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

PROFILE

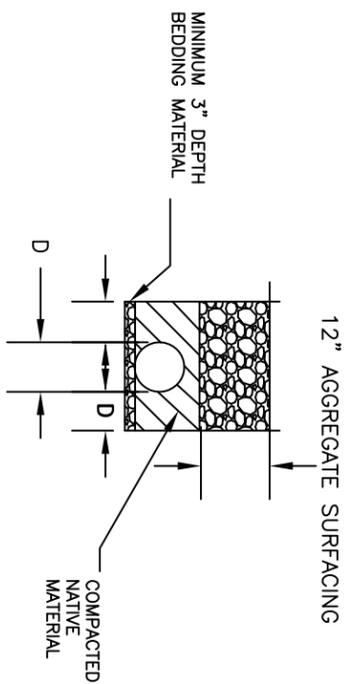


ANCHOR DETAILS

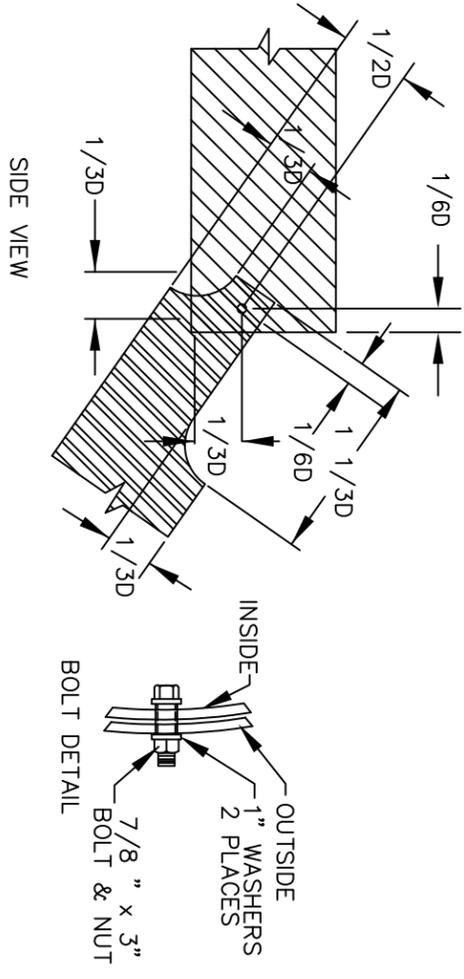


NOTE:
3 FT DIAMETER AND LARGER DOWNPIPE SHALL BE HALF BURIED.
ANCHOR SETS SHALL CONSIST OF TWO 6 FT STEEL FENCE POSTS (AASHTO M 281) AND NO. 9 GALVANIZED WIRE. 3 STRANDS OF WIRE SHALL BE TWISTED TOGETHER AND ENCOMPASS THE ENTIRE CIRCUMFERENCE OF THE PIPE.

TYPICAL CULVERT SECTION

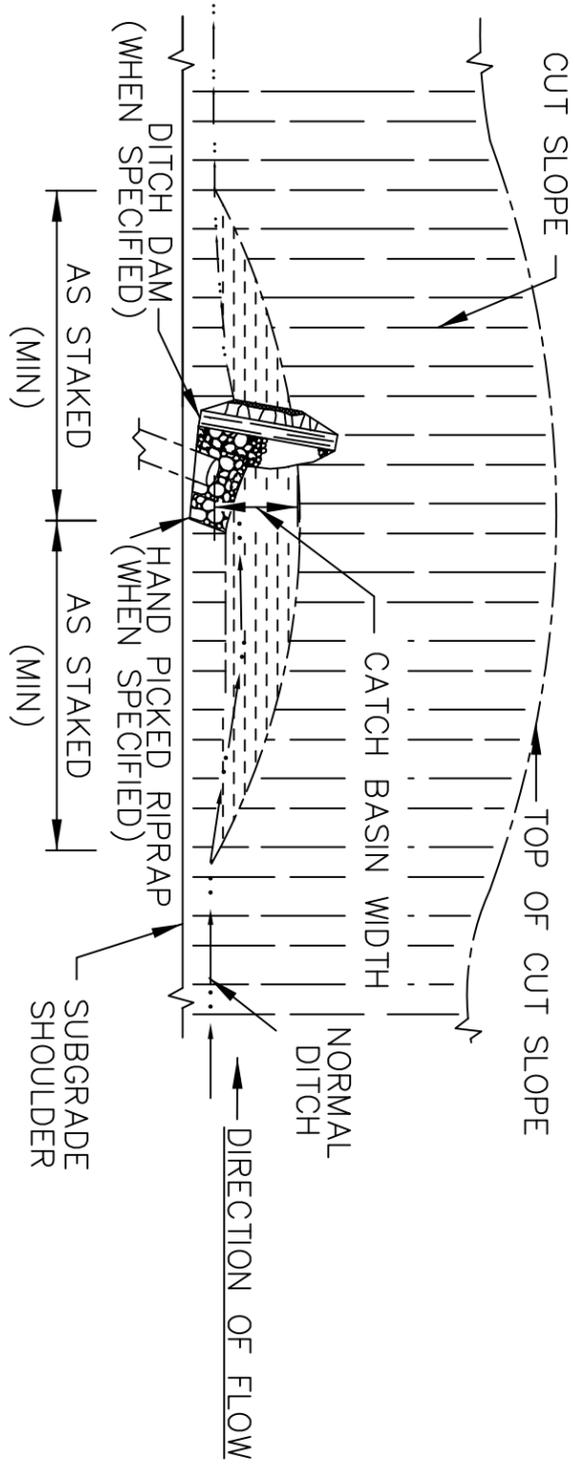


FLEX ELBOW

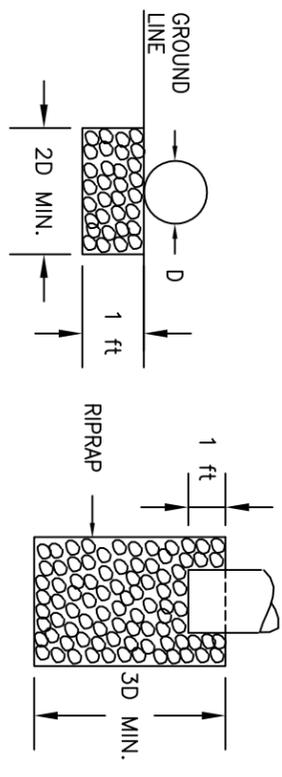


CATCH BASIN DETAIL

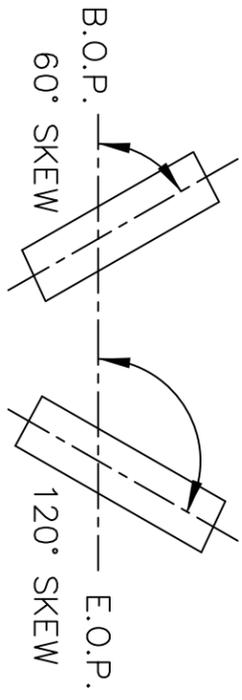
AND TYPE 2 CULVERT INSTALLATION



OUTLET DISSIPATOR DETAIL



SKREW DIAGRAM



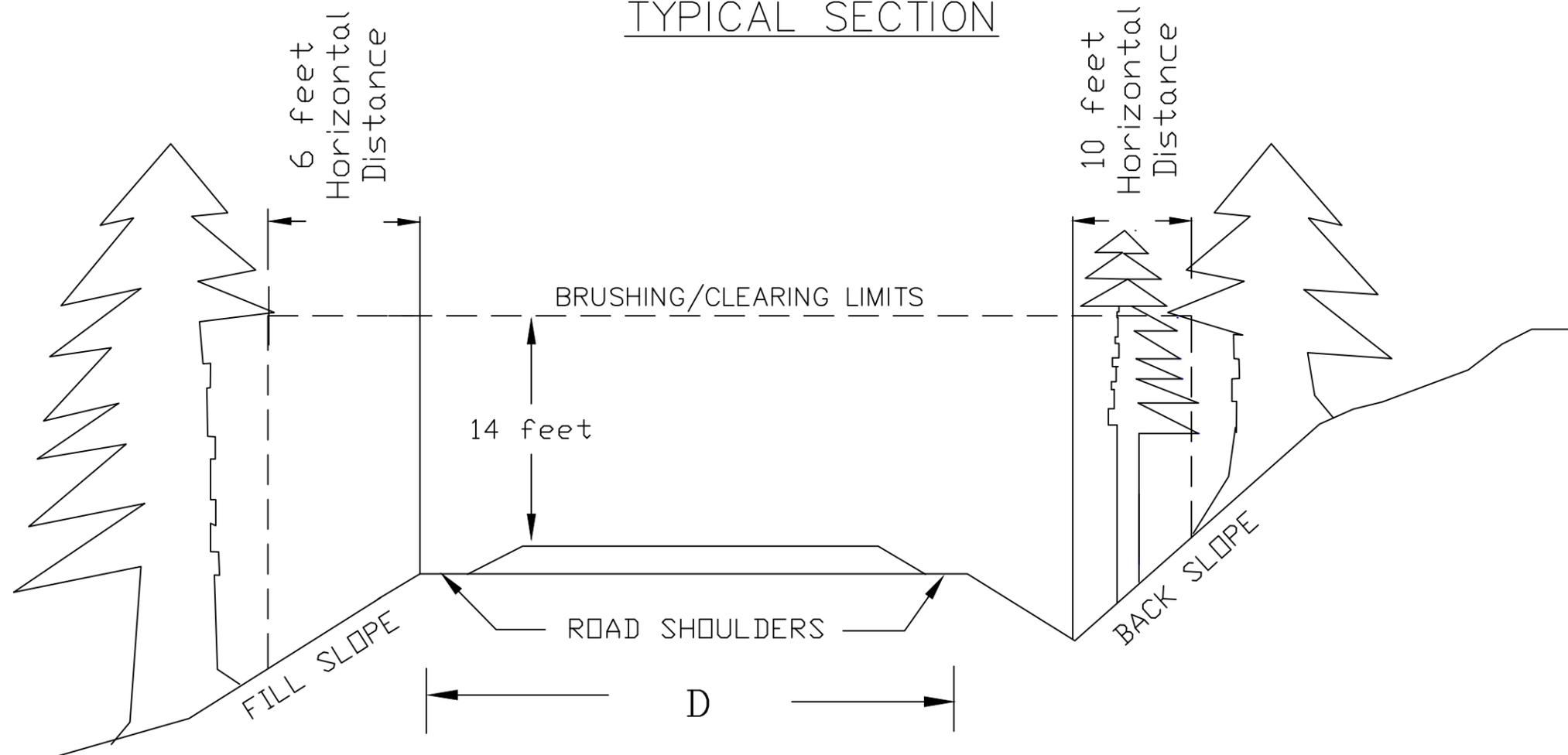
APRON SURFACE MUST CONFORM TO SHAPE OF EXISTING GROUND AND BE LEFT ROUGH TO REDUCE WATER VELOCITY. SEE DRAINAGE LISTING FOR ACTUAL QUANTITIES.

