C2.301# - CUTTING UNIT BOUNDARIES (08/2023)

The boundaries of cutting units are designated as shown in the table below and as shown on the Sale Area Map. Marked boundary trees shall not be cut.

Discernable Boundaries are boundary locations that are readily identifiable features on the ground in locations shown on the Sale Area Map.

See Cutting Unit Boundary Designation Table

C2.301# - CUTTING UNIT BOUNDARIES (08/2023)

		Cutting Unit	Boundary Designation Table
Cutting Unit(s)	Paint Color	Designation Method	Description
All	Orange	Painted	Orange stripes of paint on 2 sides of the cutting unit boundary tree. The side stripes are 2-3 feet in length and face the adjacent boundary trees. All trees contain the unit number and/or a center dot for interior designation. Approximately evert fifth boundary tree has the unit number. All trees are marked on the low side of the bole below stump height.
1 and 2	None	Discernable	NFSR 554. The system road forms part of the eastern boundaries of units 1 and 2.
4	None	Discernable	NFSR 528. The system road forms part of the southern boundary of unit 4.

<u>C2.356#</u> - <u>INDIVIDUAL TREES (LEAVE TREE MARKING)</u> (09/2001)

Notwithstanding B2.35, all live, dead and windthrown trees meeting utilization standards in A2, in units shown as LTM on the Sale Area Map, are designated for cutting. Trees to be left uncut are marked above and below stump height as shown in the table below.

See Leave Tree Marking Table

C2.356# - INDIVIDUAL TREES (LEAVE TREE MARKING) (09/2001)

Leave Tree Marking Table

Cutting Unit	Paint Color
All	Orange

C3.34 - EMERGENCY RATE REDETERMINATION (06/2022)

Forest Service shall redetermine rates for each species if, upon Purchaser's application, Forest Service determines that, because of changes in the timber market since the award date or the last rate redetermination under this provision, the Producer Price Index identified in A20 has declined by 25 percent or more. Rates shall be redetermined under B3.3 and for species where the rates declined, shall be considered established under B3.1 for timber Scaled after Purchaser's application. Increases in species rates will not be considered. This provision shall not apply during the period of a Contract Term Extension.

C4.211 - DOWNPAYMENT. (07/2022)

The downpayment amount shown in A18 may not be applied toward any other payment required under the provisions of this contract, except damages determined pursuant to B9.4, transferred to other timber sales, or refunded until:

- (a) stumpage value representing 25 percent of the total bid value of the timber sale has been charged and paid for, or
- (b) the estimated value of the unscaled timber is equal to or less than the amount of the downpayment, or
- (c) if 36 CFR 223.49(e) is applicable, the estimated value of the unscaled timber is equal to or less than the amount of the downpayment.

If Forest Service makes a determination that this contract should not have been included under increased downpayment requirements (36 CFR 223.49(e)), the downpayment shall be revised and applied in accordance with 36 CFR 223.49(f).

Notwithstanding C4.212, the downpayment amount shown in A18 shall be redetermined for rates redetermined under B3.31, B3.32, B3.33 or C3.34. The revised downpayment amount shall be equivalent to 10 percent of the total redetermined value, plus 20 percent of the bid premium. If at time of award, a higher or different downpayment requirement was required, the redetermined downpayment amount will be at the downpayment rate required at time of award and based on total redetermined value.

This provision shall be applicable where B4.211 is referenced elsewhere in the contract.

C4.212 - TEMPORARY REDUCTION OF DOWNPAYMENT (08/2009)

Notwithstanding B4.211 or C4.211, upon the Purchaser's written request Forest Service may temporarily reduce the downpayment when Purchaser's scheduled operations are delayed or interrupted for 30 or more consecutive days, or the contract term is extended for 30 or more consecutive days for any of the following reasons:

- (1) Forest Service requests or orders Purchaser to delay or interrupt operations for reasons other than breach;
- (2) Purchaser interrupts or delays scheduled operations to work on a sale designated by the Forest Service as in urgent need of harvesting; or
- (3) An adjustment of the contract term authorized upon a determination of substantial overriding public interest, including a market-related contract term addition, or an urgent removal contract term extension under 36 CFR 223.53.

When Purchaser is not cutting or removing timber under contract during a qualifying period of delay, interruption, or extension listed above the downpayment may be reduced to \$1000 or 2 percent of the downpayment amount stated in the contract, whichever is greater. The Purchaser must restore the downpayment to the full amount stated in the contract within 15 days from receipt of the bill for collection and written notice from the Contracting Officer that the basis for temporarily reducing the downpayment no longer exists. Purchaser shall not cut or remove timber on a contract where the downpayment has been temporarily reduced until the downpayment amount stated in the contract is fully restored.

C4.213 - PERIODIC PAYMENT (04/2023)

Purchaser shall make periodic payments for stumpage value, as shown in A19.

If Purchaser has not paid the amount(s) stated in A19 as stumpage for volume removed by the periodic payment determination date(s), Forest Service shall issue a bill for collection for the difference between the required amount and payments made by Purchaser. If payment(s) fall due on a date other than a normal billing date, the payment date shall be extended to coincide with the next Timber Sale Account billing date.

The amount of the periodic payment(s) will be reduced if the payment(s) would result in Purchaser's credit balance for timber charges exceeding the Current Contract Value.

Only cash may be used for this purpose. No other form of payment is acceptable. Forest Service will apply the payments to subsequent charges on this contract under the terms of B4.212.

Periodic payment amount(s) shown in A19 will be revised when periodic payment amount(s) have not been reached at time of rate redetermination under B3.3. When shown in A19, the initial payment amount will be equal to 1) or 2), whichever is greater:

- 1) 35 percent of the sum of:
 - a) the Current Contract Value following the rate redetermination; and
 - b) the total value of timber scaled prior to establishing redetermined rates. Or
- 2) 50 percent of the sum of estimated quantities at bid premium rates.

When shown in A19, the additional payment amount will be equal to 75 percent of the sum of:

- 1) the Current Contract Value following the rate redetermination; and
- 2) the total value of timber scaled prior to establishing redetermined rates.

Periodic payment determination date(s) that have not been reached shall be adjusted one day for each additional day of contract time granted, except when additional contract time is granted under C8.212, periodic payment determination date(s) that have not been reached shall be delayed 1-month for each month added to the contract's term. Periodic payment determination date(s) shall not be adjusted for Contract Term Extension under B8.23.

This provision shall be applicable where B4.213 is referenced elsewhere in the contract.

C4.3 - PAYMENT GUARANTEED BY BOND (08/2021)

To guarantee payment, Purchaser may furnish and maintain an acceptable surety bond. The penal sum of such surety bond shall be the maximum amount of the payment guaranteed. For payment purposes, penal sum of the surety bond shall be in lieu of the performance bond furnished under C9.1.

C4.31# - BLANKET BOND (06/2024)

If Purchaser furnishes an acceptable bond in accordance with C4.3 to guarantee payment for timber from this and other timber sales within the same National Forest or geographic area as listed below, the amount of such bond shall be allocated to such timber sales by Forest Service. When there is to be no timber cutting hereunder for 30 days or more and payment of current charges has been made, the allocation to this timber sale shall be reallocated to other timber sales at Purchaser's request. Purchaser shall not start cutting hereunder until this timber sale receives an allocation that will meet the Forest Service estimates for payment guarantee needed under B4.212.

