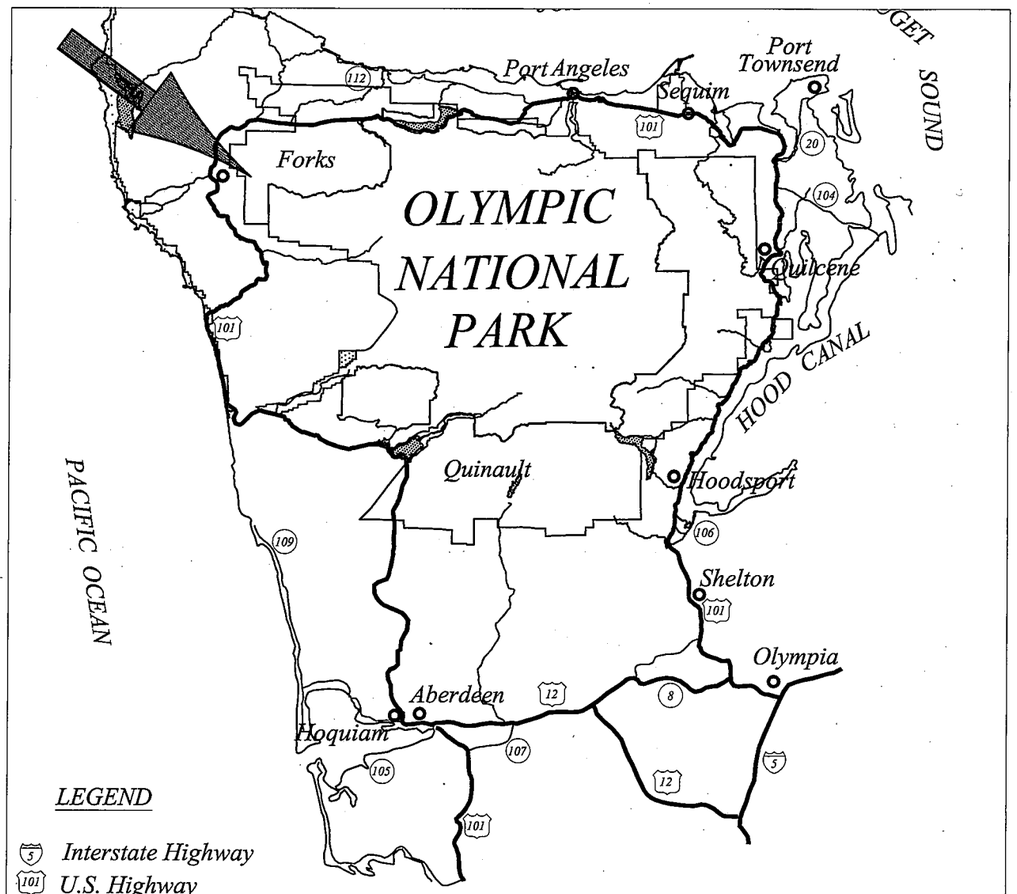
USDA-Forest Service Region 6

Olympic National Forest

ROAD CONSTRUCTION PLANS FOR:

HY WAH TIMBER SALE

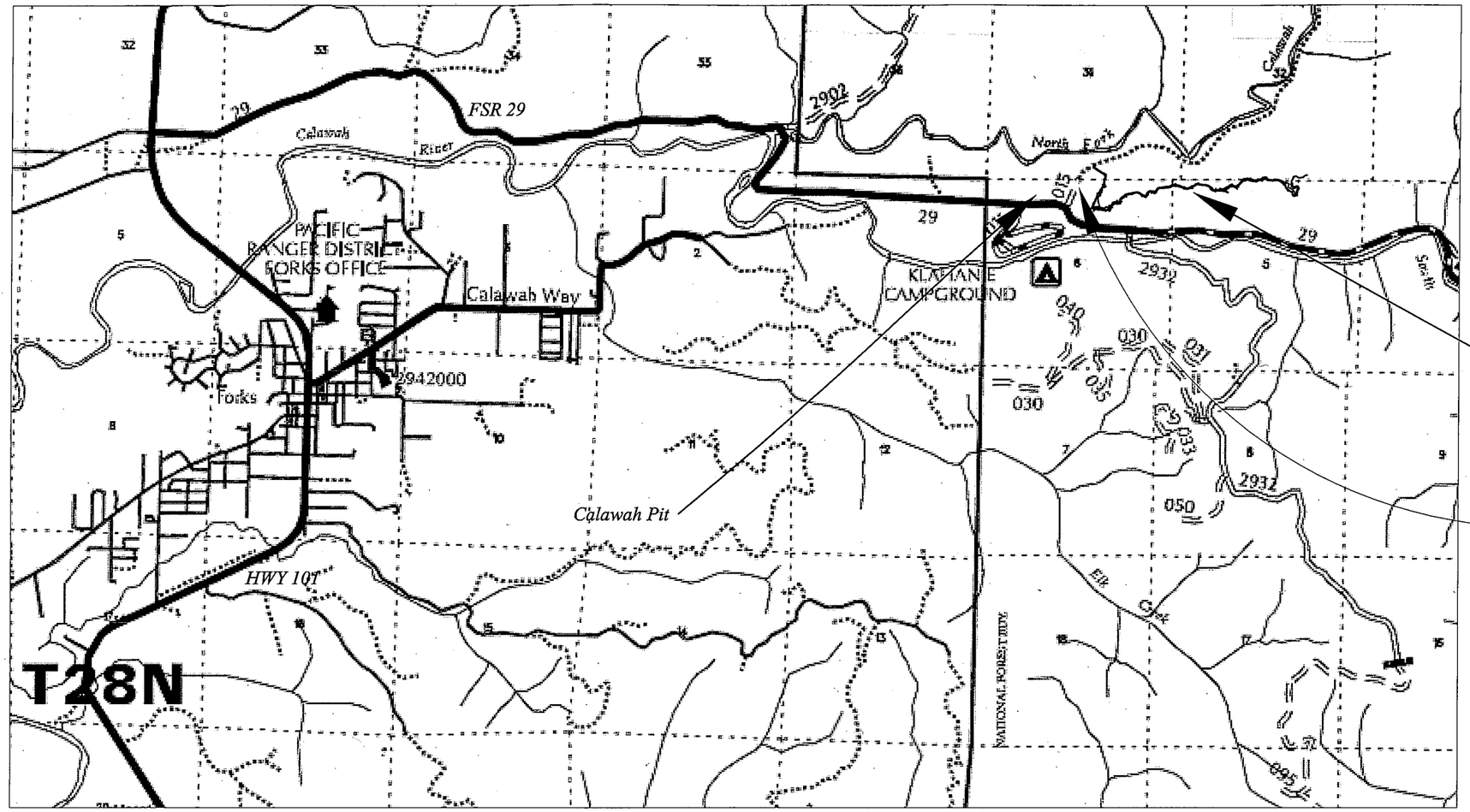
Road List			
Road No.	*M.P.*	*Type of work*	*Units*
2900015	*0.00 - 1.55*	*New Road Construction*	*US Customary*



OLYMPIC PENINSULA

INDEX TO SHEETS

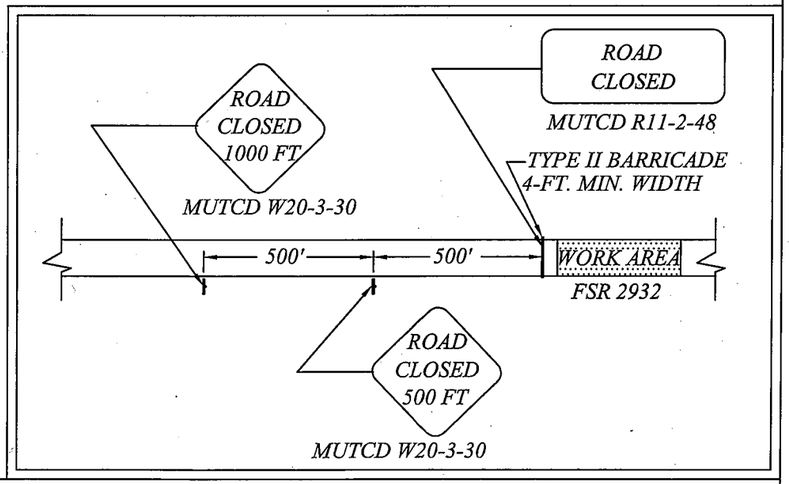
DESIGNED BY:		
	Civil Eng. Tech.	*07/27/13*
NAME	*TITLE*	*DATE*
RECOMMENDED BY:		
	Civil Engineer	*8/29/13*
NAME	*TITLE*	*DATE*
APPROVED FOR TECHNICAL ADEQUACY:		
	Acting PE	*8/26/13*
NAME	*TITLE*	*DATE*
APPROVED BY:		
for Dean Millett	*District Ranger*	*8/29/13*
NAME	*TITLE*	*DATE*



NOTE:
Signs, locations, and installation details per MUTCD (2009 Edition)

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN FOR ROAD CLOSURE

1) *Notify CO 10 days before road closure under Supplemental Specification 156.05. Operations at all other times will accommodate traffic.*
2) *Traffic control devices shall be maintained for duration of closure.*
3) *All signs shall conform with MUTCD Sections 2A-11, through 2A-16, 6B-1, and 6B-2 of the 2009 Edition.*
4) *Post and maintain R11-2-48 sign on road 2932 at the beginning of the project.*
5) *Contractor shall install Road Closed warning signs (MUTCD W20-3-30)500 feet and 1000 feet away from the beginning of project.*



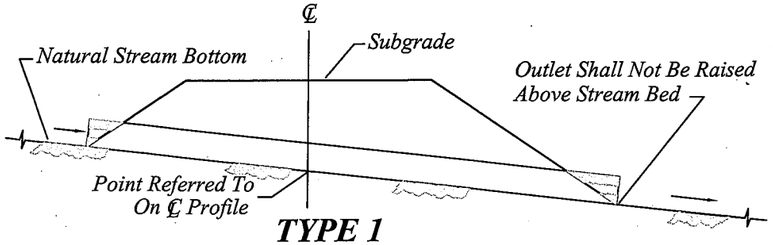
Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR 2900015	Vicinity Map & Traffic Control Plan	2 Of 25

ESTIMATE of QUANTITIES

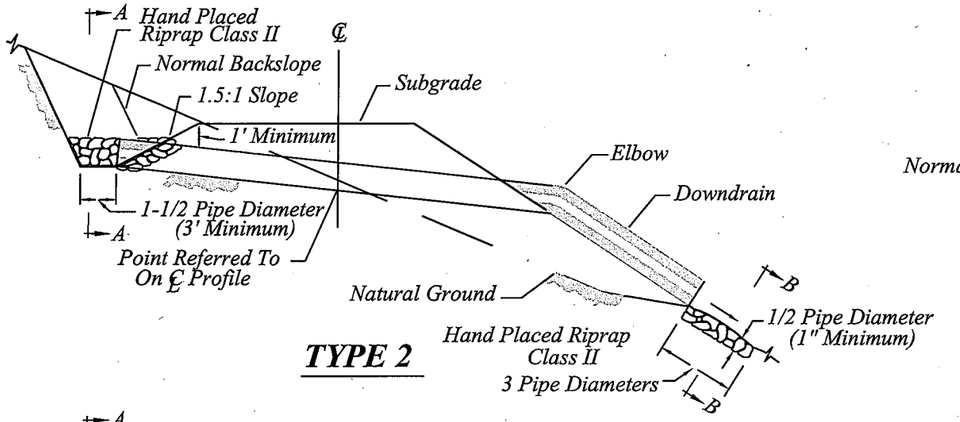
Project Name: FSR 2900015		*MP-BOP*	*0.00*	
		MP-EOP	*1.55*	
ITEM NO.	*DESCRIPTION*	*PAY UNIT*	*QUANTITIES*	*REMARKS*
15101	*Mobilization*	*Lump Sum*	*1*	*Includes all work needed to access sites. Cleaning of all equipment is required prior to entering National Forest Land. (SPS 171)*
15211	*Construction Survey and Staking, Method I, Tolerance E*	*Mile*	*1.55*	*Includes Re-establishing missing P - Line Stakes. This is an indirect cost to this Pay Item.. C.O. Shall Provide the Staking Notes.*
15401	*Contractor Testing*	*Lump Sum*	*1*	
15713	*Soil Erosion & Pollution Control*	*Lump Sum*	*1*	*Maintenance for erosion control devices is an indirect cost to this pay item.*
20104	*Clearing & Grubbing, Disposal of Tops & Limbs F, Logs F, Stumps F*	*Acre*	*7*	
20401	*Roadway Excavation, Compaction Method A, Finishing Method A*	*Cubic Yard*	*3500*	*Compaction Method A is required for subgrade construction, See Subsection 204.11(a).*
20415	*Unsuitable Excavation*	*Cubic Yard*	*28700*	*Excavated material shall be hauled at locations specified on the plans and in the Pit development plan Sheet 25of 25.*
25101	*Placed Riprap, Class 2*	*Cubic Yard*	*55*	*Commercial Source*
30103	*Aggregate Base, Grading C, Compaction Method D*	*Cubic Yard*	*1700*	*Source, stockpile at the Calawah Pit FS road 2900015. Grading and shaping are indirect costs of this item 30103. See Dwg. Sheet 7 of 25 for construction details.*
60201a	*18 Inch Pipe Culvert*	*Foot*	*936*	*Bedding and bands are an indirect cost of culvert installation. Contractor testing is required. Compact backfill according to Subsection 209.11, Method C. (Plus 30' Downspout Sta. 20+96)*
62530	*Seeding & Mulching, Dry Method*	*Acre*	*7*	*Government furnished seeds @ 15 Lbs/Ac. and Mulch @ 1400 Lbs/Ac.*
65101	*Deveplopment of pits and Quarries*	*Each*	*1*	*See items # 3 And # 6*

CULVERT CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

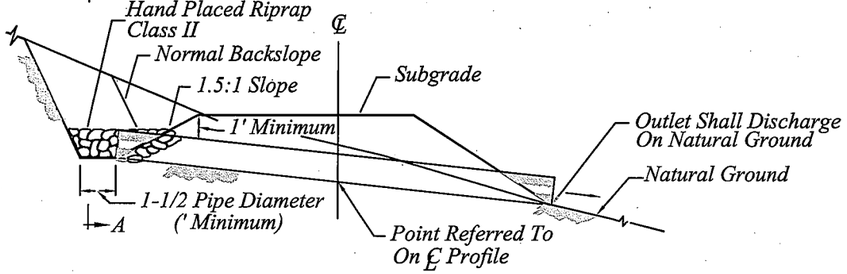
NOT TO SCALE



TYPE 1



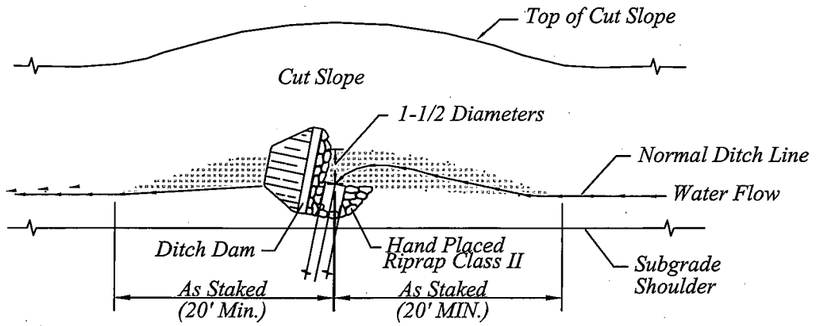
TYPE 2



TYPE 3

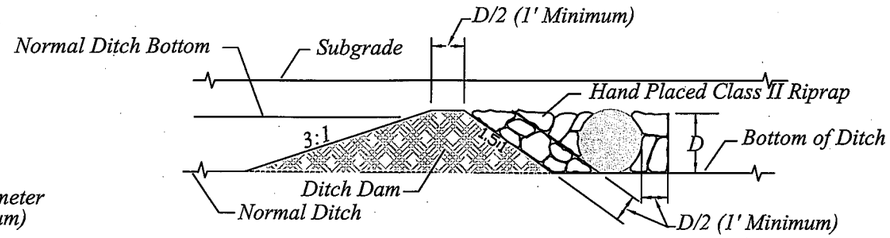
GENERAL NOTES

1) All downdrains 36" and larger shall be half buried.
2) All bands shall be 12" minimum width .
3) Dimple bands shall not be used on elbows or down drains.
4) All steel culverts shall be galvanized coated.
5) Riprap quantities shall be incidental to pipe installation unless a pay item is designated in the Schedule of Items.
6) A copy of the M.O.U. / H.P.A. will be onsite during all construction activities



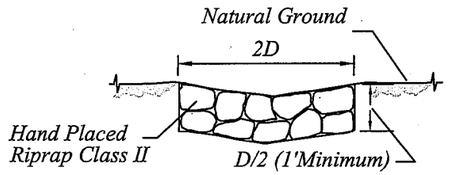
PLAN VIEW

Type 2 & 3 Culvert Installations
Catch Basin Detail



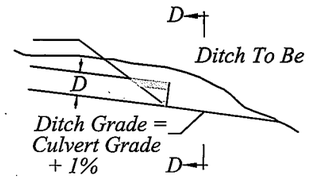
SECTION A-A

Catch Basin Detail
Type 2 & 3 Culvert Installation



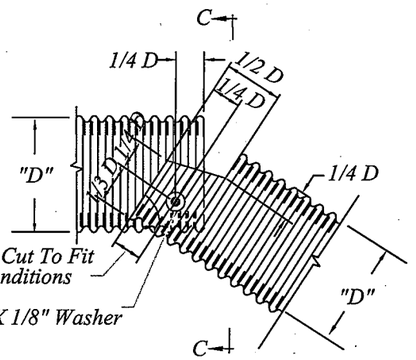
SECTION B-B

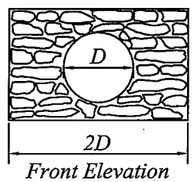
Outlet Apron Detail



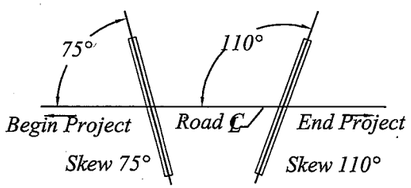
SECTION D-D

Outlet Ditch Details





Front Elevation

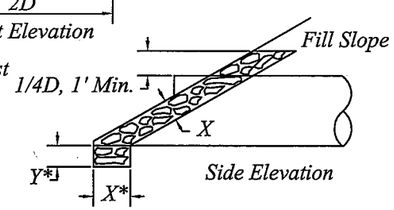


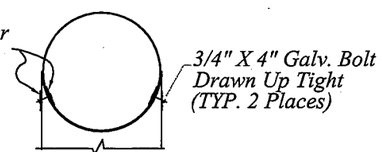
SKEW DIAGRAM

Note: In narrow channels, adjust riprap to stream

*Varies w/ Pipe D

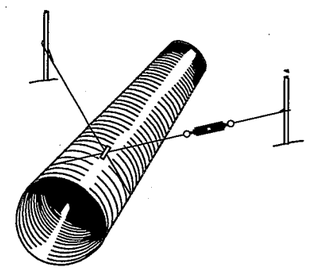
D	X	Y
18" - 24"	12"	0
30" - 60"	12"	12"
60" - 96"	18"	18"
MORE THAN 96"	24"	24"





SECTION C-C

TURNER ELBOW DETAILS



SPECIFICATIONS FOR ANCHORS

1) Anchors are not required for the first 20' of down drains.
2) One anchor shall be required for each additional 20' or less.
3) Anchor posts shall be 6' galvanized steel fence posts. Posts shall be set 3' or more in the ground.
4) Anchor cable shall be 3/8" wire rope.
5) Cable clamps shall be galvanized steel.
6) Turnbuckles shall be 12" galvanized steel.

CULVERT ANCHOR DETAILS

HAND-PLACED RIPRAP HEADWALLS

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR 2900015	Culvert Construction Details	4 Of 25

DRAINAGE LISTING

DESIGNED							AS BUILT							INSTALLATION DETAILS									RIPRAP									REMARKS
	SIZE			MATERIAL				SIZE			MATERIAL									DOWNSPOUT CONNECTION			MORTARED		HAND–PLACED		MACHINE–PLACED					
STATION OR MILEPOST	DIAMETER	LENGTH	GAUGE	ALUMINUM	STEEL	PLASTIC	STATION OR MILEPOST	DIAMETER	LENGTH	GAUGE	ALUMINUM	STEEL	PLASTIC	TYPE	SKEW	ANCHOR ASSEMBLY	GASKET	MITERED	BEVELED	PROJECTED	OUTLET PIPE LENGTH	TURNER ELBOW	ELBOW	INLET	OUTLET	INLET CY	OUTLET CY	INLET CY	OUTLET CY	KEYED	HEADWALL	CATCHBASIN	DITCH DAM	APRON	
Rd. 2900015																																			
Sta. 0+08	18"	36'				XX								1	90								XX			1.5	1.0								
Sta. 6+28	18"	40'				XX								3	90											1.5	1.0								Ditchout 20 feet Right
Sta. 7+71	18"	36'				XX								3	90											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 9+68	18"	38'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 11+41	18"	40'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 13+00	18"	38'				XX								3	110											1.8	1.0								
Sta. 15+56	18"	34'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 17+53	18"	36'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 19+47	18"	42'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 20+96	18"	44'				XX								2	110						30'		XX			1.5	1.0								
Sta. 22+84	18"	48'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 25+03	18"	56'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 30+16	18"	42'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 31+79	18"	36'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 33+57	18"	50'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 45+39	18"	40'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 52+94	18"	40'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 55+93	18"	44'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 57+91	18"	40'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 74+31	18"	38'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 77+09	18"	40'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								
Sta. 80+42	18"	48'				XX								3	110											1.5	1.0								

METAL PIPE CORRUGATIONS SHALL BE 2 2/3" X 1/2" UNLESS OTHERWISE SHOWN OR APPROVED. ALLOWABLE ALTERNATIVES GALVANIZED STEEL, ALUMINUM OR PLASTIC

Unit/Region:	National Forest:	District:	Project Name:	Sheet Name:	Total Sheets:
USDA–FOREST SERVICE–R6	OLYMPIC	PACIFIC	HY WAH TIMBER SALE ROAD NEW CONSTRUCTION ROAD: 2900015	DRAINAGE LISTING	Sheet 5 OF 25

GENERAL NOTES:

1) *Should weather conditions during project operations generate and transport substantial sediment to the stream channel, cease operations until the weather conditions improve.*

2) *An erosion control plan shall be submitted by the Purchaser per Specification 15713. The erosion control plan shall include all necessary drawings and documentation to describe the Purchaser's ability to prevent sediment from reaching a live stream.*

3) *Item 62530, seed shall be applied prior to straw mulch. Seed will be furnished by the government and applied a a rate of 15 lbs/Acre . Mulching must also be certified weed free straw or mulch. Mulch at the rate of 4000 Ibs per acre. Seed and mulch in accordance with Specification 625 all areas disturbed by construction activities.*

4) *Utilize rock found on site during excavation if it meets specification.*

5) *Excavated areas and disposal sites shall be sloped to drain, seeded and mulched. Disposal Site Shall be compacted with equipment til visual displacements ceases.*

6) *Have a hazardous spill clean-up kit on site available during equipment operation.*

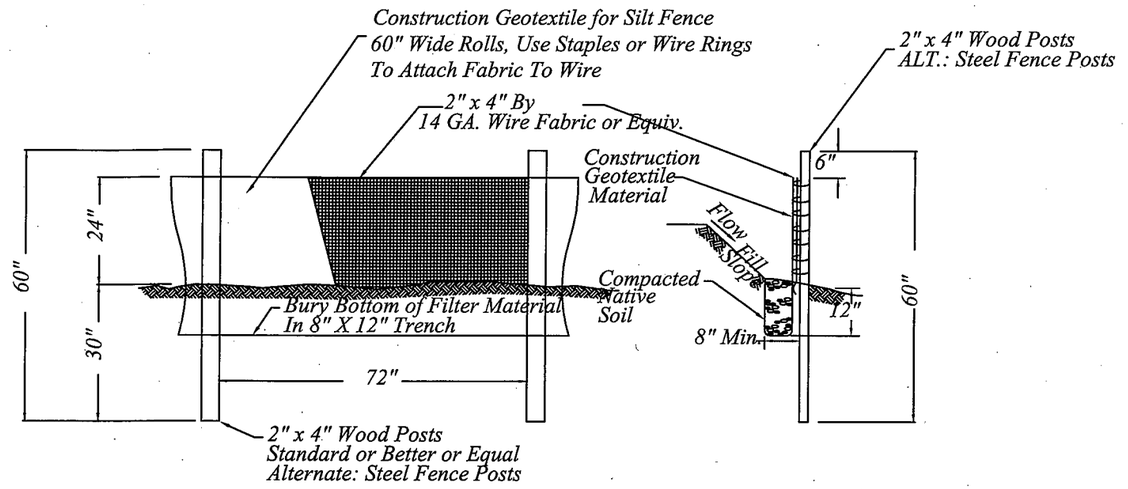
7) *Merchantable timber removed during roadway cleaning operations shall be decked adjacent to roadway, decking areas shall be located by the CO. Utilizations standards are: all Douglas Fir, Hemlock, other coniferous species and Red Alder that are 12 feet long and a minimum 6 inch diameter inside the bark at the small end.*