B.O.P. = BEGINNING OF PROJECT
E.O.P. = END OF PROJECT

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE ROADSIDE BRUSHING DETAILS

ROADS 5800668 & 5800669

TYPICAL SECTION

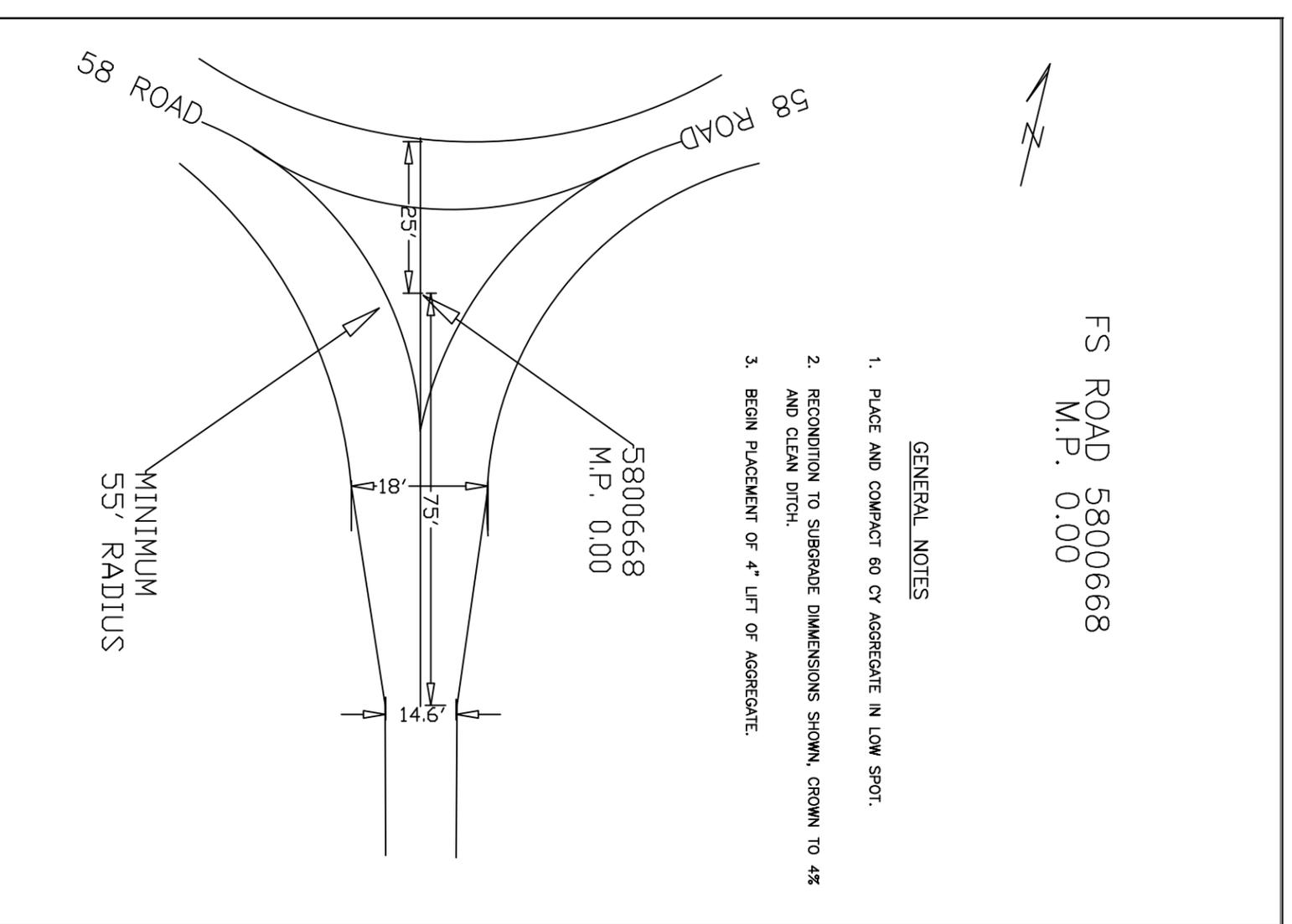
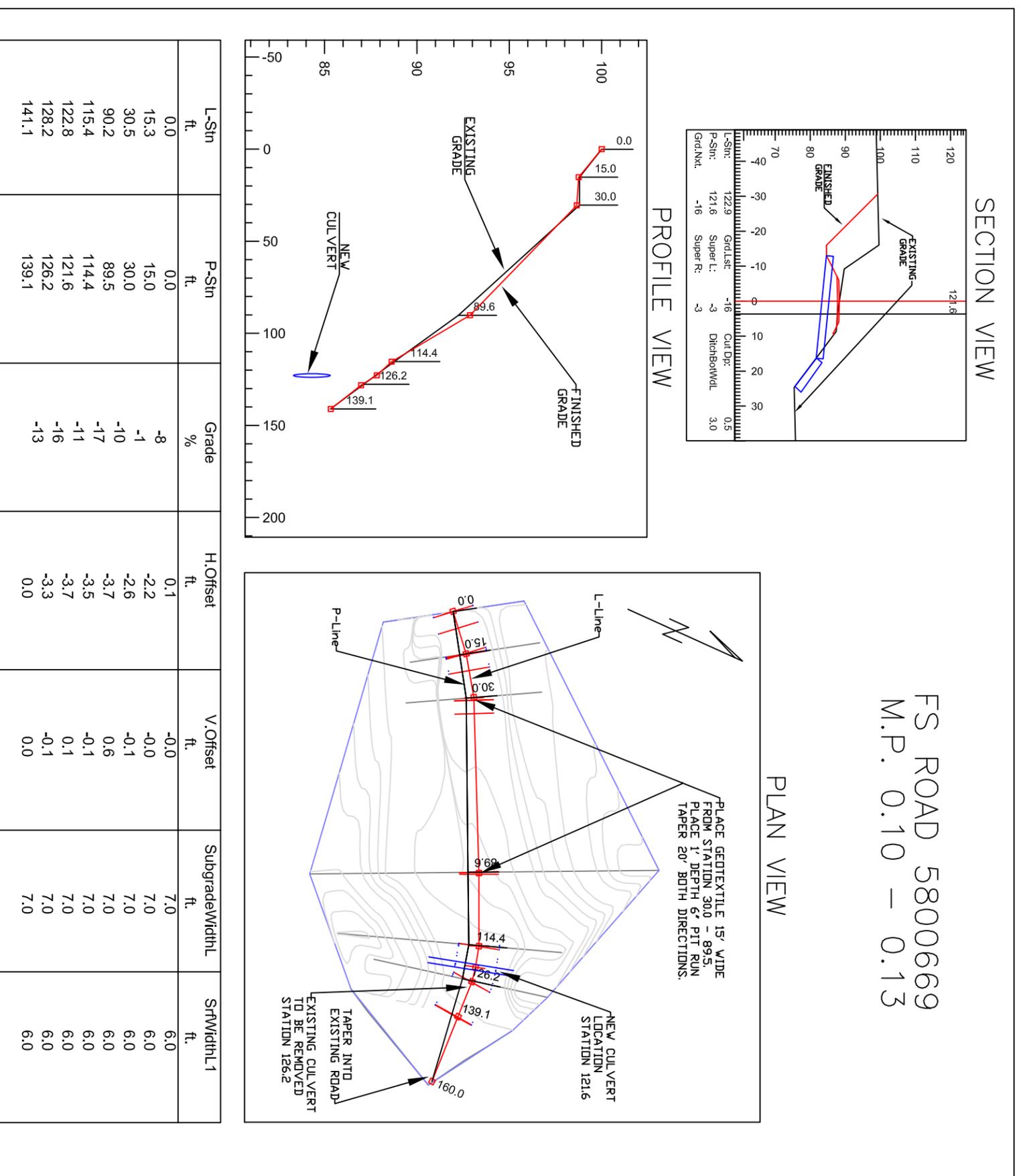


Grub stumps within "D" above or as noted on the work descriptions and haul to designated disposal areas.

Mechanical brushing may require manual limbing and manual scattering of machine cut material beyond the clearing limits.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE REALIGNMENT DETAILS

FS ROAD 5800669
M.P. 0.10 – 0.13



PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

WORK DESCRIPTION

ROAD 5800668

<u>MILEPOST</u>	<u>PAY ITEM</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
0.00				BOP /RP: Junction with FS Road 5800.
	23051	2.89	MILE	Begin Roadside brushing.
	30359	2.89	MILE	Begin Roadway Reconditioning.
	32207B	60	CY*	Reconstruct junction as shown on sheet 7 of 8.
	32207B	2510	CY*	Begin placement of 4" compacted lift aggregate.
0.15	20301	1	EACH	Remove existing culvert.
	60278	60	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated plastic pipe adjusting grade to 7% and inlet 10' back from existing towards road edge as staked by CO.
	32207B	20	CY*	Place aggregate as shown on sheet 5 of 8.
	20420	1	EACH	Construct catch basin.
	25101	10	CY*	Slope headwall 1:1 and armor.
	60654	20	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated outlet pipe.
0.44				RP: Junction 5800669 left.
1.58	20301	1	EACH	Remove existing culvert.
	60278	40	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated plastic pipe.
	32207B	10	CY*	Place aggregate as shown on sheet 5 of 8.
	60654	20	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated outlet pipe.
1.88				Disposal Area left.
2.14				RP: Junction right FS Road 5800673.
	32207B			End placement of 4" compacted lift aggregate.
2.73	20301	1	EACH	Remove existing culvert.
	60278	40	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated plastic pipe.
	32207B	10	CY*	Place aggregate as shown on sheet 5 of 8.
	60654	20	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated outlet pipe.
2.89	23051			End Roadside brushing.
	30359			End Roadway Reconditioning.
				EOP: Junction 5800675.

ROAD 5800669

<u>MILEPOST</u>	<u>PAY ITEM</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>	<u>UNITS</u>	<u>DESCRIPTION</u>
0.00				BOP: Junction with FS Road 5800668.
	20103	0.13	MILE	Begin Clearing and Grubbing.
	30359	0.10	MILE	Begin Roadway Reconditioning.
0.09				Disposal area right. Allow for turnaround area.
0.10				End Roadway Reconditioning.
	20457	135	CY*	Begin realignment. See sheets 4 and 7 of 8.
	20701	525	SY*	Place geotextile.
	32222	30	CY*	Place 12" Grading M pit run aggregate.
0.12	20301	1	EACH	Remove existing culvert.
	60278	40	FOOT	Install new 24" corrugated plastic pipe.
	20420	1	EACH	Construct catch basin.
	32207B	10	CY*	Place aggregate as shown on sheet 5 of 8.
	60654	20	FOOT	Install 24" corrugated outlet pipe.
0.13				End realignment.
	32222			End placement of 12" Grading M pit run aggregate.
	20103			End Clearing and Grubbing.
				EOP: Temporary road begins.

FP- 03 SPECIFICATION LIST FOR PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

All specifications not included in the specification listing, but referenced by listed specifications, are applicable.

The supplements shown on the specification list are physically attached.

	<u>Title</u>	<u>Revised</u>	<u>5800668</u>	<u>5800669</u>
Preface	Preface	FP03 & 3/15/2004	X	X
101	Terms, Format, and Definitions	FP03	X	X
101 .01	Meaning of Terms	1/22/2009	X	X
101 .01	Meaning of Terms	1/22/2009	X	X
101 .03	Abbreviations	6/16/2006	X	X
101 .04	Definitions	3/29/2007	X	X
101 .04	Definitions	11/6/2007	X	X
102	Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract	FP03	X	X
102	Delete entire section	2/16/2005	X	X
103	Scope of Work	FP03	X	X
103	Delete 103.02 through 103.05	2/16/2005	X	X
104	Control of Work	FP03	X	X
104 .00	Delete 104.01, 104.02, 104.04	6/16/2006	X	X
104 .03	Specifications and Drawings	1/22/2009	X	X
104 .06	Use of Road by Contractor	2/17/2005	X	X
104 .07	Other Contracts	2/17/2005	X	X
105	Control of Material	FP03	X	X
105 .02	(c) Designated Sources	6/18/2008	X	X
105 .02	(a) Government Provided Sources	2/17/2005	X	X
105 .02	(a) Government Provided Sources	2/17/2005	X	X
105 .02	Material Sources	3/8/2007	X	X
105 .05	Use of Materials Found in the Work.	5/12/2004	X	X
106	Acceptance of Work	FP03	X	X
106 .01	Conformity with Contract Requirements	7/31/2007	X	X
106 .07	Delete	5/11/2004	X	X
107	Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public	FP03	X	X
107 .05	Responsibility for Damage Claims	5/11/2004	X	X
107 .06	Contractor's Responsibility for Work	6/16/2006	X	X
107 .08	Sanitation, Health and Safety	3/29/2005	X	X
107 .09	Legal Relationship of the Parties	6/16/2006	X	X
108	Prosecution and Progress	FP03	X	X
108	Delete entire section	2/16/2005	X	X
109	Measurement and Payment	FP03	X	X
109	Deletions 109.06 through 109.09	2/17/2005	X	X
109 .02	Measurement Terms and Definitions	6/16/2006	X	X
151	Mobilization	FP03	X	
155	Schedules for Construction Contracts	FP03	X	X
155 .00	Delete	5/11/2004	X	X
156	Public Traffic	FP03	X	X
156 .00	Complete Specification	4/17/2007	X	X
170 .00	Complete Specification - Develop Water Supply and Watering	3/26/2007	X	X
201	Clearing and Grubbing	FP03		X
201 .00	Material	8/5/2009		X
201 .01	Description	2/18/2005		X
201 .04	Clearing	2/22/2005		X
201 .04	Clearing	3/3/2005		X
201 .06	Disposal	2/18/2005		X
201 .06	Disposal	11/9/2005		X
201 .06	Disposal	3/26/2007		X
203	Removal of Structures and Obstructions	FP03	X	X
203 .01	Description	2/25/2005	X	X
203 .04	Removing Material	2/18/2005	X	X

FP- 03 SPECIFICATION LIST FOR PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE

All specifications not included in the specification listing, but referenced by listed specifications, are applicable.

