

United States Department of Agriculture Forest Service



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## **Accessible Gates for Trails and Roads**

James Scott Groenier, Project Leader

he Missoula Technology and Development Center (MTDC) has reviewed available gate designs from around the world that allow wheelchair access, but restrict all-terrain vehicles (ATVs), motorcycles, and mountain bikes. We also searched for an existing gate or gate design that would allow access by wheelchairs and horses, but keep out ATVs and motorcycles.

When the Forest Service installs a gate, berm, or other type of device to restrict motor vehicles on a road or trail, but encourages foot travel beyond the restriction, a passage 36 inches wide must be provided for someone using a wheelchair (Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973).

### **Wheelchair Accessible Gates**

We began by searching the Internet for Web sites with designs that would allow wheelchair access, but restrict access by ATVs and motorcycles. These Web sites are listed near the end of this tech tip. The best Web site was that of the Scottish Natural Heritage, a United Kingdom (UK) organization. It has a series of drawings for gate designs that meet accessibility requirements in the UK.

The Scottish Natural Heritage gates are smaller than those required for accessibility in the United States. We increased the opening dimensions of the UK gates to meet Federal requirements in the United States. The timber kissing gate (appendix A, sheet 1) and the chicane (appendix B, sheet 2) have been modified to meet the Federal requirements. In addition, a modified kissing gate design was developed to be used for existing fence openings (appendix A, sheet 2).

### **Horse Accessible Gates**

Another concern with gates was allowing horse and pedestrian access, but restricting ATVs and motorcycles. Two types of structures that will allow horse access, but restrict

# Highlights...

- When foot travel is encouraged past a gate blocking motorized access, the Forest Service is required to provide a 36-inch passage for persons using wheelchairs.
- This tech tip includes drawings of gate designs that will block all-terrain vehicles and motorcycles, but will allow wheelchairs and, in some cases, horses to pass.

ATVs, are the "V" gates used at the Ashley National Forest (figure 1 and appendix D, sheet 2) and at the Lolo National Forest (figure 2). The bottom log should be removed from the gate shown in figure 2 because the log could be a tripping hazard and it prevents wheelchair access. A horse stile restricts ATVs and motorcycles and discourages mountain bikes, while allowing passage by horses (figure 3).



Figure 1—A horse walking through a "V" gate in Utah. This gate is not accessible because it is narrower then the minimum width required for passage of a wheelchair (36 inches) and the bar across the opening is higher than 1 inch.

For additional information, contact: USDA Forest Service, MTDC; 5785 Hwy. 10 West; Missoula, MT 59808-9361. Phone: 406-329-3900; fax: 406-329-3719; email: wo\_mtdc\_pubs@fs.fed.us

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Figure 2—A gate in the Lolo National Forest that allows horses to pass, but restricts ATVs. This gate is not accessible because it is narrower than the minimum width required for passage of a wheelchair (36 inches) and the bar across the opening is higher than 1 inch.



Figure 3—A horse stile. This gate is not accessible because the bars across the opening are higher than 1 inch.

### Combination Wheelchair/Horse Accessible Gates

The greatest challenge was to find a gate that allowed horses and wheelchairs to pass, but restricted all motorized traffic. The "V" gate design (see appendix D, sheet 2) allows wheelchairs and horses, but only restricts ATVs—not motorcycles. We combined the kissing gate with the horse stile to design the Horse Gate With Wheelchair Accessibility (appendix D, sheet 1). Wheelchairs are able to go into the center of the gate, turn around and go out the other side. Horses can walk over the two stiles. The gate dimensions work well together because the required turning diameter for a wheelchair is 60 inches. This corresponds to the minimum required spacing of the stiles for horses to step over them in stride. The stile should be no higher than 12 inches because horses may jump over stiles that are higher.

### **Road Closure Drawings**

Many forest roads are closed to motor vehicle traffic by gates or other types of barriers. Often, foot travel is allowed beyond the restriction device. When foot travel is actually encouraged on the other side of the barrier, passage for someone in a wheelchair must be provided. The road closure drawings (appendix C, sheets 1 and 2) show four different ways to allow wheelchair access around a road closure gate, while restricting ATV use.

Another concern is not having enough room to allow both horse and wheelchair access around a road closure barrier. This may be remedied by installing an accessible gate for wheelchair access (see appendix C, sheets 1 and 2) and replacing the road gate with a horse-friendly barrier (appendix C, sheet 3). The kissing gate may be added adjacent to a cattleguard on a road to allow wheelchair access, while restricting cattle.

### Signs

Mountain bikes, motorcycles, and small ATVs may be able to maneuver around obstacles and gates. In these cases, signs should be considered for additional travel management. All signs (including object markers) must meet the requirements of the Sign and Poster Guidelines for the Forest Service (EM 7100–15). Additionally, signs are required when mountain bikes or motorized vehicles are allowed on Forest Service trails.

#### Summary

This project developed drawings for gates that meet the accessibility requirements for wheelchairs, horses, or both, but restrict motorized vehicle access. These new gates help the Forest Service fulfill its policy of universal design, providing access to public lands for all people.

### Web Sites for Gate Designs and Suppliers in the United Kingdom

#### **Scottish Natural Heritage**

http://www.snh.org.uk/publications/on-line/accessguide /gates.asp

Bushey and District Footpaths Association (BADFA) http://www.badfa.org/uk/gates&stiles/GATES.htm

Centrewire Ltd. http://www.centrewire.com/

### Jackson's Fine Fencing

http://www.jacksons-fencing.co.uk/common/search.aspx?s =kissing gates

### **Other Accessibility Web Sites**

American Trails http://www.americantrails.org/resources/accessible/

National Center on Accessibility

http://ncaonline.org/

### USDA Forest Service—Accessibility

http://www.fs.fed.us/recreation/programs/accessibility/

**Other Related Projects** 

**Beneficial Designs, Inc.** is working on a project called Accessible Trail Gate Barrier Technologies.

Beneficial Designs, Inc. 2240 Meridian Blvd., Suite C Minden, NV 89423 Phone: 775–783–8822 Fax: 775–783–8823 Web site: http://beneficialdesigns.com/products/vehicle -barrier-for-trails





Appendix A (continued)



### **Appendix B**



### **Appendix C**



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## Appendix C (continued)





### **Appendix D**







#### Acknowledgments

For information and assistance, the author would like to thank: Ellen Eubanks, San Dimas Technology and Development Center; Gina Reese, Ashley National Forest; Donna Sheehy, Northern Region; and Janet Zeller, Washington Office.

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The drawings in this tech tip are available on the Internet at: <http://www.fs.fed.us/recreation/programs/accessibility /pubs/htmlpubs/htm14232311/drawings/> This tech tip includes drawings for gates that can be used to close roads and trails to motorized access while still allowing access by wheelchairs and, in some cases, horses.

When the Forest Service installs a gate, berm, or other type of restriction to block motorized access but encourages foot access, a passage 36 inches wide must be provided so a person using a wheelchair could get through (Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973).

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**Keywords:** accessibility, all-terrain vehicles, ATVs, chicanes, horses, kissing gates, motorcycles, wheelchairs

#### About the Author

James Scott Groenier, professional engineer, began working for MTDC as a project leader in 2003. Groenier earned a bachelor's degree in civil and environmental engineering from the University of Wisconsin at Madison and a master's degree in civil engineering from Montana State University. He worked for the Wisconsin and Illinois State Departments of Transportation and with an engineering consulting firm before joining the Forest Service in 1992. He worked as the east zone structural engineer for the Eastern Region and as a civil engineer for the Ashley and Tongass National Forests before coming to MTDC.

#### Library Card

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