A geographic area as stated in this provision contains the following National Forests: Contracting Zone - Bighorn and Shoshone National Forests

C4.4 - PAYMENTS NOT RECEIVED (08/2012)

- (a) Payments are due and payable on the date of issue indicated on the bill for collection. When a payment for timber cut and other charges is not received at the location designated by Forest Service by the date specified in the bill for collection for, Contracting Officer will suspend all or any part of Purchaser's Operations until payment or acceptable payment guarantee is received. Other charges include, but are not limited to:
 - (i) Slash disposal, road maintenance, and contract Scaling deposits;
 - (ii) Cooperative work at rates established by specific agreement under B4.218;
- (iii) Damages pursuant to B9.4;
- (iv) Road use fees;
- (v) Restoration of downpayment pursuant to B4.22;
- (vi) Periodic payments pursuant to B4.213;
- (vii) Extension Deposits pursuant to B4.217; and
- (viii)Other mandatory deposits.
- (b) Failure to pay amounts due by the date specified in the bill for collection shall be considered a breach under B9.3. The 30-day notice period prescribed therein shall begin to run as of the end of business on the date specified for receipt of payments. If the performance or payment is guaranteed by surety bond, the surety will receive a copy of the written notification of breach. Demand will be made on the surety or other institution providing the guarantee or bond instrument for immediate payment 10 days after issuance of written notification of the breach.
- (c) Pursuant to the Debt Collection Improvement Act of 1996, as amended, if payment is not received by Forest Service within 15 days after the date of issue indicated on the bill for collection:
- (i) Simple interest shall be assessed at the Current Value of Funds Rate as established by the Secretary of the Treasury. Interest will begin to accrue as of the date of issue indicated on the initial bill for collection.
- (ii) Debtors will be assessed administrative charges, in addition to the delinquent amount due. Administrative charges are those additional costs incurred by the Government in processing, handling, and collecting delinquent debts.
- (iii) A penalty charge of six (6) percent per annum will be assessed on any portion of a debt delinquent more than 90 days. This penalty charge is in addition to interest and administrative charges under paragraphs (c)(i) and (c)(ii). The penalty charge shall accrue from the date of issue indicated on the bill for collection and shall be assessed on all outstanding amounts, including interest and administrative costs assessed under paragraphs (c)(i) and (c)(ii).
- (iv) Payments will be credited on the date received by the Federal Depository or Collection Officer designated on the bill for collection.
- (d) Forest Service remedies for Purchaser's failure to make payment for timber cut and other charges when due, except for accrual of interest, suspension of all or any part of Purchaser's Operations, and administrative offset, shall be stayed for so long as:
 - (i) A bona fide dispute exists as to Purchaser's obligation to make such payment and
 - (ii) Purchaser files and prosecutes a timely Claim.

C5.12# - USE OF ROADS BY PURCHASER (06/1999)

Purchaser's use of existing roads identified on Sale Area Map by the following codes is prohibited or subject to restrictive limitations, unless agreed otherwise:

Code	Use Limitations
X	Hauling prohibited
R	Hauling restricted
U	Unsuitable for hauling prior to completion of agreed reconstruction
P	Use prohibited
A	Public use restriction
W	Regulation waiver

Roads coded A will be signed by the Forest Service to inform the public of use restrictions. Purchaser's use of roads coded R, A, or W shall be in accordance with the following restrictions:

See Restricted Road List Table.

C5.12# - USE OF ROADS BY PURCHASER (06/1999)

Restricted Road List

Road	Road		ermini	Map	Description of
Number	Road Name	From	То	Legend	Restrictions
NFSR 528	Geyser Creek	Unit 4	Int. w/ NFSR 545	Х	Hauling Prohibited
NFSR 544	Wildcat	Int. w/ NFSR 528	Int. w/ NFSR 544.1E	Р	Use Prohibited
NFSR 544	Wildcat	Int. w/ NFSR 263	Unit 1	R	Hauling Restricted Dec 15 to March 15 annually
NFSR 544.1B	Rock Pille	Int. w/ NFSR 554	Int. w/ NFSR 554	Р	Use Prohibited
NFSR 263	Union Pass	Int. w/ NFSR 554	Int. w/ NFSR 531	X	Hauling Prohibited
NFSR 263	Union Pass	Int. w/ NFSR 554	Int. w/ Hwy 240	R	Hauling Restricted Dec 15 to March 15 annually

<u>C5.31#</u> - <u>ROAD MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS</u> (07/2001)

Purchaser shall maintain roads in accordance with the following Contract Road Maintenance Requirements Summary:

See Contract Road Maintenance Requirements Summary Table.

C5.31# - ROAD MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS (07/2001)

Contract Road Maintenance Requirements Summary

	Termi	.ni		Appl	icabl	e Pre	haul I	Road M	Mainten	ance	Specif	icati	ons
Road	From	То	Miles	T-800	T-801	T-802	T-803	T-804	T-804B	T-805	T-806	T-807	
263	FS Boundary	554	1.1				Р	Р					
554	263	528	3.4			P	P	P					
528	554	Unit	0.4			P		P					

P = Purchaser Performance Item, D = Deposit to Forest Service, D3 = Deposit to Third Party

	Termi	ermini		Applic	oplicable During Haul Road Maintenance Sp						e Spec	cifica	tions
Road	From	То	Miles	T-810	T-801	T-802	T-803	T-804	T-804B	T-805	T-806	T-807	
263	FS Boundary	554	1.1				Р	Р					
554	263	528	3.4			Р	P	P		P			
528	554	Unit	0.4										

P = Purchaser Performance Item, D = Deposit to Forest Service, D3 = Deposit to Third Party

	Termi	.ni		Appl	icabl	e Post	: Haul	Road	Maint	enance	Spec	ificat	cions
Road	From	To	Miles	T-800	T-801	T-802	T-803	T-804	T-804B	T-805	T-806	T-807	
263	FS Boundary	554	1.1				Р	Р					
554	263	528	3.4			Р	Р	Р					
528	554	Unit	0.4			P		P					

P = Purchaser Performance Item, D = Deposit to Forest Service, D3 = Deposit to Third Party

Road Maintenance T-Specifications

for

Timber Sale Contracts

To be used with Timber Sale Contract Form 2400-6, C5.31#

No.	Specification Title
T-800	Definitions
T-801	Slide and Slump Repair
T-802	Ditch Cleaning
T-803	Surface Blading
T-804	Surfacing Repair
T-805	Drainage Structures
T-807	Roadway Vegetation
T-808	Miscellaneous Structures

SPECIFICATION T-800 DEFINITIONS

Wherever the following terms or pronouns are used in Specifications T-801 through T-811, the intent and meaning shall be interpreted as follows:

800-1.1 - Agreement. Maintenance projects require a mutually acceptable method to resolve the problems which arise when incompatible situations arise between drawings and specifications and actual conditions on the ground to allow orderly and satisfactory progress of the maintenance.

These specifications have been developed in anticipation of those problem areas and have provided that such changes will be by Agreement.

- It is intended that drawings and specifications will govern unless "on-the-ground" conditions warrant otherwise, when specifications call for "Agreement", "agreed", or "approval" such Agreement or approval shall be promptly confirmed in writing.
- 800-1.2 Annual Road Maintenance Plan. A plan prepared by various users of one or several roads. The plan is an Agreement on maintenance responsibilities to be performed for the coming year.
- 800-1.3 Base Course. Material used to reinforce Subgrade or, as shown on drawings, placed on Subgrade to distribute wheel loads.
- 800-1.4 Berm. Curb or dike constructed to prevent Roadway runoff water from discharging onto embankment slope.
- 800-1.5 Borrow. Select Material taken from designated borrow sites.
- 800-1.6 Crown, Inslope, and Outslope. The cross slope of the Traveled Way to aid in drainage and traffic maneuverability.
- 800-1.7 <u>Culverts</u>. A conduit or passageway under a road, trail, or other obstruction. A culvert differs from a bridge in that it is usually entirely below the elevation of the Traveled Way.
- 800-1.8 Drainage Dip. A dip in the Traveled Way which intercepts surface runoff and diverts the water off the Traveled Way. A Drainage Dip does not block the movement of traffic.