8) *Clearing and Brushing - Trim tree branches that extend over the road surface and shoulders to attain a clear height of 20 feet from top of cut to toe of fill.*

9) *A COPY OF THE M.O.U. WILL BE ONSITE DURING ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES.*

TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL

DETAILS



SILT FENCE STAKING DETAIL
NOT TO SCALE

NOTE:

1) *Silt fence shall be installed at the locations where necessary to prevent silt runoff.*

2) *Minor grading may be utilized in lieu of silt fences at some locations to prevent silt latent runoff from leaving the project site. Work shall be an indirect cost to other items.*

3) *Silt fence joints shall be minimized. When neccessary, silt fence shall be spliced together only at a support post, with a minimum of 24" overlap.*

4) *Repair of damaged silt fence and removal of silts against fence shall be an indirect cost to soil erosion and pollution control.*

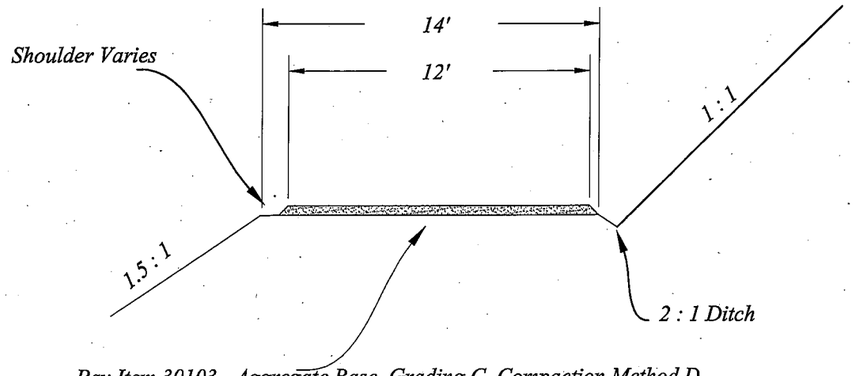
5) *Silt fence shall be installed concurrently with clearing and grubbing.*

6) *Work shall be done under dry conditions. A contingency plan will be submitted prior to beginning construction activities, along with an erosion control plan.*

7) *Contractor shall protect existing vegetation and shall confine excavation to within the clearing limits.*

MATERIALS:

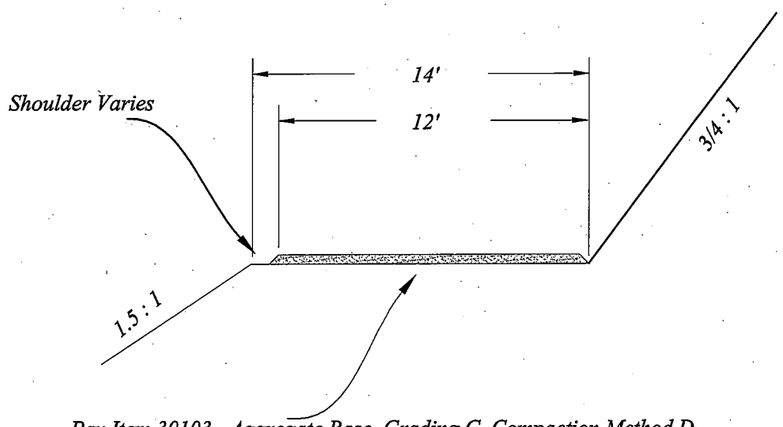
1) *Construction geotextile for silt fence shall be Type V - C*



Pay Item 30103 - Aggregate Base, Grading C, Compaction Method D

- *Repair soft and unstable areas to constructed grade*
- *4 - Inches Compacted Thickness*

Sta. 0+00 to 13+40

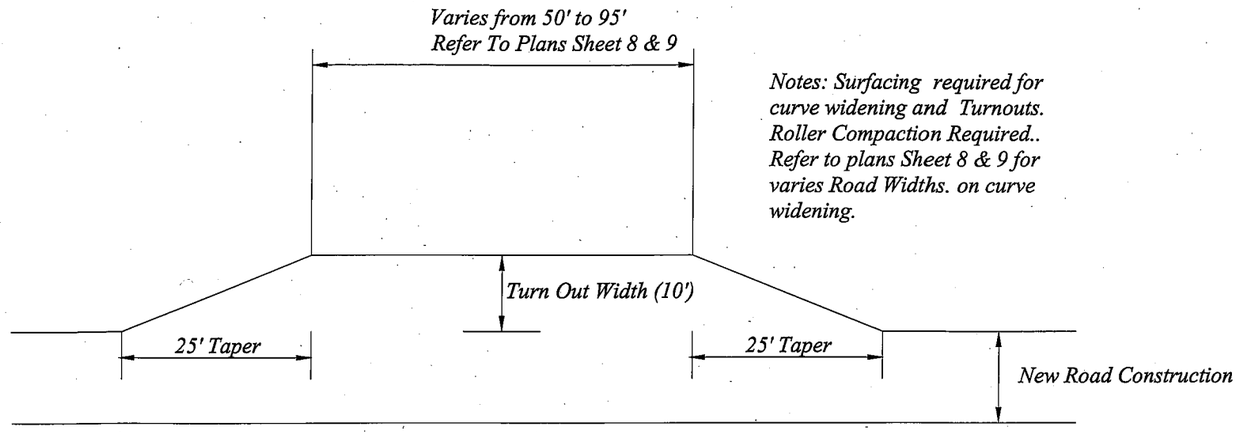


Pay Item 30103 - Aggregate Base, Grading C, Compaction Method D

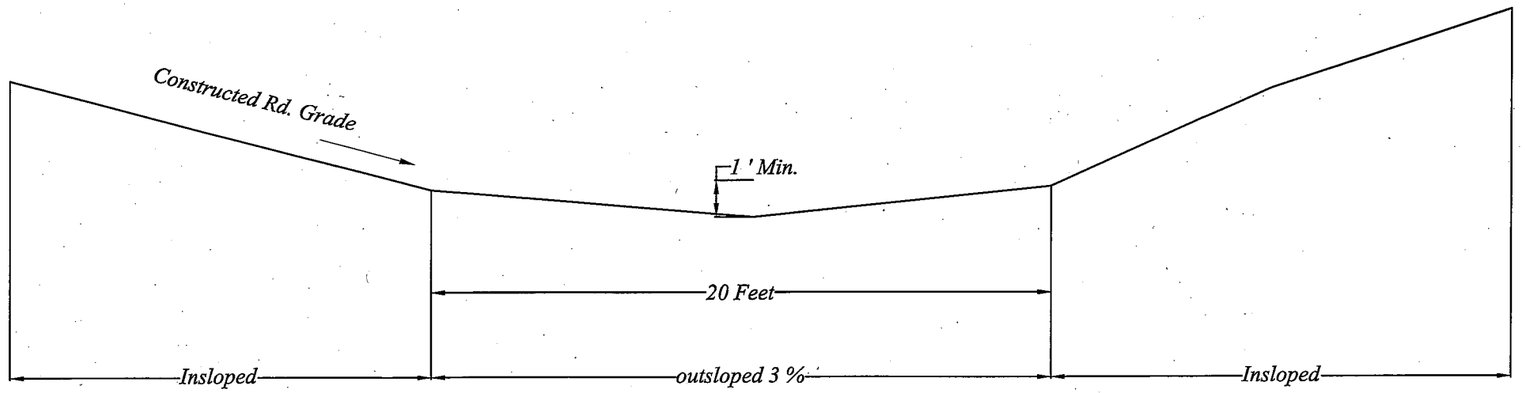
- *Repair soft and unstable areas to constructed grade*
- *4 - Inches Compacted Thickness*

Sta. 13+40 to 81+65

TYPICAL GRADING DETAIL



ROAD TURN OUT Plan View

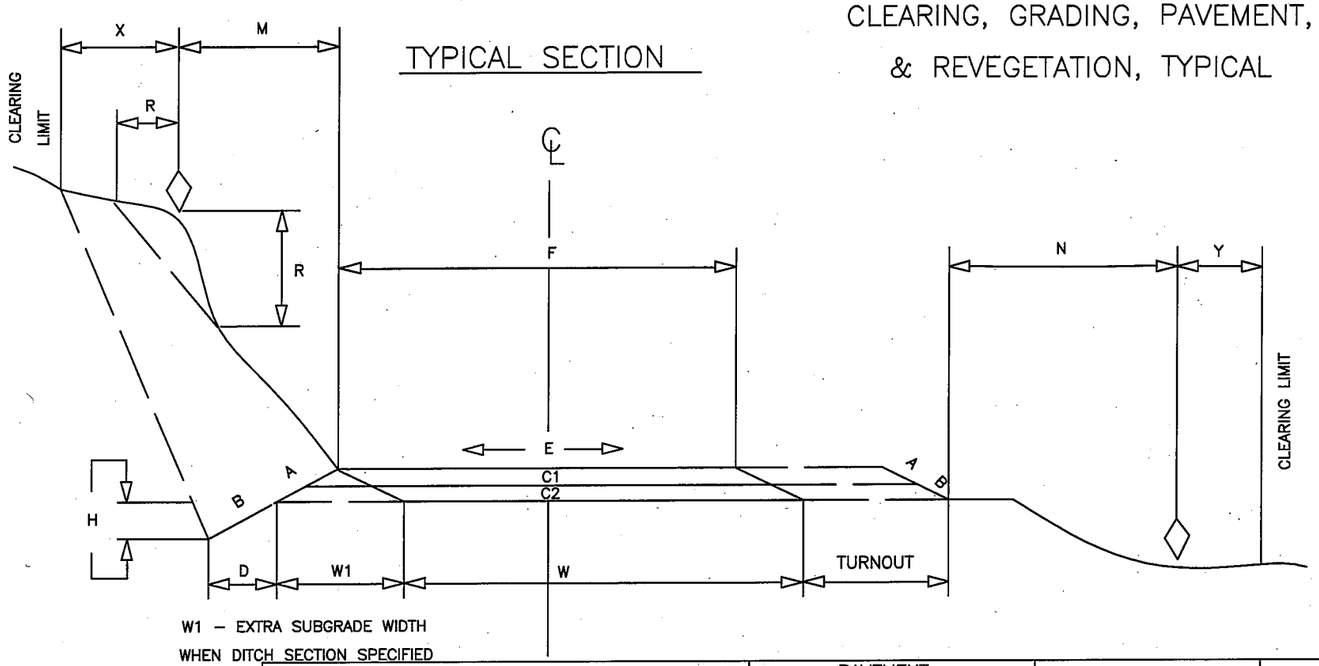


TYPICAL GRADE SAG DETAIL

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	7 Of 25

CLEARING, GRADING, PAVEMENT, & REVEGETATION, TYPICAL

TYPICAL SECTION



W1 – EXTRA SUBGRADE WIDTH WHEN DITCH SECTION SPECIFIED

ROAD NUMBER	SEGMENT	STATION	TO STATION	CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCE	GRADING: OUTSLOPE (O) INSLOPE (I) CROWN (C) 2%	ROADBED	SLOPE ROUNDING	DITCH DIMENSION		TURNOUT: TAPER	LENGTH	WIDTH	PAVEMENT STRUCTURE: MINIMUM TRAVELED WAY WIDTH	GRADATION		COMPACTED DEPTH		SLOPE RATIO		REVEGETATION: SEEDING & MULCHING AREA					CLEARING: CLEARING WIDTH IN FEET WHICHEVER IS GREATER: MINIMUM BEYOND SHOULDER	BEYOND SLOPE STAKE	
2900					E	W	R	D	H	K	L	S	F	C1	C2	C1	C2	A	B	M	N	D	X	Y		X	Y
–015		0+00	3+58	E	I	14'		2	1				12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		3+58	4+23	E	I	24'		2	1	25'	65'	10'	22	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		4+23	13+62	E	I	14'		2	1				12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		13+62	14+33	E	I	24'				25'	70'	10'	22'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		14+33	18+26	E	I	14'							12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		18+26	18+73	E	I	31'				25'	50'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		18+73	21+95	E	I	14'							12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		21+95	22+59	E	I	31'				25'	60'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		22+59	30+65	E	I	14'							12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		30+65	31+16	E	I	31'				25'	50'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		31+16	32+14	E	I	14'							12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		32+14	33+58	E	I	17'							15'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		33+58	34+09	E	I	14'							12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		34+09	34+65	E	I	31'				25'	55'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		34+65	43+60	E	I	14'							12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		43+60	45+39	E	I	14'		2	1				12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		

USDA_FOREST SERVICE_REGION 6
OLYMPIC NATIONAL FOREST
PACIFIC RANGER DISTRICT

HY WAH T.S. Rd. 2900015

CLEARING, GRADING, PAVEMENT, REVEGETATION TYPICAL

SHEET 8 OF 25

GENERAL NOTES

1. CURVE WIDENING, WHEN SPECIFIED, SHALL BE ADDED TO INSIDE OF CURVE.

2. ROADBED WIDTH, FILL WIDENING, CURVE WIDENING, TURNOUT LENGTHS, FILL AND BACKSLOPE RATIO SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED IN CONSTRUCTION STAKING NOTES AND/OR DRAWINGS.

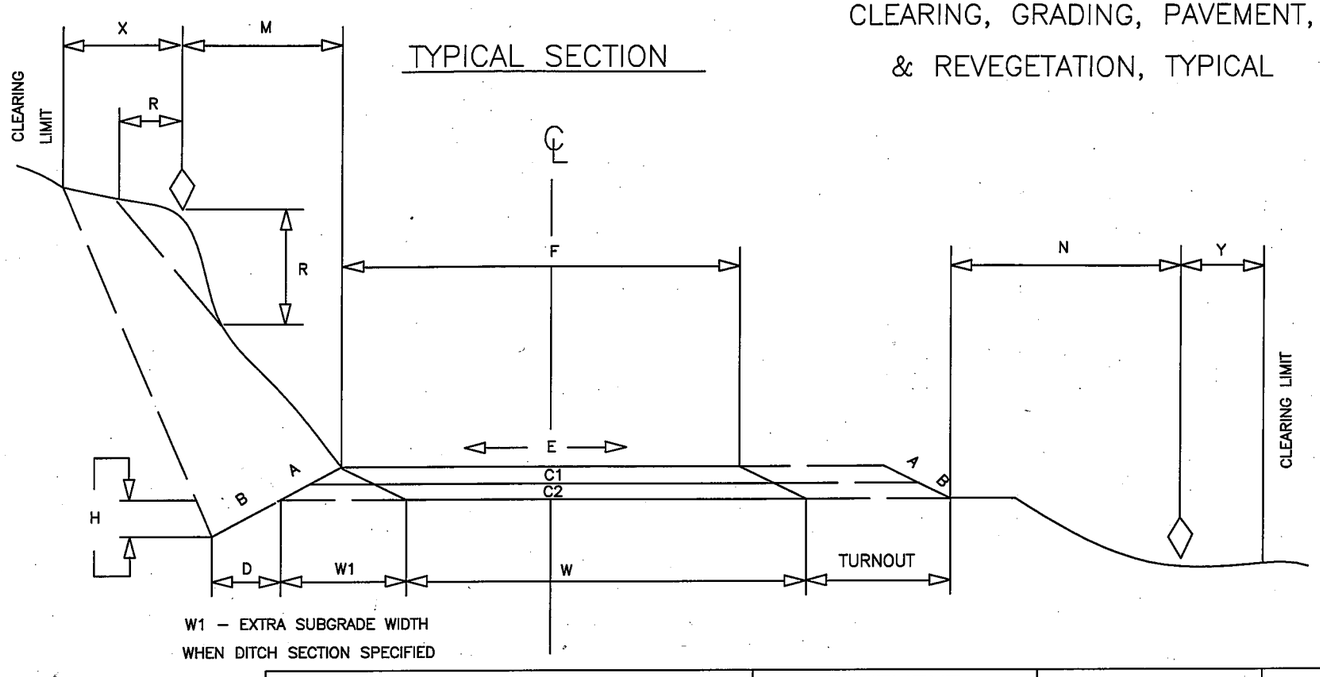
3. SEEDING, FERTILIZING AND/OR MULCHING AREA INCLUDES SECTIONS SHOWN ON TYPICALS AND ALL OTHER AREAS DISTURBED BY CONTRACTOR (INCLUDING BURN BAYS AND DECKING AREAS).

4. TURNOUTS, TURNAROUNDS AND CURVE WIDENING SHALL BE SURFACED TO THE SAME DEPTH AS THE TRAVELED WAY AND TO THE DIMENSIONS SPECIFIED IN CONSTRUCTION STAKING NOTES AND/OR DRAWINGS.

USDA_FOREST SERVICE_REGION 6 OLYMPIC NATIONAL FOREST PACIFIC RANGER DISTRICT
HY WAH T.S. Rd. 2900015
CLEARING, GRADING, PAVEMENT, REVEGETATION TYPICAL SHEET 9 OF 25

CLEARING, GRADING, PAVEMENT, & REVEGETATION, TYPICAL

TYPICAL SECTION



W1 – EXTRA SUBGRADE WIDTH WHEN DITCH SECTION SPECIFIED

ROAD NUMBER	SEGMENT	STATION	TO STATION	CONSTRUCTION TOLERANCE	OUTSLOPE (O) INSLOPE (I) CROWN (C) 2%	ROADBED ft.	SLOPE ROUNDING ft.	DITCH DIMENSION ft.			TURNOUT			MINIMUM TRAVELED WAY WIDTH ft.	GRADATION ft.		COMPACTED DEPTH ft.		SLOPE RATIO		SEEDING & MULCHING AREA					CLEARING WIDTH IN FEET WHICHEVER IS GREATER		
											TAPER ft.	LENGTH ft.	WIDTH ft.													MINIMUM BEYOND SHOULDER	BEYOND SLOPE STAKE	
2900					E	W	R	D	H		K	L	S	F	C1	C2	C1	C2	A	B	M	N	D	X	Y		X	Y
-015		45+39	46+64	E	I	14'								12'					2:1		*	*				5		
		46+64	47+47	E	C	31'					25'	80'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		47+47	50+53	E	C	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		50+53	54+86	E	I	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		54+86	55+68	E	I	17'								15'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		55+68	58+89	E	I	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		58+89	59+35	E	I	31'					25'	50'	10'	29	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		59+35	67+93	E	I	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		67+93	68+56	E	I	31'					25'	80'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		68+56	68+82	E	I	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		68+82	72+24	E	C	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		72+24	77+46	E	I	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		77+46	79+68	E	I	20								18	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		79+68	81+15	E	I	14'								12'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		
		81+15	81+65	E	I	31'					25'	95'	10'	29'	C		4"		2:1		*	*				5		

GENERAL NOTES

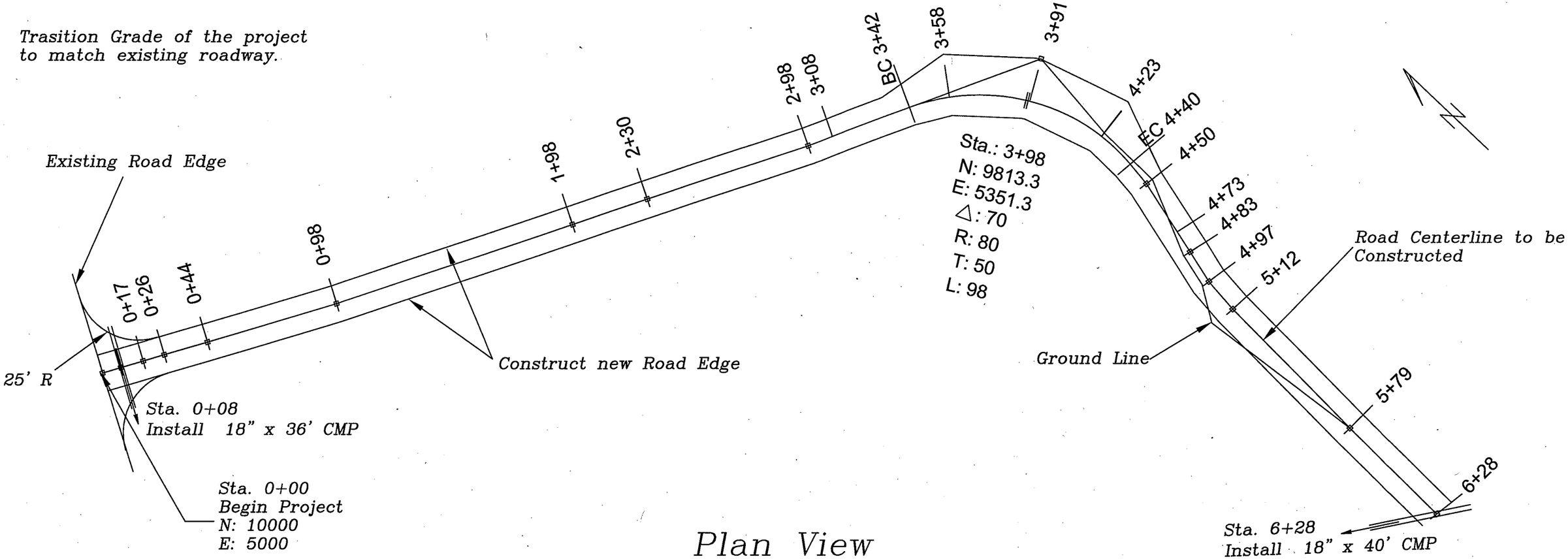
1. CURVE WIDENING, WHEN SPECIFIED, SHALL BE ADDED TO INSIDE OF CURVE.

2. ROADBED WIDTH, FILL WIDENING, CURVE WIDENING, TURNOUT LENGTHS, FILL AND BACKSLOPE RATIO SHALL BE AS SPECIFIED IN CONSTRUCTION STAKING NOTES AND/OR DRAWINGS.

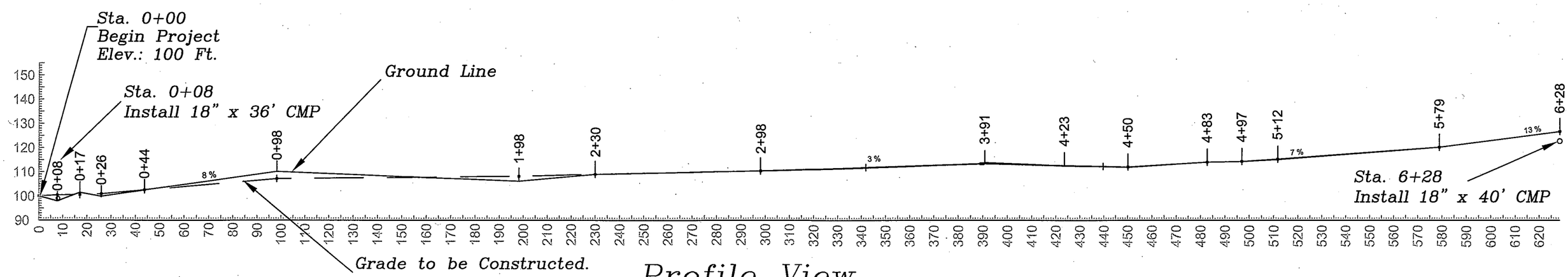
3. SEEDING, FERTILIZING AND/OR MULCHING AREA INCLUDES SECTIONS SHOWN ON TYPICALS AND ALL OTHER AREAS DISTURBED BY CONTRACTOR (INCLUDING BURN BAYS AND DECKING AREAS).

4. TURNOUTS, TURNAROUNDS AND CURVE WIDENING SHALL BE SURFACED TO THE SAME DEPTH AS THE TRAVELED WAY AND TO THE DIMENSIONS SPECIFIED IN CONSTRUCTION STAKING NOTES AND/OR DRAWINGS.

Trasition Grade of the project to match existing roadway.