The supplements shown on the specification list are physically attached.

	<u>Title</u>	<u>Revised</u>	<u>5800668</u>	<u>5800669</u>
203 .05	Disposing of Material	5/30/2007	X	X
203 .05	Disposing of Material	3/26/2007	X	X
203 .08	Payment	2/24/2005	X	X
<u>204</u> .00	Complete Specification - Excavation and Embankment	5/28/2008	X	X
<u>207</u>	Earthwork Geotextiles	FP03		X
<u>209</u>	Structure Excavation and Backfill	FP03	X	X
209 .10	Backfill	10/23/2007	X	X
209 .11	Compacting.	2/24/2005	X	X
<u>230</u> .00	Complete Specification - Roadside Brushing	3/31/2010	X	X
<u>251</u>	Riprap	FP03	X	X
251 .08	Measurement.	1/6/2012	X	X
<u>303</u>	Road Reconditioning	FP03	X	X
303 .01	Work	9/10/2008	X	X
303 .04	Shoulder Reconditioning	11/26/2008	X	X
303 .05	Roadbed Reconditioning	3/26/2007	X	X
303 .06	Aggregate Surface Reconditioning.	4/4/2007	X	X
303 .10	Measurement	3/26/2007	X	X
303 .10	Measurement	3/29/2005	X	X
<u>322</u> .00	Complete Specification - Minor Aggregate Courses	10/14/2011	X	X
<u>602</u>	Culverts and Drains	FP03	X	X
602 .03	General.	9/6/2005	X	X
602 .03	General.	10/2/2008	X	X
602 .06	Laying plastic pipe.	8/5/2009	X	X
<u>606</u>	Corrugated Metal Spillways	FP03	X	X
<u>635</u>	Temporary Traffic Control	FP03	X	X
635 .03	General.	5/13/2004	X	X
<u>703</u>	Aggregate	FP03	X	X
703 .05	Subbase, Base, & Surface Course and screened Aggregate (pit run)	3/26/2007	X	X
703 .05	Subbase, Base, & Surface Course and screened Aggregate	8/14/2009	X	X
703 .10	Flakiness Index	4/11/2011	X	X
<u>704</u>	Soil	FP03	X	X
704 .03	Backfill Material.	3/26/2007	X	X

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Preface

Preface_wo_03_15_2004_m

Delete all but the first paragraph and add the following:

The Forest Service, US Department of Agriculture has adopted FP-03 for construction of National Forest System Roads.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

101 - Terms, Format, and Definitions

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

101.01 Meaning of Terms

Delete all references to the TAR (Transportation Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

101.01 Meaning of Terms

Delete all references to the FAR (Federal Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.03_nat_us_06_16_2006

101.03 Abbreviations.

Add the following to (a) Acronyms:

AFPA	American Forest and Paper Association
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NESC	National Electrical Safety Code
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

.

Add the following to (b) SI symbols:

mp	Milepost
ppm	Part Per Million

101.04_nat_us_03_29_2007

101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions and substitute the following:

Bid Schedule--The Schedule of Items.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Bridge--No definition.

Contractor--The individual or legal entity contracting with the Government for performance of prescribed work. In a timber sale contract, the contractor is the “purchaser”.

Culvert--No definition.

Right-of-Way--A general term denoting (1) the privilege to pass over land in some particular line (including easement, lease, permit, or license to occupy, use, or traverse public or private lands), or (2) Real property necessary for the project, including roadway, buffer areas, access, and drainage areas.

Add the following:

Adjustment in Contract Price--“Equitable adjustment,” as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or “construction cost adjustment,” as used in the Timber Sale Contract, as applicable.

Change--“Change” means “change order” as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or “design change” as used in the Timber Sale Contract.

Design Quantity--“Design quantity” is a Forest Service method of measurement from the FS-96 *Forest Service Specifications for the Construction of Roads and Bridges*. Under these FP specifications this term is replaced by the term “Contract Quantities”.

Forest Service--The United States of America, acting through the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Neat Line--A line defining the proposed or specified limits of an excavation or structure.

Pioneer Road--Temporary construction access built along the route of the project.

Purchaser--The individual, partnership, joint venture, or corporation contracting with the Government under the terms of a Timber Sale Contract and acting independently or through agents, employees, or subcontractors.

Protected Streamcourse--A drainage shown on the plans or timber sale area map that requires designated mitigation measures.

Road Order--An order affecting and controlling traffic on roads under Forest Service jurisdiction. Road Orders are issued by a designated Forest Officer under the authorities of 36 CFR, part 260.

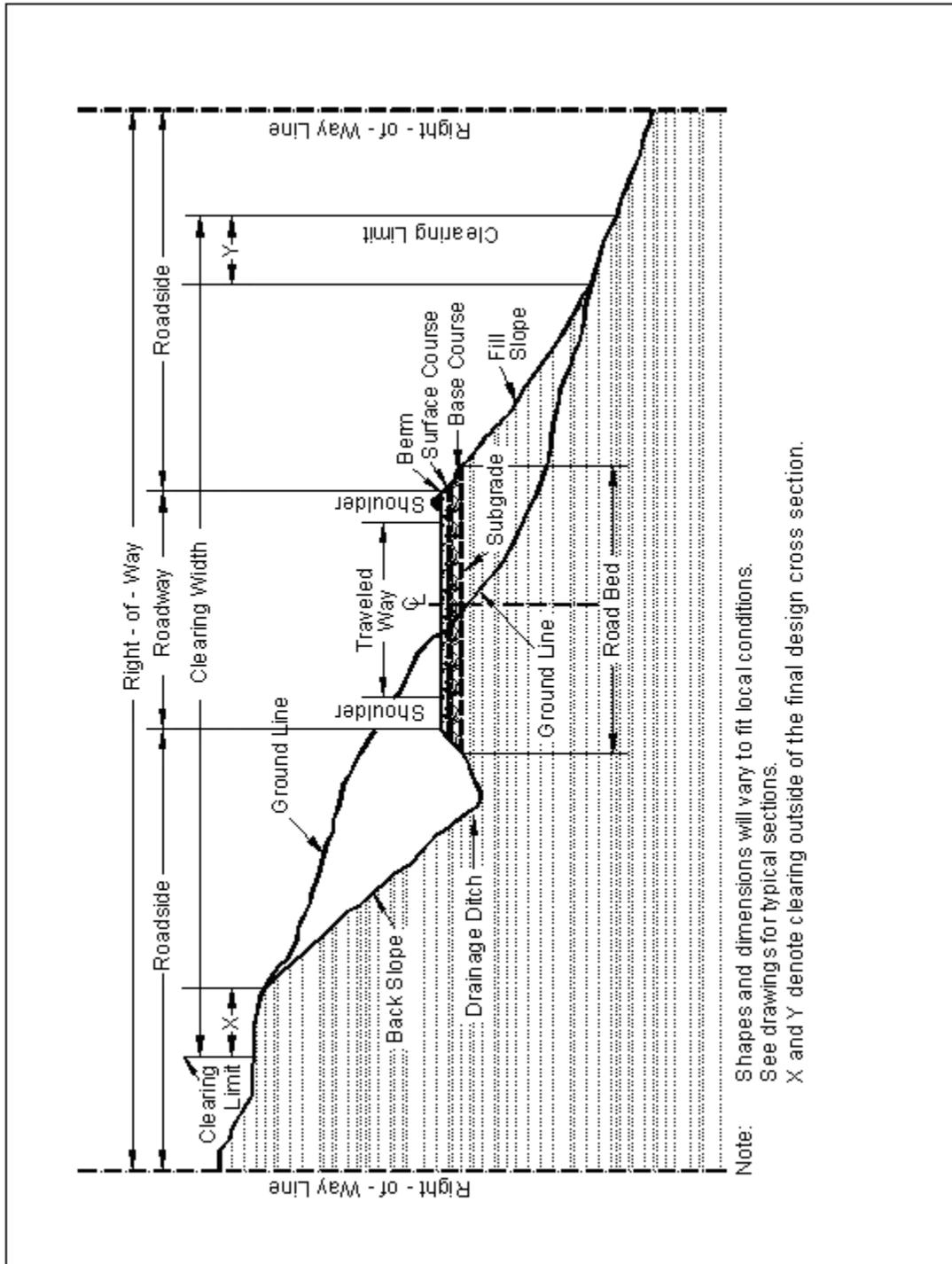
Schedule of Items--A schedule in the contract that contains a listing and description of construction items, quantities, units of measure, unit price, and amount.

Utilization Standards--The minimum size and percent soundness of trees described in the specifications to determine merchantable timber.

Add Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms:

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Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms.



PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

101.04_nat_us_11_06_2007

101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions:

Contract Modification

Day

Notice to Proceed

Solicitation

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

102 - Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

102.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

102 Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

Delete Section 102 in its entirety.

103 - Scope of Work

103.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

Deletions

Delete all but subsection 103.01 Intent of Contract.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

104 - Control of Work

104.00_nat_us_06_16_2006

Deletions

Delete Sections 104.01, 104.02, and 104.04.

104.03_nat_us_01_22_2009

104.03 Specifications and Drawings.

Delete 104.03.

104.06_nat_us_02_17_2005

Add the following subsection:

104.06 Use of Roads by Contractor

The Contractor is authorized to use roads under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service for all activities necessary to complete this contract, subject to the limitations and authorizations designated in the Road Order(s) or described in the contract, when such use will not damage the roads or national forest resources, and when traffic can be accommodated safely.

104.07_nat_us_02_17_2005

Add Subsection.

104.07 Other Contracts.

The Forest Service has awarded Cedar Thin and Morris Thin Timber Sale contracts. Construction activities or operations associated with these contracts will affect County Road 5070 and Three Buttes Quarry, and may be concurrent with this project. Schedule activities to assure no delays or interference to the operations of the other contract. Availability of optional Government provided rock source is dependent on crushing in Cedar Thin Timber Sale.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

105 - Control of Material

105.02_0618_us_06_18_2008

Add the following:

105.02(c) Designated Sources.

If Purchaser/Contractor elects to use the provided material, the advanced deposit will be the sum of the contract quantity at the rate of **\$12.18** per in place cubic yard for crushed aggregate (32232).

There is no material source development or needed production under **Section 32207**. The cost for **crushed aggregate** was calculated from stockpile(s) located at **Three Buttes Quarry, FS Road 5800 M.P. 32.2**

Changes that increase or decrease the designated quantity shall require an additional advanced deposit or refund, calculated in the same manner at the original advanced deposit.

105.02_nat_us_02_17_2005

105.02(a) Government Provided Sources.

There is no charge for pit run or riprap taken from Three Buttes Quarry.

105.02_nat_us_02_17_2005

105.02(a) Government Provided Sources.

(a) Government-provided sources. Add the following:

Government-provided sources for this project are identified as follows:

(1) Government-provided mandatory sources.

None

(2) Government-provided optional sources.

Material for use as **pit run** or **riprap** under Sections 251 and 32222 may be obtained from **Three Buttes Quarry** .

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

105.02_nat_us_03_08_2007

105.02 Material Sources.

105.02(a) Contractor-provided sources.

