

Table A1—Biophysical settings (BpS) covered by this Fire Regime Report and related data derived from LANDFIRE succession modeling. Terms are defined in the FEIS Glossary (<http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/glossary2.html>).

Region	Biophysical Setting name	BpS code	BpS URL	Fire regime group ^a	Fire interval ^b (years)	Replacement-severity fires ^c (%)	Mixed-severity fires ^d (%)	Low-severity fires ^e (%)
Southwest	Southern Rocky Mountain ponderosa pine woodland	1410540	http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/dfs/BpS/1410540.pdf	I	15	6	39	55
Southwest	Southern Rocky Mountain ponderosa pine woodland	1510540	http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/dfs/BpS/1510540.pdf	I	9	2	9	89
Southwest	Southern Rocky Mountain ponderosa pine savanna	1511170	http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/dfs/BpS/1511170.pdf	I	12	4	0	96
Southwest	Southern Rocky Mountain ponderosa pine woodland	2410540	http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/dfs/BpS/2410540.pdf	I	15	6	39	55
Southwest	Southern Rocky Mountain ponderosa pine savanna	2411170	http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/dfs/BpS/2411170.pdf	I	8	5	10	86
Southwest	Southern Rocky Mountain ponderosa pine woodland	2510540	http://www.fs.fed.us/database/feis/dfs/BpS/2510540.pdf	I	9	2	9	89

^a Fire regime groups I-V describe a pattern of fire frequency and severity for historical fire regimes.

^b Fire interval refers to average historical fire interval in years.

^c Replacement-severity fires cause >75% kill or top-kill of the upper canopy layer.

^d Mixed-severity fires cause 26%-75% kill or top-kill of the upper canopy layer.

^e Low-severity fires cause <26% kill or top-kill of the upper canopy layer.