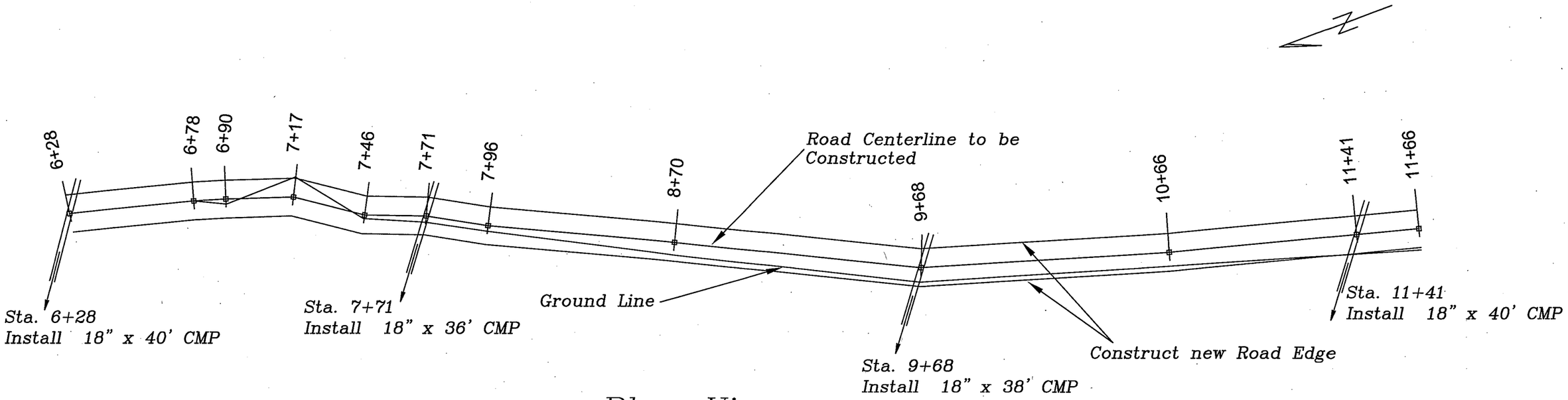


Plan View

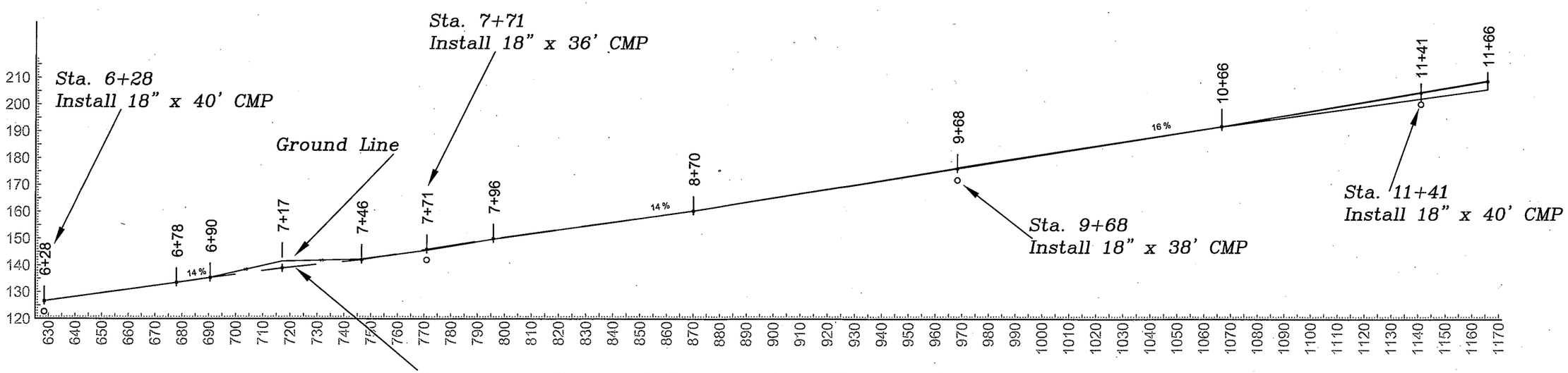


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR. 2900015	Road Construction Details	10 Of 25

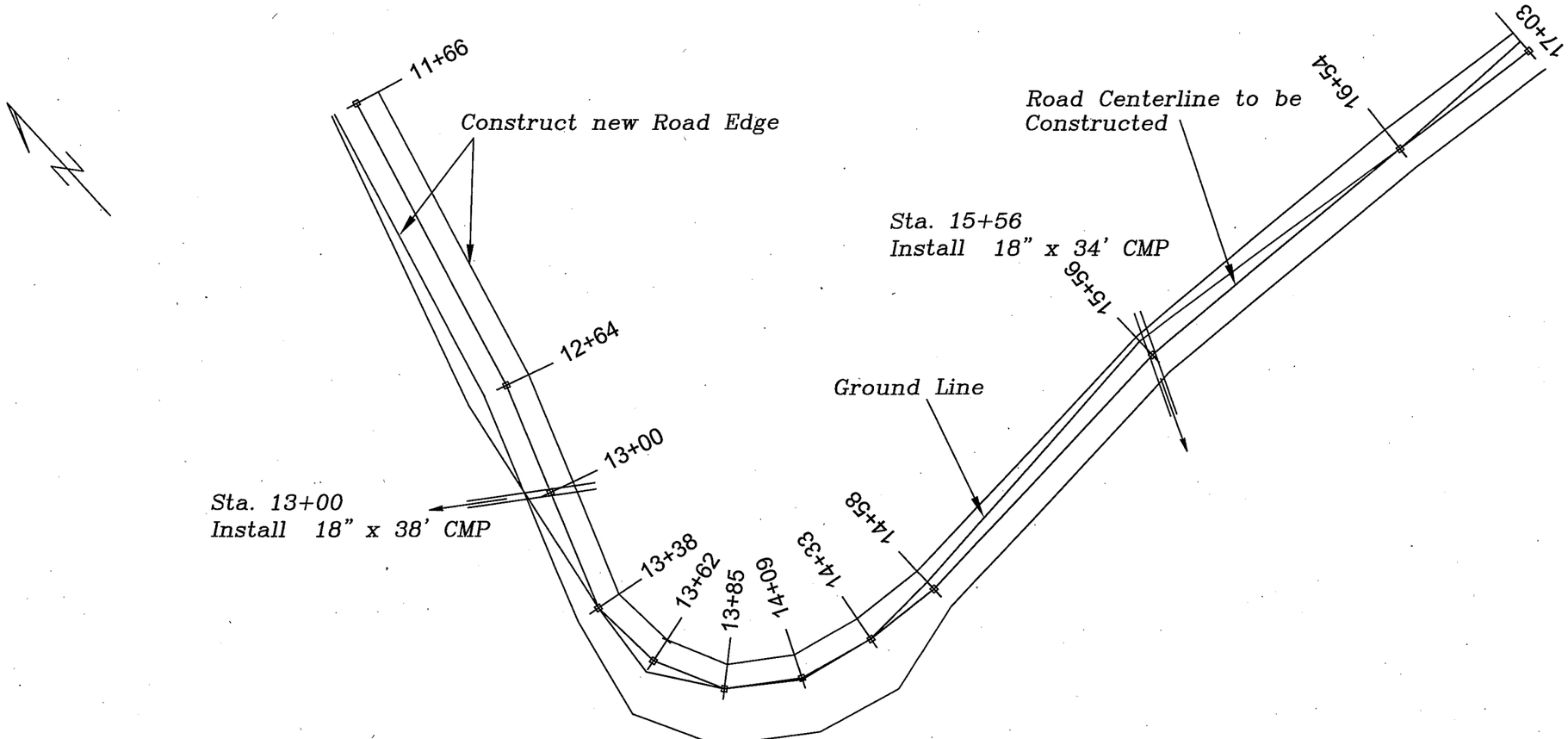


Plan View

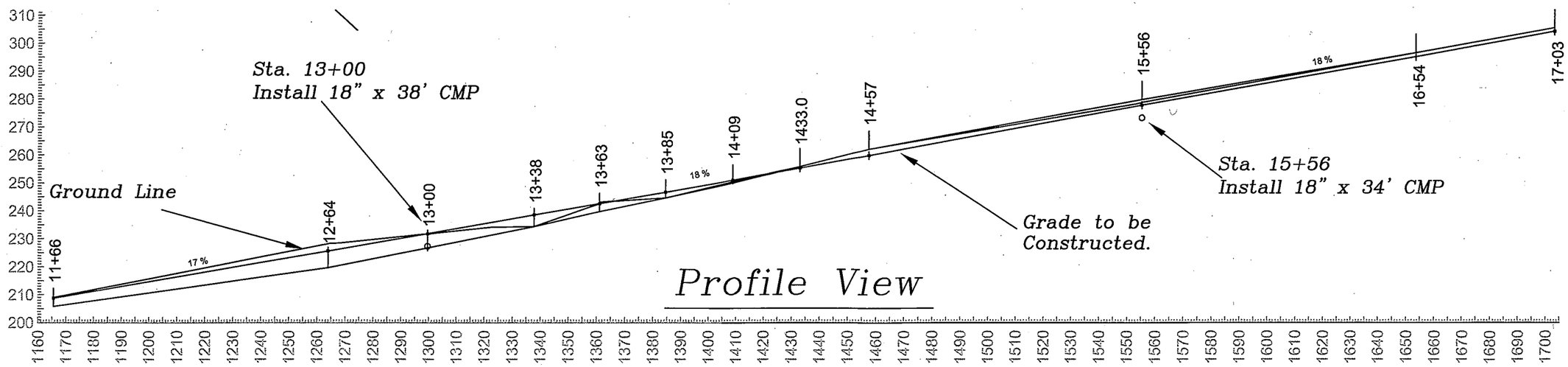


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	11 Of 25

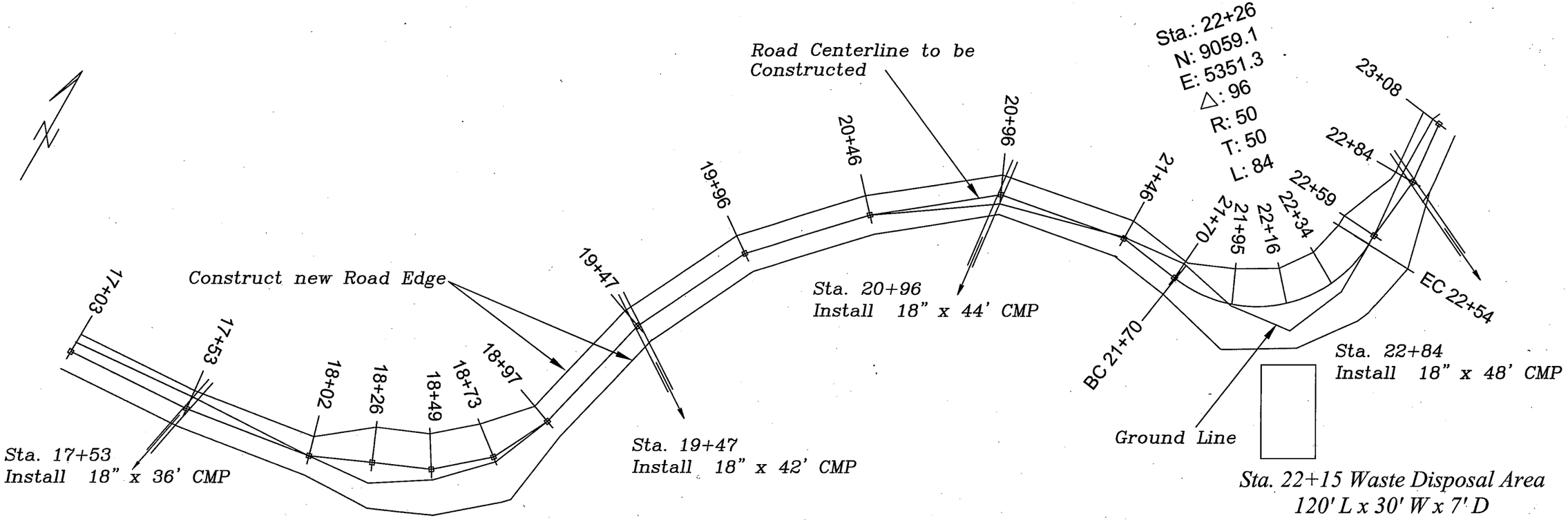


Plan View

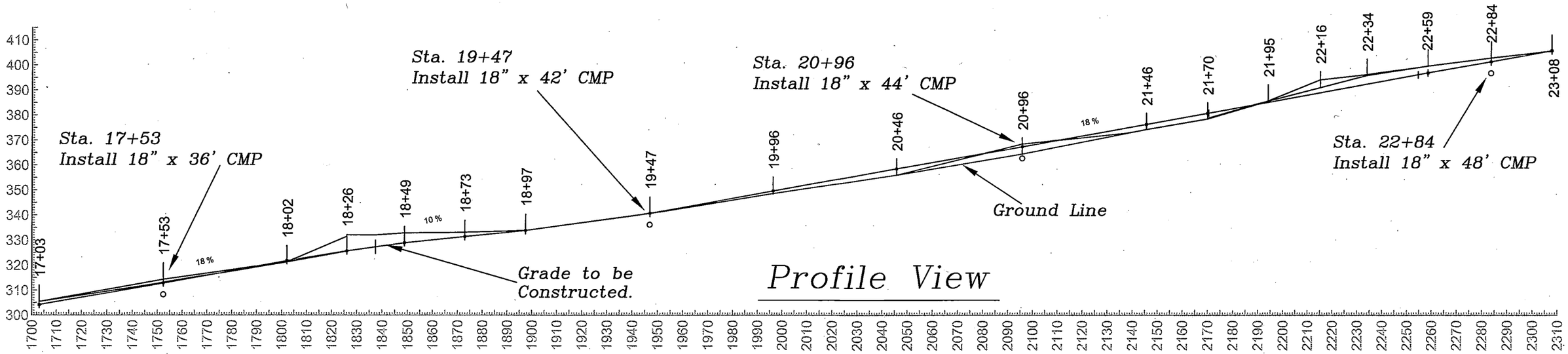


Profile View

Unit / Region : USDA - Forest Service - R6	National Forest : Olympic	District : Pacific	Project Name : Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR 2900015	Sheet Name : Road Construction Details	Sheet Number : 12 Of 25

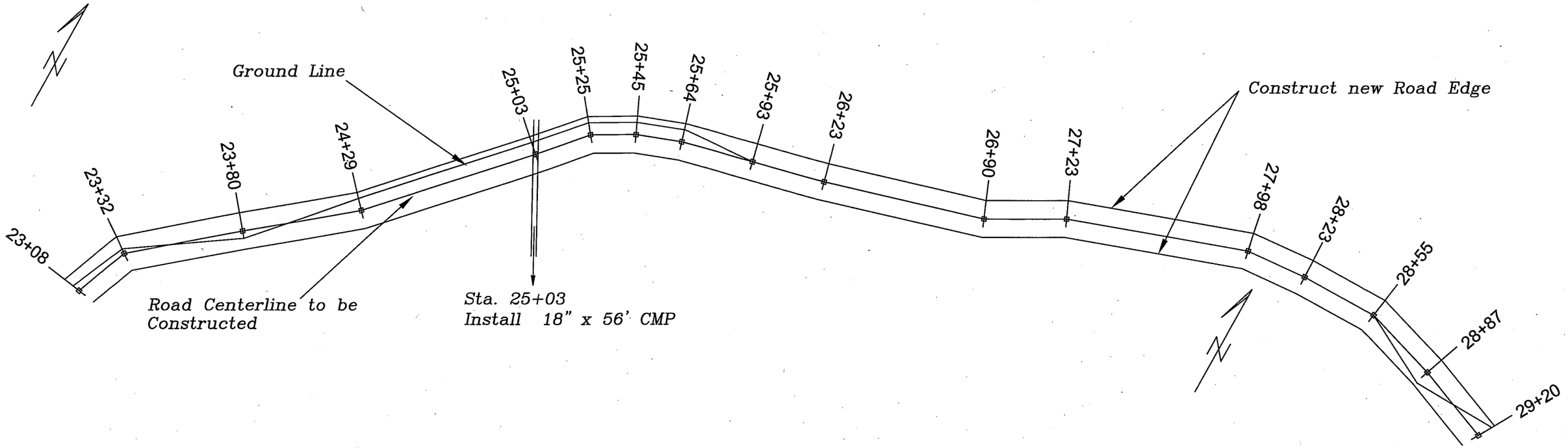


Plan View

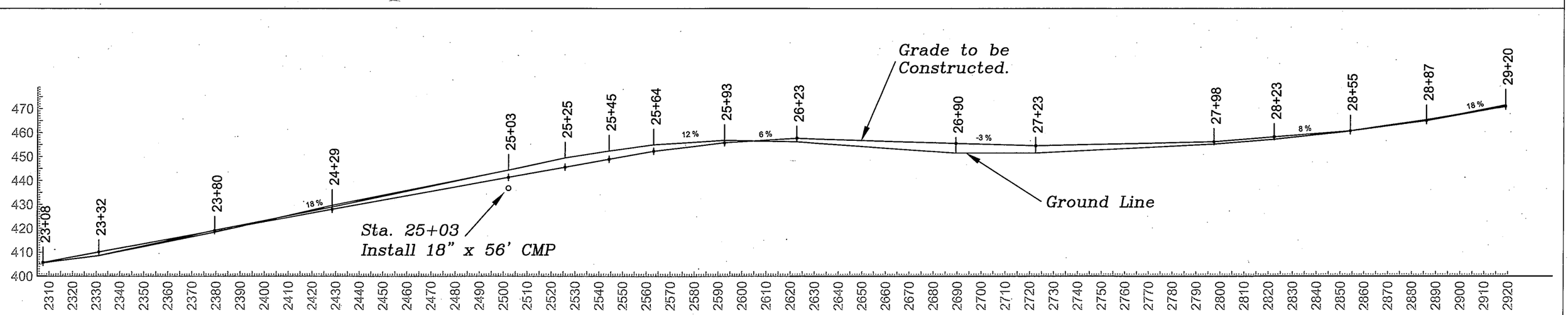


Profile View

Unit / Region : USDA - Forest Service - R6	National Forest : Olympic	District : Pacific	Project Name : Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Construction FSR 2900015	Sheet Name : Road Construction Details	Sheet Number : 13 Of 25