Add the following:

All material (e.g., soil, gravel, sand, borrow, aggregate, etc.) transported onto National Forest System land or incorporated into the work will be weed-free. The Contracting Officer may request written documentation of methods used to determine the weed-free status of any and all materials furnished by the contractor. Contractor-provided expertise and methods to establish weed-free status must be appropriate for the weeds of concern in the local area. The following applies to this contract:

Weeds specific to this project:

<u>Common Name</u>	<u>Scientific Name</u>
African rue	<i>Peganum harmala</i>
Bamboo	<i>Sasa palmata</i>
Beachgrass, European	<i>Ammophila arenaria</i>
Bean-caper, Syrian	<i>Zygophyllum fabago</i>
Biddy-biddy	<i>Acaena novae-zelandiae</i>
Bindweed, field	<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>
Blackberry, evergreen	<i>Rubus laciniatus</i>
Blackberry, Himalaya	<i>Rubus discolor</i>
Bluweed, Texas	<i>Helianthus ciliaris</i>
Broom, French	<i>Genista monspessulana</i>
Broom, Portuguese	<i>Cytisus striatus</i>
Broom, Scot's	<i>Cytisus scoparius</i>
Broom, Spanish	<i>Spartium junceum</i>
Broomrape, small	<i>Orobanche minor</i>

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Buffalobur	<i>Solanum rostratum</i>
Bugloss, common	<i>Anchusa officinalis</i>
Buttercup, creeping	<i>Ranunculus repens</i>
Butterflybush	<i>Buddleja globosa</i>
Camelthorn	<i>Alhagi pseudalhagi</i>
Canary grass, reed	<i>Phalaris arundinacea</i>
Cherry, laurel	<i>Prunus laurocerasus</i>
Cinquefoil, sulfur	<i>Potentilla recta</i>
Clematis	<i>Clematis vitalba</i>
Cocklebur, spiny	<i>Xanthium spinosum</i>
Coltsfoot	<i>Tussilago farfara</i>
Cordgrass, Common	<i>Spartina anglica</i>
Cordgrass, Dense-flowered	<i>Spartina densiflora</i>
Cordgrass, Saltmeadow	<i>Spartina patens</i>
Cordgrass, smooth	<i>Spartina alterniflora</i>
Cress, creeping yellow	<i>Rorippa sylvestris</i>
Crupina, common	<i>Crupina vulgaris</i>
Daisy, ox-eye	<i>Chrysanthemum leucanthemum</i>
Dyers woad	<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>
False brome	<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>
Floating heart, yellow	<i>Nymphoides peltata</i>
Garlic Mustard	<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>
Geranium, Robert	<i>Geranium robertianum</i>
Geranium, shining	<i>Geranium lucidum</i>

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Goatgrass, barbed	<i>Aegilops triuncialis</i>
Goatgrass, jointed	<i>Aegilops cylindrical</i>
Goatgrass, ovate	<i>Aegilops ovata</i>
Gorse	<i>Ulex europaeus</i>
Halogeton	<i>Halogeton glomeratus</i>
Hawkweed, king devil	<i>Hieracium piloselloides</i>
Hawkweed, meadow	<i>Hieracium pratense</i>
Hawkweed, mouse-ear	<i>Hieracium pilosella</i>
Hawkweed, orange	<i>Hieracium aurantiacum</i>
Hawkweed, yellow	<i>Hieracium floribundum</i>
Holly, English	<i>Ilex aquafolium</i>
Hogweed, giant	<i>Heracleum mantegazzianum</i>
Horsetail, giant	<i>Equisetum telmateia</i>
Houndstongue	<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i>
Hydrilla	<i>Hydrilla verticillata</i>
Iris, flag	<i>Iris pseudocorus</i>
Ivy, English	<i>Hedera helix</i>
Johnsongrass	<i>Sorghum halepense</i>
Knapweed, diffuse	<i>Centaurea diffusa</i>
Knapweed, meadow	<i>Centaurea pratensis (jacea x nigra)</i>
Knapweed, Russian	<i>Acroptilon repens</i>
Knapweed, short-fringed	<i>Centaurea nigrescens</i>
Knapweed, spotted	<i>Centaurea maculosa</i>
Knapweed, squarrose	<i>Centaurea virgata</i>

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Knotweed, giant	<i>Polygonum sachalinense</i>
Knotweed, Himalayan	<i>Polygonum polystachyum</i>
Knotweed, Japanese	<i>Polygonum cuspidatum</i>
Kudzu	<i>Pueraria lobata</i>
Loosestrife, purple	<i>Lythrum salicaria</i>
Matgrass	<i>Nardus stricta</i>
Millet, wild proso	<i>Panicum miliaceum</i>
Nightshade, silverleaf	<i>Solanum elaeagnifolium</i>
Nutsedge, yellow	<i>Cyperus esculentus</i>
Nutsedge, purple	<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>
Pampas grass	<i>Cortaderia selloana</i>
Parrot feather	<i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>
Paterson's curse	<i>Echium plantagineum</i>
Peavine, everlasting	<i>Lathyrus latifolius</i>
Peaweed, Austrian	<i>Sphaerophysa salsula</i>
Policeman's helmet	<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i>
Puncturevine	<i>Tribulus terrestris</i>
Quackgrass	<i>Agropyron repens</i>
Ragweed	<i>Ambrosia artemisiifolia</i>
Rush skeletonweed	<i>Chondrilla juncea</i>
Saltcedar	<i>Tamarix ramosissima</i>
Skeletonleaf bursage	<i>Ambrosia tomentosa</i>
Spikeweed	<i>Hemizonia pungens</i>
Spurge, leafy	<i>Euphorbia esula</i>

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Spurge, myrtle	<i>Euphorbia myrsinites</i>
St. John's-wort	<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>
Starthistle, yellow	<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i>
Starthistle, Iberian	<i>Centaurea iberica</i>
Starthistle, purple	<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i>
Tansy ragwort	<i>Senecio jacobaea</i>
Teasel	<i>Dipsacus sylvestris</i>
Teasel, cutleaf	<i>Dipsacus laciniatus</i>
Thistle, bull	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i>
Thistle, Canada	<i>Cirsium arvense</i>
Thistle, Italian	<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i>
Thistle, musk	<i>Carduus nutans</i>
Thistle, plumeless	<i>Carduus acanthoides</i>
Thistle, Scotch	<i>Onopordum acanthium</i>
Thistle, slender-flowered	<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>
Thistle, smooth distaff	<i>Carthamus baeticus</i>
Thistle, woolly distaff	<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>
Toadflax, yellow	<i>Linaria vulgaris</i>
Toadflax, Dalmatian	<i>Linaria dalmatica</i>
Velvetleaf	<i>Abutilon theophrasti</i>
Water chestnut, European	<i>Trapa natans</i>
Waterlily, fragrant	<i>Nymphaea odorata</i>
Watermilfoil, Eurasian	<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>
Waterweed, South. American.	<i>Elodea densa</i>

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Whitetop	Lepidium draba
Whitetop, hairy	Lepidium pubescens
Whitetop, lens-podded	Lepidium chalepensis

105.05_nat_us_05_12_2004

105.05 Use of Material Found in the Work.

Delete 105.05 (a) and (b) and the last sentence of the second paragraph and substitute the following:

Materials produced or processed from Government lands in excess of the quantities required for performance of this contract are the property of the Government. The Government is not obligated to make reimbursement for the cost of producing these materials.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

106 - Acceptance of Work

106.01_nat_us_07_31_2007

106.01 Conformity with Contract Requirements.

Delete Subsection 106.01 and substitute the following:

References to standard test methods of AASHTO, ASTM, GSA, and other recognized standard authorities refer to the methods in effect on the date of solicitation for bids.

Perform all work to the lines, grades, cross-sections, dimensions, and processes or material requirements shown on the plans or specified in the contract.

Incorporate manufactured materials into the work according to the manufacturer's recommendations or to these specifications, whichever is more strict.

Plan dimensions and contract specification values are the values to be strived for and complied with as the design values from which any deviations are allowed. Perform work and provide material that is uniform in character and reasonably close to the prescribed value or within the specified tolerance range. The purpose of a tolerance range is to accommodate occasional minor variations from the median zone that are unavoidable for practical reasons.

When standard manufactured items are specified (such as fence, wire, plates, rolled shapes, pipe conduits, etc., that are identified by gauge, unit mass, section dimensions, etc.), the identification will be considered to be nominal masses or dimensions. Unless specific contract tolerances are noted, established manufacturing tolerances will be accepted.

The Government may inspect, sample, or test all work at any time before final acceptance of the project. When the Government tests work, copies of test reports are furnished to the Contractor upon request. Government tests may or may not be performed at the work site. If Contractor testing and inspection is verified by the Government, the Contractor's results may be used by the Government to evaluate work for acceptance. Do not rely on the availability of Government test results for process control.

Acceptable work conforming to the contract will be paid for at the contract unit bid price. Four methods of determining conformity and accepting work are described in Subsections 106.02 to 106.05 inclusive. The primary method of acceptance is specified in each Section of work. However, work may be rejected at any time it is found by any of the methods not to comply with the contract.

Remove and replace work that does not conform to the contract, or to prevailing industry standards where no specific contract requirements are noted, at no cost to the Government.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

(a) Disputing Government test results. **If the accuracy of Government test results is disputed, promptly inform the CO. If the dispute is unresolved after reasonable steps are taken to resolve the dispute, further evaluation may be obtained by written request. Include a narrative describing the dispute and a proposed resolution protocol that addresses the following:**

- (1) Sampling method;
- (2) Number of samples;
- (3) Sample transport;
- (4) Test procedures;
- (5) Testing laboratories;
- (6) Reporting;
- (7) Estimated time and costs; and
- (8) Validation process.

If the evaluation requires additional sampling or testing be performed, mutually agree with the Government on witnessing procedures and on sampling and testing by a third party laboratory. Use a third party laboratory accredited by the AASHTO accreditation program. Provide proof of the laboratory's accreditation for the test procedures to be used. Do not use the same laboratory that produced the disputed Government test results or that produced the test results used as a basis for the dispute.

The CO will review the proposed resolution protocol and may modify it before final approval and execution.

The Government will use the approved resolution protocol test results to determine the validity of the disputed testing. If the Government test results are validated, the Contractor will be responsible for all costs associated with developing and performing the resolution protocol. If the Government test results are not validated, the Government will be responsible for all costs associated with developing and performing the resolution protocol. If the validity of the Government test results cannot be determined, the Contractor and Government will equally share all costs associated with developing and carrying out the resolution protocol.

(b) Alternatives to removing and replacing non-conforming work. As an alternative to removal and replacement, the Contractor may submit a written request to:

- (1) Have the work accepted at a reduced price; or

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

(2) Be given permission to perform corrective measures to bring the work into conformity.

The request must contain supporting rationale and documentation. Include references or data justifying the proposal based on an evaluation of test results, effect on service life, value of material or work, quality, aesthetics, and other tangible engineering basis. The CO will determine disposition of the nonconforming work.

106.07_nat_us_05_11_2004

106.07 Delete

Delete subsection 106.07.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

107 - Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

107.05_nat_us_05_11_2004

107.05 Responsibility for Damage Claims.

Delete the entire subsection.

107.06_nat_us_06_16_2006

107.06 Contractor's Responsibility for Work.

Delete the following from the first paragraph.

“except as provided in Subsection 106.07”.

107.08_nat_us_03_29_2005

107.08 Sanitation, Health, and Safety

Delete the entire subsection.

107.09_nat_us_06_16_2006

107.09 Legal Relationship of the Parties.

Delete the entire subsection.

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108 - Prosecution and Progress

108.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

108 Delete.

Delete Section 108 in its entirety.

109 - Measurement and Payment

109.00_nat_us_02_17_2005

109 Deletions

Delete the following entire subsections:

109.06 Pricing of Adjustments.

109.07 Eliminated Work.

109.08 Progress Payments.

109.09 Final Payment.

109.02_nat_us_06_16_2006

109.02 Measurement Terms and Definitions.

(b) Contract quantity.

Add the following:

Contract quantities will be adjusted only when there are errors in the original design of 15% or more.