- 800-1.9 <u>Drainage Structures</u>. Manufactured structures which control the runoff of water from the Roadway including Inslope, overside drains, aprons, flumes, downdrains, downpipes, and the like.
- 800-1.10 Dust Abatement Plan. A table which lists the road, dust palliative, application rates, and estimated number of subsequent applications.
- 800-1.11 <u>Lead-off Ditches</u>. A ditch used to transmit water from a Drainage Structure or Drainage Dip outlet to the natural drainage area.
- 800-1.12 Material. Any substances specified for use in the performance of the work.
- 800-1.13 <u>Prehaul Maintenance</u>. Road maintenance work which must be accomplished to maintain the roads to a satisfactory condition commensurate with the Purchaser's use, provided Purchaser's Operations do not damage improvements under B6.22 or National Forest resources and hauling can be done safely. This work will be shown in the Annual Road Maintenance Plan as provided in C5.31#.
- Prehaul Maintenance work the Purchaser elects to perform will be in compliance with the Road Maintenance T-Specifications.
- 800-1.14 Roadbed. The portion of a road between the intersection of Subgrade and sideslopes, excluding that portion of the ditch below Subgrade.
- 800-1.15 Road Maintenance Plan. A table which shows applicable road maintenance specifications to be performed by Purchaser on specific roads.
- 800-1.16 Roadside. A general term denoting the area adjoining the outer edge of the Roadway.
- 800-1.17 Roadway. The portion of a road within the limits of excavation and embankment.
- 800-1.18 Shoulder. That portion of Roadway contiguous with Traveled Way for accommodation of stopped vehicles, for emergency use, and lateral support of base and Surface Course, if any.
- 800-1.19 Slide. A concentrated deposit of Materials from above or on backslope extending onto the Traveled Way or Shoulders, whether caused by mass land movements or accumulated ravelling.

- 800-1.20 Slough. Material eroded from the backslope which partially or completely blocks the ditch but does not encroach on the Traveled Way so as to block passage of traffic.
- 800-1.21 Slump. A localized portion of the Roadbed which has slipped or otherwise become lower than that of the adjacent Roadbed and constitutes a hazard to traffic.
- 800-1.22 Special Project Specifications. Specifications which detail conditions and requirements peculiar to the individual project.
- 800-1.23 <u>Subgrade</u>. Top surface of Roadbed upon which Base Course or Surface Course is constructed. For roads without Base Course or Surface Course, that portion of Roadbed prepared as the finished wearing surface.
- 800-1.24 <u>Surface Course</u>. The Material placed on Base Course or Subgrade primarily to resist abrasion and the effects of climate. Surface Course may be referred to as surfacing.
- 800-1.25 Surface Treatment Plan. A table which lists the roads and surface treatments to be applied.
- 800-1.26 Traveled Way. That portion of Roadway, excluding Shoulders, used for the movement of vehicles.
- 800-1.27 Turnouts. That portion of the Traveled Way constructed as additional width on single lane roads to allow for safe passing of vehicles.
- 800-1.28 Water Source. A place designated on the Road Maintenance Map for acquiring water for road maintenance purposes.
- 800-1.29 Waterbar. A dip in the Roadbed which intercepts surface runoff and diverts the water off the Roadway. A Waterbar is not designed to be traversable by logging trucks.

SPECIFICATION T-802 DITCH CLEANING

DESCRIPTION

1.1 Ditch cleaning is removing and disposing of all Slough Material from Roadway ditches to provide a free-draining waterway.

REQUIREMENTS

- $\underline{3.1}$ Ditch cleaning shall be repeated during the year as often as necessary to facilitate proper drainage.
- 3.2 All Slough Material or other debris which might obstruct water flow in the Roadway ditch shall be removed. Material removed from the ditch, if suitable, may be blended into existing native road surface or Shoulder or placed in designated Berms in conjunction with Surface Blading T-803 operations.

Material removed from ditches that is not by Agreement blended into existing roads or placed in Berms shall be loaded and hauled to the disposal site designated by the Forest Service.

3.3 Roadway backslope or Berm shall not be undercut.

SPECIFICATION T-803 SURFACE BLADING

DESCRIPTION

1.1 Surface blading is keeping a native or aggregate Roadbed in a condition to facilitate traffic and provide proper drainage. It includes maintaining the Crown, Inslope or Outslope of the Traveled Way, Turnouts, and Shoulder; repairing Berms; blending approach road intersections; and cleaning bridge decks, Drainage Dips, and Lead-off Ditches.

REQUIREMENTS

- $\underline{3.1}$ Surface blading shall be performed before, during, and after Purchaser's use as often as necessary to facilitate traffic and proper drainage.
- $\underline{3.2}$ The surface blading shall preserve the existing cross-section. Surface irregularities shall be eliminated and the surface left in a free-draining state and to a smoothness needed to facilitate traffic. Surface Material which has been displaced to the Shoulders or Turnouts shall be returned to the Traveled Way. The blading operation shall be conducted to prevent the loss of surface Material and to provide for a thorough mixing of the Material being worked.
- 3.3 Water, taken from Water Sources designated on Sale Area Map, shall be applied during blading if sufficient moisture is not present to cut, mix, or compact the surface Material.
- $\underline{3.4}$ On native surfaced roads, Material generated from backslope Sloughing, and ditch cleaning may be blended with the surface Material being worked. On aggregate surfaced roads this Material shall not be blended with Surface or Base Course Material unless agreed otherwise.
- $\underline{3.5}$ Roadway backslopes or Berms shall not be undercut, nor shall new Berms be established unless agreed otherwise.

Berms shall be repaired by placing Material, as needed to restore the Berm, to reasonably blend with existing line, grade, and cross-section.

 $\underline{3.6}$ Drainage Dips and Lead-off Ditches shall be cleaned and maintained to reasonably blend with existing line, grade, and cross-section.

- $\underline{3.7}$ Intersecting roads shall be bladed for a distance of 50 feet to assure proper blending of the two riding surfaces.
- 3.8 Rocks or other Material remaining on the Traveled Way after the final pass that are larger than 4 inches in diameter or are larger than the maximum size of imported surfacing shall be removed from the Traveled Way. Unless otherwise designated by the Forest Service, the oversized Material shall be disposed of by sidecasting. Sidecasting into streams, lakes, or water courses will not be permitted.
- $\underline{3.9}$ Material resulting from work under this specification shall not remain on or in structures, such as Culverts, overside drains, cattleguards, ditches, Drainage Dips, and the like.
- $\underline{3.10}$ Material resulting from work under this specification, plus any accumulated debris, shall be removed from bridge decks and the deck drains opened.

SPECIFICATION T-804 SURFACING REPAIR

DESCRIPTION

1.1 Surfacing repair is repairing potholes or small soft areas in the Traveled Way. It includes area preparation and furnishing and placing all necessary Materials, and other work necessary to repair the surface.

