

Guiding Principles

Laws:

- Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, Section 6002 (RCRA, 42 USC 6962, 1976)
- Pollution Prevention Act (1990)
- Energy Policy Act (1992, amended 2005)
- Farm Security and Rural Investment Act, Section 9002 (May 13, 2002)

Executive Orders: "Greening the Government"

Through...

- Waste Prevention, Recycling, Federal Acquisition (EO 13101, September 14, 1998)
- Energy Efficient Management (EO 13123, June 3, 1999)
- Leadership in Environmental Management (EO 13148, April 21, 2000)

- Federal Fleet and Transportation Efficiency (EO 13149, April 21, 2000)
- Energy Efficient Standby Power Devices (EO 13221, July 31, 2001)

Regulation:

- Federal Acquisition Regulation: Part 23, especially, and Parts 2, 7, 11, 12, 13, 36, 37, 42, and 52. <http://www.arnet.gov/far>

FS Policy and Guidance:

USDA Procurement

<http://www.usda.gov/procurement/toolkit/referencetools.htm>

Agriculture Acquisition Circular:

http://www.usda.gov/procurement/policy/agar_x/aac9604.pdf

Department of Energy

<http://www.usda.gov/da/energy2.htm>

Go Shopping!

Comprehensive Procurement Guideline, EPA

<http://www.epa.gov/cpg>

Environmentally Preferable Products, EPA

<http://www.epa.gov/opptintr/epp>

<http://www.epa.gov/oppt/epp/database.htm>

http://www.epa.gov/oppt/epp/pubs/buying_green_online.pdf

Energy Star®, EPA

<http://www.energystar.gov/products>

Non-Ozone Depleting Substances, EPA

<http://www.epa.gov/ozone/snap/lists/index.html>

Energy Efficient Products and Minimal Standby Power Devices, DOE

<http://www.eere.energy.gov/femp/technologies/eeducts.cfm>

Federal Fleet/Alternative Fuel Vehicles, DOE

<http://www.eere.energy.gov/vehiclesandfuels/epact/>

Defense Logistics Agency (DLA)

<http://www.dscr.dla.mil/products/epa/htms/pocs.htm>

Biobased Products Program, USDA

<http://www.biobased.oce.usda.gov>

GSA Environmental Products Guide

http://www.gsa.gov/Portal/gsa/ep/contentView.do?P=FCOEE&contentId=9845&contentType=GSA_OVER

VIEWGSA Advantage!®

<http://www.gsaadvantage.gov>

Javits-Wagner-O'Day Program (JWOD)

<http://www.jwod.com>

UNICOR, Federal Prison Industries

<http://www.unicor.gov>

CCR-Central Contractor Registration (Small Business)

<http://www.ccr.gov/sba.asp>

VetBiz Veteran-owned Business,

<http://www.vip.vetbiz.gov>



Forest Service PCMS Help Guide



Recycled Content



Alternative Fuel

Non-ozone Depleting



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What is “Green” Purchasing?

Both Congress and the President directed Federal agencies to be good stewards of the environment by conserving energy and other precious natural resources. One way that we can be good stewards is to buy products and services that conserve resources. This is generally referred to as “green” purchasing.

“Green” purchasing encompasses the following mandatory components:

- Recycled content products, also known as Comprehensive Procurement Guideline (CPG) Items
- Energy Star and energy-efficient products; standby power devices
- Alternative fuel vehicles/alternative fuels
- Biobased products
- Non-ozone depleting substances

As well as a voluntary component...

- Environmentally preferable products (EPP)

An Affirmative Procurement Plan (APP) is an agency’s plan for buying CPG items.

Where Can I Learn More?

To learn more about the Federal-wide “green” purchasing program, visit:

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
EPA and Department of Energy (DOE)
U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA)

Why Buy “Green”?

The Federal government spends more than \$200 billion on goods and services each year. The “green” purchasing program minimizes negative environmental effects through the use of environmentally friendly products.

Buying green helps to:

- Conserve natural resources and minimize our environmental “footprint”
- Improve worker safety and health
- Reduce Federal energy use, greenhouse gas emissions, and waste to landfills
- Stimulate new markets and create jobs
- Reduce liabilities
- Provide potential cost savings \$\$\$

It also is...

- The law and national policy; increasingly easier to do; and, it closes the loop on the recycling process.

Who is required to buy “Green”?

The “green” purchasing requirements apply to all Federal agencies and their contractors. The requirements pertain to simplified acquisitions and large purchases, as well as to both direct purchases of products and to support services contracts.

These requirements **also** apply to Federal purchase cardholders and to micro-purchases.

How Do Your Purchases Impact the Environment?

Do you purchase, contract, or initiate a request for goods or services that include...

- Paper or non-paper office products?
- Computers or other electronic equipment?
- Batteries?
- Appliances?
- Awards or plaques?
- Signs?
- Paint?
- Light bulbs?
- Vehicles, gasoline, oil, or tires?
- Park benches or picnic tables?
- Janitorial supplies or services?
- Landscaping products or services?
- Construction products or services?

Your purchases could impact the environment by:

- Containing hazardous or toxic chemicals that, if spilled or released, could pollute the air, soil, or groundwater
- Depleting the availability of natural resources if virgin or raw materials are constantly used
- Creating more waste in landfills that could pollute the soil and groundwater

Work to

- Ensure awareness of “green” purchasing requirements at all levels
- Substitute “green” products
- Use recycled paper and recycled content office products
- Buy Energy Star. and energy- and water-efficient products
- Find alternatives for products with excessive packaging or those that contain or produce hazardous or toxic chemicals
- Consider the entire life cycle of the product

Always think “green” at the start of the acquisition process.