Change the following:

“(b) Cubic yard” to “(c) Cubic yard”.

Add the following definition:

(p) Thousand Board Feet (Mbf). 1,000 board feet based on nominal widths, thickness, and extreme usable length of each piece of lumber or timber actually incorporated in the job. For glued laminated timber, 1,000 board feet based on actual width, thickness, and length of each piece actually incorporated in the job.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

155 - Schedules for Construction Contracts

155.00_nat_us_05_11_2004

155 Delete.

Delete Section 155 in its entirety.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

156 - Public Traffic

156.00_nat_us_04_17_2007

Delete Section 156 in its entirety and replace with the following:

Description

156.01 This work consists of controlling and protecting public traffic adjacent to and within the project.

Material

156.02 Conform to the MUTCD and the following Sections and Subsections:

Construction sign panels	633
Retro-reflective sheeting	718.01
Temporary concrete barrier	618
Temporary plastic fence	710.11
Temporary traffic control devices	718.22

156.03 General. Unless otherwise provided for in Table 156-1, keep existing roads open to all traffic during road improvement work, and maintain them in a condition that will adequately accommodate traffic. Delays may not exceed 120 minutes at any one time followed by an open period of no less than 15 minutes.

Perform no work that interferes or conflicts with traffic or existing access to the roadway surface until a traffic control plan has been approved. Post construction signs and traffic control devices in conformance with MUTCD. All required signs will be in place and approved prior to beginning work on project.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

If the Contractor agrees in writing to allow public traffic to use a new road being constructed prior to completion, it will be considered an existing road for traffic control purposes.

156.04 Temporary Traffic Control. Install and maintain temporary traffic control devices adjacent to and within the project as required by the approved traffic control plan and the MUTCD. Install and maintain traffic control devices as follows:

- (a) Furnish and install traffic control devices before the start of construction operations.
- (b) All detours outside of clearing limits will be approved in writing by the Contracting Officer as part of the traffic control plan.
- (c) Install only those traffic control devices needed for each stage or phase.
- (d) Relocate temporary traffic control devices as necessary.
- (e) Remove devices that no longer apply to the existing conditions.
- (f) Immediately replace any device that is lost, stolen, destroyed, or inoperative.
- (g) Keep temporary traffic control devices clean.
- (h) Remove all temporary traffic control devices upon contract completion or when approved.
- (i) When required, use flaggers certified by the American Traffic Safety Services Association, the National Safety Council, the International Municipal Signal Association, a state agency, or other acceptable organization. Perform the work described under MUTCD Part 6. Use type III, VII, VIII, or IX retroreflective sheeting on flagger paddles. Do not use flags. Flaggers must wear high visibility safety apparel as required by MUTCD 6E.02.

156.05 Temporary Closures. Road segments may be closed as shown in Table 156-1. The maximum consecutive days of closure shall be followed by a minimum number of consecutive days open to traffic as shown. Maintain traffic control devices during closure period(s). Appropriate barricades and signs will be erected and maintained as shown in the traffic control plan or as otherwise designated.

Prior to closing roads during construction, give written notice to the Contracting Officer at least 10 days in advance.

Table 156-1

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

Temporary Road Closures

Road Number	From Terminus	To Terminus	Maximum Consecutive Days of Closure	Minimum Consecutive Days Open
5800668			1	1
5800669			5	0

156.06 Acceptance. Public traffic work will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02.

Measurement and Payment

156.07 Do not measure Public Traffic for payment. Compensation is made as an indirect payment.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

170 - Develop Water Supply and Watering

170.00_0618_us_03_26_2007

Description

170.01 This work consists of developing an acceptable water supply, furnishing, hauling, and applying water.

Materials

170.02 Conform to the following subsection.

Water	725.01.
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Construction Requirements

170.03 Development of Supply & Access. Develop water supplies and access to the water supplies as required. Use designated water sources or other approved water sources. Before using non-designated water sources, obtain all necessary permissions, water rights, and permits.

170.04 Equipment.

(a) Water tanks. Provide mobile watering equipment with watertight tanks of known capacity. Provide for positive control of water application from the driver's position.

(b) Juvenile fish protection. All draft hoses being used to withdraw water from any live flowing stream or pond will utilize one of the following methods of screening.

(1) Perforated plate: Screen opening shall not exceed 3/32 or 0.0938-inches.

(2) Profile bar screen: The narrowest dimension in the screen openings shall not exceed 0.0689-inches in the narrowest direction.

(3) Woven wire screen: Screen openings shall not exceed 3/32 or 0.0938-inches in the narrow direction.

All methods shall be cleaned frequently with either wire brushing, flushing or other acceptable method.

170.05 Application. Apply water uniformly without ponding or washing.

170.06 Acceptance. Developing water supplies and watering will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Measurement and Payment

170.07 See Subsection 109.05.

Do not measure develop water supply and watering for payment.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

201 - Clearing and Grubbing

201.00_nat_us_08_05_2009

201.02 Material:

Delete Tree wound dressing material reference.

201.03 General.

Delete the last sentence.

201.04 Clearing.

Delete the last sentence of (d).

201.01_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.01 Description

Replace with the following

This work consists of clearing and grubbing within clearing limits and other designated areas.

201.04_nat_us_02_22_2005

201.04 Clearing. (c)

Delete paragraph (c) and replace with the following:

(c) In areas outside the excavation, embankment, and slope rounding limits, cut stumps to within 12 inches or one-third of the stump diameter of the ground, whichever is higher, measured on the side adjacent to the highest ground. For timber sales, stump heights will meet the requirements of the Timber Sale contract.

201.04 Clearing.

Delete subsection (d) and replace with the following:

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

(d) Do not cut vegetation less than 3 feet tall and less than 3 inches in diameter, that is within the clearing limits but beyond the roadway and not in a decking area, and that does not interfere with sight distance along the road.

Add the following:

(e) Trim branches of remaining trees or shrubs to give a clear height of 14 feet above the roadbed unless otherwise indicated. Trim tree limbs as near flush with the trunk as practicable.

(f) Remove brush from log decks. Deck logs so that logs are piled parallel to one another; can be removed by standard log loading equipment; will not damage standing trees; will not interfere with drainage, and will not roll. Keep logs in log decks free of brush and soil.

201.04_nat_us_03_03_2005

Construction Requirements

201.04 Clearing.

Add the following:

Utilization standards for merchantable timber are listed below. Fall and buck merchantable material into lengths not to exceed 32 feet. Pieces (logs) meet utilization standards when such pieces would have met Utilization Standards if bucking lengths were varied to include such material.

Minimum Utilization Standards

Length	Diameter (Inside Bark) at Small End	_____ % Net Scale in
<u>16</u> feet	<u>7</u> inches	% of Gross Scale

201.06_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.06 Disposal.

Delete the first sentence of this subsection and substitute the following:

Dispose of merchantable timber designated for removal according to the provisions of the timber sale contract.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

201.06_nat_us_11_09_2005

201.06 Disposal

Delete the first sentence of this paragraph and substitute the following:

Limb and deck logs that meet utilization standards at locations approved by the CO or otherwise designated. Deck logs according to 201.04 (f).

201.06_0618_us_03_26_2007

201.06 Disposal

Delete the first sentence of this subsection.

203 - Removal of Structures and Obstructions

203.01_nat_us_02_25_2005

203.01 Description.

Delete and replace with the following:

This work consists of disposing of construction slash and debris, salvaging, removing, and disposing of buildings, fences, structures, pavements, culverts, utilities, curbs, sidewalks, and other obstructions.

203.04_nat_us_02_18_2005

203.04 Removing Material.

Replace the fourth and fifth paragraphs with the following:

Where part of an existing culvert is removed, remove the entire culvert upstream from the removal. The remaining downstream culvert may be left in place if no portion of the culvert is within 12 inches of the subgrade, embankment slope, or new culvert or structure; and the culvert ends are sealed with concrete.

Remove structures and obstructions in the roadbed to 12 inches below subgrade elevation. Remove structures and obstructions outside the roadbed to 12 inches below finished ground or to the natural stream bottom.

203.05_0618_us_05_30_2007

203.05 Disposing of Material.

Add the following:

(e) Windrowing Construction Slash. Place construction slash outside the roadway in neat, compacted windrows approximately parallel to and along the toeline of embankment slopes. Do not permit the top of the windrows to extend above subgrade. Use construction equipment to matt down all material in a windrow to form a compact and uniform pile. Construct breaks of at least 15 feet at least every 200 feet in a windrow. Do not place windrows against trees. Obtain approval for pioneer roads. A pioneer road may be constructed to provide an area for placement of windrows, provided the excavated material is kept within the clearing limits and does not adversely affect the road construction.

(f(1)) Scattering method outside clearing limits. Scatter construction slash outside the clearing limits without damaging trees. Limb all logs. Place logs and stumps away from trees, positioned so they will not roll, and are not on top of one another. Limb and scatter other construction slash to reduce slash concentrations.

(f(2)): Scattering method inside clearing limits. Scatter pieces of wood less than 3 inches in diameter and 3 feet in length within the clearing limits. Do not place construction slash in lakes,

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meadows, streams, or streambeds. Immediately remove construction slash that interferes with drainage structures.

(g) Chipping or Grinding. Use an approved chipping machine to grind slash and stumps greater than 3 inches in diameter and longer than 3 feet. Deposit chips or ground woody material on embankment slopes or outside the roadway to a loose depth less than 6 inches. Minor amounts of chips or ground woody material may be permitted within the roadway if they are thoroughly mixed with soil and do not form a layer.

(h) Debris Mat. Use tree limbs, tops, cull logs, split stumps, wood chunks, and other debris to form a mat upon which construction equipment is operated. Place stumps upside down and blend stumps into the mat.

(i) Decking Firewood Material. Remove brush from decks. Limb and deck logs that do not meet Utilization Standards according to Subsection 201.04 as directed by the CO. Cut logs to lengths less than 30 feet. Ensure that logs stacks are stable and free of brush and soil.

(j) Removal to designated locations.

(k) Piling. Pile construction slash in designated areas. Place and construct piles so that if the piles are burned, the burning will not damage remaining trees. Keep piles free of dirt from stumps. Cut unmerchantable logs into lengths of less than 20 feet.

(l) Placing Slash on Embankment Slopes. Place construction slash on completed embankment slopes to reduce soil erosion. Place construction slash as flat as practicable on the completed slope. Do not place slash closer than 2 feet below subgrade. Priority for use of available slash is for: (1) through fills; (2) insides of curves; and (3) ditch relief outlets.

(m) Hydrological Sensitive Placement. Where required use this method in combination with other designated methods to dispose of material to reduce erosion and to aid in re-vegetation:

1. Place windrow segments on contours, wrap in type I geotextile.
2. Place logs as log erosion barriers on contours. Place logs so that 80% of their length is on the ground surface.
3. Scatter slash on bare or disturbed areas within or outside the clearing limits as directed.
4. Scatter chips or ground woody material on bare or disturbed areas within or outside the clearing limits as directed.

Place stumps in swales or on sites to form planting pockets. Place windrow segments on contours, wrap in type I geotextile.

203.05_0618_us_03_26_2007

203.05 Disposing of Material

(a) Remove from project.

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Delete the last two sentences

203.08_nat_us_02_24_2005

203.08 Payment

Add the following:

Disposal of construction slash will be compensated under the designated pay item in Section 201.

204 - Excavation and Embankment

204.00_0618_us_05_28_2008

Delete Section 204 in its entirety and replace with the following.

Description

204.01 This work consists of excavating material, constructing embankments and drainage excavation. This includes furnishing, hauling, stockpiling, placing, disposing, sloping, shaping, compacting, and finishing sand, earthen, and rocky material.

204.02 Definitions.

(a) **Excavation.** Excavation consists of the following:

(1) **Roadway excavation.** All material excavated from within the right-of-way or easement areas, except subexcavation covered in (2) below and structure excavation covered in Sections 208 and 209. Roadway excavation includes all material encountered regardless of its nature or characteristics.

(2) **Subexcavation.** Material excavated from below subgrade elevation in cut sections or from below the original groundline in embankment sections. Subexcavation does not include the work required by Subsections 204.05, 204.06(b), and 204.06(c).