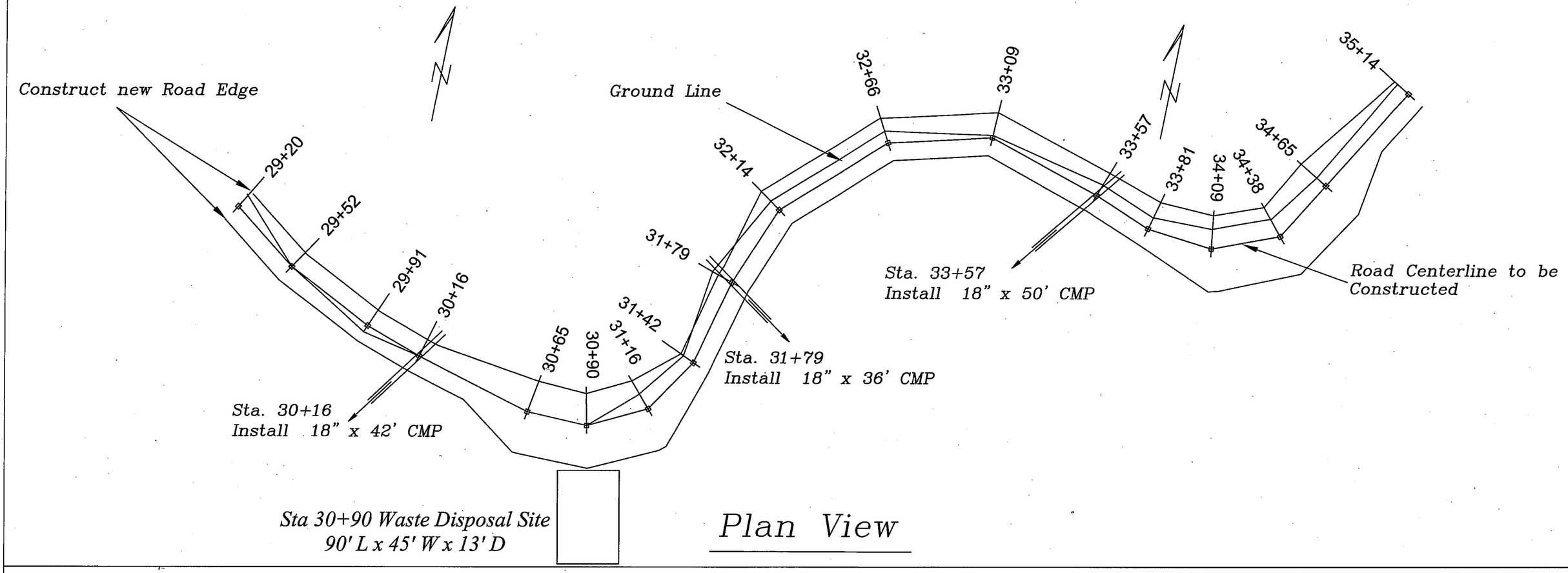


Plan View

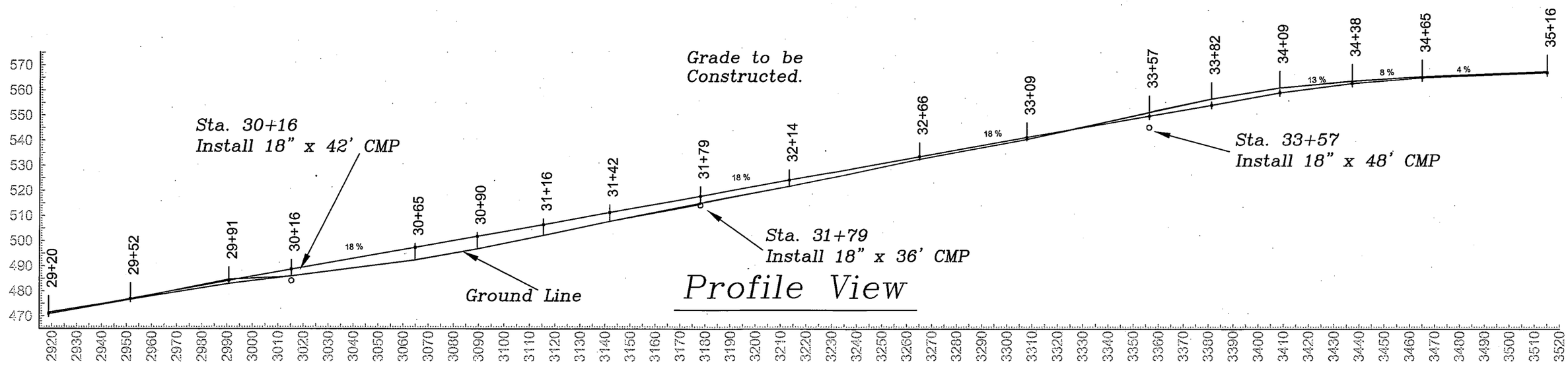


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	14 Of 25

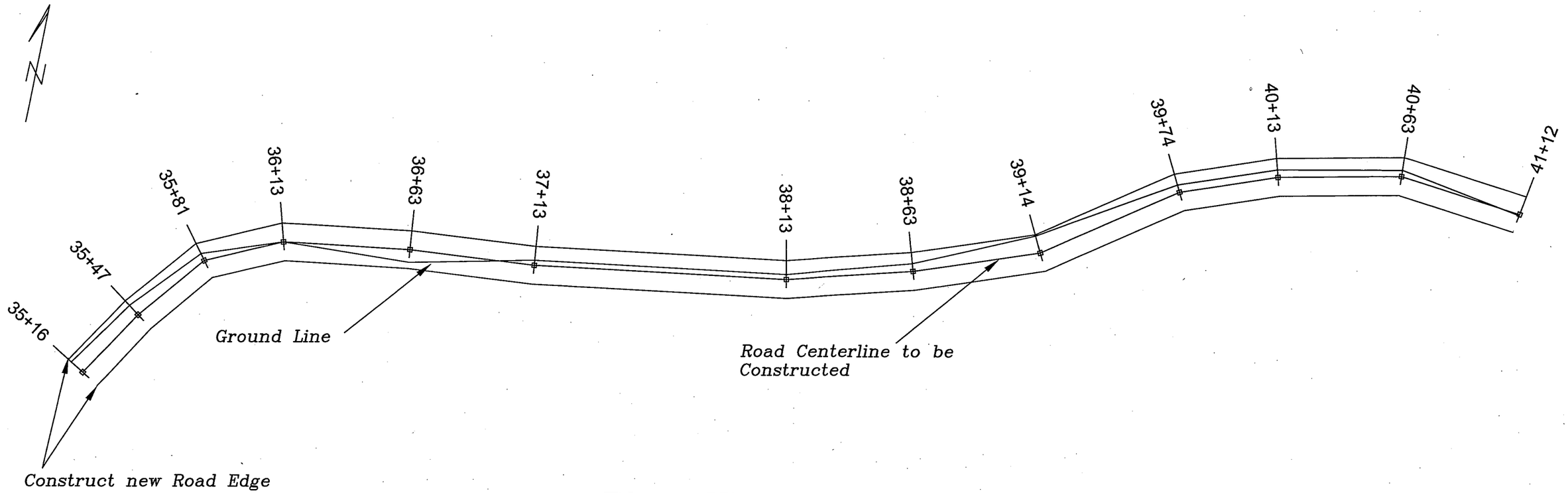


Plan View

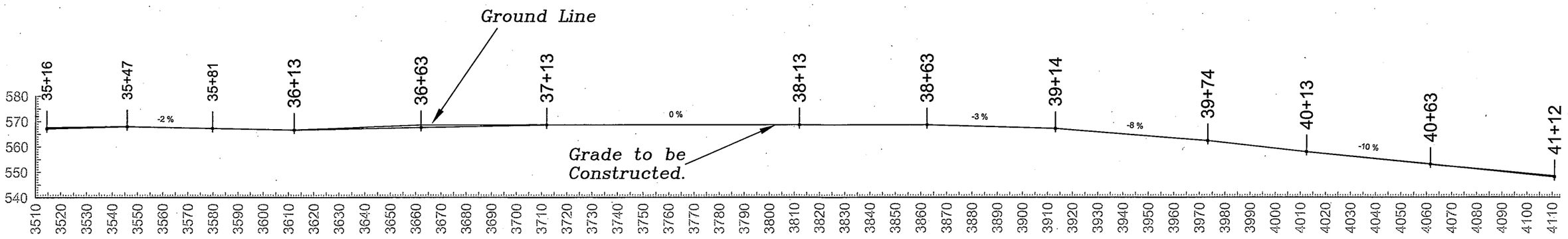


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	15 Of 25

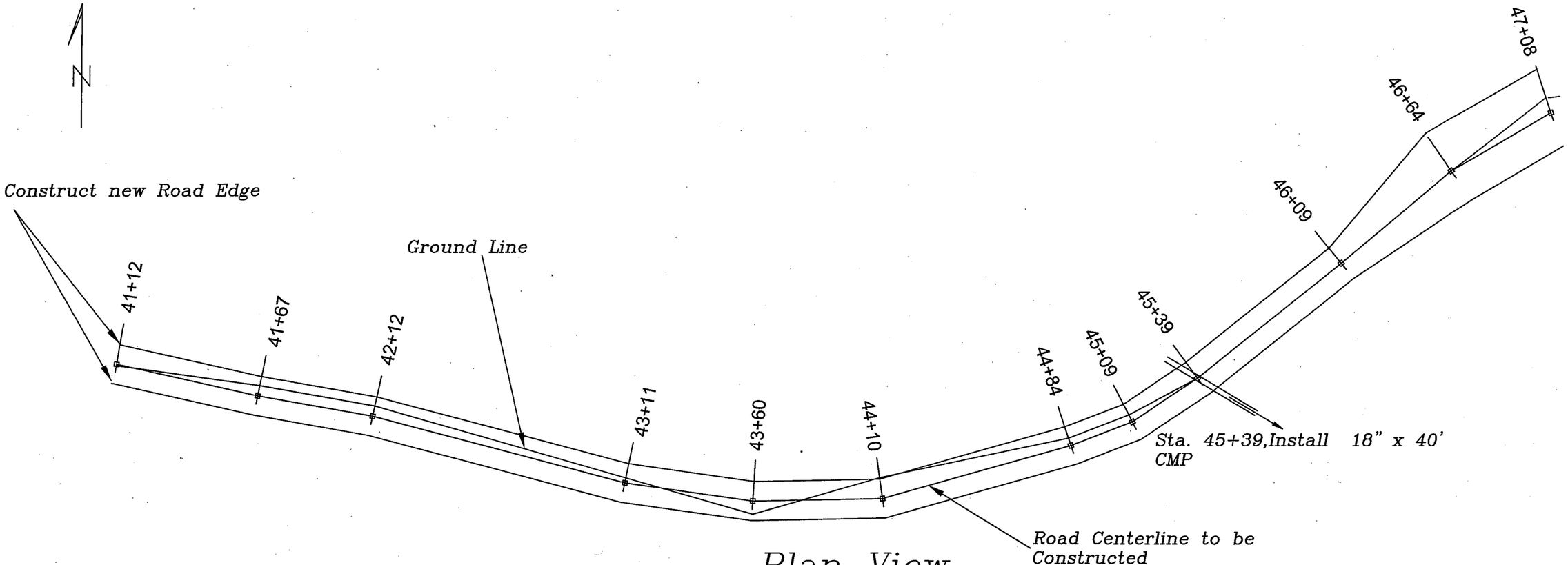


Plan View

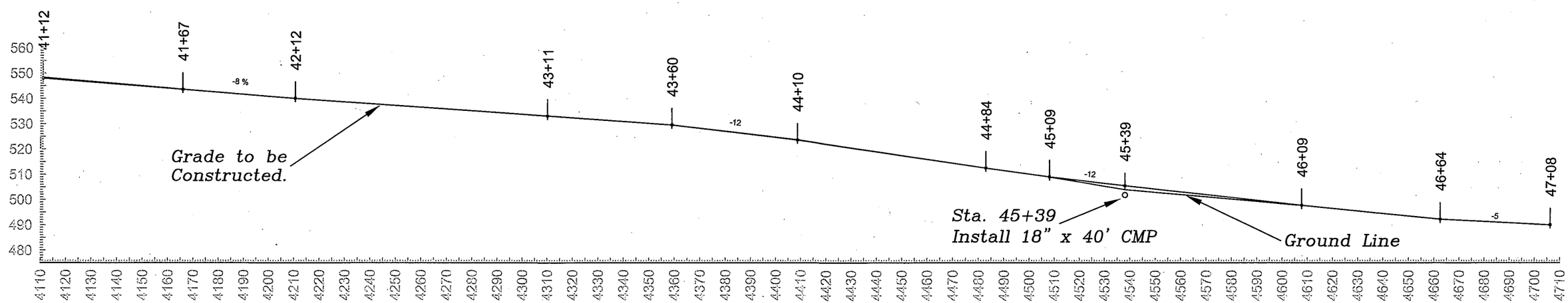


Profile View

Unit / Region : USDA - Forest Service - R6	National Forest : Olympic	District : Pacific	Project Name : Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Sheet Name : Road Construction Details	Sheet Number : 16 Of 25

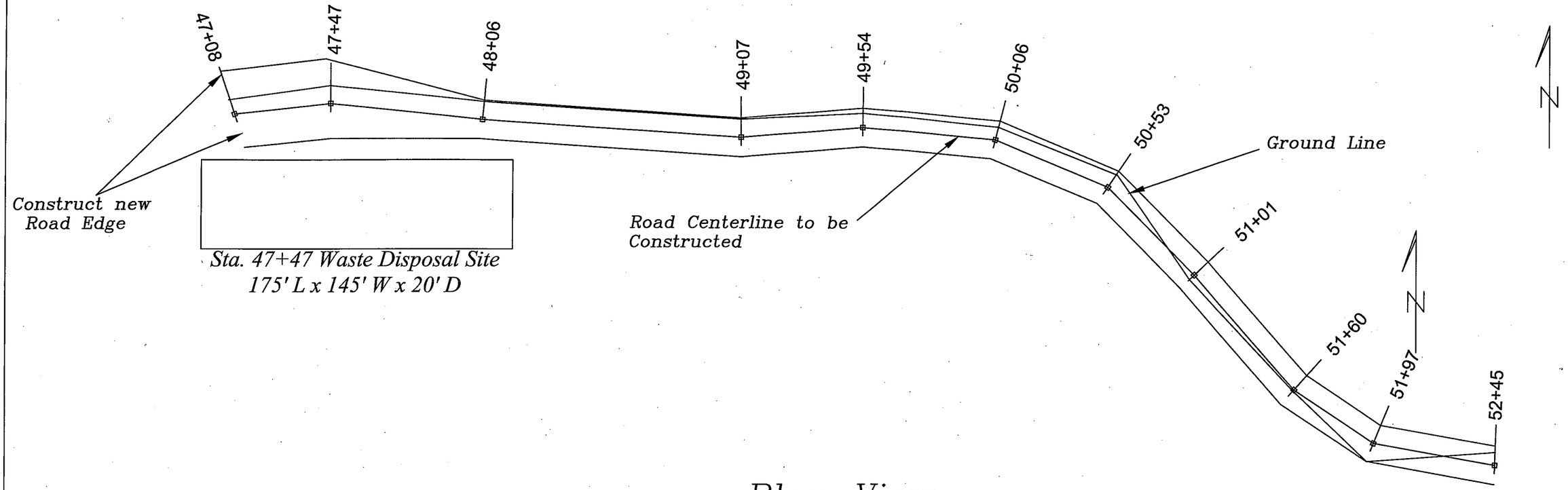


Plan View

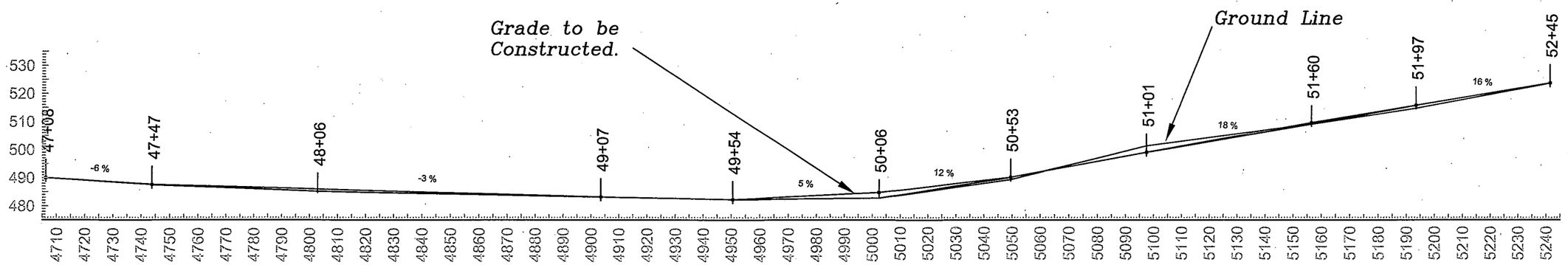


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	17 Of 25

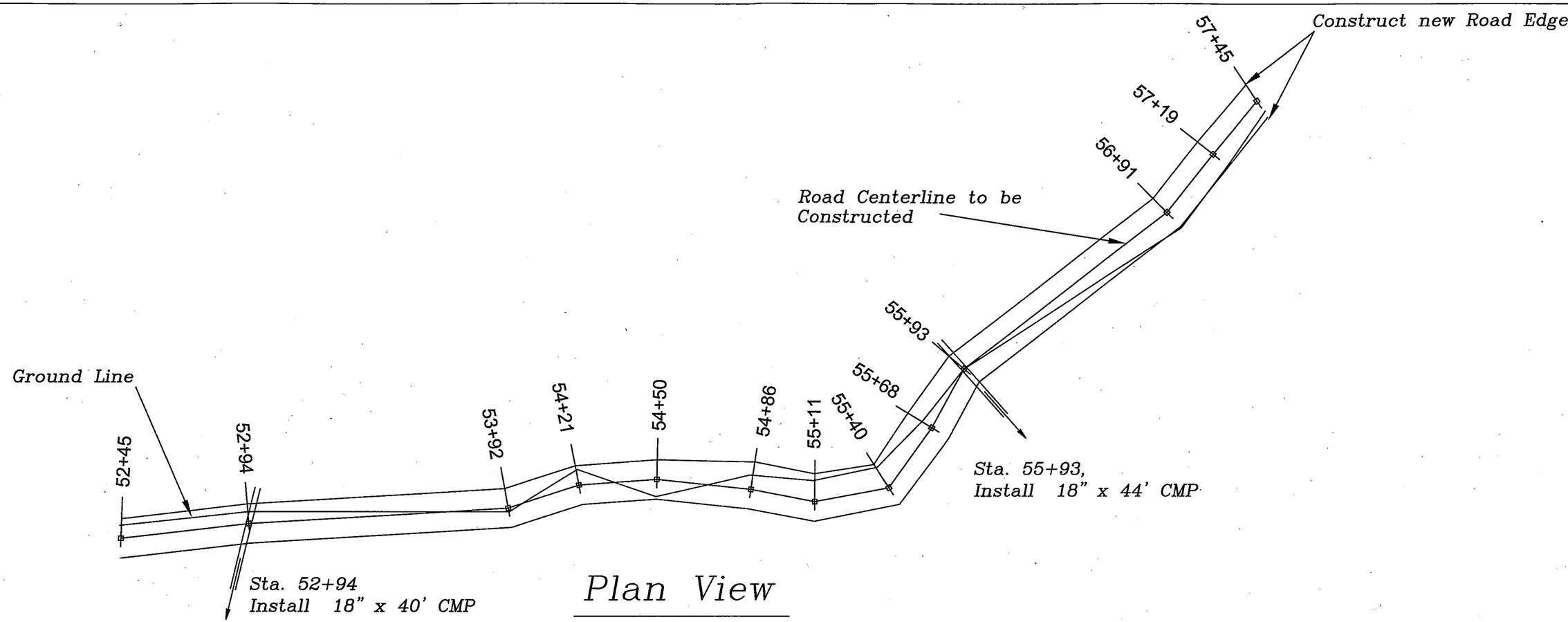


Plan View

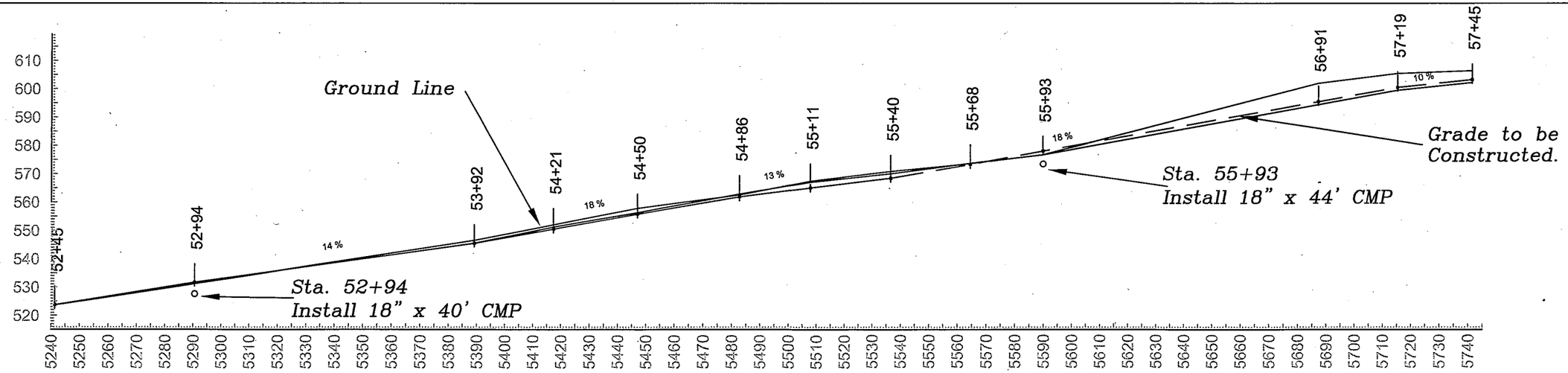


Profile View

Unit / Region : USDA - Forest Service - R6	National Forest : Olympic	District : Pacific	Project Name : Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Sheet Name : Road Construction Details	Sheet Number : 18 Of 25