MATERIALS

- 2.1 Material used in the repair of soft areas on aggregate or native surfaced roads may be acquired from approved commercial sources, designated Forest Service Borrow areas, or Borrow sources agreed to. The quality and quantity of the imported Material used in the repair will be limited to that needed to provide a stable Traveled Way for hauling and to minimize damage to the road and adjacent resources. The quantity of imported surface repair Material used in the appraisal estimate will be shown on Road Maintenance Plan. However, the magnitude of the work may vary depending on Purchaser's hauling schedule and ground conditions.
- $\overline{2.2}$ Material used in the repair of bituminous pavements may be acquired from local commercial sources. If a mixing table is required, the location shall be approved by the Forest Service. The bituminous mixture to be used by the Purchaser shall be approved by the Forest Service. The Purchaser's share of the quantity of bituminous mixture used in the appraisal estimate will be shown on Road Maintenance Plan. However, Purchaser's share of the work may vary depending on Purchaser's hauling schedule, ground conditions, other traffic, etc.

REQUIREMENTS

- $\underline{3.1}$ Work under this specification shall be performed in a timely manner to reduce further deterioration of the Traveled Way.
- 3.2 Soft spots on aggregate or native surfaces shall be repaired by placing the imported Surface Course on top of the soft spot. Layers of imported Material shall be placed until a firm surface is produced.
- $\underline{3.3}$ Bituminous Pavement Repairs. The areas to receive bituminous pavement repairs will be marked on the road surface by the Forest Service just prior to Purchaser performing the work.

3.4 Potholes (deep patch). Surface Course and Base Course Materials shall be excavated to a depth necessary to reach firm, suitable Material. The minimum depth of excavation shall be 2 inches and the maximum depth of excavation shall be to the top of the Subgrade.

The edges of the prepared hole shall be extended to form a vertical face in unfractured asphalt surfacing. The prepared hole shall generally be circular or rectangular in shape, dry, and cleaned of all loose Material.

Prepared potholes shall be patched or barricaded immediately.

The faces of the prepared hole shall be tacked with a slow-setting emulsified asphalt.

The bituminous mixture shall be placed in layers not exceeding a compacted depth of 2 inches. Each layer shall be compacted thoroughly with hand or mechanical tampers or rollers. Compaction shall not be done with equipment wheels.

Upon completion, the compacted patch in the pothole shall be flush, with a tolerance or approximately $\frac{1}{4}$ inch to $\frac{1}{2}$ inch above the level of the adjacent pavement.

3.5 Skin Patches. Bituminous mixture shall be distributed uniformly with feathered edges in layers not to exceed 2 inches compacted depth. When multiple layers are ordered, joints shall be offset at least 6 inches between layers.

Each layer shall be compacted by two passes with a 7-10 ton steel roller or comparable vibratory roller.

- 3.6 Asphalt Berm. Damaged segments of Berm shall be removed and the exposed ends beveled at approximately 45 degrees from vertical. The Berm foundation shall be cleaned and patched as necessary. The foundation and joining surfaces shall be coated with a slow-setting emulsified asphalt. Asphalt mix shall be placed and compacted to conform with the shape and alignment of the undamaged segment.
- $\underline{3.7}$ <u>Disposal</u>. All Materials removed from potholes, patches, and Berms shall be disposed of at disposal sites designated by the Forest Service.

SPECIFICATION T-805 DRAINAGE STRUCTURES

DESCRIPTION

1.1 This work consists of maintaining Drainage Structures and related items such as inlet and outlet channels, existing riprap, trash racks, and drop inlets.

MATERIALS

 $\underline{2.1}$ All Materials used in the maintenance of Drainage Structures shall conform by type and specification to the Material in the structure being maintained.

REQUIREMENTS

- $\underline{3.1}$ Drainage Structures and related items shall be cleared of all foreign Material which has been deposited above the bottom of the structure and all vegetative growth which interferes with the flow pattern. Material removed that cannot be incorporated into maintenance work shall be hauled to a disposal site designated by the Forest Service.
- $\overline{3.2}$ If outlet or inlet riprap was installed by Purchaser as a construction item or existed prior to Purchaser's haul, it shall be maintained in good condition including the replacement of riprap if necessary to previous line, grade, and cross-section.
- $\underline{3.3}$ Perform maintenance to ensure the proper functioning of the head walls, aprons, inlet assemblies, overside drains, riprap, trash racks, and other facilities related to the Drainage Structure.

C5.32# - ROAD MAINTENANCE DEPOSIT SCHEDULE (08/2012)

Other provisions herein notwithstanding, when Forest Service requests payment in lieu of Purchaser's performance of road maintenance, Purchaser shall make Required Deposits (16 USC 537) for current and/or deferred road maintenance. Such deposits are based on the estimated volume and distance hauled and Purchaser's commensurate use of each road listed in the Road Maintenance Plan in C5.31#.

Purchaser and Forest Service may agree in writing on adjustment of such rates. If Purchaser uses roads under jurisdiction of Forest Service other than those listed in the Road Maintenance Plan, Forest Service shall establish rates commensurate with Purchaser's use of such roads.

The Required Deposits for Forest Service work in lieu of Purchaser performance are N/A per CCF for recurrent maintenance, and \$1.00 per CCF for deferred maintenance.

The following table lists who Purchaser will make deposits for road maintenance to, and the rate per unit of measure of the deposit. The Road Maintenance Agreement is available for inspection at the Forest Supervisor's office.

Deposit Made To Rate Unit of Measure

N/A

C5.34# - OBLITERATION OF TEMPORARY ROADS, SKID TRAILS AND LANDINGS (03/2002)

Unless otherwise agreed in writing, temporary roads, skid trails and landings associated with the cutting unit(s) listed in the following table shall be obliterated using the method described below:

See Obliteration Table

Obliteration Table

Cutting	Type of Facility	Closure Method
Unit(s)		
All	Skid Trails	In addition to the requirements in standard provision B6.65 Skid Trails and Fire Lines and Special Provision C6.601# Erosion Control Seeding; Heavily compacted skid trails shall be ripped to a depth of 4-8 inches and waterbars installed at locations marked by the Forest Service. Slash shall be placed on skid trails in amounts equal to the surrounding area and constructed skid trails will be seeded.
All	Landings	In addition to the requirements in standard provision B6.64, landings shall be ripped to a depth of six to eight inches, and seeded for the entire area. Ripping is to occur when soils are dry.
All	Temporary Roads	Standard provision B6.63, Temporary Roads; All Temporary roads extending 300 feet or less from any road not designated for obliteration shall be slashed and will be blocked to vehicular traffic by rocks, logs, or a berm. Heavily compacted temporary roads shall be ripped to a depth of 4-8 inches and covered with slash in amounts equal to the surrounding area. Temporary roads will be seeded. All temporary roads extending 300 feet or more from any road shall be closed but not obliterated per standard provision B6.63, with the closed route being blocked to vehicular traffic with rocks, logs, or a berm.

C5.36# - SNOW REMOVAL (09/2001)

Snow removal shall be done in a manner to preserve and protect the roads to insure safe and efficient transportation and to prevent unacceptable erosion damage to roads, streams, and adjacent lands.

