



United States  
Department of  
Agriculture

Forest  
Service

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**CORRECTION NO.9  
2003 UINTA NATIONAL FOREST  
LAND AND RESOURCES MANAGEMENT PLAN**

Dear Uinta National Forest User:

In September of 2010 Forest Supervisor Brian Ferebee issued Correction #07 to the Uinta Forest Plan. The replacement page attached to Correction #07 failed to incorporate changes to Table D-1 made in Amendment #2 to the 2003 Uinta Forest Plan.

Similarly, the replacement page attached to Correction #6 issued in June of 2010 also failed to incorporate changes to Guideline Timber-14 made in Amendment #2.

Therefore, I am issuing the enclosed errata to correct the inadvertent omissions. If you have any questions regarding this correction, please contact Nelson Gonzalez-Sulow at (801) 999-2171.

Sincerely,

DAVID C. WHITTEKIEND  
Forest Supervisor

Enclosures



**Table D-1. Riparian Habitat Conservation Area Criteria**

Classification Criteria	Class I (300 foot buffer)	Class II (200 foot buffer)	Class III (100 foot buffer)
Along perennial streams identified as recovery streams for Bonneville or Colorado River cutthroat trout, regardless of the area's management prescription.	X		
Along perennial streams with adjacent populations of Ute ladies'-tresses ( <i>Spiranthes diluvialis</i> ).	X		
Perennial water bodies in areas with management prescription 3.2, Watershed Emphasis.	X		
Perennial water bodies within management prescription 3.1, Aquatic, Terrestrial, and Hydrologic Resources, not previously classified as a Class I RHCA.		X <sup>1</sup>	
Identified as a locally significant sport fishery, or provides important fish spawning habitat for reservoirs, or high riparian or fisheries potential.	X		
A moderate sport fishery, or moderate to high riparian or fisheries potential.		X	
Associated with major drainages where volumes of base water flows are at least 10 cubic feet per second (cfs).	X		
Associated with drainages where volumes of base water flows are 3 to 10 cfs.		X	
Used directly for culinary or municipal water.	X		
Within management prescription <del>2.1, Wild and Scenic Rivers—Wild</del> , <del>2.2, Wild and Scenic Rivers—Scenic</del> , 2.3, Wild and Scenic Rivers - Recreational, 2.4, Research Natural Areas, 1.4, Wilderness, or 1.5, Recommended Wilderness.	X		
Along water bodies that are used indirectly for culinary or municipal water, or could indirectly affect management prescriptions <del>2.1, Wild and Scenic Rivers—Wild</del> , <del>2.2, Wild and Scenic Rivers—Scenic</del> , 2.3, Wild and Scenic Rivers - Recreational, 2.4, Research Natural Areas, 1.4, Wilderness, or 1.5, Recommended Wilderness.		X	
Within or directly adjacent to an outstanding local recreational resource (i.e., one that is significant to recreation users throughout northern Utah and is a destination site).	X		
Within or directly adjacent to a moderately important local recreational resource (i.e., most recreation users do not typically travel great distances to use this resource).		X	
Contains critical or limiting habitat for threatened or endangered species.	X		
Contains limiting habitat for a dependent Management Indicator Species (MIS).	X		
Characterized by excellent vertical and horizontal diversity as representative of the surrounding vegetation community.	X		
Characterized by good vertical and horizontal diversity as representative of the surrounding vegetation community.		X	
Presence of a Forest Service sensitive species.		X	
All perennial water bodies not identified as Class I or Class II areas, and lands adjoining wetlands greater than one acre in size.			X
Lands that lie within <del>50</del> 100 feet of seasonally flowing or intermittent streams, and wetlands less than one acre in size.			X

Note: Buffers are measured from each edge of the stream or water body. A 300 foot buffer would extend from each side of the stream, for a total RHCA width of 600 feet.

(Correction # 9, October 2012)

D-2



**Timber-14 Guideline:** Timber management activities within the visual scene area of the following management prescriptions should be managed in a manner that provides special emphasis on visual quality:

- ~~2.2 Wild and Scenic Rivers—Scenic Classification (Amendment #2)~~
- 2.3 Wild and Scenic Rivers – Recreational Classification, and
- 2.5 Scenic Byways.

**Timber-15 Standard:** The maximum size for created openings by even-aged timber harvest will be 40 acres. Exceptions are:

- Proposals for larger openings are allowable after public review and review by the responsible Forest Service officer one level above the Forest Service officer who normally would approve the harvest proposal.

Limits do not apply to the size of areas harvested as a result of natural catastrophic conditions such as fire, insect or disease attack, or windstorm. (Correction #6)