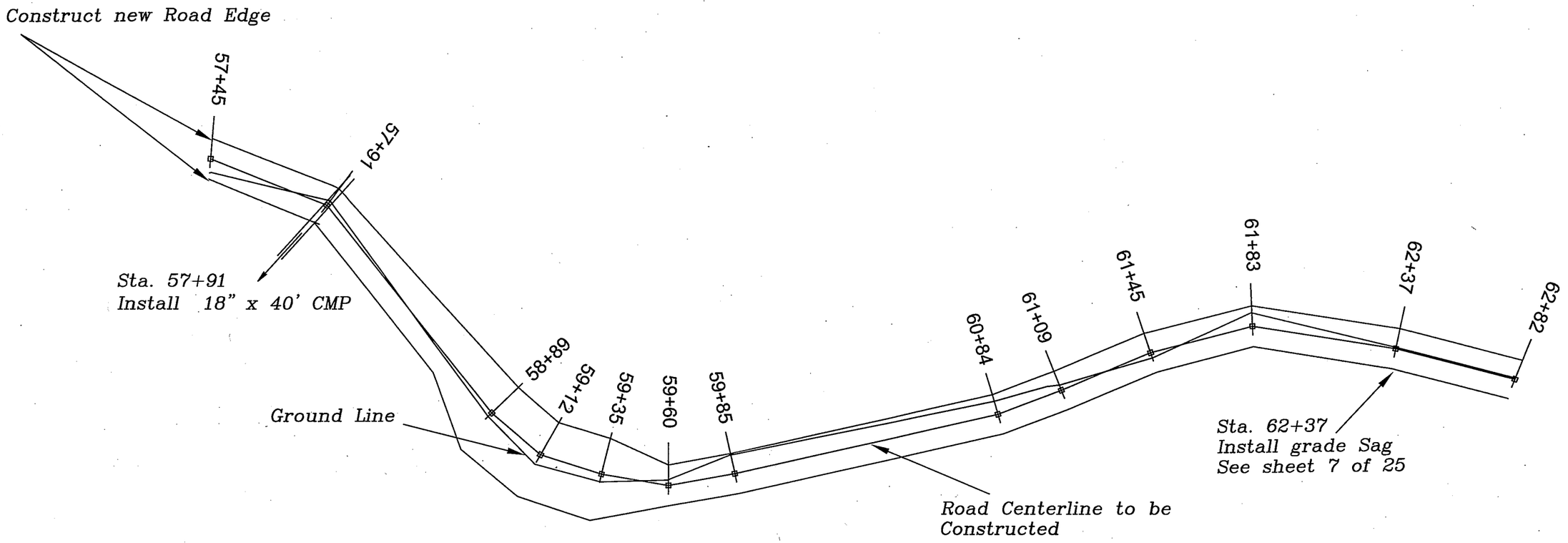


Plan View

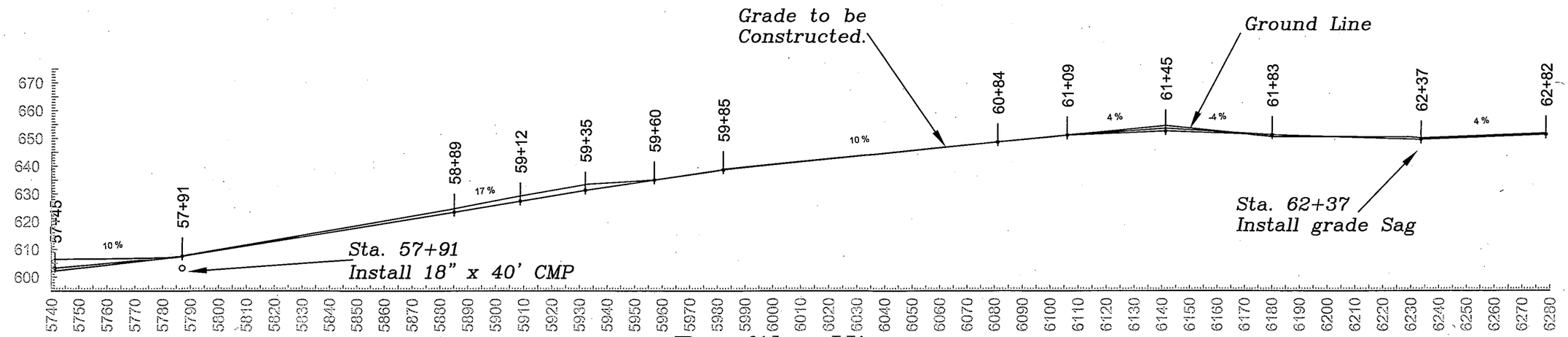


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	19 Of 25

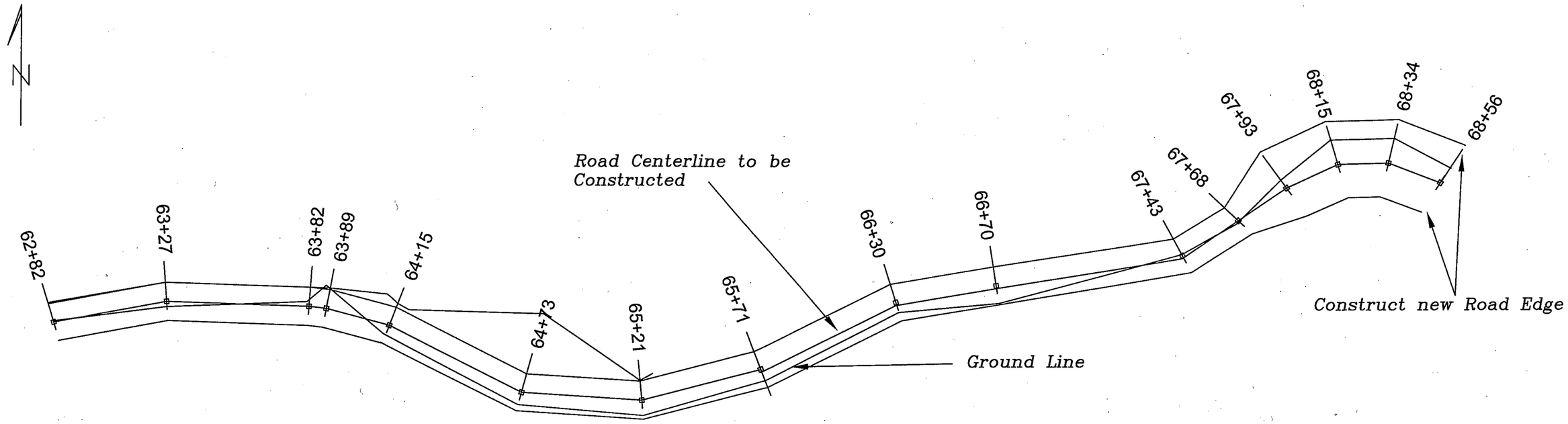


Plan View

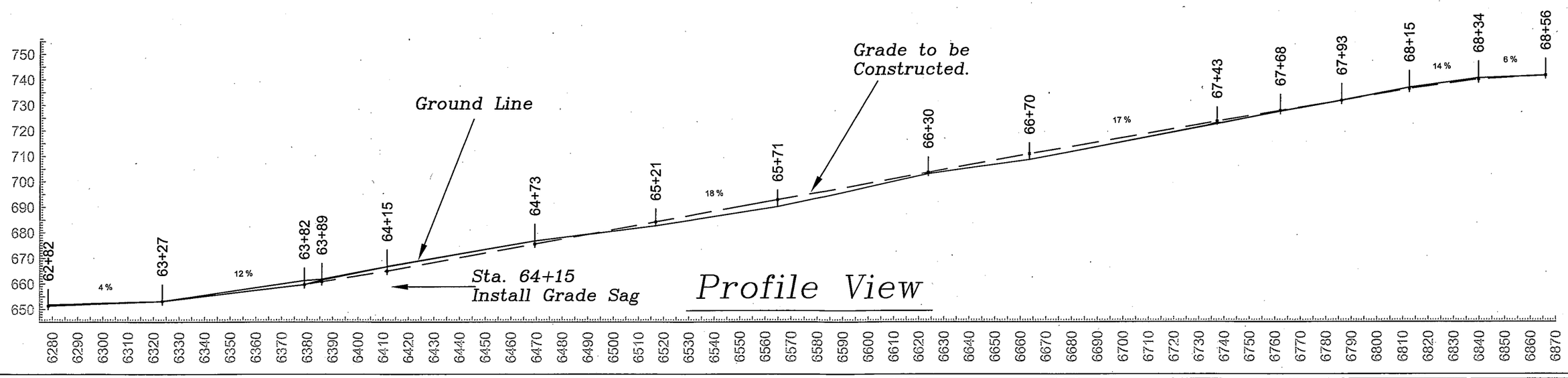


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	20 Of 25

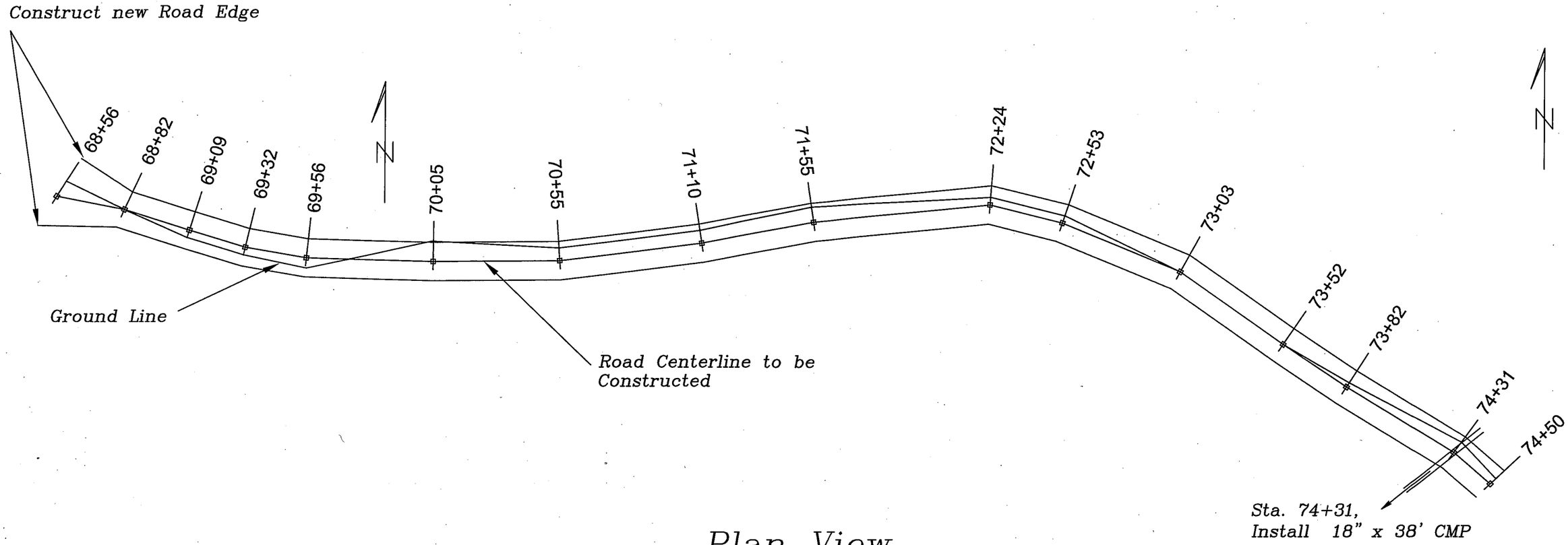


Plan View

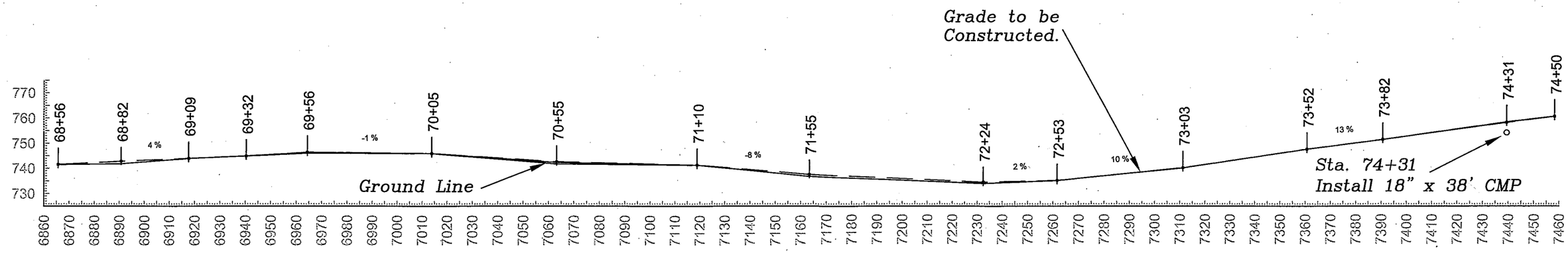


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	21 Of 25

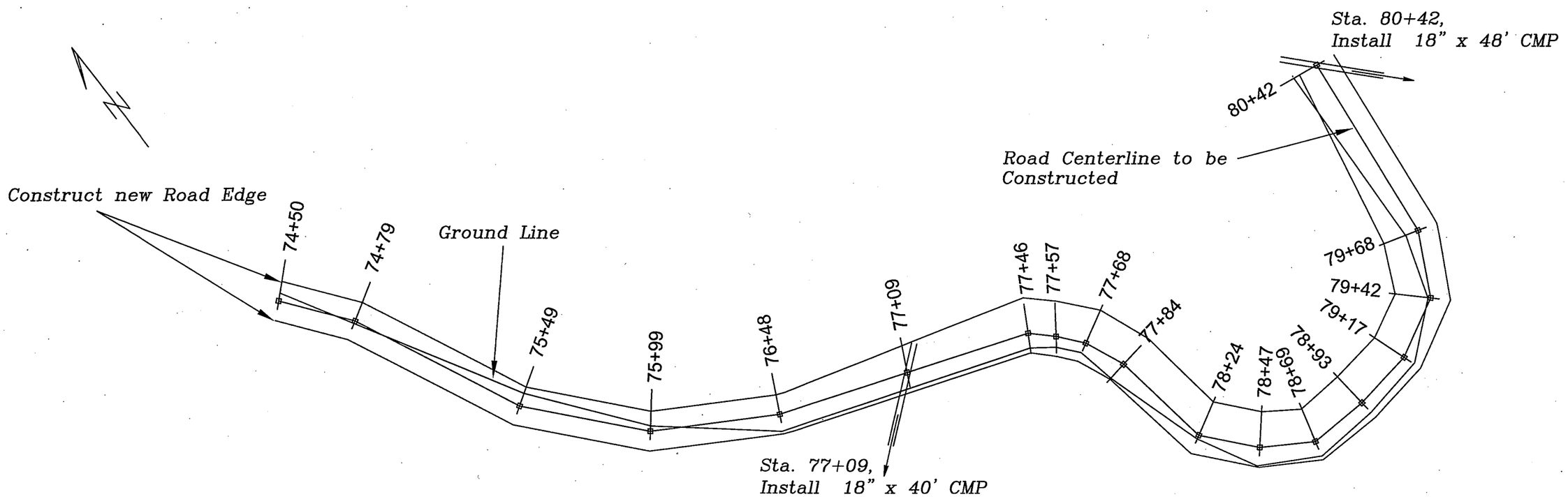


Plan View

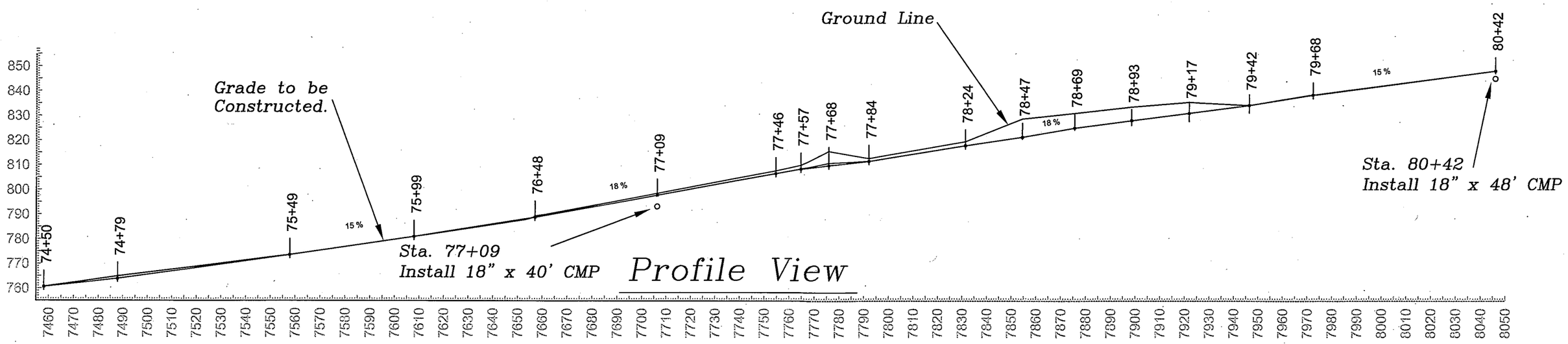


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	22 Of 25

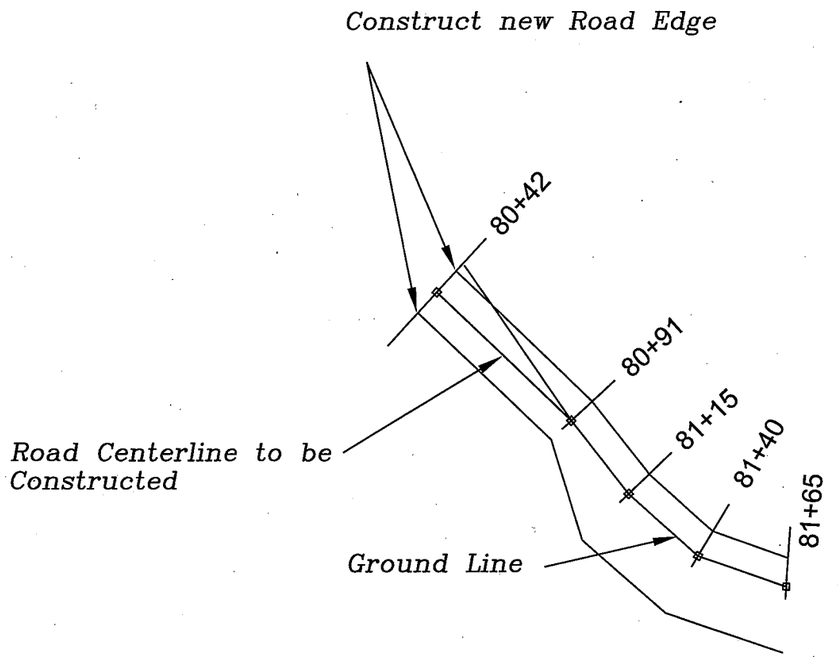


Plan View

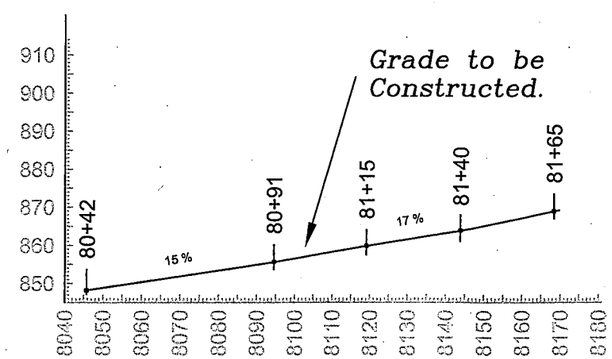


Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	23 Of 25

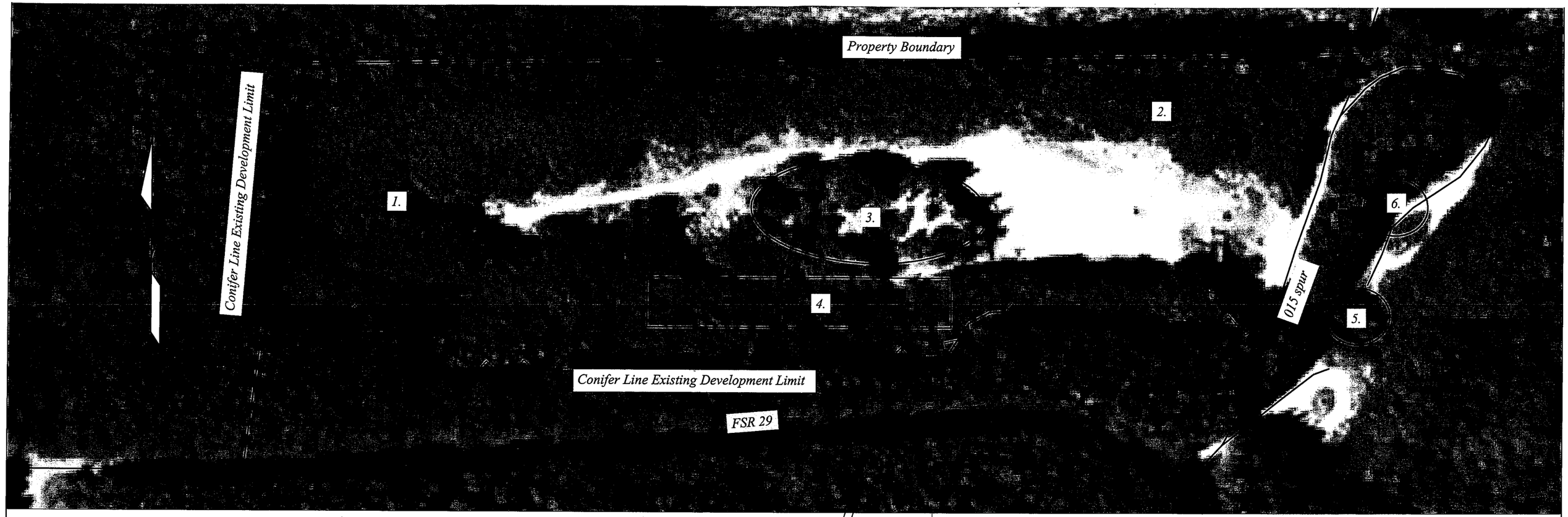


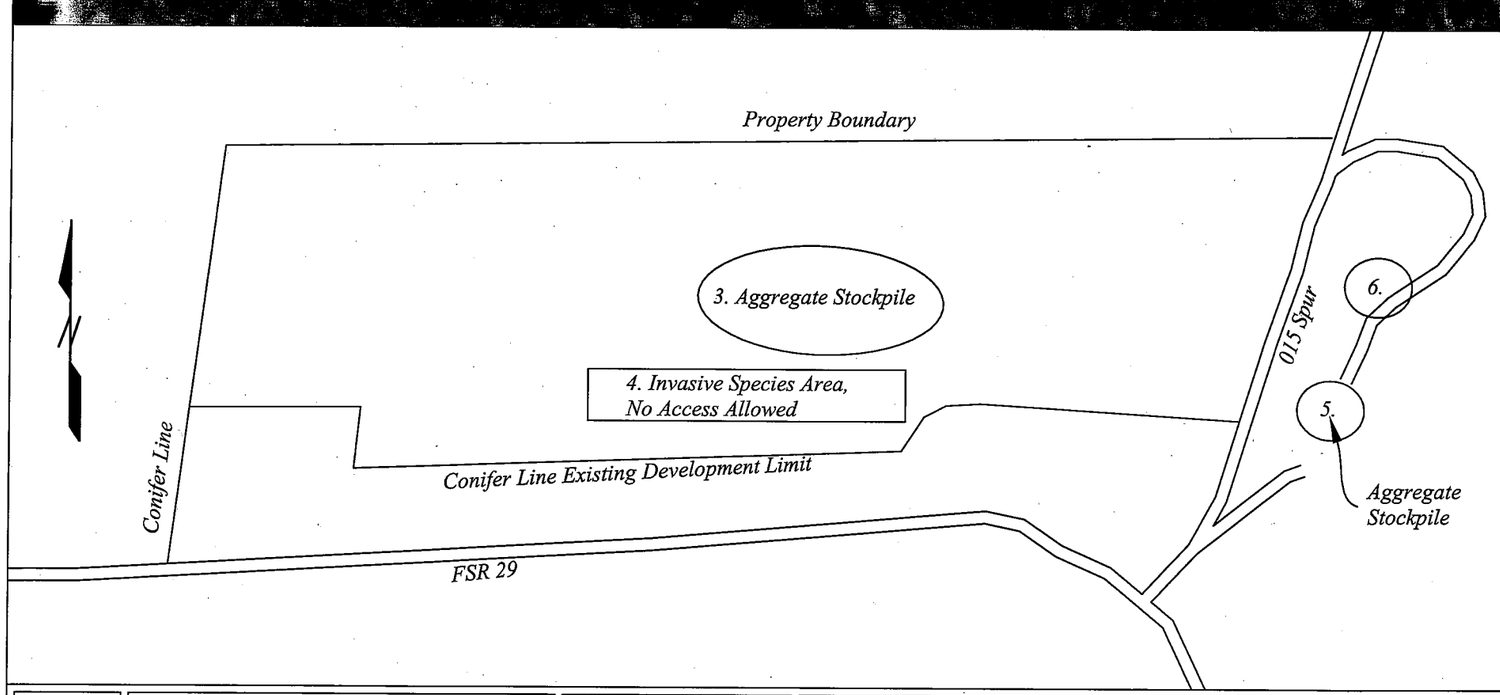
Plan View



Profile View

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale Road Reconstruction FSR 2900015	Road Construction Details	24 Of 25





Notes: - Usage

> Area 1 - designated source for Pay Item 20404, Unclassifed Borrow
>Area 2 - designated disposal site, all pit development waste to be stockpiled here
>Area 3 - designated source for Pay Item 32203, Aggregate Base
>Area 4 - restricted area, no access allowed
>Area 5 - Waste Diposal Area
>Area 6 - Waste Disposal Site for Hy Wah Timber Sale as flagged by the C.O.

-Waste disposed in Area 2 shall be separated (oversized, organics, unsuitable, etc.)
-Upon completion of use of this pit, areas disturbed (Area 1, 2, 3, 5, 6) and waste areas shall be sloped to drain and consistent with adjacent pit area.

Unit / Region :	National Forest :	District :	Project Name :	Sheet Name :	Sheet Number :
USDA - Forest Service - R6	Olympic	Pacific	Hy Wah Timber Sale - Rd. 2900015	Pit Development & Operation Plan	25 Of 25

STANDARD SPECIFICAIONS
FOR CONSTRUCTION OF
ROADS AND BRIDGES
ON FEDERAL HIGHWAY PROJECTS
FP-03
US CUSTOMARY UNITS

Project Name: HY WAH TIMBER SALE ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Date: 08/26/2013

ID LABEL	1
ROAD NO.	2900015_1 Const.
Terminus Begin	MP 0.0
Terminus End	MP 1.55
Construction (C) Reconstruction (R)	C

			Title	Revised Date	1
			Preface	03/15/2004	X
100	**General Requirements**				X
	101 - Terms, Format, and Definitions				X
		00	FLH FP-03 Corrections	07/25/2005	
		01	Meaning of Terms	01/22/2009	X
		01	Meaning of Terms	01/22/2009	X
		03	Abbreviations and Symbols	06/16/2006	X
		04	Symbols	03/29/2007	X
		04	Definitions	11/06/2007	X
	102 - Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract				X
		00	Delete 102 in its entirety	02/16/2005	X
	103 - Scope of Work				X
		00	Intent of Contract	02/16/2005	X

	104 - Control of Work				X
		00	Deletions to 104	06/16/2006	X
		03	Specifications and Drawings	02/22/2005	
		03	Specifications and Drawings	01/22/2009	X
		03	Specifications and Drawings	02/22/2005	
		06	Use of Roads by Contractor	02/17/2005	X
		07	Other Contracts	02/17/2005	
	105 - Control of Material				X
		02	Material Sources	02/17/2005	
		02	Material Sources	02/17/2005	
		02	Material Sources	01/18/2007	X
		02	Material Sources	02/17/2005	X
		02	Material Sources	02/17/2005	
		02	Government-provided sources	03/29/2005	
		02	Contractor-provided material sources	03/08/2007	X
		05	Use of Material Found in the Work	05/12/2004	X
	106 - Acceptance of Work				X
		01	Conformity with contract requirements	07/31/2007	
		01	Conformity with contract requirements	07/31/2007	X
		07	Partial and Final Acceptance	05/11/2004	X
	107 - Legal Relations and Responsibility To the Public				X
		02	Protection and Restoration of Property and Landscape	02/17/2005	
		05	Responsibility for Damage Claims	05/11/2004	X
		06	Contractor Responsibility for Work	06/16/2006	X
		08	Sanitation, Health, and Safety	05/11/2004	
		08	Sanitation, Health & Safety	03/29/2005	X
		09	Legal Relationship of the Parties	06/16/2006	X
		10	Environmental Protection	06/16/2006	X
		11	Protection of Forests, Parks, and Public Lands	02/17/2005	
	108 - Prosecution and Progress				X
		00	Delete Section 108 in entirety	02/16/2005	X
	109 - Measurement and Payment				X
		00	Deletions	02/17/2005	X
		02	Measurement Terms and Definitions	06/16/2006	X
		03	Weighing Procedures and Devices	02/17/2005	
		03	Weighing Procedures and Devices	03/29/2005	
150 Project Requirements					X
	151 – Mobilization				X

		03	Payment	08/05/2005	
	152 - Construction Survey and Staking				**X**
		00	Construction Survey and Staking	08/05/2005	X
	153 - Contractor Quality Control				
		02	Contractor Quality Control Plan	02/17/2005	
		04	Records	10/24/2007	
	154 - Contractor Sampling and Testing				X
		01	Description	05/24/2005	X
	155 - Schedules for Construction Contracts				X
		00	Contractor Quality Control Plan, Records	05/11/2004	X
	156 - Public Traffic				X
		00	Complete specification	04/17/2007	X
		03	Accommodating Traffic During Work	02/24/2005	
		04	Maintaining Roadways During Work	02/24/2005	
		08	Traffic and Safety Supervisor	02/24/2005	
	157 - Soil Erosion Control				X
		03	General	02/24/2005	X
	170 - Develop Water Supply and Watering				
		00	Complete Specification	03/30/2005	
	171 - Weed and Disease Prevention				X
		00	Complete Specification	03/30/2005	X
	183 - P Line Survey				
		00	Complete Specification	03/30/2005	
	185 - Low Volume Road Design				
		00	Complete Specification	02/24/2005	
200 Earthwork					X
	201 - Clearing and Grubbing				X
		00	Deletions	08/05/2009	X
		01	Description	02/18/2005	X
		04	Clearing	02/18/2005	
		04	Clearing	02/22/2005	X
		04	Clearing	03/03/2005	X
		06	Disposal	02/18/2005	X
		06	Disposal	02/23/2005	
		06	Disposal	02/23/2005	
		06	Disposal	11/04/2004	X
		06	Disposal	05/12/2004	
		06	Disposal	11/09/2005	X
	203 - Removal of Structures and Obstructions				X

		01	Description	02/25/2005	X
		02	Material	02/18/2005	
		04	Removing Material	02/18/2005	
		05	Disposing of Material	02/24/2005	
		05	Disposing of Material	02/18/2005	
		05	Disposing of Material	02/18/2005	X
		08	Payment	02/24/2005	
	204 - Excavation and Embankment				X
		00	Complete Specification	03/26/2009	X
		05	Conservation of Topsoil	02/18/2005	
		06	Roadway Excavation	03/02/2005	
		06	Roadway Excavation	03/02/2005	
		06	Roadway Excavation	03/02/2005	
		09	Preparing Foundation for Embankment Construction	03/02/2005	
		10	Embankment Construction	03/02/2005	
		11	Compaction	04/11/2005	
		13	Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing	03/02/2005	
		13	Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing	03/02/2005	
		14	Disposal of Unsuitable or Excess Material	03/02/2005	
		15	Acceptance	02/07/2007	
	205 - Rock Blasting				
		02	Regulations	05/13/2004	
		06	Preblast condition survey and vibration monitoring and control	05/12/2004	
		07	Test Blasting	05/12/2004	
		08	Controls	05/12/2004	
	209 - Structure Excavation and Backfill				X
		00	Complete Spec. 209A; Exc & Backfill for selected Minor Structures. NOT a Replacement for 209.	03/24/2008	
		10	Backfill	10/23/2007	X
		11	Compacting	02/24/2005	X
	211 – Roadway Obliteration				
		01	Description	03/30/2005	
		01	Description	03/30/2005	
		02	Construction Requirements	02/25/2005	
	212 – Linear Grading				
		00	Complete Specification (composite road construction)	05/19/2005	

	213 – Subgrade Stabilization				
		02	FLH FP-03 Correction metric	09/06/2005	
250 Structural Embankments					
	251 – Riprap				**X**
		03	General	08/05/2009	X
	252 – Special Rock Embankment and Rock Buttress				
		02	Material – Placing Rock	05/13/2004	
	255 – Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls				
		02	Material – Acceptance	02/25/2005	
	262 – Reinforced Soil Embankment				
		00	Complete Specification	05/14/2004	
		01	Table 262-1 Sampling & Testing Requirements	05/14/2004	
300 Aggregate Courses					X
	301 – Untreated Aggregate Courses				**X**
		00	Title Change	03/03/2005	X
		01	Work	03/03/2005	X
		02	Material	05/16/2005	X
		03	General	09/14/2005	X
		04	Mixing and Spreading	03/03/2005	X
		05	Compacting	05/17/2005	X
		06	Surface Tolerance	03/03/2005	X
		08	Acceptance	03/03/2005	X
		08	Acceptance	03/03/2005	X
		08	Acceptance	03/30/2005	X
		09	Measurement	07/07/2005	X
		10	Payment	03/03/2005	X
	302 - Treated Aggregate Courses				
		00	Deletes 302 in its entirety	02/16/2005	
		03	FLH FP-03 Corrections metric	08/12/2004	
	303 - Road Reconditioning				
		01	Description	03/02/2005	
		06	Aggregate Surface Reconditioning	05/17/2005	
		07	Roadway Reconditioning	03/02/2005	
		11	Measurement	03/29/2005	
	306 - Dust Palliative				
		03	General	03/02/2005	
		04	Preparation and Application	03/02/2005	
		06	Acceptance	03/02/2005	

		10	Table 306-1 Sampling & Testing	03/02/2005	
	320 - Stockpiled Aggregates				
		00	Complete Specification	03/02/2005	
	321 - Major Aggregate Courses				
		00	Complete Specification	12/19/2005	
	322 - Minor Aggregate Courses				
		00	Complete Specification	10/14/2011	
400 Asphalt Pavements and Surface Treatments					
	401 - Superpave Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement				
		01	FLH FP-03 Correction metric uscu	08/12/2004	
		04	FLH FP-03 Correction uscu	08/12/2004	
	402 - Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement by Hveem or Marshall Mix Design Method				
		03	FLH FP-03 Correction metric uscu	08/12/2004	
	403 - Hot Asphalt Concrete Pavement				
		06	Surface Preparation	05/17/2005	
		16	Pavement Smoothness & Testing	03/02/2005	
		17	Acceptance	03/02/2005	
		17	Acceptance	03/02/2005	
	404 - Minor Hot Asphalt Concrete				
		02	Composition of Mix (Job-Mix Formula)	03/02/2005	
		04	Weather Limitations	03/02/2005	
		06	Placing	03/02/2005	
		07	Compacting (a)	03/02/2005	
		07	Compacting (b)	03/02/2005	
		09	Acceptance	03/02/2005	
	409 - Asphalt Surface Treatment				
		02	Material	05/12/2004	
		06	Weather, date, time	05/12/2004	
		08	Application	06/21/2005	
		10	FLH FP-03 Corrections uscu	08/12/2004	
		11	table409-2	12/18/2004	
		12	FLH FP-03 Correction uscu	08/12/2004	
		13	Acceptance & Testing	05/13/2004	
	411 - Asphalt Prime Coat				
		06	Application	05/12/2004	
	414 - Asphalt Pavement Crack and Joint Sealing				
		02	Material	05/12/2004	
		05	Cleaning & Sealing	05/12/2004	

	430 - Asphalt Pavement Patching			
	00	Complete Specification	05/12/2004	
550 Bridge Construction				
	552 - Structural Concrete			
	13	FLH FP-03 Correction metric uscs	08/12/2004	
	571 - Prefabricated Bridges			
	00	Complete Specification	03/15/2005	
	572 - Log Stringer Bridges			
	00	Complete Specification	05/12/2004	
	573 - Bridge Repair			
	00	Complete Specification	05/12/2004	
600 Incidental Construction				
	601 - Minor Concrete			
	00	Replace Specification	05/14/2004	
	02	Table 601-2 Sampling & Testing	03/02/2005	
	602 - Culverts and Drains			X
	03	General	09/06/2005	X
	06	Laying Plastic Pipe	08/05/2009	X
	603 - Structural Plate Structures			
	03	General	03/02/2005	
	04	Erecting	03/02/2005	
	607 - Cleaning, Reconditioning, and Repairing Existing Drainage			
	04	Cleaning Culverts in Place	03/02/2005	
	625 - Turf Establishment			X
	03	General	02/25/2005	
	03	General	07/02/2007	X
	04	Preparing Seedbed	02/25/2005	
	05	Watering	03/30/2005	
	05	Watering	03/02/2005	
	07	Seeding	02/25/2005	
	633 - Permanent Traffic Control			
	02	Material	03/03/2005	
	03	General	03/03/2005	
	05	Panels	03/03/2005	
	634 - Permanent Pavement Marking			
	03	General	03/03/2005	
	635 - Temporary Traffic Control			X
	03	General	05/13/2004	X

	648 - Stream Simulation				
		00	Complete Specification	03/15/2005	
	650 - Road Closure Devices				
		00	Complete Specification	06/28/2007	
	651 - Development of Pits & Quarries				X
		00	Complete Specification	03/02/2005	X
700 Material					X
	703 – Aggregate				X
		05	Subbase, Base, & Surface Course Aggregate	08/14/2009	X
		06	Flakiness Index and Adherent Coatings	03/02/2005	
		07	FLH FP-03 Correction metric uscu	03/02/2005	
		10	FLH FP-03 Correction	03/02/2005	
	704 - Soil				
		02	FLH FP-03 Correction Bedding Material	03/02/2005	
		02	FLH FP-03 Modification - Bedding Material metric uscu	03/02/2005	
	705 – Rock				
		07	Fish & Streambed	03/02/2005	
	712 - Joint Material				
		01	Sealants, Fillers, Seals, and Sleeves	03/02/2005	
	713 - Roadside Improvement Material				X
		05	Mulch	03/02/2005	X
	714 - Geotextile and Geocomposite Drain Material				
		03	Geogrids	02/25/2005	
	718 - Traffic Signing and Marking Material				
		02	Protective Overlay Film and Edge Film	03/02/2005	
		05	Aluminum Panels	02/25/2008	
		08	FLH FP-03 Correction metric	03/27/2007	
		14	FLH FP-03 Correction metric uscu	03/02/2005	
		15	FLH FP-03 Corrections metric	03/27/2007	
		15	FLH FP-03 Correction metric	03/27/2007	
	725 - Miscellaneous Material				
		02	Calcium Chloride, Calcium Chloride Flakes and Magnesium Chloride	03/02/2005	

Table of Contents

Preface

Preface_wo_03_15_2004_m

Delete all but the first paragraph and add the following:

The Forest Service, US Department of Agriculture has adopted FP-03 for construction of National Forest System Roads.