- A. Description. Snow removal work by Purchaser shall include:
- 1. Removal of snow from entire road surface width including turnouts.
- 2. Removal of snow slides, minor earth slides, fallen timber and boulders that obstruct normal road surface width including turnouts.
- 3. Maintain drainage so that the drainage system will function efficiently.
- B. Performance. All items of snow removal shall be done currently as necessary to insure safe, efficient transportation. Work shall be done in accordance with the following minimum standards of performance.
- 1. Removal of material. All debris, except snow and ice, that is removed from the road surface and ditches shall be deposited away from stream channels at agreed locations.
- 2. During snow removal operations, banks shall not be undercut nor shall gravel or other selected surfacing material be bladed off the roadway surface.
- 3. Ditches and culverts shall be kept functional during and following roadway use.
- 4. Snow berms shall not be left on the road surface. Berms left on the shoulder of road shall be removed and/or drainage holes shall be opened and maintained. Drainage holes shall be spaced as required to obtain satisfactory surface drainage without discharge on erodible fills.
- 5. Dozers and skidders shall not be used to plow snow on system roads without written approval of Forest Service. Upon approval, dozers and skidders must be equipped with shoes or runners to keep the plow blade a minimum of 2 inches above the road surface unless specifically removed from the requirements in writing.
- 6. Snow must not be removed to the road surface. A minimum 2 inch depth must be left to protect the roadway.
- 7. Purchaser's damage from, or as a result of, snow removal shall be restored in a timely manner.

C6.312# - SALE OPERATION RESTRICTIONS (04/2004)

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, sale operations will be restricted as listed below:

See Sale Operation Restrictions Schedule

C6.312# - SALE OPERATION RESTRICTIONS (04/2004)

Sale Operation Restriction Schedule

Subdivision /	Restriction	Purpose
Cutting Unit		
All	All persons working under the terms and	Minimize
	conditions of this contract shall become	human/grizzly
	familiar with and comply with the USFS	bear conflicts.
	Occupancy and Use Restriction Order	
	currently on file at the Shoshone	
	National Forest offices.	
All	Garbage, unused foods, petroleum product,	Minimize
	anti-freeze, and other bear attractants	human/grizzly
	shall be removed from the National Forest	bear conflicts.
	daily or stored in acceptable bear-	
	resistant containers on National Forest	
	lands while not in use from March 1st to	
	December 1st.Refer to	
	<pre>http://igbconline.org/bear-resistant-</pre>	
	<pre>products/ for acceptable sources of bear</pre>	
	resistant containers.	
All	Ground-based equipment shall not be	Minimize damage
	operated when soil moisture is at or	to soils, roads,
	above the plastic limit. Soil plastic	and waterbodies.
	limit is exceeded when soils can be	
	rolled into 3mm threads without	
	breaking or crumbling. Operations will	
	be limited when excessive rutting,	
	puddling or runoff of sediments into	
	waterbodies could result or when ground	
	and snow conditions change such that	
	soil damage becomes likely.	
All	Harvest operations are not to begin	Minimize resource
	earlier than March 15th and not end later	damage and
	than December 15th each calendar year.	conflicts with
		winter recreation

C6.341 - PREVENTION OF OIL DISCHARGES. (07/2022)

If Purchaser maintains storage facilities for oil or oil products on Sale Area, Purchaser shall take appropriate preventative measures to ensure that any harmful discharge of such oil or oil products does not enter into or upon any navigable waters, adjoining shorelines, or other waters of the United States, as prescribed in 40 CFR 110. As soon as Purchaser has knowledge that measures, as described in B6.34 fail to prevent a discharge into or upon navigable waters or adjoining shorelines of the United States, Purchaser shall notify the Forest Service Representative the National Response Center and any other appropriate State agencies. In accordance with 40 CFR 110.6, all harmful discharges that occur as a direct or indirect result of Purchaser's operations, regardless of whether such discharges are caused by Purchaser's employees, agents, Subcontractors, or their employees or agents, directly or indirectly, as a result of Purchaser's Operations must be reported.

Harmful discharges of oil are those that violate applicable State water quality standards, cause a film or sheen on the water's surface, or leave sludge or emulsion beneath the surface of the water or adjoining shorelines regardless of the amount of material discharged (40 CFR 110.3). As such reporting is not triggered by the amount of the discharge but by the presence of the criteria prescribed in 40 CFR 110.3. Harmful discharges meeting the criteria in 40 CFR 110 must be reported by Purchaser. Purchaser shall take whatever initial action may be safely accomplished to control all reportable discharges. Appropriate actions include but are not limited to containment, sorbents or dispersants as needed or as prescribed by the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Plan pursuant to 40 CFR 112. Purchaser shall prepare a Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) Plan pursuant to EPA requirements as stated in 40 CFR 112 when the following conditions are met:

- (a) Purchaser maintains above ground storage facilities, including mobile storage, for oil or oil products on the Sale Area and the total storage capacity for these products exceeds 1,320 gallons in either a single container of greater than 1,320 gallons, or in multiple containers of 55 gallons or greater, and
- (b) there is a reasonable expectation that a harmful discharge could reach navigable waters of the United States, adjoining shorelines or other waters as prescribed in 40 CFR 112.

Reasonable expectation for a discharge reaching navigable waters is based on the location of the storage facility to streams, ditches, gullies, or permanent water bodies that could be impacted as well as drainage patterns, soil conditions, precipitation runoff and the volume of material potentially spilled. The SPCC Plan shall outline measures which will prevent discharges from reaching navigable waters, adjoining shorelines, or other waters of the United States. According to Section 112.1(d)(1)(i), the determination of reasonable expectation for a harmful discharge must be based solely upon consideration of the geographical and locational aspects of the facility. If a Purchaser makes a determination that, due to the location, the facility cannot reasonably be expected to discharge oil as described in Section 112.1(b), Purchaser should be prepared to provide the rationale and any supporting documentation, if requested by the Contracting Officer, that explains why the facility does not have an SPCC Plan.

<u>C6.411#</u> - <u>FELLING AND BUCKING (SPECIAL OBJECTIVES)</u> (11/1998)

Unless otherwise agreed in writing, silvicultural prescriptions and land management objectives shall be conducted and accomplished by the following requirements, methods and procedures:

See Felling and Bucking Table

C6.411# - FELLING AND BUCKING (SPECIAL OBJECTIVES) (11/1998)

Felling and Bucking Table

Cutting	Special Objectives						
Unit							
All	To reduce residual stand damage, trees shall be felled, insofar						
	as safety permits, in the direction of skidding.						

$\underline{\text{C6.42\#}}$ - $\underline{\text{SKIDDING}}$ AND YARDING (SPECIAL OBJECTIVES) (11/1998)

Unless otherwise agreed in writing, silvicultural prescriptions and land management objectives shall be conducted and accomplished by the following requirements, methods and procedures

See Skidding and Yarding Table

C6.42# - SKIDDING AND YARDING (SPECIAL OBJECTIVES) (11/1998)

Skidding and Yarding Table

Cutting	Special Objectives
Unit	
All	To reduce ground disturbance, logs shall be tractor skidded with
	the leading end free of the ground.
All	To reduce residual stand damage, tractor skid trails shall be no
	less than 100 feet apart except where converging, unless
	otherwise agreed to in writing.

C6.6# - EROSION PREVENTION AND CONTROL (11/1998)

- A. Purchaser shall locate Temporary Roads on locations approved by the Forest Service. Such location shall include the marking of road centerline or grade-line and the setting of such construction stakes as are necessary to provide a suitable basis for economical construction and the protection of National Forest lands.
- B. Skidding with tractors within 100 feet of live streams shall not be permitted except in places designated in advance by Forest Service, and in no event shall skid roads be located in live or intermittent streamcourses. Skid trails shall be located high enough out of draws, swales, and valley bottoms to permit diversion of runoff water to natural undisturbed forest ground cover.
- C. Prior to periods of accelerated water runoff, especially during the spring runoff and periods of heavy rainfall, Purchaser shall inspect and open culverts and drainage structures, construct special cross ditches for road runoff, and take other reasonable measures needed to prevent soil erosion and siltation of streams.
- D. Temporary Road surface width shall be limited to truck bunk width plus four (4) feet, except for needed turnouts which shall not exceed two (2) times the bunk width plus four (4) feet. If shovels or cranes with revolving carriage are used to skid or load, Temporary Road surface width equal to track width plus tail swing shall be permitted.
- E. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, Purchaser shall keep erosion control work current with his operations under the sale and in any case not later than 15 days after completion of skidding on each payment unit or cutting unit.