(3) **Borrow excavation.** Material used for embankment construction that is obtained from outside the roadway prism. Borrow excavation includes unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping.

(b) **Embankment construction.** Embankment construction consists of placing and compacting roadway or borrow excavation. This work includes:

- (1) Preparing foundation for embankment;
- (2) Constructing roadway embankments;
- (3) Benching for side-hill embankments;
- (4) Constructing dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms; and
- (5) Backfilling subexcavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions.

(c) **Conserved topsoil.** Excavated material conserved from the roadway excavation and embankment foundation areas that is suitable for growth of grass, cover crops, or native vegetation.

(d) **Waste.** Excess and unsuitable roadway excavation and subexcavation that cannot be used.

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Material

204.03 Conform to the following Subsections:

Backfill material	704.03
Select borrow	704.07
Select topping	704.08
Topping	704.05
Unclassified borrow	704.06
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

204.04 Preparation for Roadway Excavation and Embankment Construction. Clear the area of vegetation and obstructions according to Sections 201 and 203.

204.05 Reserved.

204.06 Roadway Excavation. Excavate as follows:

(a) General. Do not disturb material and vegetation outside the construction limits.

Incorporate only suitable material into embankments. Replace any shortage of suitable material caused by premature disposal of roadway excavation. Dispose of unsuitable or excess excavation material according to Subsection 204.14.

At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the work area to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

Retrieve material deposited outside of the clearing limits as directed by the CO. Place unsuitable material in designated areas.

(b) Rock cuts. Blast rock according to Section 205. Excavate rock cuts to 6 inches below subgrade within the roadbed limits. Backfill to subgrade with topping or with other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11.

(c) Earth cuts. Scarify earth cuts to 6 inches below subgrade within the roadbed limits. Compact the scarified material according to Subsection 204.11.

(d) Pioneer Roads. Road pioneering, slash disposal, and grubbing of stumps may proceed concurrently with excavation. Conduct excavation and placement operations so material to be treated under Section 201 will not be incorporated into the roadway unless specified in the slash treatment method. Maintain drainage during pioneering operations.

Remove snow and ice in advance of the work and deposit beyond the roadway limits in a manner that will not waste material or generate sediment. Do not incorporate snow and ice into embankments. Place snow or ice in a manner to prevent resource damage.

(e) Drainage Excavation. Drainage excavation includes construction of all ditches, minor channel changes, drainage dips, catchbasins, surface water deflectors, and other minor

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drainage structures. Compact by Method (f) unless otherwise shown on the plans. Excavate on a uniform grade between control points.

204.07 Subexcavation. Excavate material to the limits designated by the CO. Take cross-sections according to Section 152. Prevent unsuitable material from becoming mixed with the backfill. Dispose of unsuitable material according to Subsection 204.14. Backfill the subexcavation with topping, or other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11.

204.08 Borrow Excavation. Use all suitable roadway excavation in embankment construction. Do not use borrow excavation when it results in excess roadway excavation. Deduct excess borrow excavation from the appropriate borrow excavation quantity.

Obtain borrow source acceptance according to Subsection 105.02. Develop and restore borrow sources according to Subsection 105.03. Do not excavate beyond the established limits. When applicable, shape the borrow source to permit accurate measurements when excavation is complete.

204.09 Preparing Foundation for Embankment Construction. Prepare foundation for embankment construction as follows:

(a) **Embankment less than 4 feet high over natural ground.** When designated by the CO, remove topsoil. Break up the ground surface to a minimum depth of 6 inches by plowing or scarifying. Compact the ground surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(b) **Embankments over an existing asphalt, concrete, or gravel road surface.** Scarify gravel roads to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Scarify or pulverize asphalt and concrete roads to 6 inches below the pavement. Reduce all particles to a maximum size of 6 inches and produce a uniform material. Compact the surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(c) **Embankment across ground not capable of supporting equipment.** Dump successive loads of embankment material in a uniformly distributed layer to construct the lower portion of the embankment. Limit the layer thickness to the minimum depth necessary to support the equipment.

(d) **Embankment on an existing slope steeper than 1V:3H.** Cut horizontal benches in the existing slope to a sufficient width to accommodate placement and compaction operations and equipment. Bench the slope as the embankment is placed and compacted in layers. Begin each bench at the intersection of the original ground and the vertical cut of the previous bench.

204.10 Embankment Construction. Incorporate only suitable roadway excavation material into the embankment. When the supply of suitable roadway excavation is exhausted, furnish unclassified borrow to complete the embankment. Obtain written approval before beginning construction of embankments over 6 feet high at subgrade centerline. Construct embankments as follows:

(a) **General.** At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the embankment surface to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

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During all stages of construction, route and distribute hauling and leveling equipment over the width and length of each layer of material.

Compact embankment side slopes flatter than 1V:1.75H with a tamping type roller or by walking with a dozer. For slopes 1V:1.75H or steeper, compact the slopes as construction of the embankment progresses.

Where placing embankment on one side of abutments, wing walls, piers, or culvert headwalls, compact the material using methods that prevent excessive pressure against the structure.

Where placing embankment material on both sides of a concrete wall or box structure, conduct operations so compacted embankment material is at the same elevation on both sides of the structure.

Where structural pilings are placed in embankment locations, limit the maximum particle size to 4 inches.

(b) Embankment within the roadway prism. Place embankment material in horizontal layers not exceeding 12 inches in compacted thickness. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 12-inch layers by reducing them in size or placing them individually as required by (c) below. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

Material composed predominately of boulders or rock fragments too large for 12-inch layers may be placed in layers up to 24 inches thick. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 24-inch layer by reducing them in size or placing them individually according to (c) below. Place sufficient earth and smaller rocks to fill the voids. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(c) Individual rock fragments and boulders. Place individual rock fragments and boulders greater than 24 inches in diameter as follows:

- (1) Reduce rock to less than 48 inches in the largest dimension.
- (2) Distribute rock within the embankment to prevent nesting.
- (3) Place layers of embankment material around each rock to a depth not greater than that permitted by (b) above. Fill all the voids between rocks.
- (4) Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(d) Embankment outside of roadway prism. Where placing embankment outside the staked roadway prism, place material in horizontal layers not exceeding 24 inches in compacted thickness. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11.

204.11 Compaction. Compact the embankment using one of the following methods as specified:

(a) Compaction A. Use AASHTO T 27 to determine the amount of material retained on a Number 4 sieve. If there is more than 80 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (1). If there is 50 to 80 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (2). If there is less than 50 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (3).

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(1) Adjust the moisture content to a level suitable for compaction. Fill the interstices around rock with earth or other fine material as practical. Use compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6 feet per second and vibratory rollers at speeds less than 3 feet per second. Compact each layer of material full width with one of the following and until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

(a) Four roller passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 40,000 pounds impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1000 vibrations per minute.

(b) Eight roller passes of a 20-ton compression-type roller.

(c) Eight roller passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 30,000 pounds impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1000 vibrations per minute.

Increase the compactive effort for layers deeper than 12 inches as follows:

- For each additional 6 inches or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (a) above by four passes.
- For each additional 6 inches or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (b) and (c) above, by eight passes.

(2) Use AASHTO T 99 to determine the optimum moisture content of the portion of the material passing a No. 4 sieve. Multiply this number by the percentage of material passing a No. 4 sieve, and add 2 percent to determine the optimum moisture content of the material. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-1 through A-5 to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-6 and A-7 to within 2 percent of the optimum moisture content.

Use compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6 feet per second and vibratory rollers at speeds less than 3 feet per second. Compact each layer of material full width according to (1) above.

(3) Classify the material according to AASHTO M 145. For material classified A-1 or A-2-4, determine the maximum density according to AASHTO T 180, method D. For other material classifications, determine the optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99, method C.

Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-1 through A-5 to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-6 and A-7 to within 2 percent of the optimum moisture content.

Use compression-type or vibratory rollers. Compact each layer of material full width to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in-place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures. When required, use AASHTO T 224 to correct for coarse particles.

(b) Compaction B. Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Adjust the moisture content of the material to obtain a mass that will not visibly deflect under the load of the hauling and spreading equipment. Operate compaction equipment over the full width of each layer until there is no visible

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

evidence of further consolidation or, if when a sheepfoot roller is used, the roller “walks out” of the layer. Make at least three complete passes.

(c) **Compaction C.** Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Level and smooth each embankment layer before placing the next layers. Operate hauling and spreading equipment uniformly over the full width of each layer. Construct a solid embankment with adequate compaction by working smaller rock and fines in with the larger rocks to fill the voids, and by operating hauling and spreading equipment uniformly over the full width of each layer as the embankment is constructed.

(d) **Compaction D.** Hauling and Spreading Equipment. Adjust the moisture content to a level suitable for compaction. Compact the material by operating equipment over the full width of the roadway.

(e) **Compaction E.** Roller Compaction. Adjust the moisture content to a level suitable for compaction. Operate Rollers over the full width of each layer until visual displacement ceases, but not fewer than three complete passes. Use rollers that meet the following requirements:

(1) Steel wheeled rollers, other than vibratory, capable of exerting a force of not less than 250 pounds per inch of width of the compression roll or rolls.

(2) Vibratory steel wheeled rollers equipped with amplitude and frequency controls with a minimum weight of 6 tons, specifically designed to compact the material on which it is used.

(3) Pneumatic-tired rollers with smooth tread tires of equal size that will provide a uniform compacting pressure for the full width of the roller and capable of exerting a ground pressure of at least 80 psi.

(4) Sheepfoot, tamping, or grid rollers capable of exerting a force of 250 lbs/inch of width of roller drum.

(f) **Compaction F.** Mechanical Tamper. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact each 6 inch layer with a minimum of three complete passes with a mechanical tamper.

(g) **Compaction G.** Excavator compaction - Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact with bucket of excavator larger than 39,000 pounds GVW. Overlap compaction by ½ width of bucket, minimum of 3 blows each.

204.12 Ditches. Slope, grade, and shape ditches. Remove all projecting roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks, and other debris.

Form furrow ditches by plowing or using other acceptable methods to produce a continuous furrow. Place all excavated material on the downhill side so the bottom of the ditch is approximately 18 inches below the crest of the loose material. Clean the ditch using a hand shovel, ditcher, or other suitable method. Shape to provide drainage without overflow.

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204.13 Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing. Complete slopes, ditches, culverts, riprap, and other underground minor structures before placing aggregate courses. Slope, shape, and finish as follows:

(a) **Sloping.** Leave all earth slopes with uniform roughened surfaces, except as described in (b) below, with no noticeable break as viewed from the road. Except in solid rock, round tops and bottoms of all slopes including the slopes of drainage ditches. Round material overlaying solid rock to the extent practical. Scale all rock slopes. Slope rounding is not required on tolerance class D through M roads.

If a slide or slipout occurs on a cut or embankment slope, remove or replace the material, and repair or restore all damage to the work. Bench or key the slope to stabilize the slide.

Reshape the cut or embankment slope to an acceptable condition.

(b) **Stepped slopes.** Where required by the contract, construct steps on slopes of 1½V:1H to 1V:2H. Construct the steps approximately 18 inches high. Blend the steps into natural ground at the end of the cut. If the slope contains nonrippable rock outcrops, blend steps into the rock. Remove loose material found in transitional area. Except for removing large rocks that may fall, scaling stepped slopes is not required.

(c) **Shaping.** Shape the subgrade to a smooth surface and to the cross-section required. Shape slopes to gradually transition into slope adjustments without noticeable breaks. At the ends of cuts and at intersections of cuts and embankments, adjust slopes in the horizontal and vertical planes to blend into each other or into the natural ground.

(d) **Finishing.** Finish the roadbed to be smooth and uniform, and shaped to conform to the typical sections. Remove unsuitable material from the roadbed and replace it with suitable material. Finish roadbeds to the tolerance class shown in table 204-2. Ensure that the subgrade is visibly moist during shaping and dressing. Scarify to 6 inches below the bottom of low sections, holes, cracks, or depressions and bring back to grade with suitable material. Maintain proper ditch drainage.

