- 5. Discourage dispersed camping within <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile of developed campgrounds. [Medicine Bow NF]
- Guidelines 1. Recreation use will be managed to stay within the capacity for the prescribed Recreation Opportunity Spectrum (ROS) objective shown in the Social Setting Criteria (see following table). [R2 Desk Guide]

Table 1-16. Social setting criteria.

Primitive	Semi- primitive Nonmotorized	Semi- primitive motorized	Roaded Natural	Roaded Modified	Rural	Urban
Usually less than 6 parties per day encountered on trails and less than 3 parties visible at campsite	Usually 6-15 parties per day encountered on trails and 6 or less visible at campsites	Usually 10-20 parties per day encountered on trails and 8 or less visible at campsites	Frequency of contact is moderate to high on roads and developed sites, low to moderate on trails and away from roads	Frequency of contact is moderate to high on roads, trails and developed sites, moderate away from developed sites.	Frequency of contact is moderate to high in developed sites, on roads and trails, and on water surfaces, moderate away from develop sites	Large numbers of users on sites and in nearby areas

- Consider universal design for all new construction or rehabilitation proposals in trail system analyses and decisions. [R2 Desk Guide]
- 3. Integrate trail systems with those of other government entities and partners. [R2 Desk Guide]
- 4. Consider the following in new trail construction: [Routt National Forest]
  - a. Proximity to population centers.
  - b. Feasibility of loops.
  - c. Feature attractions, campgrounds, and interpretive opportunities.
  - d. Types of trail users to be served.

- e. Partnership opportunities.
- f. Protection of habitats and wilderness.
- g. Accessibility or universal design opportunities.
- h. Protection of aquatic and riparian resources.
- 5. If use exceeds the area capacity for a given ROS class, employ the following management actions, in order of priority, to address the effects to the recreation setting: [R2 Desk Guide]
  - a. Inform the public and restore or rehabilitate the site.
  - b. Regulate use.
  - c. Restrict the number of users.
  - d. Close the site.

## **Recreation – Outfitters and Guides**

- Standards 1. Prohibit processing, storage, or transporting any hay, straw, mulch, or forage product which has not been certified as free of noxious weeds and seeds by a certified state or county agriculture officer. Pelletized feed or grain products are exempt. [Thunder Basin National Grassland; Routt National Forest]
  - 2. Apply the forage utilization levels shown in Tables 1-7 and 1-8 to camps, use areas, and other areas under permit. [Medicine Bow NF]
  - 3. Prohibit permanent facilities or caches on NFS lands. [Thunder Basin National Grassland]
- Guideline 1. Consider the following criteria before making a decision to issue an outfitter and guide service permit: [Thunder Basin National Grassland]
  - a. There will not be significant conflict with other permitted outfitters and guides, other permittees, or other users as a result of the activities associated with the permit.
  - b. Other resource considerations, including the biological needs of wildlife, are considered and found compatible with the proposed activity
  - c. The permit furthers National Forest goals.