C6.601# - EROSION CONTROL SEEDING (11/1998)

Following completion of skidding and yarding operations in an area, Purchaser shall seed and fertilize all exposed areas of raw soil which has been designated by the Forest Service on skid trails, landings, firebreaks, slides, slumps, Temporary Roads and traveled ways of Specified Roads NA following closure specified in C5.41#.

Soil on areas to be seeded shall be left in a roughened condition favorable to the retention and germination of the seed. Scarification of traveled ways on Specified Roads listed above shall be to a minimum depth of ${\tt NA}$ inches and a maximum depth of ${\tt NA}$ inches.

Seed and fertilizer shall be spread evenly at the rate of $\underline{\mathbf{14}}$ pounds of seed and $\underline{\mathbf{NA}}$ pounds of fertilizer per acre.

When fertilizer and seed are applied in separate operations, the second operation shall be carried out within 72 hours of the first.

Seeding shall be done during the period_September 1 to October 31 and under the above specified conditions unless otherwise approved.

The kinds and amounts of seed to be sown in terms of pure live seed (PLS) shall be:

See Seed Application Table

All seed purchased will be certified to be free of the noxious weed seeds from weeds listed on the current "All States Noxious Weeds List." Test results from a certified seed analyst and seed analysis labels attached to the bags will be provided to the Forest Service.

The following kinds and amounts of standard commercial fertilizer shall be used with guaranteed analysis of contents clearly marked on containers:

See Fertilizer Application Table

C6.601# - EROSION CONTROL SEEDING (11/1998)

Seed Application Table

Species of Seed	PLS Pounds Per Acre
Sandberg Bluegrass High Plains	4.5
Fescue, Idaho Winchester	4.5
Mountain Brome Bromar CT	2
Spike Trisetum	1.5
Lewis Flax Maple Grove	1
Yarrow, Western Achillea millefolium	0.5

Fertilizer Application Table

	Pounds Per Acre
Type of Fertilizer	
N/A	N/A

C6.602# - PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS FROM ESTABLISHMENT OF NOXIOUS WEEDS (11/1998)

In addition to the requirements of C6.601#; Purchaser shall seed and fertilize areas where mineral soil is exposed as designated by the Forest Service.

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, seeding shall be done in the early spring or fall during weather and moisture conditions favorable for quick germination and growth of the plants. Seeding shall be completed in a timely manner following the last disturbance activity by the purchaser in the disturbed area.

The Certified seed analysis reports from each container shall be provided by Purchaser to the Forest Service prior to application of the seed. Seed and fertilizer shall be spread evenly at the rate of 14 pounds of seed and NA pounds of fertilizer per acre.

When fertilizer and seed are applied in separate operations, the second operation shall be carried out within 72 hours of the first operation.

When an adequate seedbed does not exist, Purchaser shall scarify to get a 2 inch loose soil seedbed, prior to seeding.

The kinds and amounts of seed to be sown in terms of pure live seed (PLS) shall be:

See Seed Application Table

All seed purchased will be certified to be free of the noxious weed seeds from weeds listed on the current "All States Noxious Weeds List." Test results from a certified seed analyst and seed analysis labels attached to the bags will be provided to the Forest Service.

The following kinds and amounts of standard commercial fertilizer shall be used with guaranteed analysis of contents clearly marked on containers:

See Fertilizer Application Table

$\underline{\text{C6.602\# - PROTECTION OF DISTURBED AREAS FROM ESTABLISHMENT OF NOXIOUS WEEDS}}$ (11/1998)

Seed Application Table

Species of Seed	PLS Pounds Per Acre
Sandberg Bluegrass High Plains	4.5
Fescue, Idaho Winchester	4.5
Mountain Brome Bromar CT	2
Spike Trisetum	1.5
Lewis Flax Maple Grove	1
Yarrow, Western Achillea millefolium	0.5

Fertilizer Application Table

	Pounds Per Acre
Type of Fertilizer	
N/A	N/A

<u>C6.7#</u> - <u>SLASH TREATMENT</u> (04/2003)

Slash is defined as logs, tops, limbs, and other woody material, exclusive of stumps, which is created by the logging operation and remaining on the ground after logging. In areas where Purchaser-created slash is intermingled and inseparable from pre-existing slash, slash disposal requirements shall apply to the pre-existing slash as well as the Purchaser-created slash. Such areas are designated in the Purchaser Slash Responsibility Table herein.

Slash created in the construction of Specified Roads shall not be considered as logging slash in this Section.

Unless otherwise agreed in writing, Purchaser shall perform the following work described below and/or as shown on the Sale Area Map and/or Slash Disposal Map.

Forest Service and Purchaser shall jointly develop a schedule for completion of slash treatment on the various portions of the sale area.

See Purchaser's Slash Responsibility Table

Purchaser's Slash Responsibility Table

Cutting	Type of Slash Disposal
Unit(s)	
All	Landing Cleanup A landing is considered a place where any logs or products are gathered for loading. All slash accumulated at landings shall be piled, except for that which is needed to meet specifications outlined in C5.34#, or agreed to in writing. Piles shall be reasonably compact and free of soil to facilitate burning, not be less than 6 feet or more than 15 feet in height, not be less than 6 feet or more than 75 feet in diameter, and all objects greater than 4 inches in diameter, which extend more than 6 feet in any direction from the pile, will be cut off and returned to the pile. Piles shall be of a size and location which will not impair road use or result in damage to residual timber, and be located at least three times the pile height from residual timber
All	and 100 feet from water. Slashing (Damaged Residual) Purchaser shall fell all species over 6 feet in height not meeting minimum diameter specifications for Included Timber that are damaged beyond recovery by the Purchaser's Operations. Trees shall be lopped and scattered such that pieces lie generally within 2 feet of the ground.
All	Limb and Top Removal Purchaser shall leave tops and limbs of felled trees attached to Included Timber and yard them to landings within the entire cutting unit. Tops and limbs not meeting minimum specifications in A2 which are lost on the way to the landing site due to normal felling, skidding and/or yarding operations are not required to be yarded. These pieces shall be cut to lie generally within 2 feet of the ground.
All	Roadway Vegetation Cleanup Roadway vegetation cleanup slash shall be placed away from trees, culverts, and other drainage features. Slash shall be scattered to reduce slash concentrations with slash generally left within 2 feet of the ground or placed in landing slash piles.

C6.71 - CHANGES IN SLASH TREATMENTS (11/1998)

Slash treatment measures required in C6.7 may be changed upon written agreement. The Forest Service shall determine the current cost of performing the work to be deleted and the work to be added. When the cost of work deleted exceeds the cost of work added, the agreement shall provide for a lump sum payment to the Forest Service for the amount of the difference.