For surfaced roads, remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed.

For unsurfaced roads, use one of the following methods to finish the roadbed:

(1) **Method A.** Remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed and replace with suitable material.

(2) **Method B.** Use a vibratory grid roller or approved equal with a minimum weight of 10 tons. Roll at least 5 full-width passes or until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

(3) **Method C.** For roads designated as Construction Tolerance Class K, L, or M, finish the roadbed by spreading the excavation. Eliminate rock berms.

204.14 Disposal of Unsuitable or Excess Material. Dispose of unsuitable or excess material at designated sites or legally off of the project.

When there is a pay item for waste, shape and compact the waste material in its final location according to Subsection 204.11 (c) Compaction C. Do not mix clearing or other material not subject to payment with the waste material.

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When there is not a pay item for waste, shape and compact the waste material in its final location according to Subsection 204.11 (c) Compaction C.

204.15 Acceptance. See Table 204-1 for sampling and testing requirements.

Material for embankment and conserved topsoil will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Excavation and embankment construction will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Clearing and removal of obstructions will be evaluated under Sections 201 and 203.

Measurement

204.16 Measure the Section 204 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

(a) Roadway excavation. Measure roadway excavation in its original position as follows:

(1) Include the following volumes in roadway excavation:

- (a) Roadway prism excavation;
- (b) Rock material excavated and removed from below subgrade in cut sections;
- (c) Unsuitable material below subgrade and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for subexcavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
- (d) Ditches, except furrow ditches measured under a separate bid item;
- (e) Topsoil;
- (f) Borrow material used in the work when a pay item for borrow is not shown in the bid schedule;
- (g) Loose scattered rocks removed and placed as required within the roadway;
- (h) Conserved material taken from stockpiles and used in Section 204 work; and
- (i) Slide and slipout material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operation.

(2) Do not include the following in roadway excavation:

- (a) Overburden and other spoil material from borrow sources;
- (b) Overbreakage from the backslope in rock excavation;
- (c) Water or other liquid material;
- (d) Material used for purposes other than required;
- (e) Roadbed material scarified in place and not removed;
- (f) Material excavated when stepping cut slopes;
- (g) Material excavated when rounding cut slopes;

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- (h) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
 - (i) Material excavated when benching for embankments;
 - (j) Slide or slipout material attributable to the Contractor's method of operation;
 - (k) Conserved material taken from stockpiles constructed at the option of the Contractor; and
 - (l) Material excavated outside the established slope limits.
- (3)** When both roadway excavation and embankment construction pay items are shown in the bid schedule, measure the following as roadway excavation only:
- (a) Unsuitable material below subgrade in cuts and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for subexcavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
 - (b) Slide and slipout material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operations; and
 - (c) Drainage ditches, channel changes, and diversion ditches.
- (b) Unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping.** When measuring by the cubic yard measure in its original position. If borrow excavation is measured by the cubic yard in place, take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping overburden. Upon completion of excavation and after the borrow source waste material is returned to the source, retake cross-sections before replacing the overburden.
- Do not measure borrow excavation used in place of excess roadway excavation.
- (c) Embankment construction.** Measure embankment construction in its final position. Do not make deductions from the embankment construction quantity for the volume of minor structures.
- (1)** Include the following volumes in embankment construction:
- (a) Roadway embankments;
 - (b) Material used to backfill subexcavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions;
 - (c) Material used to restore obliterated roadbeds to original contours; and
 - (d) Material used for dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms.
- (2)** Do not include the following in embankment construction:
- (a) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
 - (b) Adjustments for subsidence or settlement of the embankment or of the foundation on which the embankment is placed; and
 - (c) Material used to round fill slopes.
- (d) Rounding cut slopes.** Measure rounding cut slopes horizontally along the centerline of the roadway if a pay item for slope rounding is included in the bid schedule. If a pay item for slope rounding is not included in the bid schedule slope rounding will be considered subsidiary to excavation.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

(e) **Waste.** Measure waste by the cubic yard in its final position. Take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping overburden. Upon completion of the waste placement, retake cross-sections before replacing overburden.

(f) **Slope scaling.** Measure slope scaling by the cubic yard in the hauling vehicle.

Payment

204.17 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 204 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Table 204-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Topping (704.05) & unclassified borrow (704.06)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D ⁽¹⁾ or T 99, method C ⁽¹⁾	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per	“	“	“
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 6000 yd ² but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer
		Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type but not less than 1 for each day of production	Processed material before incorporating	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
Select borrow (704.07 & Select topping (704.08)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Gradation	—	AASHTO T 27	“	“	“	“
		Liquid limit	—	AASHTO T 89	“	“	“	“
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D ⁽¹⁾ or T 99, method C ⁽¹⁾	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per	“	“	“
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 6000 yd ² but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Table 204-1 (continued)
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Earth embankment (204.11, Compaction A)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type	Source of Material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D ⁽¹⁾ or T 99, method C ⁽¹⁾	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per 13,000 yd ³	“	“	“
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 3500 yd ² but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer
Top of subgrade (204.11 Compaction A)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 2500 yd ²	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

PORTER THIN TIMBER SALE SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS

**Table 204-2
Construction Tolerances**

	Tolerance Class ^(a)												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
Roadbed width (ft)	+0.5	+0.5	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.5	+1.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0
Subgrade elevation (ft)	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±2.0	±3.0	(c)
Centerline alignment (ft)	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±3.0	±5.0	(c)
Slopes, excavation, and embankment (% slope ^(b))	±3	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±10	±10	±10	±10	±20	±20	±20

(a) Maximum allowable deviation from construction stakes and drawings.

(b) Maximum allowable deviation from staked slope measured from slope stakes or hinge points.

(c) Unless otherwise shown the centerline alignment and subgrade elevation, as built, have no horizontal curves with a radius of less than 80 feet, and no vertical curves with a

curve length of less than 80 feet when the algebraic difference in the grade change is less than 10 percent, or a curve length of less than 100 feet when the algebraic difference of

209 - Structure Excavation and Backfill

209.10_nat_us_10_23_2007

209.10 Backfill.

(a) General.

Add the following:

Replace any pipe that is distorted by more than 5 percent of nominal dimensions, or that is ruptured or broken.

Do not place or backfill pipe that meets any of the following conditions until the excavation and foundation have been approved in writing by the CO:

- Embankment height greater than 6 feet at subgrade centerline.
- Installation in a protected streamcourse.
- Round pipe with a diameter of 48 inches or greater.
- Pipe arches with a span of 50 inches or greater.
- Any box culvert of structure other than pipe culverts.

(b) Pipe culverts.

(1) Pipe culverts with compacted backfill.

Add the following:

Excavate an area on each side of the pipe as needed to effectively achieve compaction requirements. Backfill without damaging or displacing the pipe. Complete backfilling of the trench with suitable material.

209.11_nat_us_02_24_2005

209.11 Compacting.

Delete the subsection and add the following:

Compact backfill using designated compaction method A, B, or C:

Method A. Ensure that backfill density exceeds the density of the surrounding embankment.

Method B. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact each layer using appropriate compaction equipment until visual

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displacement ceases. For compaction under sections 252, 254, 255, 257, 258 and 262 compact with a vibratory steel wheeled roller with a mass of at least 8 tons.

Method C. Determine optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99 method C. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact material placed in all layers to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

Table 209-1 Sampling and Testing Requirements

Add the following:

(2) Compaction methods (A) and (B) do not require AASHTO T-99 or T-310 test methods for foundation fill.

230 - Roadside Brushing

230.00_0618_us_03_31_2010

230.01 Description. This work consists of removing limbs, residual slash, roadside brush and small trees within the brushing limits designated in the plans, including turnouts.

Construction Requirements

230.02 General. Cut all brush and small trees, (7 inch diameter or less at the point of cut) within the brushing limits and outside the roadbed no higher than 6 inches above the ground surface or obstructions such as rocks or stumps. Trees beyond the bottom of ditch and beyond the hinge point on the fill slope side, with a diameter larger than 6 inches at a point 1 feet above the ground shall be limbed to a height of 14 feet above the road surface.

Cut all brush and trees located in the roadbed. Grub and haul stumps to designated waste areas or as directed by the Contracting Officer. Smooth and shape the disturbed areas where stumps are removed to prevent water ponding.

230.03 Windfalls. Cut windfalls lying within or across the brushing limits to a horizontal distance of 4 feet from each shoulder or at the brushing limit, whichever is least. Dispose of windfall material as slash.

230.04 Slash Treatments. Remove limbs, chunks, and debris within the roadway in excess of 3 feet in length or 3 inches in diameter, or concentrations which may plug ditches or culverts, from the traveled way, shoulders, ditches and water courses.

Dispose of slash in accordance with one or more of the following methods, as shown in the bid schedule:

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- (1) **Scattering.** Scatter slash outside the roadway limits without damaging trees. Do not scatter any material in streambeds, culvert inlets or outlets, drainage ways or cattleguards.
- (2) **Chipping.** Process slash through a chipping machine. Deposit chips on embankment slopes or outside the roadway to a loose depth less than 6 inches.
- (3) **Piling.** Pile slash in designated locations. Place and construct piles so that if the piles are burned, the burning will not damage surrounding trees. Keep piles free of dirt. Cut unmerchantable logs into lengths less than 20 feet.
- (4) **Decking.** Deck logs in excess of 10 feet long and 8 inches in diameter in designated locations. Logs shall be limbed and decks are to be stable and free of brush and soil. Treat other material according to designated slash treatment methods.
- (5) **Placing slash on embankment slopes.** Place slash on embankments slopes as designated in the plans to reduce soil erosion. Place slash as flat as practicable on slope. Do not place closer than 2 feet below shoulder. Priority for use of available slash in for: (1) through fills; (2) insides of curves.
- (6) **Burying.** Bury slash at designated locations. Mat slash down in layers and cover with rock and soil.
- (7) **Piling & burning.** Pile and burn slash in designated locations. Construct piles so that burning does not damage remaining trees.

Measurement

230.05 Measure the Section 230 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02. Quantities will be the number of miles and fractions thereof along the road centerline, regardless of the amount of work required.

Payment

230.06 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 230 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

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251 - Riprap

251.08_0618_us_01_06_2012

251.08 Measurement.

Add the following:

Payment for excavation and embankment required for placement of riprap is indirectly included in the pay item for riprap.

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303 - Road Reconditioning

303.01_0618_us_09_10_2008

303.01 Work.

Delete and add the following:

This work consists of reconditioning ditches, shoulders, roadbeds, cattleguards, asphalt surfaces, bridge decks, and aggregate surfaces.

303.07 Roadway Reconditioning.

Add the following:

Asphalt Surfaces

Clean the existing surface of all loose material, dirt, or other deleterious substances by approved methods.

Bridge Decks

Clean bridge deck and deck drains of all loose soil material, move all material longitudinally off the deck while cleaning. Use equipment that has the capability of removing all loose material without causing damage to the deck surface. Use of hydraulic flushing or pneumatic equipment will not be permitted unless approved by the Contracting Officer.

303.04_0618_us_11_26_2008

303.04 Shoulder Reconditioning.

Delete and add the following:

Remove all slide material, vegetation and other debris from existing shoulders including shoulders of turnouts and other widened areas. Reshape shoulders and dispose of waste as designated.

303.05_0618_us_03_26_2007

303.05 Roadbed Reconditioning.

Delete fourth sentence and replace with the following:

Scarify to the depth and width shown on the drawings, remove surface irregularities, and shape to provide a uniform surface.

303.06_0618_us_04_04_2007

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303.06 Aggregate Surface Reconditioning.

Delete and replace with the following:

Repair soft and unstable areas to the full depth of the aggregate surface and according to Subsection 204.07. Scarify to the depth and width shown in the drawings, and remove surface irregularities. Reshape, finish, and compact the entire aggregate surface according to Section 301, Section 321, or Section 322 as applicable.