101 - Terms, Format, and Definitions

101.00_nat_us_07_25_2005

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

101.01 Meaning of Terms

Delete all references to the TAR (Transportation Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.01_nat_us_01_22_2009

101.01 Meaning of Terms

Delete all references to the FAR (Federal Acquisition Regulations) in the specifications.

101.03_nat_us_06_16_2006

101.03 Abbreviations.

Add the following to (a) Acronyms:

AFPA	American Forest and Paper Association
MSHA	Mine Safety and Health Administration
NIST	National Institute of Standards and Technology
NESC	National Electrical Safety Code
WCLIB	West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau

.

Add the following to (b) SI symbols:

mp	Milepost
ppm	Part Per Million

101.04_nat_us_03_29_2007

101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions and substitute the following:

Bid Schedule--The Schedule of Items.

Bridge--No definition.

Contractor--The individual or legal entity contracting with the Government for performance of prescribed work. In a timber sale contract, the contractor is the "purchaser".

Culvert--No definition.

Right-of-Way--A general term denoting (1) the privilege to pass over land in some particular line (including easement, lease, permit, or license to occupy, use, or traverse public or private lands), or (2) Real property necessary for the project, including roadway, buffer areas, access, and drainage areas.

Add the following:

Adjustment in Contract Price--"Equitable adjustment," as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or "construction cost adjustment," as used in the Timber Sale Contract, as applicable.

Change--"Change" means "change order" as used in the Federal Acquisition Regulations, or "design change" as used in the Timber Sale Contract.

Design Quantity--"Design quantity" is a Forest Service method of measurement from the FS-96 *Forest Service Specifications for the Construction of Roads and Bridges*. Under these FP specifications this term is replaced by the term "Contract Quantities".

Forest Service--The United States of America, acting through the Forest Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Neat Line--A line defining the proposed or specified limits of an excavation or structure.

Pioneer Road--Temporary construction access built along the route of the project.

Purchaser--The individual, partnership, joint venture, or corporation contracting with the Government under the terms of a Timber Sale Contract and acting independently or through agents, employees, or subcontractors.

Protected Streamcourse--A drainage shown on the plans or timber sale area map that requires designated mitigation measures.

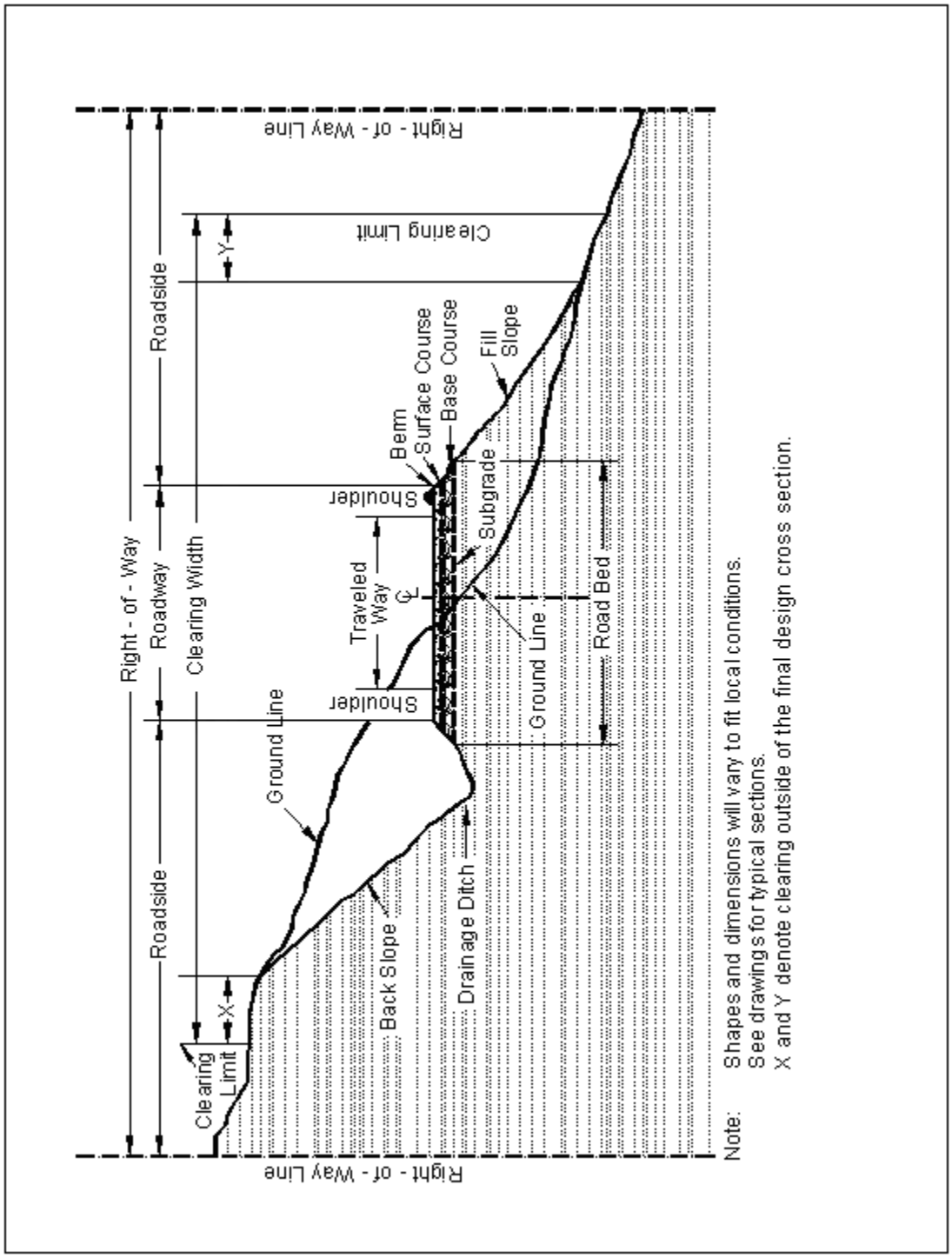
Road Order--An order affecting and controlling traffic on roads under Forest Service jurisdiction. Road Orders are issued by a designated Forest Officer under the authorities of 36 CFR, part 260.

Schedule of Items--A schedule in the contract that contains a listing and description of construction items, quantities, units of measure, unit price, and amount.

Utilization Standards--The minimum size and percent soundness of trees described in the specifications to determine merchantable timber.

Add Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms:

Figure 101-1—Illustration of road structure terms.



101.04 Definitions.

Delete the following definitions:

Contract Modification

Day

Notice to Proceed

Solicitation

102 - Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

102.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

102 Bid, Award, and Execution of Contract

Delete Section 102 in its entirety.

103 - Scope of Work

103.00_nat_us_02_16_2005

Deletions

Delete all but subsection 103.01 Intent of Contract.

104 - Control of Work

104.00_nat_us_06_16_2006

Deletions

Delete Sections 104.01, 104.02, and 104.04.

104.03_nat_us_01_22_2009

104.03 Specifications and Drawings.

Delete 104.03.

104.06_nat_us_02_17_2005

Add the following subsection:

104.06 Use of Roads by Contractor

The Contractor is authorized to use roads under the jurisdiction of the Forest Service for all activities necessary to complete this contract, subject to the limitations and authorizations designated in the Road Order(s) or described in the contract, when such use will not damage the roads or national forest resources, and when traffic can be accommodated safely.

105 - Control of Material

105.02_nat_us_01_18_2007

105.02 Material Sources.

105.02(a) Government-provided sources.

Add the following:

Comply with the requirements of 30 CFR 56, subparts B and H. Use all suitable material for aggregate regardless of size unless otherwise designated. When required, re-establish vegetation in disturbed areas according to section 625.

105.02_nat_us_02_17_2005

105.02(a) Government Provided Sources.

There is no charge for material taken from **Calawah Pit (FSR-2900015)**.

105.02_nat_us_03_08_2007

105.02 Material Sources.

105.02(a) Contractor-provided sources.

Add the following:

All material (e.g., soil, gravel, sand, borrow, aggregate, etc.) transported onto National Forest System land or incorporated into the work will be weed-free. The Contracting Officer may request written documentation of methods used to determine the weed-free status of any and all materials furnished by the contractor. Contractor-provided expertise and methods to establish weed-free status must be appropriate for the weeds of concern in the local area. The following applies to this contract:

A Forest Service weed specialist will inspect proposed sources to determine weed-free status. Provide the Contracting Officer written notification of proposed material sources __14__ days prior to use. Written approval of the specific source will be provided to the contractor. If weed species are present in the proposed source, appropriate mitigation measures may allow conditional use of the source as required by the Contracting Officer.

105.05_nat_us_05_12_2004

105.05 Use of Material Found in the Work.

Delete 105.05 (a) and (b) and the last sentence of the second paragraph and substitute the following:

Materials produced or processed from Government lands in excess of the quantities required for performance of this contract are the property of the Government. The Government is not obligated to make reimbursement for the cost of producing these materials.

106 - Acceptance of Work

106.01_nat_us_07_31_2007

106.01 Conformity with Contract Requirements.

Delete Subsection 106.01 and substitute the following:

References to standard test methods of AASHTO, ASTM, GSA, and other recognized standard authorities refer to the methods in effect on the date of solicitation for bids.

Perform all work to the lines, grades, cross-sections, dimensions, and processes or material requirements shown on the plans or specified in the contract.

Incorporate manufactured materials into the work according to the manufacturer's recommendations or to these specifications, whichever is more strict.

Plan dimensions and contract specification values are the values to be strived for and complied with as the design values from which any deviations are allowed. Perform work and provide material that is uniform in character and reasonably close to the prescribed value or within the specified tolerance range. The purpose of a tolerance range is to accommodate occasional minor variations from the median zone that are unavoidable for practical reasons.

When standard manufactured items are specified (such as fence, wire, plates, rolled shapes, pipe conduits, etc., that are identified by gauge, unit mass, section dimensions, etc.), the identification will be considered to be nominal masses or dimensions. Unless specific contract tolerances are noted, established manufacturing tolerances will be accepted.

The Government may inspect, sample, or test all work at any time before final acceptance of the project. When the Government tests work, copies of test reports are furnished to the Contractor upon request. Government tests may or may not be performed at the work site. If Contractor testing and inspection is verified by the Government, the Contractor's results may be used by the Government to evaluate work for acceptance. Do not rely on the availability of Government test results for process control.

Acceptable work conforming to the contract will be paid for at the contract unit bid price. Four methods of determining conformity and accepting work are described in Subsections 106.02 to 106.05 inclusive. The primary method of acceptance is specified in each Section of work. However, work may be rejected at any time it is found by any of the methods not to comply with the contract.

Remove and replace work that does not conform to the contract, or to prevailing industry standards where no specific contract requirements are noted, at no cost to the Government.

(a) Disputing Government test results. **If the accuracy of Government test results is disputed, promptly inform the CO. If the dispute is unresolved after reasonable steps are taken to resolve the dispute, further evaluation may be obtained by written request. Include a narrative describing the dispute and a proposed resolution protocol that addresses the following:**

(1) Sampling method;

(2) Number of samples;
(3) Sample transport;
(4) Test procedures;
(5) Testing laboratories;
(6) Reporting;
(7) Estimated time and costs; and
(8) Validation process.

If the evaluation requires additional sampling or testing be performed, mutually agree with the Government on witnessing procedures and on sampling and testing by a third party laboratory. Use a third party laboratory accredited by the AASHTO accreditation program. Provide proof of the laboratory's accreditation for the test procedures to be used. Do not use the same laboratory that produced the disputed Government test results or that produced the test results used as a basis for the dispute.

The CO will review the proposed resolution protocol and may modify it before final approval and execution.

The Government will use the approved resolution protocol test results to determine the validity of the disputed testing. If the Government test results are validated, the Contractor will be responsible for all costs associated with developing and performing the resolution protocol. If the Government test results are not validated, the Government will be responsible for all costs associated with developing and performing the resolution protocol. If the validity of the Government test results cannot be determined, the Contractor and Government will equally share all costs associated with developing and carrying out the resolution protocol.

(b) Alternatives to removing and replacing non-conforming work. As an alternative to removal and replacement, the Contractor may submit a written request to:

(1) Have the work accepted at a reduced price; or

(2) Be given permission to perform corrective measures to bring the work into conformity.

The request must contain supporting rationale and documentation. Include references or data justifying the proposal based on an evaluation of test results, effect on service life, value of material or work, quality, aesthetics, and other tangible engineering basis. The CO will determine disposition of the nonconforming work.

106.07_nat_us_05_11_2004

106.07 Delete

Delete subsection 106.07.

107 - Legal Relations and Responsibility to the Public

107.05_nat_us_05_11_2004

107.05 Responsibility for Damage Claims.

Delete the entire subsection.

107.06_nat_us_06_16_2006

107.06 Contractor's Responsibility for Work.

Delete the following from the first paragraph.

"except as provided in Subsection 106.07".

107.08_nat_us_03_29_2005

107.08 Sanitation, Health, and Safety

Delete the entire subsection.

107.09_nat_us_06_16_2006

107.09 Legal Relationship of the Parties.

Delete the entire subsection.

107.10_nat_us_06_16_2006

107.10 Environmental Protection.

Add the following:

Design and locate equipment repair shops, stationary refueling sites, or other facilities to minimize the potential and impacts of hazardous material spills on Government land.

Before beginning any work, submit a Hazardous Spill Plan. List actions to be taken in the event of a spill. Incorporate preventive measures to be taken, such as the location of mobile refueling facilities, storage and handling of hazardous materials, and similar information. Immediately notify the CO of all hazardous material spills. Provide a written narrative report form no later than 24 hours after the initial report and include the following:

- Description of the item spilled (including identity, quantity, manifest number, and other identifying information).
- Whether amount spilled is EPA or state reportable, and if so whether it was reported, and to whom.

- Exact time and location of spill including a description of the area involved.
- Containment procedures.
- Summary of any communications the Contractor had with news media, Federal, state and local regulatory agencies and officials, or Forest Service officials.
- Description of clean-up procedures employed or to be employed at the site including final disposition and disposal location of spill residue.

When available provide copies of all spill related clean up and closure documentation and correspondence from regulatory agencies.

The Contractor is solely responsible for all spills or leaks that occur during the performance of this contract. Clean up spills or leaks to the satisfaction of the CO and in a manner that complies with Federal, state, and local laws and regulations.

108 - Prosecution and Progress

108 Delete.

Delete Section 108 in its entirety.

109 - Measurement and Payment

109.00_nat_us_02_17_2005

109 Deletions

Delete the following entire subsections:

109.06 Pricing of Adjustments.

109.07 Eliminated Work.

109.08 Progress Payments.

109.09 Final Payment.

109.02_nat_us_06_16_2006

109.02 Measurement Terms and Definitions.

(b) Contract quantity.

Add the following:

Contract quantities will be adjusted only when there are errors in the original design of 15% or more.

Change the following:

"(b) Cubic yard" to "(c) Cubic yard".

Add the following definition:

(p) Thousand Board Feet (Mbf). 1,000 board feet based on nominal widths, thickness, and extreme usable length of each piece of lumber or timber actually incorporated in the job. For glued laminated timber, 1,000 board feet based on actual width, thickness, and length of each piece actually incorporated in the job.

152 - Construction Survey and Staking

152.00_nat_us_08_05_2005

Description

152.01(c) Material.

Add the following:

Use required stake dimensions and materials. Pre-paint the top 2 inches of all stakes and lath, or mark them with plastic flagging. Use designated colors for paint or flagging. Mark all stakes with a stake pencil that leaves a legible imprint, or with waterproof ink.

Do not use aerosol spray paints.

Use moisture-resistant paper for survey notes. Keep notes in books with covers that will protect the contents and retain the pages in numerical sequence.

Construction Requirements

152.02 General.

Delete the first two sentences.

Add the following:

When indicated on the plans, a preliminary survey line has been established on the ground. The project location line is established by offsets from this preliminary line.

Delete second sentence in second paragraph and replace with the following:

Reestablish missing reference, control lines, or stakes as necessary to control subsequent construction staking operations

152.03 Survey and Staking Requirements.

(b) Roadway cross-sections.

Replace the first two sentences with the following:

Take roadway cross-sections normal to centerline. When the centerline curve radius is less than or equal to 200 feet, take cross-sections at a maximum centerline spacing of 25 feet. When the centerline curve radius is greater that 200 feet take cross-sections at a maximum centerline spacing of 80 feet.

c) Slope Stakes & References:

Replace section with the following:

Slope stakes and references. When required, locate slope stakes on designated portions of the road. Locate the slope stake catch points and use them to establish clearing limits and slope stake references.

Mark slope stakes with the station, the amount of cut or fill, the horizontal distance to centerline, and the slope ratios.

Place slope reference stakes at least 10 feet outside the clearing limit and mark with the offset distance to the slope stake. Place sight stakes when required.

Prior to clearing and grubbing operations, move the slope stake outside the clearing limit to the slope reference stake. After clearing and grubbing and before excavation, reset the slope stakes in their original position.

Use the designated method to establish the slope stake catchpoint.

- **Method I**—Computed Method. Use the template information shown in the plans or other Government-provided data to calculate the actual location of the catchpoint. The slope stake "catchpoint distance" provided may be used as a trial location to initiate slope staking. Recatch slope stakes on any section that does not match the staking report within the tolerances established in Table 152-2.
- **Method II**—Catchpoint Measurement Method. Determine the location of slope stake catchpoints by measuring the catchpoint distances shown in the plans or other Government-provided data.

(d) Clearing and grubbing limits.

Add the following:

Establish clearing limits on each side of the location line by measuring the required horizontal or slope distances shown in the stake notes. Mark the clearing limits with flagging or tags on trees to be left standing, or on lath. Make markings intervisible, and no more than 90 feet apart.

After establishing clearing limits, move the location line stake outside the clearing limits for station identification purposes, and mark it with horizontal distance to location line

(e) Centerline reestablishment.

Replace with the following:

Reestablish centerline from instrument control points. The maximum spacing between centerline points is 25 feet when the centerline curve radius is less than or equal to 200 feet. When the centerline curve radius is greater than 200 feet, the maximum distance between centerline points is 80 feet.

(g) Culverts.

Replace subsection with the following:

Set culvert reference stakes at all culvert locations. Set a culvert reference stake on the centerline of the culvert 10 feet from each end or beyond the clearing limit, whichever is greater. Record the following on culvert reference stakes:

(1) Diameter, actual field measured length, and type of culvert.

(2) The vertical and horizontal distance from the reference stake to the invert at the ends of the culvert.

(3) Station of actual point where culvert intersects centerline.

When required, stake headwall for culverts by setting a hub with a guard stake on each side of the culvert on line with the face of the headwall. Perform this work after clearing is completed.

152.03 (l) Miscellaneous Survey and Staking.

Add the following:

(11) Cattleguards

(12) Drain Dips

(13) Erosion Control Measures

Replace Table 152-1 with the following two tables:

Table 152-1 Tolerances for reestablishing P-line, traverse, and elevations.

Precision Class	Minimum Position Closure	Angular Accuracy (±)	L-Line Tangent Control Points[a] (±)	Vertical Closure[b] (±)
A (Bridges)	1/10,000	2 sets, direct/reverse 10 second rejection limit	N/A	0.02 ft or 0.02ft/1000ft[c]
B	1/5,000	2 sets, direct/reverse 20 second rejection limit	0.1 ft	0.02 ft or 0.02ft/1000ft[c]
C	1/1,000	1 set, direct/reverse 1 minute rejection limit	0.2 ft	0.5ft/1000ft[c]
D	1/300	Foresight and backsight; 15 minute rejection limit[c]	0.4 ft	1.0ft/1000ft[c]
E	1/100	Foresight and backsight; 30 minute rejection limit[c]	0.8 ft	1.0ft/1000ft[c]

a. Accuracy of offset measurement.

b. Determine vertical closures at intervals not to exceed 2000 ft as measured along centerline.

c. Use greater value.

Table 152-2 Cross section and slope stake tolerances.

Item	Tolerances				
	A	B	C	D	E
Allowable deviation of cross-section line projection from a true perpendicular to tangents, a true bisector of angle points, or a true radius of curves	(±)2°	(±)3°	(±)3°	(±)5°	(±)5°
Take cross-sections topography measurements so that variations in ground from a straight line connecting the cross-section points will not exceed	0.5 ft	1.0 ft	2.0 ft	2.0 ft	3.0 ft
Horizontal and vertical accuracy for cross-sections, in feet or percentage of horizontal distance measured from traverse line, whichever is greater.	0.1 ft or 0.4%	0.15 ft or 0.6%	0.2 ft or 1.0%	0.2 ft or 1.0%	0.3 ft or 1.0%
Horizontal and vertical accuracy for slope stake, slope stake references, and clearing limits. In feet or percentage of horizontal distance measured from centerline or reference stake, whichever is greater.					
Slope reference stakes and slope stakes.	0.1 ft or 0.4%	0.15 ft or 0.6%	0.2 ft or 1.0%	0.2 ft or 1.0%	0.3 ft or 1.0%
Clearing limits	1.0 ft	1.0 ft	1.0 ft	1.5 ft	2.5 ft

154 - Contractor Sampling and Testing

154.01_nat_us_05_24_2005

154.01 Description

Delete the last sentence of the first paragraph.

155 - Schedules for Construction Contracts

155.00_nat_us_05_11_2004

155 Delete.

Delete Section 155 in its entirety.

156 - Public Traffic

156.00_nat_us_04_17_2007

Delete Section 156 in its entirety and replace with the following:

Description

156.01 This work consists of controlling and protecting public traffic adjacent to and within the project.

Material

156.02 Conform to the MUTCD and the following Sections and Subsections:

Construction sign panels	633
Retro-reflective sheeting	718.01
Temporary concrete barrier	618
Temporary plastic fence	710.11
Temporary traffic control devices	718.22

156.03 General. Unless otherwise provided for in Table 156-1, keep existing roads open to all traffic during road improvement work, and maintain them in a condition that will adequately accommodate traffic. Delays may not exceed _N/A__ minutes at any one time followed by an open period of no less than _N/A__ minutes.