C6.72# - TEMPORARY ROAD CONSTRUCTION SLASH DISPOSAL (01/2000)

Slash treatment methods of Temporary Road slash shall be agreed to in writing prior to construction. Temporary Road slash shall be treated in accordance with the following:

- A. All timber within the road clearing limits which contains a product meeting the minimum piece specifications stated in A2 shall be felled (not pushed over) and bucked in advance of road construction. All timber shall be felled within the clearing limits whenever it is feasible to do so.
- B. Timber within the clearing limits not meeting minimum piece specifications in A2 and other debris from the clearing and grubbing operations more than 7 inches in diameter and 8 feet in length shall either be (a) utilized and removed from Sale Area, (b) burned within the right-of-way, (c) removed to designated locations shown on Sale Area Map for burying or later burning, (d) buried, (e) processed through a chipping machine, (f) scattered in such a manner as to avoid concentrations of slash and without damaging other trees or resource values, (g) windrowed (h) decked, or (i) a combination thereof.
- C. All material to be treated or disposed of shall be bucked into lengths not to exceed 16 feet before being piled or buried.
- D. If debris is to be burned, burning shall be complete and shall be done at such times and in a manner approved in writing by Forest Service. Residual construction slash from burning shall be buried, scattered or removed to agreed locations.
- E. Debris to be buried shall be placed in prepared holes, benches, or trenches at agreed locations and covered with not less than <u>2</u> feet of native soil or rock. Slash and debris may be buried in the roadway providing hauling can be supported and providing there is little probability or hazard of slope failure.
- F. If debris is to be chipped, the chips shall be spread over the surface of the ground in such a manner that their loose depth does not exceed 2 inches. Chips may be mixed with soil within roadway.
- G. Slash and debris may be scattered in those situations where the volume of slash or residual slash is relatively light and the adjacent stands of timber are sufficiently open to accommodate the scattering without damage.
- H. When slash is to be windrowed, the windrow area shall be cleared. Windrows shall be placed parallel to and along the embankment toe. Windrows shall not be placed against trees.
- I. If material is decked, logs not meeting Utilization Standards that are 7 inches or more in diameter shall be bucked into lengths not to exceed 16 feet and piled at agreed locations.

C6.825# - SCALING AS PRESENTED (SALES BY LOAD COUNT) (09/2007)

Notwithstanding criteria in B6.82, volume for all material will be paid for at rates listed in A4 on a predetermined conversion factor of 12.50 straight truck (3.27 ES sawtimber; 1.69 LP sawtimber; 0.60 TF sawtimber; 6.94 MC fuelwood) 19.10 truck and pup (5.00 ES sawtimber; 2.58 LP sawtimber; 0.91 TF sawtimber; 10.61 MC fuelwood) CCF per load times the total loads counted.

Unless otherwise agreed to in writing, log trucks are restricted to a maximum gross vehicle weight of_80,000 straight truck, 117,000 truck and pup pounds, as well as State limits for width and height.

<u>C6.83#</u> - <u>PRODUCT ACCOUNTABILITY</u> (10/2003)

The following requirements are applicable to Product Removal Permits:

- 1. Forest Service will issue to Purchaser or designated representative(s) serially numbered Product Removal Permit books for use only on this sale. Product Removal Permit books, whether used or unused, shall be accountable property of Forest Service and shall be returned to issuing Ranger District in accordance with the instructions contained on the cover of each book. Each Product Removal Permit which is not returned will be considered a lost load and charged for as described in B6.85 or B6.851, as appropriate.
- 2. Purchaser shall require all permits be filled out in ink, and otherwise completed, by an individual named in writing, showing the date loaded, sale brand, sale name, and destination where products will be unloaded. On the Load Permit, the month, day, and time the truck is loaded shall be punched out. Each permit will then be attached to the load in accordance with instructions on the inside cover of the Product Removal Permit book. Products will not be hauled from the Sale Area without the Load Permit attached to the load.
- 3. Before products are hauled, the truck driver must sign the Woods Permit in ink using legal signature.
- 4. Each load will have the last three digits of the load receipt number painted on both ends of three logs with **black** paint. All loads that consist of a truck and pup(s) must have the last three digits of the load receipt painted on both ends of three logs on all subunits of the combination.

C6.841 (Option 1) - ROUTE OF HAUL. (07/2022)

As part of the annual Operating Schedule, Purchaser shall furnish a map showing and designating the route of haul over which unscaled products will be transported from Sale Area to the approved Scaling location. A written description of the haul route will not be accepted as a substitute for a map. Such designated route of haul shall be the most economical haul route available between the points. The estimated average haul time from the Sale Area to the approved scaling location shall be documented on the map showing the route of haul.

Upon advance written agreement, other routes may be approved. All unscaled products removed from Sale Area shall be transported over the designated routes of haul.

Purchaser shall notify Forest Service when a load of products, after leaving Sale Area, will be delayed in reaching Scaling location by more than 12 hours past the estimated average haul time documented on the map showing the route of haul.

Purchaser shall require truck drivers to stop, if requested by Forest Service, for accountability checks when products are in transit from Sale Area to the designated Scaling location.

Purchaser and Forest Service shall agree to locations for accountability checks in advance of haul. Such locations shall be established only in areas where it is safe to stop trucks. Forest Service shall notify Purchaser of the methods to be used to alert truck drivers of an impending stop.

C7.2 - FIRE PRECAUTIONS (09/1993)

1. Smoking and Lunch Fires. Smoking is prohibited except inside a building, developed recreation site, vehicles, or while seated in an area of at least three feet in diameter that is barren or cleared of all flammable materials. 36 CFR 261.52(d).

The building of camp, lunch, warming and other fires within the sale area and vicinity is prohibited, except at established camps or at other safe places where all flammable material has been cleared away sufficiently to prevent the start and spread of wildfires. Forest Service may, upon written request of purchaser, designate specific places where campfires may be built for purposes of heating lunches.

2. Spark Arrester and Mufflers. Notwithstanding B7.2, operating or using any internal combustion engine, on any timber, brush, or grass covered land, including trails and roads traversing such land, without a spark arrester, maintained in effective working order, meeting either (I) Department of Agriculture, Forest Service standard 5100, "SPARK ARRESTERS FOR INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES," (current edition); or (II) the Society of Automotive Engineers (SAE) Recommended Practices J335, "MULTIPOSITION SMALL ENGINE EXHAUST SYSTEM FIRE IGNITION SUPPRESSION," (current version) and J350, 36 CFR 261.52(j) is prohibited.

Passenger carrying vehicles, pickups, medium and large highway trucks (80,000 GVW) will be equipped with a factory designed muffler system which is specified for the make and model of the respective vehicle/truck or with a muffler system that is equivalent or that exceeds factory specifications.

Exhaust systems shall be properly installed and continually maintained in serviceable condition.

- 3. Fire Extinguishers and Tools on Equipment. While in use, each internal combustion engine including tractors, trucks, yarders, loaders, welders, generators, stationary engines, or comparable powered equipment shall be provided with at least the following:
- (a) One fire extinguisher, at least 5#ABC with an Underwriters Laboratory (UL) rating of 3A 40BC, or greater.
- (b) One shovel, sharp, size O or larger, round-pointed with an overall length of at least 48 inches.
- (c) One axe, sharp, double bit 3-1/2#, or one sharp pulaski.

Extinguishers, shovels, axes, and pulaskis shall be mounted so as to be readily available from the ground. All tools shall be maintained in a serviceable condition.

4. Power Saws. Each gasoline engine power saw shall be provided with one chemical-pressurized fire extinguisher of not less than 8-ounce capacity by weight, and one size 0 or larger, round-pointed shovel with an overall length of at least 48 inches. The extinguisher and shovel shall be maintained in good working order. The extinguisher shall be with the power saw operator and immediately available for use at all times. The extinguisher shall not be affixed to the saw. The shovel shall be readily available to the operator of the saw at all times. Having the shovel with the gas can used to refuel the saw may be considered "readily available" if not more than 200 feet from the saw. During periods of critical fire danger, Forest Service may prescribe other precautionary measures.

