

Mt. Hood Land and Resource Management Plan Forest Plan Amendments

1. October 3, 1991. ***Big Bend Mountain Research Natural Area***. This amendment changes the boundary within the Bull Run Watershed.
2. March 10, 1993. ***Salmon Wild and Scenic River Environmental Assessment and Management Plan***. This amendment delineates final river boundary and eliminates “regulated” timber harvest within the corridor.
3. April 19, 1993. ***Clackamas Wild and Scenic River Environmental Assessment and Management Plan***. This amendment delineates final river boundary and removes all National Forest System land within the river corridor from “regulated” timber harvest.
4. May 17, 1993. ***Lemiti Elk Habitat Enhancement Project***. This amendment exchanges an existing Roaded Recreational Management Area at Lemiti Creek with an adjacent Deer and Elk Summer Range Management Area.
5. September 13, 1993. ***Roaring National Wild and Scenic River Environmental Assessment and Management Plan***. This amendment delineates final river boundary and modifies management direction within the corridor relating to recreational developments, timber harvest and commercial livestock grazing.
6. December 8, 1993. ***Environmental Assessment for Management of Noxious Weeds, Mt. Hood National Forest***. This amendment clarifies noxious weed management objectives by adding missing statements pertaining to noxious weed management under Goals, Desired Future Condition and Resource Summary sections of the Forest Plan.
7. February 24, 1994. ***Upper Sandy National Wild and Scenic River Environmental Assessment and Management Plan***. This amendment delineates final river boundary and eliminates “regulated” harvest within the corridor. It provides replacement management direction for the new A-1 allocation.
8. May 13, 1994. ***Record of Decision for Amendments to Forest Service and Bureau of Land Management planning documents within the range of the Northern Spotted Owl***. This decision amends current land and resource management plans with additional land allocations and standards and guidelines.
9. November 3, 1994. ***White River National Wild and Scenic River Management Plan***. This amendment delineates final river boundary which included the adjustment of the river corridor termini to include White River Falls. It also modified management direction in relation to recreational use, timber harvest, and road construction among other site-specific management activities.

10. September 30, 1996. ***Oregon Resource Conservation Act of 1996 Changed the Allocation for the Bull Run Area from Administratively Withdrawn to Congressionally Withdrawn.*** This amendment prohibits harvesting of trees for timber management within the Bull Run drainage and prohibits the authorization of salvage sales.
11. January 24, 1997. ***The Environmental Impact Statement for the New Long Term Conceptual Master Plan for Mt. Hood Meadows Ski Area.*** This amendment expands the ski area permit boundary by 96 acres to include an area which was being used by the ski area. It changes the land allocation for this area from a Wildlife/Visual classification to Winter Recreation classification. It also changes the Northwest Forest Plan allocation from Matrix to Administratively Withdrawn.
12. November 4, 1998. ***The Timberline Lodge Master Development Plan Amendment.*** This amendment adopts the Historic Building Preservation plan to provide the long-term management strategy for Timberline Lodge as a National Historic Landmark. The amendment also designates Timberline Lodge and immediate environs as a (Historic) Special Interest Area (A-4 Land Allocation).
13. October 11, 2005. ***Pacific Northwest Region Invasive Plant Program – Preventing and Managing Invasive Plants Record of Decision.*** This amendment adds invasive plant management direction, including invasive plant prevention and treatment/restoration standards intended to help achieve stated desired future conditions, goals and objectives. The management direction is expected to result in decreased rates of spread of invasive plants, while protecting human health and the environment from the adverse effects of invasive plant treatments.
14. November 1, 2005. ***Timberline Express Final Environmental Impact Statement.*** This amendment revises the Visual Quality Objective (A11-017 and A11-020) from “Partial Retention” to “Modification” in the foreground, as viewed from Timberline Highway (Highway 173), West Leg Road (Road 2645), Timberline Road, and riparian areas within the Timberline Special Use Permit area. This change increases the percent of the seen area visually disturbed at any one time.
15. February 29, 2008. ***Site-Specific Invasive Plant Treatments for Mt. Hood National Forest and Columbia River Gorge National Scenic Area in Oregon.*** This amendment allows, where appropriate, careful and targeted herbicide use to treat invasive plants according to the Pacific Northwest regional standards and in accordance with the project design criteria. This amends six existing Forest Plan standards and guidelines that discourage or prohibit the use of pesticides, including herbicides.
16. January 14, 2009. ***Designation of Section 368 Energy Corridors on National Forest System Lands in 10 Western States.*** Under Section 368 of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, amends the Forest Plans of 37 western National Forests to designate the preferred locations for rights-of-way for energy facilities. Two such corridors are identified on the Mt. Hood National Forest. The designation of the “West-wide Energy Corridors” and amendment of Forest

Plans does not authorize any projects, mandate that future rights-of-way be located in the corridors, or preclude the Forest Service from denying a project or requiring design revisions.

17. August 27, 2010. ***Off-Highway Vehicle (OHV) Management Plan.*** Amends 20 Forest Plan standards and guidelines in order to limit OHV use to designated routes, prohibit cross-country travel by OHVs, replace the enforcement tool to the MVUM, and to remove the requirement to post areas or roads as closed to OHV use.
18. October 21, 2013. ***C800 Communication Facility.*** This amendment to the Forest Plan would lower the Visual Quality Objective requirement for the new communication facility from *Retention* in the near foreground and *Partial Retention* in the far foreground to *Modification* in the foreground as viewed from the Timberline Trail/Pacific Crest Trail.
19. February 26, 2016. ***Lemiti Fuels Reduction.*** Because of the existing quantity of dead lodgepole pine trees, a project-specific amendment was necessary to achieve the project's purpose of reducing hazardous fuels. This decision amended two Forest Plan standards for scenery (FW-553 and B3-013); two standards for recreation (A5-001 and B3-001); and three standards for snags and down wood (FW-163, FW-166, and FW-218).
20. August 5, 2019. ***USGS Volcanic Monitoring Stations in the Mt. Hood Wilderness.*** This project included a site-specific amendment to remove the "preservation" visual quality standard and replace it with "retention" for the monitoring sites as viewed from within wilderness.
21. May 17, 2018. ***Forest Plan Amendment to Add Aminopyralid to the List of Approved Herbicide Ingredients on the Mt. Hood National Forest.*** This decision memo added aminopyralid to the list of herbicides approved to treat invasive plants on the Forest. This Forest Plan amendment did not authorize specific treatments on the ground.
22. January 10, 2022. ***Wild and Scenic River Comprehensive River Management Plan for Nine Wild and Scenic Rivers.*** This decision included a programmatic Forest Plan amendment to designate nine Wild and Scenic Rivers as either A1 or B1 land use allocations. It also includes an amendment to standard and guideline B1-076 within the Fifteenmile Creek Wild and Scenic River corridor to allow existing snowmobile use to continue within the Mount Hood National Recreation Area.
23. May 3, 2022. ***Government Camp – Cooper Spur Land Exchange.*** This project included a programmatic Forest Plan amendment to assign management direction to the land the Forest Service would acquire pursuant to a finally executed land exchange; change the land allocations for the wilderness designation; and create the Crystal Springs Watershed Special Resources Management Unit, per the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of March 30, 2009 (123 Stat. 991, P.L. 111-11). The change in Forest Plan land use allocations has not occurred since the land exchange has not yet been executed.