Perform no work that interferes or conflicts with traffic or existing access to the roadway surface until a traffic control plan has been approved. Post construction signs and traffic control devices in conformance with MUTCD. All required signs will be in place and approved prior to beginning work on project.

If the Contractor agrees in writing to allow public traffic to use a new road being constructed prior to completion, it will be considered an existing road for traffic control purposes.

156.04 Temporary Traffic Control. Install and maintain temporary traffic control devices adjacent to and within the project as required by the approved traffic control plan and the MUTCD. Install and maintain traffic control devices as follows:

(a) Furnish and install traffic control devices before the start of construction operations.
(b) All detours outside of clearing limits will be approved in writing by the Contracting Officer as part of the traffic control plan.
(c) Install only those traffic control devices needed for each stage or phase.
(d) Relocate temporary traffic control devices as necessary.
(e) Remove devices that no longer apply to the existing conditions.
(f) Immediately replace any device that is lost, stolen, destroyed, or inoperative.
(g) Keep temporary traffic control devices clean.
(h) Remove all temporary traffic control devices upon contract completion or when approved.
(i) When required, use flaggers certified by the American Traffic Safety Services Association, the National Safety Council, the International Municipal Signal Association, a state agency, or other acceptable organization. Perform the work described under MUTCD Part 6. Use type III, VII, VIII, or IX retro reflective
(j) sheeting on flagger paddles. Do not use flags. Flaggers must wear high visibility safety apparel as required by MUTCD 6E.02.

156.05 Temporary Closures. Road segments may be closed as shown in Table 156-1. The maximum consecutive days of closure shall be followed by a minimum number of consecutive days open to traffic as shown. Maintain traffic control devices during closure period(s). Appropriate barricades and signs will be erected and maintained as shown in the traffic control plan or as otherwise designated.

Prior to closing roads during construction, give written notice to the Contracting Officer at least 10 days in advance.

Table 156-1

Temporary Road Closures

Road Number	From Terminus	To Terminus	Maximum Consecutive Days of Closure	Minimum Consecutive Days Open
2900015	0.00	1.55	Close to the Public for the length of the sale.	Close to the Public for the length of the sale.

156.06 Acceptance. Public traffic work will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02.

Measurement and Payment

156.07 Do not measure Public Traffic for payment. Compensation is made as an indirect payment.

157 - Soil Erosion Control

157.03_nat_us_02_24_2005

157.03 General

Delete the entire subsection and replace with the following:

Prior to the start of construction, submit a written plan that provides permanent and temporary erosion control measures to minimize erosion and sedimentation during and after construction. Do not begin work until the necessary controls for that particular phase of work have been implemented. Do not modify the type, size, or location of any control. An alternate erosion control plan with all necessary permits may be submitted 30 days before intended use.

Incorporate all permanent erosion control features into the project at the earliest practicable time, as outlined in the approved plan.

When erosion control measures are not functioning as intended, immediately take corrective action.

171 - Weed and Disease Prevention

171.00_nat_us_03_30_2005

Description

171.01 This work consists of washing and treating construction equipment to remove seeds, plants, and plant fragments from the equipment before the equipment is used on National Forest System lands.

Material

171.02 Conform to the following Subsection:

Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

171.03 General . Notify the CO in writing at least 15 days before moving any construction equipment onto National Forest System lands. Construction equipment does not include cars, pickup trucks, and other vehicles that regularly travel between the construction site and areas outside of National Forest System lands.

Perform all work at a location designated on the plans or other locations approved in writing. Provide the CO with an opportunity to monitor the washing and inspection.

171.04 Equipment. Use a high pressure washing system.

For work on National Forest System lands, use a washing system that traps all wash water and either stores it for removal from National Forest System lands or recycles the water for continued

use. If the equipment recycles the water, provide adequate filters for seed removal. Dispose of the filter material and removed seeds in an approved manner. Do not mix soaps, detergents, or other chemicals with the wash water.

For work at a commercial washing facility, use an approved facility.

171.05 Washing. Wash the sides, tops, and undercarriages of all construction equipment. Remove all seeds, plants, plant fragments, dirt, and debris from the construction equipment.

171.06 Inspection. Inspect the washed construction equipment, including the undercarriage, to ensure that the washing removed the dirt, debris, and seeds from the construction equipment. Rewash the construction equipment as necessary or as directed.

171.07 Acceptance. Weed prevention will be evaluated under Subsection 106.02.

Measurement

171.08 Do not measure weed prevention for payment.

Payment

171.09 Include all costs associated with the Section 171-Weed Prevention in the unit price for Section 151-Mobilization.

201 - Clearing and Grubbing

201.00_nat_us_08_05_2009

201.02 Material:

Delete Tree wound dressing material reference.

201.03 General.

Delete the last sentence.

201.04 Clearing.

Delete the last sentence of (d).

201.01_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.01 Description

Replace with the following

This work consists of clearing and grubbing within clearing limits and other designated areas.

201.04_nat_us_02_22_2005

201.04 Clearing. (c)

Delete paragraph (c) and replace with the following:

> (c) In areas outside the excavation, embankment, and slope rounding limits, cut stumps to within 12 inches or one-third of the stump diameter of the ground, whichever is higher, measured on the side adjacent to the highest ground. For timber sales, stump heights will meet the requirements of the Timber Sale contract.

201.04 Clearing.

Delete subsection (d) and replace with the following:

(d) Do not cut vegetation less than 3 feet tall and less than 3 inches in diameter, that is within the clearing limits but beyond the roadway and not in a decking area, and that does not interfere with sight distance along the road.

Add the following:

(e) Trim branches of remaining trees or shrubs to give a clear height of 14 feet above the roadbed unless otherwise indicated. Trim tree limbs as near flush with the trunk as practicable.

(f) Remove brush from log decks. Deck logs so that logs are piled parallel to one another; can be removed by standard log loading equipment; will not damage standing trees; will not interfere with drainage, and will not roll. Keep logs in log decks free of brush and soil.

201.04_nat_us_03_03_2005

201.04 Clearing.

Add the following:

Utilization standards for merchantable timber are listed below. Fall and buck merchantable material into lengths not to exceed __40___ feet. Pieces (logs) meet utilization standards when such pieces would have met Utilization Standards if bucking lengths were varied to include such material.

Minimum Utilization Standards

Length	Diameter (Inside Bark) at Small End	__40___% Net Scale in % of Gross Scale
__12__feet	_____6_____inches	

201.06_nat_us_02_18_2005

201.06 Disposal.

Delete the first sentence of this subsection and substitute the following:

Dispose of merchantable timber designated for removal according to the provisions of the timber sale contract.

201.06_nat_us_11_09_2005

201.06 Disposal

Delete the first sentence of this paragraph and substitute the following:

Limb and deck logs that meet utilization standards at locations approved by the CO or otherwise designated. Deck logs according to 201.04 (f).

201.06_nat_us_11_04_2004

201.06 Disposal.

Delete the first sentence of this subsection and substitute the following:

Merchantable timber removed from Forest Service land is subject to the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990 (PL 101-382; 104 Stat. 714-726; 16 USC 620 et. seq.). Do not export timber from the United States or use in direct or indirect substitution for unprocessed timber exported from the United States, from private lands by Purchaser, or any person as defined in Section 493 (16 USC 620e) of the Act.

Unless Forest Service determines that circumstances warrant a written waiver or adjustment, (1) hammer brand all products on both ends with an assigned contract brand before removal from the project site, (2) hammer brand each product exempt from domestic processing on both ends with an exempt brand registered for use on exempt logs from National Forest, and (3) paint all domestic processing products on both ends with 2 inch circle of yellow paint according to Interim Specification 2400-400 (available upon request). Paint or brand products before removing them from project site unless approved by the CO. Brands and yellow paint must remain on logs until they are processed.

Contractor may remanufacture logs into different log lengths as approved. Repaint or rebrand all remanufactured pieces. Pay all surveillance costs except that Forest Service may waive such payment if such costs are minor and part of normal remanufacturing operations.

203 - Removal of Structures and Obstructions

203.01_nat_us_02_25_2005

203.01 Description.

Delete and replace with the following:

This work consists of disposing of construction slash and debris, salvaging, removing, and disposing of buildings, fences, structures, pavements, culverts, utilities, curbs, sidewalks, and other obstructions.

203.05_nat_us_02_18_2005

203.05 Disposing of Material.

Add the following:

(e) Windrowing Construction Slash. Place construction slash outside the roadway in neat, compacted windrows approximately parallel to and along the toeline of embankment slopes. Do not permit the top of the windrows to extend above subgrade. Use construction equipment to matt down all material in a windrow to form a compact and uniform pile. Construct breaks of at least 15 feet at least every 200 feet in a windrow. Do not place windrows against trees. Obtain approval for pioneer roads. A pioneer road may be constructed to provide an area for placement of windrows, provided the excavated material is kept within the clearing limits and does not adversely affect the road construction.

(f) Scattering. Scatter construction slash outside the clearing limits without damaging trees. Limb all logs. Place logs and stumps away from trees, positioned so they will not roll, and are not on top of one another. Limb and scatter other construction slash to reduce slash concentrations.

(g) Chipping or Grinding. Use an approved chipping machine to grind slash and stumps greater than 3 inches in diameter and longer than 3 feet. Deposit chips or ground woody material on embankment slopes or outside the roadway to a loose depth less than 6 inches. Minor amounts of chips or ground woody material may be permitted within the roadway if they are thoroughly mixed with soil and do not form a layer.

(h) Debris Mat. Use tree limbs, tops, cull logs, split stumps, wood chunks, and other debris to form a mat upon which construction equipment is operated. Place stumps upside down and blend stumps into the mat.

(i) Decking Firewood Material. Remove brush from decks. Limb and deck logs that do not meet Utilization Standards according to Subsection 201.04 as directed by the CO. Cut logs to lengths less than 30 feet. Ensure that logs stacks are stable and free of brush and soil.

(j) Removal to designated locations. Remove construction slash to designated locations.

(k) Piling. Pile construction slash in designated areas. Place and construct piles so that if the piles are burned, the burning will not damage remaining trees. Keep piles free of dirt from stumps. Cut unmerchantable logs into lengths of less than 20 feet.

(l) Placing Slash on Embankment Slopes. Place construction slash on completed embankment slopes to reduce soil erosion. Place construction slash as flat as practicable on the completed slope. Do not place slash closer than 2 feet below subgrade. Priority for use of available slash is for: (1) through fills; (2) insides of curves; and (3) ditch relief outlets.

(m) Hydrological Sensitive Placement. Where required use this method in combination with other designated methods to dispose of material to reduce erosion and to aid in re-vegetation:

1. Place windrow segments on contours, wrap in type I geotextile.
2. Place logs as log erosion barriers on contours. Place logs so that 80% of their length is on the ground surface.
3. Scatter slash on bare or disturbed areas within or outside the clearing limits as directed.
4. Scatter chips or ground woody material on bare or disturbed areas within or outside the clearing limits as directed.

Place stumps in swales or on sites to form planting pockets. Place windrow segments on contours, wrap in type I geotextile.

204 - Excavation and Embankment

204.00_nat_us_03_26_2009

Replace Section 204 in its entirety with the following:

Description

204.01 This work consists of excavating material and constructing embankments. This includes furnishing, hauling, stockpiling, placing, disposing, sloping, shaping, compacting, and finishing earthen and rocky material.

204.02 Definitions.

(a) Excavation. Excavation consists of the following:

(1) Roadway excavation. All material excavated from within the right-of-way or easement areas, except subexcavation covered in (2) below and structure excavation covered in Sections 208 and 209. Roadway excavation includes all material encountered regardless of its nature or characteristics.

(2) Subexcavation. Material excavated from below subgrade elevation in cut sections or from below the original groundline in embankment sections. Subexcavation does not include the work required by Subsections 204.05, 204.06(b), and 204.06(c).

(3) Borrow excavation. Material used for embankment construction that is obtained from outside the roadway prism. Borrow excavation includes unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping.

(b) Embankment construction. Embankment construction consists of placing and compacting roadway or borrow excavation. This work includes:

(1) Preparing foundation for embankment;
(2) Constructing roadway embankments;
(3) Benching for side-hill embankments;
(4) Constructing dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms; and
(5) Backfilling subexcavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions.

(c) Conserved topsoil. Excavated material conserved from the roadway excavation and embankment foundation areas that is suitable for growth of grass, cover crops, or native vegetation.

(d) Waste. Excess and unsuitable roadway excavation and subexcavation that cannot be used.

Material

204.03 Conform to the following Subsections:

Backfill material	704.03
Select borrow	704.07
Select topping	704.08
Topping	704.05
Unclassified borrow	704.06
Water	725.01

Construction Requirements

204.04 Preparation for Roadway Excavation and Embankment Construction. Clear the area of vegetation and obstructions according to Sections 201 and 203.

204.05 Reserved.

204.06 Roadway Excavation. Excavate as follows:

(a) General. Do not disturb material and vegetation outside the construction limits. Incorporate only suitable material into embankments. Replace any shortage of suitable material caused by premature disposal of roadway excavation. Dispose of unsuitable or excess excavation material according to Subsection 204.14.

At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the work area to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

Retrieve material deposited outside of the clearing limits as directed by the CO. Place unsuitable material in designated areas.

(b) Rock cuts. Blast rock according to Section 205. Excavate rock cuts to 6 inches below subgrade within the roadbed limits. Backfill to subgrade with topping or with other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11

(c) Earth cuts. Scarify earth cuts to 6 inches below subgrade within the roadbed limits. Compact the scarified material according to Subsection 204.11.

(d) Pioneer Roads. Road pioneering, slash disposal, and grubbing of stumps may proceed concurrently with excavation. Conduct excavation and placement operations so material to be treated under Section 201 will not be incorporated into the roadway unless specified in the slash treatment method. Maintain drainage during pioneering operations.

Remove snow and ice in advance of the work and deposit beyond the roadway limits in a manner that will not waste material or generate sediment. Do not incorporate snow and ice into embankments. Place snow or ice in a manner to prevent resource damage.

204.07 Subexcavation. Excavate material to the limits designated by the CO. Take cross-sections according to Section 152. Prevent unsuitable material from becoming mixed with the backfill. Dispose of unsuitable material according to Subsection 204.14. Backfill the subexcavation with topping, or other suitable material. Compact the material according to Subsection 204.11.

204.08 Borrow Excavation. Use all suitable roadway excavation in embankment construction. Do not use borrow excavation when it results in excess roadway excavation. Deduct excess borrow excavation from the appropriate borrow excavation quantity.

Obtain borrow source acceptance according to Subsection 105.02. Develop and restore borrow sources according to Subsection 105.03. Do not excavate beyond the established limits. When applicable, shape the borrow source to permit accurate measurements when excavation is complete.

204.09 Preparing Foundation for Embankment Construction. Prepare foundation for embankment construction as follows:

(a) Embankment less than 4 feet high over natural ground. When designated, remove topsoil and break up the ground surface to a minimum depth of 6 inches by plowing or scarifying. Compact the ground surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(b) Embankments over an existing asphalt, concrete, or gravel road surface. Scarify gravel roads to a minimum depth of 6 inches. Scarify or pulverize asphalt and concrete roads to 6 inches below the pavement. Reduce all particles to a maximum size of 6 inches and produce a uniform material. Compact the surface according to Subsection 204.11.

(c) Embankment across ground not capable of supporting equipment. Dump successive loads of embankment material in a uniformly distributed layer to construct the lower portion of the embankment. Limit the layer thickness to the minimum depth necessary to support the equipment.

(d) Embankment on an existing slope steeper than 1V:3H. Cut horizontal benches in the existing slope to a sufficient width to accommodate placement and compaction operations and equipment. Bench the slope as the embankment is placed and compacted in layers. Begin each bench at the intersection of the original ground and the vertical cut of the previous bench.

204.10 Embankment Construction. Incorporate only suitable roadway excavation material into the embankment. When the supply of suitable roadway excavation is exhausted, furnish unclassified borrow to complete the embankment. Obtain written approval before beginning construction of embankments over 6 feet high at subgrade centerline. Construct embankments as follows:

(a) General. At the end of each day's operations, shape to drain and compact the embankment surface to a uniform cross-section. Eliminate all ruts and low spots that could hold water.

During all stages of construction, route and distribute hauling and leveling equipment over the width and length of each layer of material.

Compact embankment side slopes flatter than 1V:1.75H with a tamping type roller or by walking with a dozer. For slopes 1V:1.75H or steeper, compact the slopes as construction of the embankment progresses.

Where placing embankment on one side of abutments, wing walls, piers, or culvert headwalls, compact the material using methods that prevent excessive pressure against the structure.

Where placing embankment material on both sides of a concrete wall or box structure, conduct operations so compacted embankment material is at the same elevation on both sides of the structure.

Where structural pilings are placed in embankment locations, limit the maximum particle size to 4 inches.

(b) Embankment within the roadway prism. Place embankment material in horizontal layers not exceeding 12 inches in compacted thickness. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 12-inch layers by reducing them in size or placing them individually as required by (c) below. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

Material composed predominately of boulders or rock fragments too large for 12-inch layers may be placed in layers up to 24 inches thick. Incorporate oversize boulders or rock fragments into the 24-inch layer by reducing them in size or placing them individually according to (c) below. Place sufficient earth and smaller rocks to fill the voids. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(c) Individual rock fragments and boulders. Place individual rock fragments and boulders greater than 24 inches in diameter as follows:

(1) Reduce rock to less than 48 inches in the largest dimension.

(2) Distribute rock within the embankment to prevent nesting.

(3) Place layers of embankment material around each rock to a depth not greater than that permitted by (b) above. Fill all the voids between rocks.

(4) Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11 before placing the next layer.

(d) Embankment outside of roadway prism. Where placing embankment outside the staked roadway prism, place material in horizontal layers not exceeding 24 inches in compacted thickness. Compact each layer according to Subsection 204.11.

204.11 Compaction. Compact the embankment using one of the following methods as specified:

(a) <u>Compaction A.</u> Use AASHTO T 27 to determine the amount of material retained on a Number 4 sieve. If there is more than 80 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (1).

If there is 50 to 80 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (2). If there is less than 50 percent retained on the No. 4 sieve use procedure (3).

(1) Adjust the moisture content to a level suitable for compaction. Fill the interstices around rock with earth or other fine material as practical. Use compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6feet per second and vibratory rollers at speeds less than 3 feet per second. Compact each layer of material full width with one of the following and until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.

(a) Four roller passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 40,000 pounds impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1000 vibrations per minute.
(b) Eight roller passes of a 20-ton compression-type roller.
(c) Eight roller passes of a vibratory roller having a minimum dynamic force of 30,000 pounds impact per vibration and a minimum frequency of 1000 vibrations per minute.

Increase the compactive effort for layers deeper than 12 inches as follows:

- For each additional 6 inches or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (a) above by four passes.
- For each additional 6 inches or fraction thereof, increase the number of roller passes in (b) and (c) above, by eight passes.

(2) Use AASHTO T 99 to determine the optimum moisture content of the portion of the material passing a No. 4 sieve. Multiply this number by the percentage of material passing a No. 4 sieve, and add 2 percent to determine the optimum moisture content of the material. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-1 through A-5 to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-6 and A-7 to within 2 percent of the optimum moisture content.

Use compression-type rollers at speeds less than 6 feet per second and vibratory rollers at speeds less than 3 feet per second. Compact each layer of material full width according to (1) above.

(3) Classify the material according to AASHTO M 145. For material classified A-1 or A-2-4, determine the maximum density according to AASHTO T 180, method D. For other material classifications, determine the optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99, method C.

Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-1 through A-5 to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Adjust the moisture content of material classified A-6 and A-7 to within 2 percent of the optimum moisture content.

Use compression-type or vibratory rollers. Compact each layer of material full width to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in-place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures. When required, use AASHTO T 224 to correct for coarse particles.

(b) Compaction B. Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Adjust the moisture content of the material to obtain a mass that will not visibly deflect under the load of the hauling and spreading equipment. Operate compaction equipment over the full width of each layer until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation or, if when a sheepsfoot roller is used, the roller "walks out" of the layer. Make at least three complete passes.

(c) Compaction C. Place material by end dumping to the minimum depth needed for operation of spreading equipment. Level and smooth each embankment layer before placing the next layers. Operate hauling and spreading equipment uniformly over the full width of each layer. Construct a solid embankment with adequate compaction by working smaller rock and fines in with the larger rocks to fill the voids, and by operating hauling and spreading equipment uniformly over the full width of each layer as the embankment is constructed.

204.12 Ditches. Slope, grade, and shape ditches. Remove all projecting roots, stumps, rock, or similar matter. Maintain all ditches in an open condition and free from leaves, sticks, and other debris.

Form furrow ditches by plowing or using other acceptable methods to produce a continuous furrow. Place all excavated material on the downhill side so the bottom of the ditch is approximately 18 inches below the crest of the loose material. Clean the ditch using a hand shovel, ditcher, or other suitable method. Shape to provide drainage without overflow.

204.13 Sloping, Shaping, and Finishing. Complete slopes, ditches, culverts, riprap, and other underground minor structures before placing aggregate courses. Slope, shape, and finish as follows:

(a) Sloping. Leave all earth slopes with uniform roughened surfaces, except as described in (b) below, with no noticeable break as viewed from the road. Except in solid rock, round tops and bottoms of all slopes including the slopes of drainage ditches. Round material overlaying solid rock to the extent practical. Scale all rock slopes. Slope rounding is not required on tolerance class D though M roads.

If a slide or slipout occurs on a cut or embankment slope, remove or replace the material, and repair or restore all damage to the work. Bench or key the slope to stabilize the slide. Reshape the cut or embankment slope to an acceptable condition.

(b) Stepped slopes. Where required by the contract, construct steps on slopes of 1⅓V:1H to 1V:2H. Construct the steps approximately 18 inches high. Blend the steps into natural ground at the end of the cut. If the slope contains nonrippable rock outcrops, blend steps into the rock. Remove loose material found in transitional area. Except for removing large rocks that may fall, scaling stepped slopes is not required.

(c) Shaping. Shape the subgrade to a smooth surface and to the cross-section required. Shape slopes to gradually transition into slope adjustments without noticeable breaks. At the ends of

cuts and at intersections of cuts and embankments, adjust slopes in the horizontal and vertical planes to blend into each other or into the natural ground.

(d) Finishing. Finish the roadbed to be smooth and uniform, and shaped to conform to the typical sections. Remove unsuitable material from the roadbed and replace it with suitable material. Finish roadbeds to the tolerance class shown in table 204-2.Ensure that the subgrade is visibly moist during shaping and dressing. Scarify to 6 inches below the bottom of low sections, holes, cracks, or depressions and bring back to grade with suitable material. Maintain proper ditch drainage.

For surfaced roads, remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed.

For unsurfaced roads, use one of the following methods to finish the roadbed:

(1) Method A. Remove all material larger than 6 inches from the top 6 inches of the roadbed and replace with suitable material.
(2) Method B. Use a vibratory grid roller or approved equal with a minimum weight of 10 tons. Roll at least 5 full-width passes or until there is no visible evidence of further consolidation.
(3) Method C. For roads designated as Construction Tolerance Class K, L, or M, finish the roadbed by spreading the excavation. Eliminate rock berms.

204.14 Disposal of Unsuitable or Excess Material. Dispose of unsuitable or excess material at designated sites or legally off of the project.

When there is a pay item for waste, shape and compact the waste material in its final location. Do not mix clearing or other material not subject to payment with the waste material.

204.15 Acceptance. See Table 204-1 for sampling and testing requirements.

Material for embankment and conserved topsoil will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Excavation and embankment construction will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Clearing and removal of obstructions will be evaluated under Sections 201 and 203.

Measurement

204.16 Measure the Section 204 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02 and the following as applicable.

(a) Roadway excavation. Measure roadway excavation in its original position as follows:

(1) Include the following volumes in roadway excavation:
(a) Roadway prism excavation;

(b) Rock material excavated and removed from below subgrade in cut sections;
(c) Unsuitable material below subgrade and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for subexcavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
(d) Ditches, except furrow ditches measured under a separate bid item;
*(e*Topsoil;
(f) Borrow material used in the work when a pay item for borrow is not shown in the bid schedule;
(g) Loose scattered rocks removed and placed as required within the roadway;
(h) Conserved material taken from stockpiles and used in Section 204 work; and
(i) Slide and slipout material not attributable to the Contractor's method of operation.

(2) Do not include the following in roadway excavation:
(a) Overburden and other spoil material from borrow sources;
(b) Overbreakage from the backslope in rock excavation;
(c) Water or other liquid material;
(d) Material used for purposes other than required;
(e) Roadbed material scarified in place and not removed;
(f) Material excavated when stepping cut slopes;
(g) Material excavated when rounding cut slopes;
(h) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
(i) Material excavated when benching for embankments;
(j) Slide or slipout material attributable to the Contractor's method of operation;
(k) Conserved material taken from stockpiles constructed at the option of the Contractor; and
(l) Material excavated outside the established slope limits.