Any fueling or refueling of a power saw shall be done in area which has first been cleared of material which will carry fire. The power saw shall be moved at least 10 feet from the place of fueling or refueling before starting.

5. Blasting and Welding. The use of fuses in blasting shall not be permitted except near power lines where the danger of accidental detonation is present, and then only by special written permission of Forest Service. Whenever the relative humidity falls below 50 percent, Purchaser shall place a watchman at each point where blasting is done who shall remain on duty for at least one hour after blasting is finished, and who shall be equipped with shovel and a water-filled backpack can equipped with a hand pump. During periods

when the relative humidity falls below 20 percent, blasting shall be discontinued unless authorized, with special provisions, in writing by Forest Service. Blasting shall not be permitted in any area not cleared to mineral soil without advance written approval of Forest Service and with such special precautions as may be required.

Prima Cord shall not be used in clearing operations, and in other areas where timber has been felled and slash not burned.

Unless otherwise directed in writing by Forest Service, all flammable material shall be cleared for 10 feet around any piece of equipment being welded. In addition, Purchaser shall provide a fire extinguisher of a size and type designed to extinguish a fire in the flammable materials surrounding the spot being welded.

In order to determine the relative humidity, Purchase shall either (a) provide and maintain weather instruments, that will measure relative humidity, in the area where blasting will occur; or (b) provide communications to obtain weather data from Forest Service.

Explosives shall be stored at all times in a locked box marked "Explosives". Powder and blasting caps shall be stored in separate boxes.

- 6. Storage of Flammables. Gasoline, oil, grease and other highly flammable material shall be stored either in a separate building, or at a site where all debris is cleared within a radius of 25 feet. Storage buildings or sites shall be a minimum distance of 50 feet from other structures. Storage buildings shall be adequately posted to warn of the flammables and to prohibit smoking in or around the building.
- 7. Camp Fire Protection. The grounds around all trailers, buildings, other facilities constructed or placed on or near Sale Area under B6.2 shall be kept free of flammable material for a distance of at least 20 feet from the wall of such structure. Burning of such flammable material shall be as prescribed by Forest Service in writing.

Stovepipes of all wood burning stoves shall be equipped with suitable roof jacks and serviceable spark arresters. Stovepipes shall be no closer than 2 feet from any wood or other flammables unless adequately protected from by metal or asbestos shields.

C8.64 - DEBARMENT AND SUSPENSION CERTIFICATION (03/2018)

Pursuant to 2 CFR 180 and 2 CFR 417, Purchaser shall certify and obtain certifications from its Subcontractors regarding debarment, suspension, ineligibility, and voluntary exclusion, including additional Subcontractors obtained after award of this contract. 'Subcontractors' are participants in lower tier covered transactions.

Purchaser may rely upon a certification of a prospective Subcontractor that it is not proposed for debarment under 48 CFR 9.4, debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions or timber sales, unless Purchaser knows that the certification is erroneous.

Purchaser shall keep the certifications of its Subcontractors on file until timber sale Termination Date and any extensions thereof, and will provide a copy at the written request of Contracting Officer. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this Subsection. The knowledge and information of Purchaser is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

If Purchaser knowingly enters into a timber sale transaction with a person who is proposed for debarment under 48 CFR 9.4, suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in covered transactions or timber sales, in addition to other remedies available to the Government, Forest Service may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Contracting Officer shall provide a copy of Forms AD-1047, Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension and Other Responsibility Matters-Primary Covered Transactions, and AD-1048, Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions to the Purchaser.

Purchaser shall complete form AD-1047 and provide to the Contracting Officer upon request.

Purchaser shall require each Subcontractor to complete form AD-1048 and provide to the Contracting Officer upon request.

C8.66# (Option 1) - USE OF TIMBER (04/2004)

- (a) This contract is subject to the Forest Resources Conservation and Shortage Relief Act of 1990, as amended (16 USC 620, et seq.).
- (b) Except for NONE determined pursuant to public hearing to be surplus, unprocessed Included Timber shall not be exported from the United States nor used in direct or indirect substitution for unprocessed timber exported from private lands by Purchaser or any person as defined in the Act (16 USC 620e).
 - (c) Timber in the following form will be considered unprocessed:
- (i) Trees or portions of trees or other roundwood not processed to standards and specifications suitable for end product use;
- (ii) Lumber, construction timbers, or cants intended for remanufacturing not meeting standards defined in the Act (16 USC 620e); and
 - (iii) Aspen or other pulpwood bolts exceeding 100 inches in length.
- (d) Unless otherwise agreed in writing, unprocessed Included Timber shall be delivered to a domestic processing facility and shall not be mixed with logs intended for export.
- (e) Prior to award, during the life of this contract, and for a period of 3 years from Termination Date, Purchaser shall furnish to Forest Service, upon request, records showing the volume and geographic origin of unprocessed timber from private lands exported or sold for export by Purchaser or affiliates.
- (f) Prior to delivering unprocessed Included Timber to another party, Purchaser shall require each buyer, exchangee, or recipient to execute an acceptable agreement that will:
 - (i) Identify the Federal origin of the timber;
 - (ii) Specify domestic processing for the timber involved;
- (iii) Require the execution of such agreements between the parties to any subsequent transactions involving the timber;
- (iv) Require that all hammer brands and/or yellow paint must remain on logs until they are either legally exported or domestically processed, whichever is applicable; and
 - (v) Otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act (16 USC 620d).
- (g) No later than 10 days following the execution of any such agreement between Purchaser and another party, Purchaser shall furnish to Forest Service a copy of each such agreement. Purchaser shall retain, for 3 years from Termination Date, the records of all sales, exchanges, or dispositions of all Included Timber.
- (h) Upon request, all records dealing with origin and disposition of Included Timber shall be made available to Contracting Officer.
- (i) For breach of this Section, Forest Service may terminate this contract and take such other ac-tion as may be provided by statute or regulation, including the imposition of penalties. When terminated by Forest Service under this Section, Forest Service will not be liable for any Claim submitted by Purchaser relating to the termination.

C9.1 - PERFORMANCE BOND (08/2021)

As a further guarantee of the faithful performance of the provisions of this contract, Purchaser delivers herewith and agrees to maintain a surety bond in the dollar amount stated in A17, unless the amount is adjusted as provided in C9.11 or B9.13. In lieu of surety bond, Purchaser may deposit into a Federal Depository, as directed by Forest Service under B4.21, and maintain therein, cash in the dollar amount stated in A17.

Any adjustment or extension of time for completion of this contract beyond 1 year may be granted only with the consent of surety on bond or delivery of a new bond. Should the sureties on the bond delivered herewith, or any bond delivered hereafter in connection with this contract, become unsatisfactory to Forest Service, Purchaser shall, within 30 days of receipt of demand, furnish a new bond with surety satisfactory to Forest Service.

<u>C9.11</u> - <u>BOND REDUCTION</u> (08/2021)

Upon Purchaser's written request, Contracting Officer shall redetermine the amount of Purchaser's performance bond to an amount not less than Purchaser's remaining obligations, including the value of Included Timber remaining on Sale Area, plus the estimated cost of uncompleted work required of Purchaser and any unpaid billings due on the timber sale. Contracting Officer shall provide written notice of the redetermined amount to Purchaser and to Purchaser's surety. Similarly, Contracting Officer shall report to Purchaser in writing the amount of deposited cash required thereafter if such deposits exist in lieu of a surety bond.

As soon as security for the performance of this contract or the settlement of Claims incident thereto is no longer necessary, appropriate notice shall be given to surety or deposits that may have been made in lieu of surety bond shall be returned to Purchaser, subject to the conditions in B9.5.