Delete Table 303-1 and replace with the following:

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**Table 303-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time	
Existing Roadway	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Moisture-density Method D	—	AASHTO T 99 (1)	1 per each mixture or change in material	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work	
		Moisture-density Method E	—	R-1 Marshall	“	“	“	“	
		Moisture-density Method F	—	AASHTO T 180(1)	“	“	“	“	“
		Moisture-density Method G	—	R-1 Marshall	“	“	“	“	“
		In-place density & moisture content	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 3000 yd ²	In-place	—	Before placing next layer	

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

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303.10_0618_us_03_26_2007

303.10

Measurement

Remove and replace the first sentence in the third paragraph with the following:

Measure roadbed reconditioning, aggregate surface reconditioning, roadway reconditioning, and pulverizing by the mile, by the foot, by the station or by the square yard.

303.11_nat_us_03_29_2005

303.10 Measurement

Modify the second paragraph as follows:

Measure ditch reconditioning and shoulder reconditioning by the mile, station, or foot horizontally along the centerline of the roadway for each side of the roadway.

322 - Minor Aggregate Courses

322.00_nat_us_10_14_2011

Description

322.01 This work consists of constructing one or more courses of aggregate on a prepared surface. Work includes producing aggregate by grid rolling, screening, or crushing methods, or placing pit-run or Government-furnished aggregate.

Surface aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-3.

Subbase and base aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-2.

Screened aggregate grading is designated as shown in Table 703-16.

Material

322.02 Conform to the following Subsections:

Aggregate	703.05
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

322.03 General. Prepare the surface on which the aggregate course is placed according to Section 204 or 303 as applicable.

Request approval of the roadbed in writing before placing aggregate.

Develop, haul, and apply water in accordance to Section 170.

Submit target values within the gradation ranges shown in Table 703-2 or 703-3 for the required grading. After reviewing the proposed target values the CO will determine the final values for the gradation and notify the Contractor in writing.

No quality requirements or gradation other than maximum size will be required for pit run and grid-rolled material. For grid rolling, use all suitable material that can be reduced to maximum size.

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After processing on the road, remove all oversize material from the road and dispose of it as directed by the CO.

If the aggregate is produced and stockpiled before placement, handle and stockpiled according to Section 320. Establish stockpile sites at approved locations.

322.04 Mixing and Spreading. Mix the aggregate and adjust the moisture content to obtain a uniform mixture with a moisture content suitable for the specified compaction method. Spread and shape the mixture on the prepared surface in a uniform layer with no segregation of size, and to a loose depth that will provide the required compacted thickness.

Do not place in layers exceeding 6 inches in compacted thickness for aggregate base and surface courses or twice the maximum particle size for screened aggregate. When more than one layer is necessary, compact each layer according to Subsection 322.05 before placing the next layer. Route hauling and leveling equipment uniformly over the full width.

When placing aggregate over geotextile, place aggregate in a single lift to the full depth specified.

322.05 Compacting. Compact each layer full width. Roll from the sides to the center, parallel to the centerline of the road. Along curbs, headers, walls, and all places not accessible to the roller, compact the material with approved tampers or compactors.

Compact the aggregate using one of the following methods as specified:

Compaction A. Operating spreading and hauling equipment over the full width of the travelway.

Compaction B. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction C. Moisten or dry the aggregate to a uniform moisture content between 5 and 7 percent based on total dry weight of the mixture. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction D. Compact to a density of at least 95 percent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 99, method C or D.

Compaction E. Removed.

Compaction F. Compact to a density of at least 95 per-cent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 180, method C or D.

Compaction G. Removed.

For all compaction methods, blade the surface of each layer during the compaction operations to remove irregularities and produce a smooth, even surface. When a density requirement is specified, determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

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322.06 Construction Tolerance. If grade finishing stakes are required, finish the surface to within ± 0.10 feet from staked line and grade elevation.

If grade finishing stakes are not required, shape the surface to the required template and check the surface with a 10-foot straightedge. Defective areas are surface deviations in excess of 1/2 inch in 10 feet between any two contacts of the straightedge with the surface.

Correct all defective areas by loosening the material, adding or removing material, reshaping, and compacting.

Ensure that the compacted thickness is not consistently above or below the specified thickness. The maximum variation from the compacted specified thickness is 1/2 inch.

Ensure that the compacted width is not consistently above the specified width. The maximum variation from the specified width will not exceed +12 inches at any point.

322.07 Maintenance. Maintain the aggregate course to the correct line, grade, and cross-section by blading, watering, rolling, or any combination thereof until placement of the next course. Correct all defects according to Subsection 322.06.

322.08 Acceptance. See Table 322-1 or Table 322-2 as applicable, for sampling and testing requirements.

Aggregate gradation and surface course plasticity index will be evaluated under Subsection 106.04. If the aggregate is obtained from a Government stockpile then the above characteristics will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02. Other aggregate quality properties will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04. Placement of aggregate courses will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

The allowable upper and lower aggregate gradation limits are the Target Value plus or minus the allowable deviations shown in Tables 703-2 and 703-3.

The allowable upper and lower Plasticity index limits for surface courses are stated in 703.05(b).

Preparation of the surface on which the aggregate course is placed will be evaluated under Section 204 or 303 as applicable.

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Measurement

322.09 Measure the Section 322 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

Measure square yard width horizontally to include the top of aggregate width including designed widening. Measure the square yard length horizontally along the centerline of the roadway.

If the measurement for aggregate is by cubic yard using contract quantities then measure aggregate by the cubic yard in-place once compacted, otherwise measurement for aggregate by the cubic yard is measured by the cubic yard in the hauling vehicle.

Measure thickness perpendicular to the grade of the travelway.

Measure width perpendicular to the centerline.

Payment

322.10 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 322 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

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**Table 322-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time	
Aggregate source quality 703.05	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04 & 105)	L.A. abrasion (coarse)	—	AASHTO T 96	1 per type & source of material	Source of material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work	
		Sodium sulfate soundness loss (coarse & fine)	—	AASHTO T 104	“	“	“	“	
		Durability index (coarse & fine)	—	AASHTO T 210	“	“	“	“	“
		Fractured faces	—	ASTM D 5821	“	“	“	“	“
Subbase, Base, and Surface courses	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Sample	—	AASHTO T 2	2 per day	From windrow or roadbed after processing or from approved crusher sampling device	Yes	48 hours	

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**Table 322-1 (continued)
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Subbase, Base, and Surface	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Moisture-density Method D	—	AASHTO T 99 ⁽¹⁾	1 per type and source of material	Source of material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density Method F	—	AASHTO T 180 ⁽¹⁾	“	“	“	“
		In-place density & moisture content	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	3 per day	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

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**Table 322-2
Sampling and Testing Requirements**

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Screened Aggregate	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Sample	—	AASHTO T 2	2 per day	From windrow or roadbed after processing or from approved crusher sampling device	Yes	48 hours

602 - Culverts and Drains

602.03_nat_us_09_06_2005

602.03 General.

Add the following:

Ensure that the final installed alignment of all pipe allows no reverse grades, and does not permit horizontal and vertical alignments to vary from a straight line drawn from center of inlet to center of outlet by more than 2 percent of pipe center length or 1.0 feet, whichever is less.

602.03_nat_us_10_02_2008

602.03 General.

Delete second paragraph and add the following:

The lengths and locations of individual pipe “as shown on the plans” are approximate. Do not order pipe until culvert locations are designated on the ground and a written list of the correct lengths is approved by the CO.

602.06_nat_us_08_05_2009

602.06 Laying Plastic Pipe.

Delete the second paragraph and substitute the following:

Provide soil-tight bell and spigot joints for plastic pipe culverts.

635 - Temporary Traffic Control

635.03_nat_us_05_13_2004

635.03 General.

Add the following:

Install temporary traffic control signs to temporary posts or approved temporary sign mounts.

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703 - Aggregate

703.05_0618_us_03_26_2007

703.05 Subbase, Base, & Surface Course Aggregate (Pit Run).

Add the following to Tables 703-2:

% by Weight Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T11 and T-27)							
Grading Designation							
Sieve Size	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
6 in.	100	100					
4 in.			100	100			
3 in.					100	100	
2 in.							100
No. 4		15-45		15-45		15-45	

Note: For Grading M, O, and Q the allowable deviations (+/-) from the TV are to the broad band limits.

703.05_nat_us_08_14_2009

Delete 703.05 and replace with the following:

703.05 Subbase, Base, Surface Course, and Screened Aggregate.

(a) Subbase or base aggregate. Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| (1) Gradation | Table 703-2 |
| (2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89 | 25 max. |
| (3) Plastic limit, AASHTO T 90 | Nonplastic |
| (4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96 | 40% max. |
| (5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles),
AASHTO T 104 | 12% max. |
| (6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210 | 35 min. |
| (7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210 | 35 min. |
| (8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821 | 50% min. |
| (9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay | |

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

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Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(b) Surface course aggregate. Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-3
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	35 max.
(3) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90	
a) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is less than 12%	2 to 9
b) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is greater than 12%	Less than 2
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	75% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Do not furnish material that contains asbestos fibers.

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Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(c) Screened aggregate – Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of stone, slag, or gravel conforming the following:

- | | |
|--|--------------|
| (1) Gradation | Table 703-16 |
| (2) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90 | Less than 9 |
| (3) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96 | 55% max. |
| (4) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay. | |

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary.

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Delete Table 703-2 and replace with the following:

Table 703-2
Target Value Ranges for Subbase and Base Gradation
Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)

Sieve Size	Grading Designation				
	A (Subbase)	B (Subbase)	C (Base)	D (Base)	E (Base)
2½ inch	100				
2 inch	97 – 100	100			
1½ inch		97 – 100			
1 inch	65 – 79 (6)		80 – 100 (6)	100	
¾ inch			64 – 94 (6)	86 – 100 (6)	100
½ inch	45 – 59 (7)				
3/8 inch			40 – 69 (6)	51 – 82 (6)	62 – 90 (6)
No. 4	28 – 42 (6)	40 – 60 (8)	31 – 54 (6)	36 – 64 (6)	36 – 74 (6)
No. 40	9 – 17 (4)			12 – 26 (4)	12 – 26 (4)
No. 200	4.0 – 8.0 (3)	4.0 – 12.0 (4)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values..

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Delete Table 703-3 and replace with the following:

**Table 703-3
Target Value Ranges for Surface Gradation
Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)**

Sieve Size	Grading Designation							
	F	G	H	S	T	U		
1 1/2 inch	100			100				
1 inch	97-100	100		72 - 92 (6)	100			100
3/4 inch	76-89 (6)	97 - 100	97 - 100					
1/2 inch					71 - 91 (6)			
3/8 inch	56-68 (6)	70 - 80 (6)	80 - 92 (6)	51 - 71 (6)				71 - 90 (6)
No. 4	43-53 (7)	51 - 63 (7)	58 - 70 (7)	36 - 53 (7)	43 - 60 (7)			50 - 68 (7)
No. 8				26 - 40 (6)	30 - 46 (6)			34 - 51 (6)
No. 16	23-32 (6)	28 - 39 (6)	28 - 40 (6)					
No. 40	15-23 (5)	19 - 27 (5)	16 - 26 (5)	14 - 25 (5)	16 - 28 (5)			19 - 30 (5)
No. 200	10.0-16.0 (4)	10.0 - 16.0 (4)	9.0 - 14.0 (4)	8.0 - 15.0 (4)	8.0 - 15.0 (4)			8.0 - 15.0 (4)

() The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (\pm) from the target values.
If the plasticity index (PI) is greater than 0, the TV range for the No. 200 sieve size is 8-12 (4).

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Add Table 703-16:

Table 703-16

Gradation Requirements for Screened Aggregate

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)						
	Grading Designation						
	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
6 inch	100	100					
4 inch			100	100			
3 inch					100	100	
2 inch							100
No. 4		15-45		15-45		15-45	

703.10_nat_us_04_11_2011

703.10(e) Flakiness Index.

Delete and replace with the following:

Flakiness Index, FLH T 508 30% max.

703.10(i) Adherent Coating.

Add the following:

Adherent coating on the aggregate, FLH T 512 0.5% max.

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704 - Soil

704.03_0618_us_03_26_2007

704.03 Backfill Material.

Delete the Soil classification, AASHTO M 145 requirement in (a) (2) and (b) (2).