(3) When both roadway excavation and embankment construction pay items are shown in the bid schedule, measure the following as roadway excavation only:
(a) Unsuitable material below subgrade in cuts and unsuitable material beneath embankment areas when a pay item for subexcavation is not shown in the bid schedule;
(b) Slide and slipout material not attributable to the Contractor’s method of operations; and
(c) Drainage ditches, channel changes, and diversion ditches.

(b) Unclassified borrow, select borrow, and select topping. When measuring by the cubic yard measure in its original position. If borrow excavation is measured by the cubic yard in place, take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping overburden. Upon completion of excavation and after the borrow source waste material is returned to the source, retake cross-sections before replacing the overburden.
Do not measure borrow excavation used in place of excess roadway excavation.

(c) Embankment construction. Measure embankment construction in its final position. Do not make deductions from the embankment construction quantity for the volume of minor structures.

(1) Include the following volumes in embankment construction:
(a) Roadway embankments;
(b) Material used to backfill subexcavated areas, holes, pits, and other depressions;
(c) Material used to restore obliterated roadbeds to original contours; and
(d) Material used for dikes, ramps, mounds, and berms.

(2) Do not include the following in embankment construction:
(a) Preparing foundations for embankment construction;
(b) Adjustments for subsidence or settlement of the embankment or of the foundation on which the embankment is placed; and
(c) Material used to round fill slopes.

(d) Rounding cut slopes. Measure rounding cut slopes horizontally along the centerline of the roadway if a pay item for slope rounding is included in the bid schedule. If a pay item for slope rounding is not included in the bid schedule slope rounding will be considered subsidiary to excavation.

(e) Waste. Measure waste by the cubic yard in its final position. Take initial cross-sections of the ground surface after stripping over burden. Upon completion of the waste placement, retake cross-sections before replacing overburden.

(f) Slope scaling. Measure slope scaling by the cubic yard in the hauling vehicle.

Payment

204.17 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 204 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

Table 204-1
Sampling and Testing Requirements

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Topping (704.05) & unclassified borrow (704.06)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type	Processed material before incorporating in work	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D[1] or T 99, method C[1]	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per [illegible]	"	"	"
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 6000 yd^2 but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer
Select borrow (704.07 & Select topping (704.08)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type but not less than 1 for each day of production	Processed material before incorporating	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Gradation	—	AASHTO T 27	"	"	"	"
		Liquid limit	—	AASHTO T 89	"	"	"	"
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D[1] or T 99, method C[1]	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per [illegible]	"	"	"
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 6000 yd^2 but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor

Table 204-1 (continued)
Sampling and Testing Requirements

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Earth embankment (204.11, Compaction A)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Classification	—	AASHTO M 145	1 per soil type	Source of Material	Yes, when requested	Before using in work
		Moisture-density	—	AASHTO T 180, method D(1) or T 99, method C(1)	1 per soil type but not less than 1 per 13,000 yd^3	"	"	"
		Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 3500 yd^2 but not less than 1 per layer	In-place	—	Before placing next layer
Top of subgrade (204.11 Compaction A)	Measured and tested for conformance (106.04)	Compaction	—	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 2500 yd^2	In-place	—	Before placing next layer

(1) Minimum of 5 points per proctor.

Table 204-2
Construction Tolerances

	Tolerance Class [(a)]												
	A	**B**	**C**	**D**	**E**	**F**	**G**	**H**	**I**	**J**	**K**	**L**	**M**
Roadbed width (ft)	+0.5	+0.5	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.0	+1.5	+1.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0	+2.0
Subgrade elevation (ft)	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±2.0	±3.0	(c)
Centerline alignment (ft)	±0.2	±0.2	±0.5	±0.5	±1.0	±1.0	±1.5	±1.5	±2.0	±3.0	±3.0	±5.0	(c)
Slopes, excavation, and embankment (% slope[(b)])	±3	±5	±5	±5	±5	±5	±10	±10	±10	±10	±20	±20	±20

(a) Maximum allowable deviation from construction stakes and drawings.
(b) Maximum allowable deviation from staked slope measured from slope stakes or hinge points.
(c) Unless otherwise shown the centerline alignment and subgrade elevation, as built, have no horizontal curves with a radius of less than 80 feet, and no vertical curves with a curve length of less than 80 feet when the algebraic difference in the grade change is less than 10 percent, or a curve length of less than 100 feet when the algebraic difference of the grade change is greater than or equal to 10 percent. The centerline grade is not to exceed 20 percent in 100 feet of length.

209 - Structure Excavation and Backfill

209.10_nat_us_10_23_2007

209.10 Backfill.

(a) General.

Add the following:

Replace any pipe that is distorted by more than 5 percent of nominal dimensions, or that is ruptured or broken.

Do not place or backfill pipe that meets any of the following conditions until the excavation and foundation have been approved in writing by the CO:

- Embankment height greater than 6 feet at subgrade centerline.
- Installation in a protected streamcourse.
- Round pipe with a diameter of 48 inches or greater.
- Pipe arches with a span of 50 inches or greater.
- Any box culvert of structure other than pipe culverts.

(b) Pipe culverts.

(1) Pipe culverts with compacted backfill.

Add the following:

Excavate an area on each side of the pipe as needed to effectively achieve compaction requirements. Backfill without damaging or displacing the pipe. Complete backfilling of the trench with suitable material.

209.11_nat_us_02_24_2005

209.11 Compacting.

Delete the subsection and add the following:

Compact backfill using designated compaction method A, B, or C:

Method A. Ensure that backfill density exceeds the density of the surrounding embankment.

Method B. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact each layer using appropriate compaction equipment until visual displacement ceases. For compaction under sections 252, 254, 255, 257, 258 and 262 compact with a vibratory steel wheeled roller with a mass of at least 8 tons.

Method C. Determine optimum moisture content and maximum density according to AASHTO T 99 method C. Adjust the moisture content of the backfill material to a moisture content suitable for compaction. Compact material placed in all layers to at least 95 percent of the maximum density. Determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

Table 209-1 Sampling and Testing Requirements

Add the following:

(2) Compaction methods (A) and (B) do not require AASHTO T-99 or T-310 test methods for foundation fill.

251 - Riprap

251.03_nat_us_08_05_2009

Construction Requirements

251.03 General.

Add the following:

Place riprap under or adjacent to structures before placing prefabricated superstructure units or constructing superstructure falsework unless otherwise approved by the CO.

251.08 Measurement.

Add the following:

Payment for excavation and embankment required for placement of riprap is indirectly included in the pay item for riprap.

301 - Untreated Aggregate Courses

301.00_nat_us_03_03_2005

301 Title Change.

Change the title to: **Section 301 Aggregate Courses**

301.01_nat_us_03_03_2005

301.01 Work.

Add the following:

Work includes producing aggregate by pit-run, grid rolling, screening, or crushing methods, or placing Government-furnished aggregate. Work may include additive mineral filler, or binder.

301.02_nat_us_05_16_2005

301.02 Material.

Add the following:

Bentonite	725.30
Calcium Chloride Flake	725.02
Lignon Sulfonate	725.20
Magnesium Chloride Brine or Calcium Chloride Liquid	725.02

301.03_nat_us_02_28_2013

301.03 General.

Add the following:

Written approval of the roadbed is required before placing aggregate.

For pit run or grid-rolled material, furnish material smaller than the maximum size. No gradation other than maximum size will be required for pit-run or grid-rolled material. For grid rolling, use all suitable material that can be reduced to maximum size. After processing on the road, remove all oversize material from the road and dispose of it as directed by the CO.

Provide additives or binder, if required, at the proportions specified.

Develop and use Government furnished sources according to Section 105.

If the aggregate is produced and stockpiled before placement, handle and stockpiled according to Section 320. Establish stockpile sites at locations approved. Clear and grub stockpile sites according to Section 201.

301.04 Mixing and Spreading.

Delete the first sentence of the first paragraph and add the following:

Ensure that aggregate and any required additives, water, mineral filler, and binder are mixed by the specified method except, if crushed aggregate products are being produced and mineral filler, binder, or additives are required, uniformly blend following crushing. Control additive proportions to 0.5 percent dry weight.

(a) Stationary Plant Method. Mix the aggregate with other required materials in an approved mixer. Add water during the mixing operation in the amount necessary to provide the moisture content for compacting to the specified density. After mixing, transport the aggregate to the jobsite while it contains the proper moisture content, and place it on the roadbed or base course using an aggregate spreader.

(b) Travel Plant Method. After placing the aggregate for each layer with an aggregate spreader or windrow-sizing device, uniformly mix it with other required materials using a traveling mixing plant. During mixing, add water to provide the necessary moisture content for compacting.

(c) Road Mix Method. After placing the aggregate for each layer, mix it with other required materials at the required moisture content until the mixture is uniform throughout. Mix aggregate, water, and all other materials until a uniform distribution is obtained.

Spread the aggregate in a uniform layer, with no segregation of size, and to a loose depth that will provide the required compacted thickness.

When placing aggregate over geotextile, place aggregate in a single lift to the full depth specified.

Route and distribute hauling and leveling equipment over the width and length of each layer.

301.05 Compacting

Delete and replace with the following:

Compact each layer full width. Roll from the sides to the center, parallel to the centerline of the road. Along curbs, headers, walls, and all places not accessible to the roller, compact the material with approved tampers or compactors.

Compact the aggregate using one of the following methods as specified:

> **Compaction A**. Operate spreading and hauling equipment over the full width of the travelway.

Compaction B. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction C. Moisten or dry the aggregate to a uniform moisture content between 5 and 7 percent based on total dry weight of the mixture. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction D. Compact to a density of at least 95 percent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 99, method C or D.

Compaction E. Removed.

Compaction F. Compact to a density of at least 95 per-cent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 180, method C or D.

Compaction G. Removed.

For all compaction methods, blade the surface of each layer during the compaction operations to remove irregularities and produce a smooth, even surface. When a density requirement is specified, determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

301.05_nat_us_05_17_2005

301.05 Compacting

Delete and replace with the following:

Compact each layer full width. Roll from the sides to the center, parallel to the centerline of the road. Along curbs, headers, walls, and all places not accessible to the roller, compact the material with approved tampers or compactors.

Compact the aggregate using one of the following methods as specified:

Compaction A. Operating spreading and hauling equipment over the full width of the travelway.

Compaction B. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction C. Moisten or dry the aggregate to a uniform moisture content between 5 and 7 percent based on total dry weight of the mixture. Operate rollers and compact as specified in Subsection 204.11(a)(1).

Compaction D. Compact to a density of at least 95 percent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 99, method C or D.

Compaction E. Compact to a density of at least 96 percent of the maximum density, as determined by the Modified Marshall Hammer Compaction Method (available upon request from USDA Forest Service, Regional Materials Engineering Center, P.O. Box 7669, Missoula, MT 59807).

Compaction F. Compact to a density of at least 95 per-cent of the maximum density, as determined by AASHTO T 180, method C or D.

Compaction G. Compact to a density of at least 100 percent of the maximum density as determined by the Modified Marshall Hammer Compaction Method (available upon request from USDA Forest Service, Regional Materials Engineering Center, P.O. Box 7669, Missoula, MT 59807).

For all compaction methods, blade the surface of each layer during the compaction operations to remove irregularities and produce a smooth, even surface. When a density requirement is specified, determine the in place density and moisture content according to AASHTO T 310 or other approved test procedures.

301.06_nat_us_03_03_2005

301.06 Surface Tolerance.

Add the following:

Thickness and Width requirements:

The maximum variation from the compacted specified thickness is ½ inch. The compacted thickness is not consistently above or below the specified thickness and the average thickness of 4 random measurements for any ½ mile of road segment is within + ¼ inch of the specified thickness.

The maximum variation from the specified width will not exceed +12 inches at any point. The compacted width is not consistently above the specified width and the average of any four random measurements along any ½ mile of road segment is within +4 inches of the specified width.

Table 301-1: Add the following:

Table 301-1—Acceptance Sampling and Testing Requirements.

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Subbase & Base Courses L, M, N, O, P, Q, R	Measured and tested conformance (Subsection 106.04)	Plastic Limit	-	AASHTO T 90	1 per each 1,000 T	From the windrow or roadbed after processing	Yes	4 Hours

Table 301-1—Acceptance Sampling and Testing Requirements.

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Aggregate Width	Measured and tested conformance (Subsection 106.04)	Width	-	-	4 per each 0.5 mi	Roadbed after processing	-	4 Hours
Aggregate Thickness	Measured and tested conformance (Subsection 106.04)	Thickness	-	-	4 per each 0.5 mi	Roadbed after processing	-	4 Hours
Additive	Measured and tested conformance (Subsection 106.04)	Amount of Additive	-		1 per each 1,000 T	From the windrow or roadbed after processing	No	4 Hours

Table 301-1 Field Density Requirements.

Table 301-1: Delete laboratory and field density requirements for base, subbase, and surfacing and replace with the following:

Material or Product	Type of Acceptance (Subsection)	Characteristic	Category	Test Methods Specifications	Sampling Frequency	Point of Sampling	Split Sample	Reporting Time
Base and Subbase	Measured and tested conformance (Subsection 106.04)	Moisture Density	---					
		Method C	---	AASHTO T 99	1 per type and source of material	Source of material	Yes	Before using in work
			---		"	"	"	"
		Method D	---	AASHTO T 180	"	"	"	"
			---		"	"	"	"
		Compaction	---					
		Method C, D	---	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 500 t	In-place	---	Before placing the next layer
Surfacing	Measured and tested conformance (Subsection 106.04)	Moisture Density						
			---		"	"	"	Before using in work
		Method D	---	AASHTO T 180	"	"	"	"
			---		"	"	"	"
		Compaction						
		Method C, D	---	AASHTO T 310 or other approved procedures	1 per 500 t	In-place	---	Before placing the next layer

301.08_nat_us_03_30_2005

301.08(b) Plasticity Index.

Add the following to the first sentence:

"and under 703.05(c)(1)".

301.09_nat_us_07_07_2005

301.09 Measurement.

Replace the second paragraph with the following:

Measure aggregate by cubic yard compacted in place when payment is by contract quantities.

301.10_nat_us_03_03_2005

301.10 Payment

Delete the following:

adjusted according to Subsection 106.05

602 - Culverts and Drains

602.03_nat_us_09_06_2005

602.03 General.

Add the following:

Ensure that the final installed alignment of all pipe allows no reverse grades, and does not permit horizontal and vertical alignments to vary from a straight line drawn from center of inlet to center of outlet by more than 2 percent of pipe center length or 1.0 feet, whichever is less.

602.06_nat_us_08_05_2009

602.06 Laying Plastic Pipe.

Delete the second paragraph and substitute the following:

Provide soil-tight bell and spigot joints for plastic pipe culverts.

625 - Turf Establishment

625.03 General.

Delete this subsection and replace with the following:

Apply turf establishment to prepared ground or any disturbed area between ***09/01*** and ***10/31***. Apply turf establishment to the areas shown on the plans or worklists within ***7*** days after completion of ground disturbing activities. Unless otherwise specified in writing by the CO apply turf establishment after each ***2,000*** foot section of road has been constructed to template lines. Seeded areas damaged by construction activities shall be reseeded within 10 days of the damage. Do not seed during windy weather or when the ground is excessively wet, frozen, or snow covered.

Assure that all seed and mulch used in the work conforms to the weed free requirements of Section 713.

625.04 Preparing Seedbed.

Delete entire subsection and replace with the following:

Ensure that the surface soil is in a roughened condition favorable for germination and growth.

625.05 Watering

Delete entire subsection.

625.06 Fertilizing.

Delete entire subsection and replace with the following:

Apply fertilizer having a chemical analysis as listed below by the following methods.

(a) Dry Method. Apply the fertilizer with approved mechanical equipment. Hand operated methods are satisfactory on areas inaccessible to mechanical equipment.

(b) Hydraulic method. Use hydraulic-type equipment capable of providing a uniform application using water as the carrying agent. Add fertilizer to the slurry and mix before adding seed. Add the tracer material when designated by the CO.

Fertilizer. Apply fertilizer at the rate of ***XXXX*** pounds per acre. Insure that the fertilizer meets the following chemical analysis:

Nutrient	Percent
Nitrogen, N	***XXXXXX***
Phosphorus, $P_2 0_5$	***XXXXXX***
Potassium, K	***XXXXXX***

625.07 Seeding.

Delete the first sentence and add the following.

Apply seed mix by the following methods**:**

(a) Dry method. Delete the third sentence.

Add the following after subsection (b).

Seed Mix. Furnish and apply the following kinds and amounts of pure live seed:

Type of Seed	Quantity of Pure Live Seed (Lbs/Acre)
1. Government Furnished	15 Lbs / Acre
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
Total	15-30 Lbs

Determine the pounds of seed to be furnished per acre by dividing the pounds of pure live seed required per acre by the product of the percent purity and percent germination.

625.08 Mulching.

Delete the entire subsection and replace with the following:

Apply Mulch within ***24*** hours after seeding by the following methods.

(a) Dry Method. Apply mulch with a hand spreader or a spreader utilizing forced air at a rate of ***4,000*** pounds per acre. Anchor the mulch with an approved stabilizing emulsion tackifier at a rate of ***N/A*** gallons per acre. Do not mark or deface structure, pavements, utilities, or plant growth with tackifier.

(b) Hydraulic Method. Apply mulch in a separate application from the seed using hydraulic-type equipment according to Subsection 625.07(b).

Apply wood fiber or grass straw cellulose fiber mulch at a rate of ***N/A*** pounds per acre.

Apply bonded fiber matrix hydraulic mulch at a minimum rate of ***N/A*** pounds per acre. Apply so no hole in the matrix is greater than 0.04 inches. Apply so that no gaps exist between the matrix and the soil.

Inaccessible areas may be mulched by hand. Apply mulch uniformly over the entire disturbed area.

625.09 Protecting and Caring for Seeded Areas

Delete the first sentence and add the following:

Protect and care for seeded areas until final acceptance.

625.11 Measurement.

Delete the entire Subsection and replace with the following:

Measure the Section 625 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02.

635 - Temporary Traffic Control

635.03_nat_us_05_13_2004

635.03 General.

Add the following:

Install temporary traffic control signs to temporary posts or approved temporary sign mounts.

651 – Development of Pits and Quarries

651.01 This work consists of clearing, grubbing, stripping topsoil, removing overburden, constructing access roads, conducting restoration activities, and performing other incidental work required for pit or quarry development.

Construction Requirements

651.02 General. Submit a plan of operations according to Section 105. Perform all work in accordance with Sections 105, 201, 203, 204, 625, and 635, landscape preservation requirements, and the approved pit and quarry development plan of operations. Perform the work in accordance with MSHA 30 CFR, part 56.

651.03 Acceptance. Developing pits and quarries will be evaluated under Subsections 106.02 and 106.04.

Measurement

651.04 Measure the Section 651 items listed in the bid schedule according to Subsection 109.02.

Payment

651.05 The accepted quantities will be paid at the contract price per unit of measurement for the Section 651 pay items listed in the bid schedule. Payment will be full compensation for the work prescribed in this Section. See Subsection 109.05.

703 – Aggregate

Delete 703.05 and replace with the following:

703.05 Subbase, Base, Surface Course, and Screened Aggregate.

(a) Subbase or base aggregate. Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-2
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	25 max.
(3) Plastic limit, AASHTO T 90	Nonplastic
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	50% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(b) Surface course aggregate. Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of crushed stone, crushed slag, or crushed gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-3
(2) Liquid limit, AASHTO T 89	35 max.
(3) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90	
a) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is less than 12%	2 to 9
b) If the percent passing the No. 200 sieve is greater than 12%	Less than 2
(4) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	40% max.
(5) Sodium sulfate soundness loss (5 cycles), AASHTO T 104	12% max.
(6) Durability index (coarse), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(7) Durability index (fine), AASHTO T 210	35 min.
(8) Fractured faces, ASTM D 5821	75% min.
(9) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay	

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Do not furnish material that contains asbestos fibers.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary. Fine aggregate, material passing the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural or crushed sand and fine mineral particles.

(c) Screened aggregate – Furnish hard, durable particles or fragments of stone, slag, or gravel conforming the following:

(1) Gradation	Table 703-16
(2) Plastic Index, AASHTO T 90	Less than 9
(3) Los Angeles abrasion, AASHTO T 96	55% max.

(4) Free from organic matter and lumps or balls of clay.

Do not use material that breaks up when alternately frozen and thawed or wetted and dried.

Obtain the aggregate gradation by crushing, screening, and blending processes as necessary.

Delete Table 703-2 and replace with the following:

Table 703-2
Target Value Ranges for Subbase and Base Gradation

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)				
	Grading Designation				
	A (Subbase)	B (Subbase)	C (Base)	D (Base)	E (Base)
2½ inch	100				
2 inch	97 – 100	100	100		
1½ inch		97 – 100			
1 inch	65 – 79 (6)		80 – 100 (6)	100	
3/4 inch			64 – 94 (6)	86 – 100 (6)	100
1/2 inch	45 – 59 (7)				
3/8 inch			40 – 69 (6)	51 – 82 (6)	62 – 90 (6)
No. 4	28 – 42 (6)	40 – 60 (8)	31 – 54 (6)	36 – 64 (6)	36 – 74 (6)
No. 40	9 – 17 (4)			12 – 26 (4)	12 – 26 (4)
No. 200	4.0 – 8.0 (3)	4.0 – 12.0 (4)	4.0 –7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)	4.0 – 7.0 (3)

( ) The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values..

Delete Table 703-3 and replace with the following:

Table 703-3
Target Value Ranges for Surface Gradation

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)					
	Grading Designation					
	F	G	H	S	T	U
1 1/2 inch	100			100		
1 inch	97-100	100		72 – 92 (6)	100	
3/4 inch	76-89 (6)	97 - 100	97 - 100			100
1/2 inch					71 – 91 (6)	
3/8 inch	56-68 (6)	70 – 80 (6)	80 – 92 (6)	51 – 71 (6)		71 – 90 (6)
No. 4	43-53 (7)	51 – 63 (7)	58 – 70 (7)	36 – 53 (7)	43 – 60 (7)	50 – 68 (7)
No. 8				26 – 40 (6)	30 – 46 (6)	34 – 51 (6)
No. 16	23-32 (6)	28 – 39 (6)	28 – 40 (6)			
No. 40	15-23 (5)	19 – 27 (5)	16 – 26 (5)	14 – 25 (5)	16 – 28 (5)	19 – 30 (5)
No. 200	10.0-16.0 (4)	10.0 – 16.0 (4)	9.0 – 14.0 (4)	8.0 – 15.0 (4)	8.0 – 15.0 (4)	8.0 – 15.0 (4)

( ) The value in the parentheses is the allowable deviation (±) from the target values.
If the plasticity index (PI) is greater than 0, the TV range for the No. 200 sieve size is 8-12 (4).

Add Table 703-16:

Table 703-16

Gradation Requirements for Screened Aggregate

Sieve Size	Percent by Mass Passing Designated Sieve (AASHTO T 27 and T 11)						
	Grading Designation						
	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R
6 inch	100	100					
4 inch			100	100			
3 inch					100	100	
2 inch							100
No. 4		15-45		15-45		15-45	

713 - Roadside Improvement Material

713.05_nat_us_03_02_2005

713.05 Mulch.

Add the following:

Assure that mulch used on the project is certified noxious weed free by the appropriate authority in the jurisdiction of use.

718 - Traffic Signing and Marking Material

718.05_nat_us_08_05_2009

718.05 Aluminum Panels

Delete the third paragraph and replace with the following:

Clean, degrease and properly prepare the panels according to methods recommended by the sheeting manufacturer. Conversion coatings will conform to ASTM B-921 or ASTM B-449.

PART I – SCHEDULE OF ITEMS
SECTION B – SERVICES AND PRICES

Hy Wah Timber Sale, Road 2204070
Olympic National Forest
Pacific Ranger District
Clallam County, Washington

Rd. 2900015_1 MP 0.00 – 1.55

ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	QUAN-TITY	UNIT PRICE	TOTAL
15101	Mobilization	LS	1	$ 22,530.00	$ 22,530.00
15211	Construction Survey and Staking, Method I, Tolerance B	Mile	1.55	$ 12,600.00	$ 19,530.00
15401	Contractor Testing	LS	1	$ 5,930.00	$ 5,930.00
15713	Soil Erosion and Pollution Control	LS	1	$ 15,250.00	$ 15,250.00
20104	Clearing & Grubbing, disposal of tops & limbs F, logs F, stumps F	Acre	7	$ 3,600.00	$ 25,200.00
20401	Roadway Excavation, Compaction Method A, Finishing Method A	Cubic Yard	3500	$ 9.10	$ 31,850.00
20415	Unsuitable Excavation	Cubic Yard	28700	$ 7.20	$ 206,640.00
25101	Place Rip Rap, Class IV	Cubic Yard	55	$ 135.00	$ 7,425.00
30103	Aggregate Base, Grading C, Compaction Method C	Cubic Yard	1700	$ 13.25	$ 22,525.00
60201	18 In. Pipe Culvert	Foot	936	$ 32.75	$ 30,654.00
62530	Seeding and Mulching, Dry Method	Acre	7	$ 880.00	$ 6,160.00
65101	Development of Pits and Quarries	Each	1	$ 4,400.00	$ 4,400.00
	Road 2900015_1			Total	$ 398,094.00